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Yesterday forenoon, as an especial treat for the Sunday dinner, Mrs. Frank L. Kalser, of 348 Elizabeth avenue, pre-pared a chicken dinner with dumplings. In the preparation of the dumplings two and a half teaspoonfuls of the whitish powder was taken from a can labeled "Royal Baking Powder," but Jabeled "Royal Baking Powder," but which in reality contained pure ar-senic. While eating the dinner Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser were taken sick, and entered into the throes that resulted in the death of the wife at 5:30 o'clock and the husband three hours later. The fact that they had begun their dinner early, while Mrs. Hannah Eider, an elderly woman, was at church, alone saved the latter from the similar death of arsenic poisoning, since a plate of

saved the latter from the similar death of arsenic poisoning, since a plate of the chicken and poisoned dumplings had been laid aside for her. The yletims of the tragical poisoning were aged about 50 and 45 years, the wife being the elder. Mr. Kaiser was a well known railroad engineer, and with his wife resided with Mrs. Hattie James at 434 west Fifth North street for the past two years up to about a for the past two years up to about a month ago when they removed to 348 Elizabeth avenue. There Mrs. Hannah Elder still maintained one room, while Mr and Mrs. Kaiser occupied the ro-maining rooms of the house.

BORROWS FATAL POWDER.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Kaiser had decided on a chicken dinner, and Mr. Kalser killed one of their own fowls. During the forenoon and while preparing the meal, Mrs. Kaiser had found that she had no baking powder, and stepped into Mrs. Elder's room, asking if she could borrow some. In the pantry Mrs. Elder found a can, labeled Royal baking powder, which had been left there by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. A. B. Elder, and gave it to Mrs. Kaiser. With the jolly, laughing in-timation that Mrs. Elder would have a chicken dinner when she returned from church Mrs. Kaiser though the car church, Mrs. Kaiser took the can.

While in the midst of the meal both Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser were taken sud-denly sick and both left the table in agony, running to the rear porch where their screams of the wrench-ing pain attracted the attention of nighbors. Both complained of the ter-rlfic agony of their stomachs, and their pain was such that Mrs. James, their friend was hurriedly called, as well as Drs. Irvine and Brownsfield.

SUCCUMB TO POISON.

The physicians on their first axam-The physicians on their first axam-ination found the symptoms of arsenic poisoning and began to such an extent that the most drastic treatment was brought into use. In spite of all medi-cal aid, however, Mrs. Kalser suc-cumed at 5:30 o'clock. In the hope of saving the husband's life he was hur-ried to the Dr. Groves L. D. S. hos-pital shortly after the death of Mrs. Kalser, but he too, succumbed to the polson two hours later



MRS. ELLISON **GETS DIVORCE**

The chief feature of interest at the Friday afternoon divorce court was the granting of an interlocutory decree to Mrs. Louise C. Ellison, whose husband, Claude E. Ellison, in 1903, shot and killed Albert T. Watson, an undertaker because of jealousy on her account. Ellison was acquitted by a jury and went to the coast to reside. His wife lived with him in Los Angeles for a time and returned to Salt Lake in June of last year. She charged failure to provide and the consent to default of the husband was entered. Judge Morse gave her the custody of the two chil-

dren; \$25 a month alimony and \$50 attorney's fee. Myra Christian was given a divorce from Clair C. Christian on the ground of non-support and received \$760 as per-manent alimony to be paid in instal-ments of \$8 a month. They were mar-ried in Salt Jake Aug. 18, 1998.

Katherlne H. Anderson charged de-sertion against F. A. Anderson, as well as non-support, and that he gave her only \$160 to keep herself and two chil-dren in three years. Three years ago he went to Germany ostensibly to visit his bother and her not returned. She his mother and has not returned. She was given the custody of the children. They were married here Nov. 25, 1903.

SUES TO EJECT TENANT.

Gus Holmes, proprietor of the Knuts-ford hotel and other State street proford hotel and other State street pro-perties, has filed suit in the district court to eject J. Kjer Jakobsen from premises rented to the latter at 317 south State street and for \$500 damages to the building. Holmes as-serts that Jakobsen is tearing the place to pieces with a planning mill be has established there. He says he tried to induce him to give up the premises but he has refused.



Broken and Probably Serious Internal Injuries.



Verdict of \$9,000 Obtained by Mary R. Schuyler for Husband's Death Annulled.

HE WAS NOT ON DUTY AT TIME

Trial Judge Gave Instructions to That Effect but Jury Disre-

garded Them.

The supreme court, in an opinion written by Chief Justice N. D. Straup concurred in by his associates, reverse the verdict of \$9,000 obtained in the district court of Weber county in favor of Mary R. Schuyler and her four children against the Southern Pacific Railway company for damages for the death of husband and father. The reversal is made because of direct disregard of the instructions of the judge by the jury which tried the case, Judge by the jury which tried the case, Judge J. A. Howell, at the trial, told the jury that it must find that Schuyler was killed while in the discharge of his duties as a mail circk before it could render a verdict for the family. The jury then proceeded to find its verdict without maximum that meanting

Jury then proceeded to find its verdict without passing on that question. Schuyler, it was shown was not on duty while in the train. The jury having failed to follow, the court's instructions the supreme court reversed the judgment without passing upon the question of whether the rail-way company is liable in carrying a government mail clerk who is not actually working. Schuyler was killed in an accident between Gartner and Lucin, Jan. 14.

between Gartner and Lucin, Jan. 14, 1907. His headquarters was a Ogden but his family lived at Oakland. He received word of filness in his family and his chief engaged for him to make the trip in the mail car.

WANTS A RECEIVER.

Lunch Room Firm Settling Differ-

ences in Court. Gibbs & Perry, who recently opened a lunch room in this city are now settling differences in the district court. Fred Perry has filed suit asking for a receiver for the business, declaring that G. Frank Gibbs, his partner, has dis-possessed him and has appropriated business and proceeds. He says that Gibbs knows nothing about the busi-ness and if the receiver is not appointed will ruin the prospects of the firm.

be repaid the money he had advanced. About Aug. 24 Gibbs threw Perry out and took the whole business over.

FISHING WITHOUT LICENSE. In a complaint issued from the office of the county attorney this morning, C. E. Dugger is characteristics in the Jordan river on Sunday without having procured a license. Samuel Wright is the complaining witness.

PETITION IN BANKRUPTCY. William J. Northern, who has lived for most of the past six months at Bingham Junction, now known as Midvale, has filed an application in bank-ruptcy in the federal court. His debts are said to be \$\$24, and his assets consist of \$15 worth of provisions, \$75 in clothing, and \$39,50 in wages, all of which are claimed to be exempt.

COURT NOTES.

CHIOR INCIDENT choruses Officers of Salt Lake Eisteddfods

Agree That Our Singers Were Given Shabby Treatment.

It is the consensus of opinion among prominent members of the local Cambrian society, which promoted a number of Eisteddfods here, that the treatment acorded the Tabernaclo choir at Seattle was, to say the least, "very shabby;" that it was feared, and with good reason, the Salt Lake choir would capture the prize, hence the imposition of an entrance fee, the refusal of the choir to compete under these condi-

DESERET EVENING NEWS MONDAY AUGUST 30 1909

tions, and the awarding of the reduced prize to another organization, "by default.

While it may have been the rule in Wales and elsewhere to charge a nom-inal entrance fee, this feature has al-ways been lacking in the Eisteddfods given in the west. At Salt Lake and Denver, competing choruses were given every courtesy possible and no charge was made for admission, especially on the occasion of contests. In individual contests, competitions between soloists where a substantial prize was at stake, an entrance fee has been charged, but not for choir competitions. The Salt Lake singers had no reason

to expect they would be charged 75 cents admission, or any other sum. They had reason to expect the same treatment which was accorded to vis-iting choruses in Salt Lake and else-where, and there are but few who think the wrong step was taken when the choir refused to compete under the chorustaness. Below will be found brief interviews

Below will be found brief interviews with prominent members of the Cam-brain society, on the subject. Bishop C. W. Nibley did not care to make a statement for the reason, he said, he was not fully acquainted with the facts and could not express an opinion until he gets the facts from an authoritative source.

T. F. Thomas, who since 1893 has been 1. F. Inomas, who since isse has been a director and a traveling representa-tive of the Utah eisteddfod committee, denounces the action of the Seattle committee this morning as a "masty way of treating singers. The Utah singers did just the right thing in re-fuence to new. The order promotion " fusing to pay. The entire proposition." he said, "is silly. To require the participants in an entertainment and the drawing card of that entertainment to pay before entering the hall is beyond

Mr. Thomas declares that the west-ern Elsteddfod idea was conceived in Utah and since the first Elsteddfod here in 1893 has spread over the country and has become an item of importance in musical circles. Mr. Thomas declares that while he is not a betting man, he would be willing to wager \$1,000 that the Tabernacle choir could easily take first place against the choir entered against it at Seattle. To the statement of Treasurer Wil-

lams of the Scattement of Treasurer Wil-lams of the Seattle committee, Mr, Thonits replies that never in his ex-perience since 1893 has he even heard of such a rule, which Mr Williams re-fers to as a general rule. In 1895 the Dennar charge charge Denver chorus was entertained royally Denver chorus was entertained royally while here, given tickets to every ses-sion of the eisteddfod and treated as visitors should be treated. This re-ception was reciprocated by the Denver singers when the choir went to Denver to enter the contests of 1396. The Utah singers were royally entertained there and of course, in the opinion of Mr. Thomas, expected and were entitled to

ish entertainment. All of the Salt Lake Eisteddfods, in the opinion of Mr. Thomas, have been greater affairs in the musical world than that at Seattle, which musicians throughout the United States, who were present and who are returning in pumpresent and who are returning in numbers through this city, pronounce a faïlure.

Eisteddrow's, declared that the Salt Lake choir did not receive the treat-ment the singers should have receiv-ed, and that it has not been customary to charge an admission for competing "Judging from the facts as publish-

to charge an admission for competing choruses. "Judging from the facts as rublish-ed in the papers" said Mr. Thomas, I do think the competing chorus from Salt Lake City received fair treatment. The suggestion that they were afraid to compete is to me un-worthy of consideration and not worthy of the Eisteddfod committee. The members of the Salt Lake chorus were anxious to enter the contest, were confident of winning, and I be-fleve they would have won if given the opportunity to do so. It has always been the custom at the Salt Lake Eisteddfods to furnish the contestants with tickets, and es-pecially at the session during which the contest took place." John James, another member of the executive committee on local Eistedd-fods, expressed the opinion that the incident was "bad all around." Mr. James stated, however, that the com-mittee at Seattle should not be criti-cised because of the reduction of the prize from \$1,000 to \$750, as that was the rule where there was only one choir present to compete. He also ex-pressed the opinion that the unplea-sant condition might have been pre-vented had the Seattle committee moti-fied the visitors what to expect. "The regretable feature" said Mr. James, "is that evidently there was no one to attend to the matter. The Eisteddfod committee might have seen the manager of the choir and made satisfactory arrangements. When we gave the Eisteddfod here in 1893, this question came up. Some were of the opinion that an admission fee should be charged but the majority were against it and we saw to it that the visitors were furnished with tickets." D. L. Davis, another member of the

tickets."

D. L. Davis, another member of the D. L. Davis, another induct of the executive committee, was emphatic in his denouncement of the treatment ac-corded to the choir, and said that no such action had ever been taken at an Elisteddfod given here. "Very shabby." Elsteddfod given here. "Very shabby," is the term used by Mr. Davis in re-ferring to the incident.

ferring to the incident. "The competing choruses were never charged admission when competing in contests here," said Mr. Davis. "It has always been customary to admit them free. We were always very liberal here and competitors were admitted to all sessions without charge. I think it very shabby on the part of the Elsteddfod committee to take the position it did. I have a program here and it says noth-ing at all about charging an admission ing at all about charging an admission

Evan Arthur, who has been promi nently Hentified with Eisteddfods in Wales, Pennsylvania and in Utah, said that in Wales and in Pennsylvania the rule was to charge a small entrance fee, but that this rule did not obtain in Utah. He expressed the opinion that the fee demanded at Seattle was in excess of what it should have been, but despite that fact thinks the choir

"In view of the fact that the choir ractised so long and traveled so far to enter the conpetition. I think it should have contested for the prize which, no doubt, it would have won. I think the fee asked was too much but even if it had been \$2 a head I think the choir should have paid it and i think the choir should have paid it and entered the contest. After the contest the matter could have been taken up with the committee and then settled."





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poison two hours later PATHETIC FEATURE.

PATHETIC FEATURE. The pathetic feature of the tragedy was in the realization of approaching death by both the husband and wife. During the hours of agony both the husband and wife retained a clear in-tellect and the thought of each was for the other. Up to within a few moments of her death the wife bewailed what she considered her own fault and her uppermost thought was the suffering which she had brought upon her hus-band by unwittingly using the arsenic instead of baking powier. When the husband, tortured under the pain of the poison, was informed of the death of his wife he expressed as his only wish that he might die too, and join his helpmate.

helpmate. Before Mrs. Kaiser died she directed Before Mrs. Kaiser died she directed the disposition of her possessions, and in the belief that her husband would live directed that all be given over to her mother-in-law until the recovery of her husband. An hour later, real-izing that death was near, Mr. Kaiser made his last will.

ENOUGH TO KILL TEN.

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ENOUGH TO KILL TEN. The quantity of arsenic placed un-knowingly in the dumplings was suf-ficient, the doctors say, to have killed 10 people. Before her death Mrs. Kaiser toid the attendants at her hed-side that she had remarked to her hus-band that the taking powder she had used "wasn't much good" because the dumplings "didn't raise."

dumplings "didn't raise." Mrs. Kaiser is survived by two sons by a former husband, the eider, Guy Harrick residing at Fresno, Cal., and the younger in Nevada. Mr. Kaiser's parents reside in Kan-sas City, and a telegram to them last night regarding the tragedy brough an answer this morning to the effect to hold the bodies here until the ar-rival of a brother of Mr. Kaiser. The bodies of the husband and wife ara lying in Evans' mortuary.

NO ACTION TAKEN.

John P. Serenson, county horticultural inspector, appeared before the county commissioners to request the appointment of at least one more inspector He urged that the campaign which has been inaugurated to prevent the mar-keting of affected fruit entails a great deal of work upon the present inspect-ors, and they are required to be on hand at an outrageously early hour in the morning. The commissioners took no action.

156 S. Main St.

August Sale of

Harry Welsh, a bricklayer, aged 32 years, was perhaps fatally injured about 1:15 o'clock this afternoon when he fell from the second stofy of the Commercial club building at Cactus and Exchange place, striking on the pavement. His right leg was broken below the knee, five ribs were broken and it is believed that he is internally injured. Weish was taken to the Holy

Cross hospital and placed on the oper-ating table. Welsh was working on a scaffold on the east side of the building when the accident occurred. According to the workmen who were with him he missed his footing and fell.

Wait for the big I X L auction sale cing September 7 at 10 a.

TAKES FITTS BEFORE JUDGE.

He Was Obstructing the Streets With A Socialist Harrangue.

The Socialistic theories of J. L. Fitts, Socialistic orator, as dropped from a soap box and two sult cases on Second South street yesterday afternoon, fell on barren ground, at least so far as Patrolman Simpson was concerned. Th beneficent theories were all lost on Offl-cer Simpson, and all he could see was that Fitts was obstructing the street-and the officer did his sworn duty with the result that Fitts and his theories, landed in jail. Friends of the theories, however, defied the minions of the law by freeing Fitts, who with his theories was valued by the ball commissioner at \$25. This morning Attorney F. B. Scott asked the court for information. He wanted to know under what section

He wanted to know under what section of the ordinances his client, Mr. Fitts, was held, and when told section 706, chapter 61, he was content to enter a plea of not guilty. The best Mr. Ro-gers, assistant city attorney, could do in the way of convenience of hearing was Sept. 10, and although Mr. Fitts, as announced by his court representa-tive, has speaking dates in other cities, he will slick around until the 10th, just he will stick around until the 10th, just to show that he can get up on a soup box, impress the proletariat with two



Disposes of Effects of Col. F. M. Sterrett.

Under the auctioneer's hammer, Col. Frank M. Sterrett's expensive office furniture was sold today. There were furniture was sold today. There were three desks, half a dozen chairs, aud a table, besides several other articles of furniture which he had purchased from time to time for his own comfort. Hugh A. Joplin, manager of the Utah Audit and Accounting company, acted as auc-tioneer. The money derived from the sale will be placed to the credit of the encampment fund which is being aud-ited by Mr. Joplin. The executive committee will meet

tited by Mr. Joplin. The executive committee will meet the latter part of the week when Gov. Spry and several other members of the committee return to the city. An effort will be made it is stated, to ascertain if Col. Sterrett gave out the interview that was published and if so reply will be made to it. The auditor's report will be completed in a day or two and then the entire report of the various com-mittees will be made public and the committees will be discharged.

C. Bonnard has brought suit in the district court against F. Arnould and company for \$979.19 on an account and \$414.28 for money lent.

Settlement having been made for \$1,000 the suit of Eugene Raynor against the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railway company was dis-missed by Judge C. W. Morse of the district court on Saturday. Raynor lost his left eve in an accident at the company's quarry at Elgin, Nev., in De-cember, 1906, and sued for \$15,000.

The striking plumbers' case was be-fore Judge C. W. Morse of the district court for a few minutes on Saturday when the temporary restraining order obtained by the Will Reese company and six other concerns restraining the strikers from interfering with non-union workmen was continued in force until final trial of the case until final trial of the case.

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412 D. F. Walker Bldg. WAS BETTER THAN CLAIMED

Committee Investigating the Mexican Proposition Telegraphs Approbation,

On Aug. 12, a committee of the tockholders of the Mexican-American stockholders of the Mexican-American Holding & Improvement company, ap-pointed to go to Mexico for the purpose of investigating the holdings and prosof investigating the holdings and pros-pects of the company, left this city for Oaxaca. Mexico, with this purpose in view. Six men were selected for this purpose, consisting of the follow-ing well known residents of this sec-tion: Daniel Mackay, of Sal'. Lake City; Walter A. Dimond of Toylors-ville; William Fairbourn of Crescent; John K. Crosby of Woods Cross and Joshua P. Terry of Draper. Judge G. W. Bartch conducted the party to Mexico. On August 28, after in-vestigating the proposition thoroughly the committee sent the following tele-gram, dated at Mexico City to Joseph Kimball, vice president and financial agent of the company, in this city: "Proposition better than represented. Have provided funds to organize com-pany immediately and issue bonds. Notify interested parties. Signed, Mackay, Dimond, Fairbourn, Terry, Crosby."



Ogden, Sept. 6-11, 1909. Excursions via Oregon Short Line September 5th to 11th inclusive. Round trip \$1.10. Limit September 14th. City Ticket Office, 201 Main Sta

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A Utah Gentleman

Returning from Europe, stopping at Chicago on the way home, was pleasingly surprised to see great stacks of Startup's Chocolates, Magnolias, etc., on the counters of the Fair, Hilmans' drug stores.

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