

## AN OHIO MOB LYNCHES A NEGRO

Sheriff Pleaded With Crowd to Disperse and Not Break Law But Ineffectually.

HE HAD KILLED A POLICEMAN.

First Shot to Death Then His Body Taken and Hung from a Telegraph Pole.

Springfield, O., March 7.—A mob of 500 men gathered at the county jail tonight with the avowed purpose of lynching Richard Dixon of Cincinnati, Ky., a negro, who shot Policeman Charles Collins yesterday. At 8:31 Sheriff Floyd Routzahn appeared at the jail steps and pleaded with the mob to disperse, but he could be heard with difficulty. His appeal was ineffectual, and he was compelled to go within.

Collins was shot by Dixon Sunday morning while the latter was in his room in a hotel near removing his baggage. He had decided to quit the place and, fearing trouble with Anna Corbin, a woman with whom he was acquainted, Dixon asked Collins to go to the jail with him. While in his room Dixon and Miss Corbin quarreled, and Dixon is said to have shot her in the breast. The policeman then attempted to arrest Dixon, when the latter fired into the officer's body, inflicting fatal wounds.

At 11 o'clock the negro, Richard Dixon, was taken from the jail and shot to death in the jail yard, and the body was taken from there to the corner of Main street and Fountain avenue and hung high to a telegraph pole, where the mob spent the next half hour ridiculing the body with bullets from several hundred revolvers.

The mob forced an entrance to the jail by butting in the east doors with a railroad iron. At 10:30 the mob melted rapidly and it was the general opinion that no more attempts would be made to force an entrance.

Small groups of men, however, could be seen in the shadows of the courthouse, two adjacent livery stables and several dwellings. At 10:45 the police were satisfied that there was nothing more to fear, and they, with other officials and newspapermen passed freely in and out of the jail. Shortly before 11 o'clock a diversion was made by a small crowd moving from the east around to the south entrance. The mob followed, and a bluff was made at jostling them off the steps leading up to the south entrance.

The crowd at this point kept growing, while yells of "Hold the police," "Smash the door," "Lynch the nigger," were made, interspersed with revolver shots. All this time a party with a heavy railroad iron was battering at the east door, which yielded to the battering ram, as did the inner lattice iron door. The mob then surged through the east door, overpowering the sheriff, turnkey and a handful of deputies, and began the assault on the iron turnstile to the cells. The police from the south door were called inside to help keep the mob from the cells and in five minutes the south door had shared the fate of the east one.

In an incredibly short time the jail was filled by a mob of 250 men, with all the entrances and yard gates blocked by fully 1,500 men, thus making it impossible for the militia to have prevented access to the negro had the soldiers been on the scene. The heavy iron partition leading to the cells resisted the mob effectually until cold chisels and sledge hammers arrived a few minutes later. The padlock to the turnstile was broken, and the mob soon filled the corridors leading to the cells. Seeing that further resistance was useless, and to avoid the killing of innocent prisoners, the authorities consented to the demand of the mob for the right man. He was dragged from his cell to the jail door and thence down the stone steps to a paved court in the jail yard. Fearing an attempt on the police to rescue him, the leaders formed a hollow square. Some one knocked the negro to the ground, and these near to him fell back for five feet. Nine shots were fired into his prostrate body, and, satisfied that he was dead, a dozen men grabbed the lifeless body and with a triumphant cheer the mob surged into Columbia street and marched to Fountain avenue, one of the principal thoroughfares of the town.

From there they marched south to the intersection of Pain street and a rope was tied around Dixon's neck. Two men climbed the pole, about 15 feet above the street. Then they descended and their work was greeted with a cheer. The fusillade then began, and for 20 minutes the body was kept swinging back and forth from the force of the rain of bullets which was poured into it. Frequently the arm would fly up convulsively when a muscle was struck and the mob went fairly wild with delight. Throughout it all perfect good humor and good order was maintained and everyone seemed in the best of spirits, joking with his nearest neighbor while reloading his revolver.

All afternoon the killing of Collins was the sole topic of conversation in

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great deal to you. Your doctor will tell you to take the medicine that has been healing weak lungs for sixty years. He knows. Do as he says. Trust him.

25c., 50c., \$1.00. All druggists.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

## IRREGULARITIES IN INDIAN TERRITORY

Conditions Are Such as to Involve Immediate Danger to Genuine Indian Population.

PROMPT ACTION IS DEMANDED.

Things Are a Profound Discredit to The United States and Require Drastic Remedies.

Washington, March 7.—The president today transmitted to Congress a report of Charles J. Bonaparte and Clinton Rogers Woodruff in the Indian territory. The president says:

"I call special attention to the condition of affairs in Indian territory as therein set forth. In accordance with the recommendations of Messrs. Bonaparte and Woodruff, the members of tribes have been informed that if they are to continue in the service they must cease all connection with business operations of any kind in the territory, where it is possible that their official positions could have any effect upon their private business, even though no such effect be in fact shown. What further action, if any, is to be taken in regard to the commission or any of its members by the executive will be determined upon after full consultation with the secretary of the interior and careful consideration of all the facts in the case."

"It will be noticed that the secretary of the interior does not believe it would be possible, in accordance with the suggestions of Messrs. Bonaparte and Woodruff, to close up the work of the commission this year and discontinue it accordingly. If it should be found to be possible I would regard this as desirable, and call the attention of Congress to the matter."

"I also inclose a memorandum of work of the commission to the five civilized tribes."

THE REPORT.

The report stigmatizes the conditions in the territory as involving "immediate danger of ruin to the genuine Indian population and profound discredit to the United States, exciting reasonable discontent on the part of all classes of the population and demanding prompt and drastic remedies on the part of Congress."

The report reviews the report of S. M. Broesius, agent of the Indian Insular association, on conditions in the territory, and says that while the Broesius report contains a number of intimations and suggestions not justified by the facts, it understates the objectionable features of the administration of the Indian Insular association and its specific allegations respecting federal officials are substantially true.

It says that the connection of Tama Bixby, chairman of the committee to the five civilized tribes, with the Canadian Valley Trust company impairs his usefulness as a public official and he should resign immediately if he is to retain his commission. His "investments in which are known as 'pocket rights' in townsite lands are known as more objectionable. Indian Agent Schoenfeldt is exonerated from all the charges made against him.

The report also says that Indian Inspector George Wright's temporary ownership of stock, which he has since sold, is no occasion for censure.

Commissioner Thomas B. Needles of the five civilized tribes commission admits a close financial interest in a corporation at Vinita and the report says the propriety of disposing of it should be officially suggested to him.

The investments of Commissioner Breckinridge of the same body are said to be of much greater importance and his considerable investments in corporation stock, the report says, have seriously impaired his usefulness. A. L. Aylesworth, chief clerk of the commission, and H. V. Smith, its disbursing officer, the report says, are identified in public opinion (but not proved) with supposed real estate speculations and the report says such speculation should be discontinued from the service. The report says the five civilized tribes commission can be abolished with advantage, the remaining work to be done by the Indian Insular association and the citizenship commission.

The Mandjur's Dismantlement.

New York, March 8.—M. Lessar, the Russian minister to Pekin, has telegraphed the Russian consul here sanctioning the dismantlement of the Mandjur, cables the Shanghai correspondent of the American. Her breech blocks and munitions have been removed and the crew will be released on parole.

The Japanese cruiser Akitsushima will leave Shanghai immediately after this is done.

STATE CONVENTION.

Republicans Will Assemble in Salt Lake Theater Friday, April 8.

The official call for the Republican state convention to be held in this city April 8, at which time delegates to the Republican national convention will be elected, was yesterday mailed by Chairman James H. Anderson and Secretary Tom Pitt. The call is addressed to the Republican electors of the state of Utah and is as follows:

In accordance with established custom and in obedience to instructions of the national Republican committee, the state Republican committee of Utah directs that a state convention of delegates representing the Republican party be held at Salt Lake City, Utah, for the purpose of electing six dele-

gates-at-large and six alternate delegates-at-large to the Republican national convention of 1904, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, and that said state convention shall assemble at 10 o'clock a. m. on Friday, the 8th day of April, 1904, in the Salt Lake Theater.

The Republican electors of this state, and all other electors, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles of the Republican party, are cordially invited to unite under this call in the selection of said delegates and alternates.

The said state convention shall consist of 400 delegates, apportioned to the several counties of this state on the basis of one delegate for every 95 votes, or a majority fraction thereof, that were cast for Hon. Joseph Howell for representative in Congress on Nov. 4, 1902, in said counties, respectively. Herewith is the apportionment to each county:

| County.    | Vote.  | Delegates. |
|------------|--------|------------|
| Beaver     | 788    | 8          |
| Boxelder   | 1,741  | 19         |
| Cache      | 3,177  | 33         |
| Carbon     | 731    | 8          |
| Davidson   | 1,120  | 12         |
| Emery      | 639    | 7          |
| Garfield   | 525    | 6          |
| Grand      | 227    | 2          |
| Iron       | 546    | 6          |
| Juab       | 1,282  | 13         |
| Kane       | 272    | 3          |
| Millard    | 851    | 9          |
| Morgan     | 391    | 4          |
| Piute      | 371    | 4          |
| Rich       | 371    | 4          |
| Salt Lake  | 11,836 | 125        |
| San Juan   | 91     | 1          |
| Sanpete    | 2,745  | 29         |
| Sevier     | 1,380  | 14         |
| Summit     | 1,036  | 11         |
| Tooele     | 1,036  | 11         |
| Utah       | 621    | 7          |
| Wasatch    | 621    | 7          |
| Washington | 791    | 8          |
| Wayne      | 310    | 3          |
| Weber      | 424    | 4          |

All delegates shall be elected not less than five days before the meeting of the state convention. The respective county committees are requested to call conventions or to otherwise arrange for the election of delegates to the state convention. The chairman of the respective county committees will forward to the chairman of the state committee, immediately after their election, a full list of the delegates chosen. The Republican national convention is to assemble at Chicago, Ill., at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June, 1904. Delegates and alternates elected thereto will receive credentials duly signed and attested by the chairman and secretary of the state convention electing them.

OUTLOOK GRATIFYING.

Prof. Swendsen Pleased With the Result of Water Meeting.

Prof. Swendsen, superintendent of the local reclamation service, is much gratified at the outcome of Saturday's water meeting at the Commercial club. He says that while it might have been best to have followed the example of the Salt River, Ariz., farmers and signed over their rights to the government without any consideration, still, it made no particular difference to the government as long as the canal could be mutually agreed upon whereby the government would be assured of repayment of its investment at the end of 10 years. Prof. Swendsen believes the stockholders of the canal companies will ratify the action of their directors at the Saturday meeting.

The canal meetings are scheduled as follows: Utah and Salt Lake Canal company, March 12 at 11 a. m., at the Fourteenth ward meetinghouse. East Jordan Canal company, March 18 at 2 p. m., at Sandy. South Jordan Canal company, March 14 at 11 o'clock, at the West Jordan meetinghouse. North Jordan Irrigation company, March 17 at 11 a. m., in the Taylorsville meetinghouse.

BEAR RIVER MEASUREMENT.

Engineer W. P. Hardesty of the reclamation service has returned from measuring the Bear river. At Montpelier he found the stream running 1,070 second feet, or 596 second feet in excess of the normal winter flow. Collinson the flow was 2,300 second feet.

BOTHA MURDER CASE.

Defense Files a Petition for a Rehearing in the Supreme Court.

A petition for a rehearing in the case of the State vs. Charles Botha, convicted of murder in the first degree, has been filed in the supreme court. This is the case in which the motion of defendant for a new trial was denied by the supreme court only a few weeks ago. The ground upon which the petition is based is that the court erred in admitting in evidence the testimony of a witness named Rose, who said he heard Mrs. Botha say that her husband had killed two men in Germany, and that she was afraid of him. Before hearing evidence the defense claimed that it was not admissible. On this point the petition says:

"The only case cited by the court in its opinion as supporting the contrary of our contention is the case of the State vs. Mortensen. But all that was decided in that case was that in view of the fact that the testimony given by the witness James Sharp (assuming it to have been prejudicial to the defendant), was brought out by persistent questioning by defendant's counsel; that defendant could not then complain of the admission of the testimony or of the failure of the court to limit its effect by an instruction to the jury. The ruling was manifestly proper because the defendant, having offered the testimony himself, the court was under no obligation to assume that the defendant regarded it as prejudicial in any degree."

"But in the case at bar the testimony which we claim was improperly admitted (to wit: that the defendant had killed two men in Germany) and the effect of which we insist the court improperly failed to limit by appropriate instructions to the jury, is not testimony that was adduced in response to questions by defendant's counsel, but is testimony that was adduced in response to questions by counsel for the state against the protest and objection of counsel for the defendant and under his exception."

"With deference to the views of the court, it seems to us clear that the Mortensen case, which decides that testimony offered by the defendant himself may properly be received by the court and need not be limited in its effect upon the court's own motion, is not at all an authority to establish that testimony adduced by the state need not be so limited. It appears to us very probable that the distinction in the two cases has been inadvertently overlooked by the court, and we beg the court to reconsider whether the Mortensen case is in any respect in conflict with our views or is any authority for a ruling upon the point in question in the case at bar."

DISCHARGED BANKRUPTS.

The following have been discharged in bankruptcy in the United States court: James Wells, Lida May Miller, J. H. Bigger, Augustus T. Kerr, Harriet B. Kerr, Oscar M. Doble, all of Salt Lake; Charles Olsen of Morgan county; Arthur Meads of Juab, and Jesse J. Murphy of Ogden.

The following were adjudicated bankrupts: C. P. Madsen, Salt Lake; Preston A. Blair, Brigham City; James McEntee, Ogden.

TO MEET PREST. ANGELL.

Graduates of University of Michigan Prepare for Reception.

The graduates of the University of Michigan in this state met last evening at the offices of James H. Moyle and decided to entertain President James B. Angell of the institution upon the occasion of his visit here March 18. The following committee was named to take charge of the matter: Edward S. Ferry, Dr. A. J. Hosmer, George Sutherland, Prof. J. P. Merrill, LeGrand Young, C. S. Kinney, W. H. King, Judge T. D. Lewis, George L. Nye, Matt Thomas and James H. Moyle.

The president will be tendered a reception on the evening of the 18th and will be asked to make an address the day following.

President Angell has been at the head of the University of Michigan since 1872 and has held several positions of responsibility with the government. He was a member of the American legation at Constantinople, and also ambassador plenipotentiary to China.

NOT DEAD, MISSING.

Young German Does Not Commit Suicide but Simply Disappears.

Later advices from Portland, Or., show that Oscar Vogel, the young German who formerly lived here, is not dead, but has merely disappeared from the coast city. Further, it was learned that he had borrowed money just before his disappearance.

The last seen of Vogel by Portland acquaintances was last Friday, when he announced that he was going down town to draw his money out of the bank.

## Your Heart.

When Your Heart Fails to Pump Your Blood, Trouble Results.

Have you heart trouble? You have, if you find it hard to breathe after walking up stairs, exerting, etc. If you have pain in your left side, in chest, back or shoulder. If you suffer from cold extremities, pale face, blue lips, dry cough, swollen ankles. If you have fainting spells, breast pain, palpitation, redness of the face, discomfort in sleeping on one side. The only scientific treatment for this whole train of troubles is Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is the prescription of a famous specialist, whose great success in treating obstinate nervous heart disease has made his name pre-eminent in the medical and scientific world.

The medicine will cure you. We know it. You want us to prove it. If first bottle does not benefit, your druggist will give you back your money.

"I have for several years suffered at times with heart trouble. I got so bad I could not sleep half the night, and had to sit up on the side of the bed lots of times to get breath. Three of my brothers have died of heart trouble, and I thought I was going the same way, but about two and a half years ago I got a pamphlet about Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and thought I would try a few bottles. After using them I recovered, and have had better health since then than before for several years. I can heartily recommend them for heart trouble."—REV. JERRY HURT, Pastor Baptist Church, Hurt, Kans.

FREE Write to us for Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain, Aches, Stomach Issues. Our Specialist will diagnose your case, tell you what is wrong, and how to right it. Write to Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

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ESTABLISHED 1864

# F. Ayer & Bro.

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## The Linen Sale!

HERE never has been such activity in this Department as during the past week. The sales of previous seasons have been eminently successful, but were outdone by the present sale. This we attribute to the wonderful increase of this store's patronage—a growth developed by a more universal understanding of our values, regular and special. If you were not supplied last week, this week offers you the opportunity to buy three lots of Table Linen, arrived too late for last week's sale, at import cost.

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Five pieces fine bleached all linen German Table Damask, satin finish, 60 inches wide, worth at least 67c, this week, per yard.

Two yards wide German Silver Bleached Table Linen; soft and solid wearing; regular price \$1.10. Special for this week, per yard, 72c.

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REMEMBER—Alcock's Porous Plasters are equally effective for weak back, pains in the region of the kidneys, neuralgia, sciatica, stiffness of the joints, sore muscles or any trouble arising from taking cold or over exertion. Alcock's—the only genuine porous plaster.

STOP THAT COUGH.



DON'T HACK

PUT ON AN

## Alcock's POROUS PLASTER

REMEMBER—Alcock's Porous Plasters are equally effective for weak back, pains in the region of the kidneys, neuralgia, sciatica, stiffness of the joints, sore muscles or any trouble arising from taking cold or over exertion. Alcock's—the only genuine porous plaster.