

AN ACT

In relation to the compilation and revision of the Laws and Resolutions in force in Utah Territory; their publication and distribution.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah: That the following compilation of the laws shall be published with the amendments and alterations therein specified, and the new amendments therein made are valid in law; all laws and resolutions not included in said list, the laws and resolutions of the present session excepted, are deemed repealed, obsolete or not necessary to reprint.

SEC. 2. The following is the compilation above referred to:

Book.	Page.	Approved.
1	3	Sept. 17, 1877.
2	83	March 18, 1849.
2	90	Jan. 15, 1850.
2	92	Feb. 28, 1850.
2	91	March 2, 1850.
2	95	" " "
2	96	" 28, 1850.
2	96	Dec. 9, 1850.
2	96	" " "
2	97	Jan. 9, 1851.
2	97	Jan. 19, 1851.
2	105	Jan. 9, 1851.
2	106	" " "
2	107	Jan. 18, 1851.
2	107	Feb. 6, 1851.
2	114	" " "
2	122	" " "
2	129	" " "
2	133	Feb. 8, 1851.
2	138	Feb. 15, 1851.
2	140	" " "
2	141	" " "
2	142	" " "
1	27	Sept. 9, 1850.
1	235	Oct. 4, 1851.
1	38	Feb. 4, 1852.
1	48	Feb. 4, 1852.
1	12	March 3, 1852.
1	55	Feb. 18, 1852.
1	56	March 3, 1852.
1	58	Feb. 2, 1852.
1	62	March 3, 1852.
1	64	" " "
1	65	" " "
1	67	" " "
1	74	" " "
1	75	Feb. 7, 1852.
1	78	Feb. 6, 1852.
1	79	Feb. 3, 1852.
1	80	Feb. 4, 1852.
1	82	March 6, 1852.
1	84	March 1, 1852.
1	88	March 3, 1852.
1	83	" " "
1	89	" " "
1	89	" " "
1	91	March 6, 1852.
1	94	March 3, 1852.
1	94	" " "
1	98	March 6, 1852.
1	109	Feb. 14, 1852.
1	113	Jan. 2, 1852.
1	115	Feb. 3, 1852.
1	117	March 6, 1852.
1	143	March 3, 1852.
1	143	Feb. 5, 1852.
1	160	Feb. 5, 1852.
1	161	Feb. 18, 1852.
1	161	Oct. 4, 1851.
1	162	March 3, 1852.
1	169	Feb. 3, 1852.
1	170	Feb. 5, 1852.
1	170	Feb. 16, 1852.
1	171	Feb. 18, 1852.
1	173	Jan. 16, 1852.
1	176	Feb. 10, 1852.
1	184	Feb. 5, 1852.
1	192	Feb. 13, 1852.
1	200	March 6, 1852.
2	5	Dec. 23, 1852.
2	6	Dec. 30, 1852.
2	10	Jan. 3, 1853.
2	13	Jan. 13, 1853.
2	14	Jan. 17, 1853.
2	17	" " "
2	18	" " "
2	20	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	23	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	30	" " "
2	33	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	34	" " "
2	37	" " "

Book.	Page.	Approved.
2	38	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	40	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	41	" " "
2	48	" " "
2	55	" " "
2	145	June 1, 1853.
2	146	June 4, 1853.
2	148	" " "
2	157	" " "
3	6	Jan. 7, 1854.
3	12	Jan. 13, 1854.
3	14	" " "
3	16	Jan. 14, 1854.
3	18	Jan. 16, 1854.
3	19	Jan. 17, 1854.
3	19	" " "
3	20	Jan. 18, 1854.
3	22	Jan. 19, 1854.
3	22	" " "
3	23	" " "
3	25	Jan. 20, 1854.
3	28	" " "
1	206	Oct. 4, 1851.
1	207	" " "
1	208	March 6, 1852.
1	212	" " "
1	214	March 3, 1852.
2	65	Dec. 23, 1852.
2	66	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	66	" " "
2	67	" " "
2	147	June 4, 1853.
3	15	Jan. 14, 1854.
3	17	" " "
1	223	March 3, 1852.
1	226	" " "
1	229	" " "
1	232	March 6, 1852.
1	232	" " "
1	72	Jan. 21, 1853.
2	73	" " "
2	75	" " "
2	75	" " "
2	77	" " "
2	78	" " "
2	79	" " "
3	30	Jan. 14, 1854.
3	33	" " "
3	33	Jan. 17, 1854.
3	33	" " "

Concerning certain animals running at large.
To incorporate Great Salt Lake City Water Works Association.
To incorporate the City of Payson.
To incorporate the City of Palmyra.
To incorporate Tooele City, Tooele county.

Section 15, leave out.
In relation to the Militia.
In relation to the Assessment, collection and expenditure of a tax for road and other purposes within incorporated cities.
To incorporate Lake City, Utah county.
Section 47, leave out.
Granting Abiah Wardsworth, Ifa N. Spaulding, and Willard G. McMullen, the right of erecting a Toll Bridge across Weber River, near the mill of Abiah Wardsworth & Co.
Prescribing the manner of Assessing and Collecting Territorial and County taxes.
Section 2, after the word "purposes," in the 4th line, insert the words, "buildings for worship, and the grounds, materials, and appurtenances belonging thereto."
Section 5, line 6, insert "said" before "goods;" line 7, strike out the words "brought in by transient traders."

Relating to the United States Courts for the Territory of Utah.
Defining the boundaries, and for the organization of Green River and Summit counties, and defining the Eastern boundary of Davis county.
Containing provisions applicable to the laws of the Territory of Utah.
To amend "An Act in relation to Marks and Brands; approved March 1, 1852."
Defining the boundaries of Carson County, and providing for the organization thereof.
Relating to Sheriffs and Constables.
Regulating herdsmen, herding, herd grounds, and the driving of animals.
Prescribing the official terms of certain officers elected by the Legislative Assembly, and providing for vacancies.
Section 1, after "Surveyor General," in the 4th line, add "for the Territory."
Specifying the time when Acts and Resolutions begin to be in force, and making them equally valid.
Preamble and Act in relation to the construction of a Canal from Utah Lake to Great Salt Lake.
Providing for the Management of certain property.
Concerning ferries and bridges on Weber and Bear rivers, east of the main range of the Wasatch mountains.

RESOLUTIONS.

Joint Resolutions, locating the seat of Government for the Territory of Utah in Panguan valley.
In relation to the Utah Library.
In relation to the election of twelve select men, or referees.
Relative to communications on Civil and Military matters.
In relation to weights and measures.
For the encouragement of the manufacture of powder.
In relation to the Washington Monument.
In relation to the Territorial Library.
To convene the Annual Legislative Assembly.
reprint to read "Fillmore City" instead of "Great Salt Lake City."
In relation to exemption of property from execution.
Offering a reward for the discovery of a coal bed near Great Salt Lake City.
Exempting the members of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, from arrest and summons, during the sitting of the Legislature, and while going to and from the same.

MEMORIALS TO CONGRESS.

For an appropriation to defray the expenses of the Provisional Government of Deseret.
For the establishment of a weekly mail route from the Missouri river to Great Salt Lake City.
For an appropriation for support of schools.
For the donation of public lands to settlers, and for educational purposes.
On the subject of the survey of the Southern boundary of the Territory of Utah.
For a geodetic survey in Utah Territory.
To increase the time of Legislature.
For an electric telegraph from the Mississippi river to California.
For the construction of a Military road from the mouth of the Platte or Nebraska river, to Sacramento, California.
To defray the expenses of the Indian wars.
To make Territorial officers elective.
To establish a weekly mail from Great Salt Lake City to San Diego.
In relation to the Pacific railway.
For calling a convention to form a State Government.
For five thousand dollars for the University.
To defray the expenses of the Indian wars, and the destruction and loss of property.

SEC. 3. The Hon. Evan M. Greene, is hereby appointed and authorized to attend to the publishing of said list together with the Laws, Resolutions and Memorials of the present session, and may call to his assistance such clerks as shall be necessary to aid him therein.

SEC. 4. There shall be published five thousand copies thereof, with full and complete marginal notes, Index and contents—including the Declaration of Independence and Articles of Confederation, the Constitution of the United States and Amendments thereto, the Constitution of the Provisional State of Deseret, the Organic Act, with the list of Memorials attached, and their indexes.

SEC. 5. There shall also be published three thousand copies of the Journals of the present session of the Legislative Assembly, including the Governor's Message and Proclamations, in book form.

SEC. 6. The Secretary of the Territory is hereby required to furnish the Governor of each State and Territory with one copy each of the Laws and Journals, and the Governor of Utah Territory with twenty five copies of each, the Laws and Journals; two copies of the Laws and one of the Journals to each of the members of the present Legislative Assembly, and one copy of each to each officer of the two houses, two copies of each to each of the Judges of the Supreme and Probate Courts in the Territory, and one copy of each to each of the clerks of the Supreme, District, and Probate Courts, one copy of each to the United States Marshal and each of his deputies, and the United States District Attorney for the Territory of Utah, and one copy of each to each civil officer in the Territory of Utah, including the Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, and Marshal of each incorporated city; one copy of the Laws to the commandant of the Navajo Legion, the commandant of each Military District, and the Commandants of each Brigade, Regiment and Battalion, and their staff officers respectively, and captains of companies; to the Utah Library, and the Library of the University of the State of Deseret each five copies of the Laws and Journals, and two copies each, to each other public Library in the Territory.

Approved January 19th, 1855.

Girls who want Husbands.

Girls, you want to get married, don't you? Ah, what a natural thing it is for young ladies who have such a hankering for the sterner sex! It is a weakness that woman has, and for this reason she is called the weaker sex. Well, if you want to get married, don't for conscience sake act like fools about it. Don't go into a fit of the nips every time you see a hat and a pair of whiskers. Don't get the idea into your heads that you must put yourself in the way of every young man in the neighborhood, in order to attract notice, for if you don't run after the men they will run after you. Mark that.

A husband-hunter is the most detestable of all young ladies. She is full of starch and puckers; she puts on many false airs, and she is so nice that she appears ridiculous in the eyes of every decent person. She may generally be found at meetings, coming in, of course, about the last one, always at social parties, and invariably takes a front seat at concerts. She tries to be the belle of the place, and she thinks she is. Poor girl! you are fitting yourself for an old maid, just as sure as the Sabbath comes on Sunday. Men will flirt with you, and flatter you simply because they love to do it; but they have no more idea of making you a wife than they have of committing suicide. If I was a young man I would have no more to do with such a fancy than I would with a rattlesnake.

Now, girls, let Nelly give you a piece of her advice, and she knows from experience, for you practice it, you will gain a reputation of being worthy girls and stand a fair chance of getting respectable husbands. It is all well enough that you learn to finger the piano, work embroidery, study grammar, etc., but don't neglect letting grandma or your dear mother teach you how to make bread, and get a meal of victuals good enough for a king. No part of a housekeeper's duties should be neglected; if you do not marry a wealthy husband you will need to know how to do such work, and if you do it will be no disadvantage for you to know how to oversee a servant girl, and instruct her to do these things as you would have them done. In the next place don't pretend to be what you are not. Affectation is the most despicable of accomplishments, and will only cause sensible people to laugh at you. No one but a fool will be caught by affectation—it has a transparent skin, easily to be seen through.

Dress plain, but neatly. Remember that nothing gives a girl so modest, becoming and lovely an appearance as a neat and plain dress. All the flummery and tinsel work of the dressmaker and milliner are unnecessary.

If you are really handsome, they do not add to your beauty one particle; if you are homely, they only make you worse. Gentlemen do not court your faces and jewelry, but your own dear selves.

Finger rings and fenderols may do to look at, but they add nothing to the value of a wife—all young men know that. If you know how to talk, do it naturally, and do not be so distressingly polite as to spoil all you say. If your hair is straight, don't put on the curling tongs to make people believe you have negro blood in your veins. If your neck is very black, wear a lace collar, but don't be so foolish as to dab on paint, thinking that people are so blind as not to see it; and if your cheeks are rosy, don't apply pink saucers, for the deception will be detected and become the gossip of the neighborhood.

Finally, girls, listen to the counsel of your mothers, and ask their advice in everything. Think less of fashion than you do of kitchen duties—less of romances than you do of the realities of life—but instead of trying to catch beaux, strive to make yourself worthy of being caught by them.

NELLY GRAY.

WHAT OTHERS THINK OF US.—"Very idle," says Emerson, "is all curiosity concerning other people's estimate of us, and all fear of remaining unknown is not less so. If a man knows that he can do anything—that he can do it better than any one else—he has a pledge of the acknowledgement of the fact by all persons. The world is full of judgment-days; and into every assembly that a man enters—into every action that he attempts—he is gauged and stamped. In every troop of boys that whoop and run in each yard and square, a new-comer is as well and accurately weighed in the course of a few days, and stamped with his right number, as if he had undergone a former trial of his strength, speed, and temper. A stranger comes from a distant school, with better dress, with trinkets in his pocket, with air and pretensions. An older boy says to himself—'It's no use—we shall find him out to-morrow!'"

CHARMING CONSISTENCY.—Scene 1st.—[Slightly Rainy Sunday.]—Father (with umbrella and overcoat)—Come, my dear, put on your things for church.

Dutiful Daughter—Why, dear father, it is raining so hard I am afraid I shall wet my feet, and you know I take cold so easily.

Scene 2d.—[Very Rainy Night.]—D. D.—Come, dear pa, it's time to go—the opera commences in a quarter of an hour.

F. (in surprise)—I thought you could not go out in the rain for fear of wetting your feet.

D. D.—Oh no, I have such nice rubbers, and they keep my feet as dry as toast.

GOOD PUN.—Somebody asked Baron Rothschild to take some venison. "No," said the Baron, "I never eat venison, I don't think it is so good as mutton." "Oh," says the Baron's friend, "I wonder at your saying so; if mutton is better than venison, why does venison cost more?" "I will tell you why—in dish world the people always prefer vat ish deer to vat is sheep."