

the Confederate army. His first business venture was in the newspaper field. In 1874 he purchased the *Yssoo City Democrat*. Financially the enterprise was a failure, but Mr. Dyer regarded it as (to use his own language) "one of the happiest hits" of his life, as it gave him a practical education and experience he could not have otherwise obtained. Like himself, his paper was thoroughly Democratic. Growing weary of the many complications of the race trouble that were being waged in his State, Mr. Dyer sold his paper and came West. On his arrival in this Territory Mr. Dyer had but little money or other property and he went to Bingham and engaged in mining. He donned a workman's dress and for months worked at a windlass in drawing precious metals from a shaft one hundred and twenty-five feet deep. His working hours were from 11 p. m. to 7 a. m. Later he commenced prospecting. One of his claims he sold for sufficient money to engage in the lively stable business.

On the 8th of July, 1882, he married Miss Ella Pavey, by whom he has raised three children, one boy and two girls. Mr. Dyer also engaged in the coal business and drove a team himself.

In the spring of 1883 he sold his livery business in Bingham, and moved all his freighting outfit to Park City, where he had secured a contract for handling the ores of the Crescent mine. Although others had been losing money handling this at \$1.75 per ton, he made a great deal of money at \$1.50. He next built the Crescent tramway, which is five miles long and was at first operated by mules; but Mr. Dyer soon concluded this was too expensive, and went East and bought a sidegear all-traction locomotive, which he put upon the road and ran it the first two or three months himself; it is interesting to know that this is the steepest grade in the world where a locomotive is run by traction, the grade being 480 feet to the mile. It is in successful operation, however, to this day.

In April, 1886, Mr. Dyer was appointed United States Marshal of Utah by President Cleveland, and held that office until the election of President Harrison, when he sent in his resignation.

On November 7, 1887, he was appointed receiver of the confiscated property of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. His final accounts were settled and his compensation fixed and allowed on July 16th, 1889. From that time until the present Mr. Dyer has resided in Salt Lake and his career as a citizen and successful business man is well and favorably known. He was president of the Salt Lake Gas company, of the Salt Lake Power, Light and Heating company and a heavy stockholder in many of the thriving business enterprises of the city. He was an active worker in the field of politics, and was one of the first Democrats of the Territory to declare in favor of division on national party lines.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Frank H. Dyer occurred from the family residence yesterday afternoon, beginning at 2:30. For several hours prior to that time the casket had been standing on a bier on the

lawn, where the remains were viewed by hundreds and perhaps thousands of people who knew and respected the deceased during his lifetime.

At 2:30 the Rev. Mr. Lane ascended the porch of the deceased's late home and read the Episcopal funeral rite. He was listened to with rapt attention by a vast assemblage. A male quartette, consisting of Messrs. Goddard, Whitney, Pyper and Spencer, then sang beautifully, "I need Thee every hour." They were followed by Mr. Lane, who offered prayer, after which Miss Synder sang in a clear full voice: "We shall meet beyond the river."

The Rev. Mr. Lane again arose and in a brief address dwelt eulogistically upon the life and character of the deceased.

Judge Norrell followed in a similar strain, saying that the task of speaking over the remains of his much loved friend was the most painful duty of his life. As boys they had been friends, as men they had been friends. The deceased had ever been a man among men. The speaker, with tears in his eyes, spoke eloquently and beautifully and closed with the following: My friends, I lay the tribute of a loving and bleeding heart upon our dead friend's bier.

The quartette sang, "Jesus, lover of my soul," followed by Miss Synder who sang "Father, take my hand."

This concluded the services at the residence and the cortege commenced its solemn march to Mt. Olivet cemetery, arranged in the following order: Dyer Rifles, detachment of police, carriage of Rev. Lane, carriage of pallbearers. Judge J. T. Anderson, W. S. McCornick, O. W. Powers, P. H. Lannan, P. L. Williams, J. W. Whitehead, George A. Lowe and E. A. Smith; hearse, A. F. & A. M. Denhalter Rifles, Company E Second Infantry, A. O. U. W., Bingham I. O. O. F., carriages of relatives and friends, citizens on foot. The procession was a long and large one and was participated in by citizens of every shade of political and religious faith in the city.

At the cemetery the services were conducted under the auspices of the Masons. At the conclusion of the Masonic rites Rev. Mr. Lane read the closing prayer of the Episcopalian sacrament. He was followed by Judge Judd, who paid a glowing tribute to the deceased.

The casket, containing all that was mortal of Frank H. Dyer, was then lowered into the grave.

The floral tributes were elegant and numerous.

AN ACT IN RELATION TO ELECTIONS

Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah:

SECTION 1. That on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1892, and biennially thereafter, a general election shall be held throughout the Territory for the election of territorial, county and precinct officers who by law are or may be made elective; and all such officers so elected shall qualify and enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first day of January next succeeding their election, and continue in office two years,

and until their successors are duly elected and qualified; provided that county collectors shall not enter upon the duties of their office until the first day of June of the year next succeeding their election.

Sec. 2. That the official term of the present incumbents of any of the offices mentioned in the foregoing section, except county officers, whose term shall extend to June 1, 1893, shall extend to the first day of January, 1893, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified, but not longer.

Sec. 3. That on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1892, there shall be held an election in each city, town, village and school district in the Territory, "except such cities which shall have held an election in 1892, prior to May 31, 1892," to fill all offices of the same or pertaining thereto, which by law are or may be made elective, and the officers so elected shall qualify and enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first day of January, 1893, and continue in office till the first day of January, 1894, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. That the incumbents of the offices mentioned in this section may continue therein and exercise the functions thereof till the first day of January, 1893, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified, but not longer.

Sec. 4. That on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1893, and biennially thereafter, there shall be held an election in each city, town, village and school district in the Territory to fill all offices of the same or pertaining thereto, which by law are or may be made elective, also for members of the Legislative Assembly, and the officers then elected shall qualify and enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first day of January next succeeding their election, and continue in office for two years, and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Sec. 5. That all acts and parts of acts, in so far as they provide for holding elections to fill any of the offices mentioned in this act (other than for special elections to fill vacancies), or in any manner for fixing the tenure of such offices otherwise than as in this act provided, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. Nothing in this act shall apply to cities of the metropolitan class.

Sec. 7. This act shall take effect from and after May 31, 1892.

Approved March 10, 1892.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct copy. Witness my hand and official seal this 15th day of March, 1892.

(SEAL.) ELIJAH SELLS,
Secretary of Utah Territory.

PITTSBURG, March 29.—According to the *Pittsburg Post* another pipe line from the Pennsylvania oil fields to the seaboard is to be built with English capital, and its promoters are English autocrats. It is said that even English royalty is interested, namely, the Prince of Wales and Mr. Wilson, of Tranby Croft fame. A charter has already been taken out in the State of New Jersey by Mr. Wilson, and the name of the company is the English Pipe Line company. The capital stock is \$10,000,000.