The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

NO. 177. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Congressman Bland Reviewing the Silver Situation.

IRON MINES SHUTTING DOWN.

A French Man-of-War Ready to Bombard the Capital of Siam.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—Congressman R. H. Bland, the great silver advocate, reviewing the silver situation as affected by the action of the Indian government, said: "Heroic measures will be required on the part of this government for the remonetization of silver. Most emphatically I do not think it is a knock-out for silver in this country. On the contrary, I think if Congress does not adopt some measure looking to a bi-metallic standard it will make the battle of standards the coming issue in this country. This battle will disrupt the political parties and cause a contest between the commercial centers and agricultural districts of the country. Free coinage of silver is demanded by the laboring classes, and this is what free silver men will now demand of Congress. The demonetization of silver is a conspiracy between the banking institutions of England and the eastern portion of the United States, and a suspension of silver coinage in India is a part of this conspiracy to influence the Congress of the United States to the adoption of a single gold standard. I do not believe they will succeed. If the Democratic Congress stands true to its pledges, the conspiracy will not succeed. The low price of silver is due to the fact that this and other governments are discriminating against it, and that the money interest of this and other countries have fought it. No important commercial country has recently had a mint for the free coinage of gold and silver. The effort has been to dam up silver to prevent its free exchange in the commerce of nations. Until the United States by the free coinage can restore silver to the original value, is practically admitted by the British royal commission of 1888, consisting of twelve members, six of them uncompromising gold monometallists. They admit that France alone could maintain a parity of the two metals of 15½ to 1. This country is stronger in material wealth developed and undeveloped, than France and England combined."

DEPRESSION IN THE IRON ORE TRADE.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 28.—On account of the great depression in the iron ore trade, one after another of the great iron mines in the upper Michigan peninsula is shutting down indefinitely. These mines employ thousands of men and are practically the sole support of whole towns in the peninsula. A protracted cessation of work is bound to result in widespread suffering. It will also have a very bad effect on vessels in the ore carrying trade.

THE FRENCH IN SIAM.

Strong Probabilities for a War in the East.

LONDON, June 28.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Bangkok, the capital of Siam, says the French gunboat Lutin, anchored in the river opposite the center of Bangkok, has made preparations to fire upon the city. The top masts of the gunboat have been struck and the guns have been mounted in the fighting tops. The French admiral in his flagship is expected to arrive in Siamese waters from Saigon. The telegraph adds: Though most anxious to maintain friendship with the French, the authorities are quietly determined to resist the aggression and preparing for any contingency. The defenses of the country prove stronger than expected. Three ships have been sunk at the entrance of Nakhsaw the river on which Bangkok is situated, about twenty miles from the mouth. This reduces the channel to the narrowest limits possible for use and the government is ready at a moment's notice to complete the block to prevent the ingress and egress of vessels.

A Prohibitionist Platform.

CLEVELAND, June 28.—After routine business this morning the prohibition state convention adopted a platform of absolute prohibition, woman suffrage, issuance of money by the government only, readjustment of taxes, government control of railroads and telegraphs, prohibition of speculation in food products, protection of alien seamen, liberal pensions, revision of the immigration laws, election of President and senators by the people, against the use of public money for sectarian schools; it deplores the increase of coal indebtedness.

Michael Davitt's Successor.

DUBLIN, June 28.—The election in Northeast Cork to fill the vacancy in the house of commons caused by the withdrawal from the house of Michael Davitt, the anti-parnellite, was held today. Wm. Avraham, anti-parnellite was elected without opposition. It is thought, should Davitt be granted a first-class certificate by the bankruptcy court, his recovery having caused his retirement from parliament, Avraham will retire and Davitt will offer himself for re-election.

Wheat for Europe.

NEW YORK, June 28.—A morning paper says: The enormous exports of wheat from this port during the last few weeks has created a demand for canal boats which far more than equals the supply. There are not boats here wanting, and the leading capitalists are so busy that they will not wait for the return of the cargoes unless they get them within twenty-four hours. There are 1,250,000 bushels of wheat stored in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City, and in course of transportation 1,500,000 bushels on the lakes and 2,000,000 bushels in the Erie canal and Hudson river on the way to Europe to be turned into gold. In addition is over 14,000,000 bushels of wheat (including flour) cleared from the Atlantic and Pacific ports during the four weeks ended June 23rd. Engagements of freight room have already been made at Atlantic ports alone for 10,000,000 bushels that will go out within the next 30 to 45 days. The aggregate of 24,000,000 bushels of wheat shipped since May 27th is to be exported within a few weeks is equivalent to a draft upon the banks of Europe for nearly $20,000,000, even at the ruinously low prices at which certain are now selling.

Tries Follows Crime.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, June 28.—Thos. Lloyd, a well known citizen, was shot and instantly killed last night by Amelia Evans, who claimed he had seduced her. She gave herself up.

Two Lives.

NEW LONDON, Iowa, June 28.—Chas. Wilson followed his wife to Fairfield and shot her twice and then shot himself; both will probably die. He said he tried to kill his wife once before at Muscatine.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

Opinion as to the Date of Meeting.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Though no official announcement is yet made on the subject it is found to be the almost universal opinion that the members of Congress will be called to meet in extra session the first Monday in September, which will be September 4th.

CLEVELAND APPOINTS

George W. Snow, This City, Surveyor General of Utah.

Byron Groo Registrar of the Land Office.—Other Offices Provided For.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The President has made the following appointments: Commodore A. W. Weaver, rear admiral, vice Harmony, retired.

James Sinclair, Alaska, Governor of Alaska.

George W. Snow, Salt Lake City, surveyor general, Utah.

Jos. C. Straughan, surveyor general, Idaho.

Charles F. Easley, surveyor, New Mexico.

RECEIVER OF PUBLIC MONEYS:

Pedro Del Cado, at Santado, N. M.

REGISTERS LAND OFFICE:

Byron Groo, at Salt Lake, Utah.

Benj. F. Wilson, a Lagrande, Oreg.

James H. Walker, Santaie, N. M.

E. W. Dunne, postmaster, Billings, Mont.

THE CHOLERA IN FRANCE.

Cases of Sickness in Various Parts of the Country.

PARIS, June 28.—There were two new cases of cholera at Toulon yesterday, one case at Hyeres and one at Bayonne. Two deaths are reported at Cette.

THE SULTAN GRACIOUS.

He Will Probably Remit the Death Sentences.

LONDON, June 28.—Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, stated that the government had reason to hope that the sultan would remit the sentences of the seventeen Armenians condemned to death for alleged participation in the outbreak during at Cesarea and Marzvan last spring.

Gen. Nicholson Dead.

LONDON, June 28.—Gen. Nicholson, governor of Gibraltar, is dead.

Crop Prospects in Germany.

BERLIN, June 28.—Copious rains in several parts of the empire, have improved the prospects of crops, notably potatoes. It is too late, however, to save the hay.

A Good Year in Greece.

ATHENS, June 28.—The Greek crops promise well. Currants may be above the average. Wheat and barley will be double average.

ARMENIANS AND TURKS.

Rumor that Another Government Official is to Have Been Murdered.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 28.—A report became current that more arrests of Armenians had been made in Van. Shortly afterwards a gendarmerie Turkish official was murdered, presumably because he was suspected of spying on the Armenians and securing the arrests in question.

Tacoma the Terminus.

TACOMA, Wash., June 28.—The Canadian-Australian Steamship company has decided to make Tacoma the terminus of the line. The steamships will make monthly trips between here and Sydney, N.S.W.

IN THE WHITE CITY.

Nothing Special Today but a Vast Attendance All the Same.

CHICAGO, June 28.—The weather continues bright, with a cool, invigorating breeze, which makes outdoor exercise delightful. The result is that large crowds began pouring through the World's Fair gates as soon as opened this morning, in spite of the fact that there was no special attractions aside from the Fair itself on the program. An official estimate of the paid attendance for the day is a hundred and thirty-five to forty thousand.

Tomorrow will be the soldiers' day. Already some of the largest militia corporations in the country have arrived. The day will be made especially attractive to flour manufacturers, as exercises of an interesting character will be held in Michigan state building. Among the prominent millers on the ground are: J. M. Turner, Minneapolis, N. D.; T. H. Bush, Seymour, Ind.; C. A. Pillsbury, Minneapolis; J. F. Clark, Akron, Ohio; H. F. Quick, Amsterdam, Holland. It is estimated that these same manufacture half of the breakfast food used in the United States.

Hon. J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, is down for a speech on the "Kansas of the future made in flour." General John W. Noble is expected to be present, and if he arrives he will deliver an address. D. H. McKenzie, North Dakota, the first president of the reciprocity movement in the Northwest, will speak on reciprocity with Canada and what it will do for milling.

THE IRISH JUBILANT.

Gladstone Announces His Intention to Have Capacity.

LONDON, June 28.—Gladstone made an announcement to the commons today, which caused much joy among the Irish members and those of the national party, who believe the time has come for the throwing out of many amendments to the home rule bill offered by the opposition for the purpose of delaying the passage of the measure. Gladstone stated that tomorrow he would move the adoption of a resolution calling upon the house to expedite the passage of the bill. The announcement was greeted with cheers by the supporters of the government. Gladstone added that the terms of the resolution were nearly prepared and he hoped to communicate it to the house before the session closed.

In reply to a question asked by A. J. Balfour, the leader of the opposition, Gladstone said the resolution he proposed to move would be on the same principle as the resolution offered in 1887, though it would contain some important modifications. Gladstone was cheered.

Gladstone gave further reply in the house of commons today to the question asked yesterday by Right Hon. George K. Goschen, as to the power of the Indian government to coin rupees as the new arose. Gladstone said it was possible that the Indian mints would not be restricted to a charging silver for gold. The act adopted last Monday by the Indian government repealed certain clauses of the Indian coinage act of 1893, but the power of the Indian government to purchase silver and coin rupees whenever it thought it was not affected by the new act.

Silver in London.

LONDON, June 28.—Silver securities on the stock exchange were weaker. British railway securities were irregular. A feeling of distrust pervaded the market, and some trustees refused to transact speculative business. Rupee paper has fallen a quarter today.

The Silver Question in India.

BOMBAY, June 28.—The newspapers generally approve the action on the silver question, but express the fear that the government will compensate the banks, the holdings of which are largely silver. It is stated that the banks intend to raise the legal question as to whether a telegraphic intimation of a change in the law is sufficient to change the law and to justify the mints in refusing the silver tendered them last Monday.

A Village Burned.

AUGUSTA, Mich., June 28.—This village, having 600 inhabitants, was burned this morning. The loss is $50,000. Many persons are homeless.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, June 28.—The announcement of further failures of banks and other corporations and individuals throughout the West and Northwest dampened the good feeling which was quite a prominent characteristic of yesterday's stock market. The failures led to the selling of stocks for western account and a further decline in silver to 71 added to the bearish feeling. The selling was most pronounced in Northern Pacific, Lake Shore, St. Paul, lead and in silver ore carrying roads such as the Denver and Rio Grande, and Union Pacific. Sugar fell 1¼ to 89, St. Paul 1¼ to 67½, D. & R. G., preferred, 1¼ to 40½, Union Pacific to 24½ lead 2 to 21. Ontario mining declined 1 to 12. At 11 a former tone prevailed and a rally of 1 to 4 took place.

There was renewed weakness in the stocks after 11 o'clock. Grangers were the principal object of the attack for the hours. Sharp drives were made against Rock Island, St. Paul, general electric and sugar. Among the specialties, Denver preferred broke to 41. Ontario mining sold down to 10. At noon the market was weak.

TWO CONVICTS.

The Notorious Texas Robbers Critically Ill.

FRESNO, Calif., June 28.—John Boning, train robber and brother of George Boning, the leader in the break of the prisoners at Folsom yesterday, is lying in a critical condition. He was shot and said he is delirious and threatened with lockjaw from blood poisoning as a result of the wounds received when captured. His mother is with him. She has not told her son that George was wounded yesterday.

THE OTHER BROTHER.

FULTON, Calif., June 28.—It transpires that George Boning, the brother of the noted train robber recently captured, was the desperately wounded leader in the break of the convicts here yesterday afternoon. The authorities some time ago had information that Evans and Boning had arranged a plan to release George from prison and were prepared to meet it, accordingly. When the convicts yesterday made the break for liberty, they were in readiness. The result of the fight was that A. Dalton, Henry Williams, and Frank Williams are dead. George Boning, Chas. Arnott and Tom Scott will die, Joe Dully has a flesh wound.

Removal from Office.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The President this morning summarily removed from office Lotan, collector of customs at Portland, Oregon. This unusual action was taken on receipt this morning of a telegram from the special agents of the treasury department, who have been engaged some time investigating the fraudulent practices of Chinese. Lotan's report was placed in charge and will continue to act until Black, the new collector, qualifies.

BANKER WHITMORE.

Judge Bartch Adjudges Him Guilty of Contempt of Court.

BUT POSTPONES SENTENCE.

The Defendant's Counsel Intend to Carry the Case to the Supreme Court.—A Legal Tribunal.

Judge Bartch this morning in the Third district court, gave his opinion in the contempt case in which Banker George C. Whitmore, of Nephi, has played the role of defendant. The hearing conducted yesterday at noon, the Judge having been a hard one between the attorneys on both sides, namely, Messrs. Varian and John M. Zane for the plaintiff (E. A. Smith Elliott and Brown and Henderson for the defendant. The matter has excited considerable interest.

His honor remarked that the principal question which had been raised in the investigation was as to the jurisdiction of this court, the judge of the First judicial district having transferred it here on his own motion. It was claimed on the part of the defendant's counsel that this was an illegal proceeding. After the transference to the Third district court the case was referred to a referee, by consent of the parties. The referee tried and determined it, and his report was confirmed by this court. Then arose the question as to the sufficiency of the transfer. His honor took it that the court, having jurisdiction, had a right to transfer, and that the transfer was a judgment of the court. The court had a right to inquire into the transfer, especially when the parties did not raise any objection thereto. If they had desired to do so they should have objected before this time. There was some question as to the order or decree of this court not being personally served upon the defendant, but having been in court he must have known of it, and his honor thought, under these circumstances the court must now adjudge him guilty of the contempt alleged. On this that the witnesses showed a tolerable feeling on both sides. There seemed to be some difficulty between these parties, but on the main issue in the case, so far as they appeared before him, he did not wish to express an opinion. The defendant had no right to take the law into his own hands and destroy the papers placed in the custody of the court. He had been dissatisfied with the decree he should have sought the proper legal remedy. He was disposed, however, to be somewhat lenient on certain conditions and would postpone sentence for a period of ten days. If in the meantime the defendant restored the box in accordance with the decree, and replaced it in the same condition in which he found it, the court would take that into consideration in fixing the punishment.

Attorney Varian suggested that the box should be replaced, if at all, under the direction of the engineer who was appointed by the court, and whose report was yet upon the files awaiting confirmation.

The Judge—Counsel should understand that I am not making any order to that effect. I simply say that if the box is replaced in the way he found it I shall take that into consideration hereafter.

Attorney Brown—We believe this to be an unprecedented case. We desire to appeal it and have ordered the transcript already, but of course we cannot appeal it without a judgment or final order of this court, and that cannot be until sentence is passed. My instructions are that we would all be better satisfied if full judgment could be rendered now, that the appeal may be taken. We would ask for a stay of say twenty-four hours, or until tomorrow morning. In the meantime we will present a bill of exceptions.

Attorney Varian—They want an appeal and they want it right away. On this question we urge that, if the court is disposed to render judgment now, the coercive powers of this court be exercised to compel the defendant to obey its decree. We propose that in advance so the other side is trying to act in advance, in order that the rights of the plaintiff may receive some protection. That is more important than the simple imposition of dollars and cents.

Judge Henderson—It would seem that counsel wants your honor to punish the defendant for suggesting even that he will appeal from this decision. An appeal, if it is given to us by law, is our right and we have exercised it. he even hinted that a party should suffer anything at the hands of the court merely because he intends to take an appeal to the Supreme court on the questions involved in this case, and for which we are making preparations.

Attorney Varian—I am sorry he had been misapprehended. He merely called attention to the fact that counsel in anticipation of this court's decision had prepared for the appeal. They were asking for a decision at the same time in the event he (Mr. Varian) would ask that his suggestion as to coercive action be considered.

Judge Bartch—You may present the matter tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

Attorney Varian said it was quite apparent to his mind that this matter has so developed that Judge Bartch would be disqualified from sitting on the appeal of the case; but his honor declined to hear anything further now, remarking, however, it was important that both himself and Judge Zane should not be disqualified by any part they had taken in the proceedings.

The Old, Old Story.

Judge Bartch heard the brief testimony this morning in the divorce suit of Alice O'Brien vs. Frederick O'Brien, the complaint alleging desertion and failure to provide.

The parties intermarried at Echo, Summit Co., on January 21st, 1891, the defendant being a miner. In the June of 1891, of about six months after the marriage, O'Brien deserted his wife without assigning any reason whatever, and his whereabouts are unknown to her. Since that time the plaintiff has sustained a livelihood by the fruits of her own labor.

The court granted the decree of divorce and awarded Mrs. O'Brien the custody of the child.

E. V. Higgins was her attorney.

Today's Probate Court.

Estate and guardianship of Alexander Brunker et al, minors. Hearing on petition for letters of guardianship; Isabel Brunker appointed guardian on filing a $200 bond.

Estate of Clarissa M. Robinson, deceased. Hearing on final account and petition for distribution. Order made allowing same.

Estate of Roman Hyde, deceased. Final account filed and order made setting Wednesday, July 12, for hearing.

Estate of Andrew Homer, deceased. Hearing on final account and petition for distribution and the same granted.

Estate of John E. Foote, deceased. Account of executor filed and Tuesday, July 11, set for hearing.

Estate of Anna C. Anderson, deceased. Joseph B. Riter and George W. Riter appointed administrators on filing a bond of $700 each.

Estate of O. H. Harvey, deceased. Hearing on citation to administrator to render account dismissed on motion of Attorney Barlow Ferguson.

Bath Week Over.

The case of the Salt Lake Building and Loan association vs Malel A. Johnson was set down for hearing in Judge Bartch's court this morning, but plaintiff's counsel unexpectedly sprung a motion for a commissioner, for the purpose of filing an affidavit, and the court granted the same—until 2 p.m.

John Menahan vs the Bullion-Beck & Champion Mining company was set on the list, but as there were only eleven jurors obtainable at the time it was called, the court took a recess till 2 o'clock.

DAMAGES ASSESSED AT $3500

In the Case of Martin Larson Against The Iron Mining Company.

In Judge Zane's court this morning the trial of the case of Martin Larson, administrator of the estate of James Larson, deceased, vs the Iron Mining company, was resumed. Damages to the amount of $20,000 were claimed by the plaintiff for the death of his son, which occurred through a cave-in at the defendant's mine in Juab county in April, 1893. The case went to the jury at noonday and after half an hour's deliberation they returned into court with a verdict for the plaintiff, assessing the damages at $3500. It was the verdict of six jurors, the other two having dissented.

On Promissory Notes.

Leopold Goldberg this morning brought suit in the Third district court against Hyrum Grossbeck and Wm. Grossbeck to recover $1000 on a promissory note, with interest at 10 per cent, $50 attorney's fee and costs.

Siegel Bros., of New York, are suing Grossbeck & Broughton and Wm. Grossbeck, seeking to recover thereby $149.28 on a promissory note, together with interest at 6 per cent per annum and costs.

George Cheshire vs Peter Young, Margaret Fuller and S. W. Dorle, the latter as administrator of the estate of Wm. Fuller, deceased. This is another suit for $300 on a promissory note, with interest.

A. H. Raleigh vs Geo. B. Margetts, suits filed on several promissory notes.

ACCEPTED THE FRANCHISE,

The Section in Which Forest Dale Waterworks Will be Laid.

Today the Salt Lake county court received a letter from George M. Cannon accepting the franchise granted by that body at its last session, as noted briefly in yesterday's NEWS. Mr. Cannon is in this case the representative of the Forest Dale Water company, and the franchise is to give that organization the right to lay its waterworks at Forest Dale.

CRICKETS COMING.

The Pest Invading Idaho and Laying Everything Waste.

From all accounts the crickets which recently infested the Wood river country are preparing to make deadly invasion of the Boise valley, says the Boise, Idaho, Statesman, of June 27th. A gentleman who lives about five miles above Boise on the south side of the river, was in the city yesterday and reported that the crickets were coming towards the valley in perfect swarms. Many of them have already succeeded in crossing the river while many have drowned. There are millions on the other side, however.

The crickets seemed to be moving in a certain direction and they do not deviate from the line of march excepting when a stream is encountered. They jump in and float until they touch the opposite bank and then crawl out.

The pests have laid waste a number of gardens and fields of growing grain. The leaves of young trees are a great luxury for the voracious "animals" and several young orchards have been robbed of their foliage.

The Boisekanagh canal is fairly alive with crickets and the surface of the water presents a most repulsive spectacle. A number of people went over from the city Sunday to witness the strange sight. In some places the crickets were so thick the horses became frightened upon approaching them and absolutely refused to pass through the wriggling mass.

One gentleman says when he drove across a bridge over the Ridenbaugh canal a most comical scene greeted his vision. Sitting up on the edge of the bridge was a line of crickets solemnly watching the queer procession of their fellows floating along below. They evidently wanted to join the others but seemed afraid to make the leap.

J. M. Jones, manager of the canal, has tried to exterminate the invaders by sending a stream of burning coal oil down the ditch. Thousands of the crickets were killed, but there is no perceptible diminution of their ranks.

The situation is a most serious one to the farmers, especially those living along the mesa. A destruction of their crops seems inevitable.

Y. L. M. I. A. Notice.

The Y. L. M. I. A. officers' meeting will be held in the Thirteenth Ward Relief Society hall, on next Saturday, July 1st, at 11 a.m. It is earnestly desired that each association in the stake be represented. All interested are invited to attend.

MARY A. FARRER,
Stake President.

RAISED UNCLE NED.

A Colored Lady Vigorously Defends Herself.

She was Disturbed by a Male Relative, and Scared Him Right.

The premises at No. 241 south Third West street were the scene of a lively occurrence between 1 and 2 o'clock this afternoon. A number of colored people occupy the place, and the neighbors say they are generally inclined to attending to their own affairs and conducting themselves respectably. One of them is a widow, and shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon she set up a most unusual noise. People rushed out to see what was the matter, and discovered that she was in the act of administering a lesson to a male relative of hers, who had come into the house and insulted her. She seized a strong stick of wood and piled it with all her might, breaking the club over the mulatto's shoulders. He was bruised up considerably, and was decidedly lucky in getting away with a whole hide. The performance attracted more attention for a time than did the circus which was across the street.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

"Tommy" Loveless Killed by a Fall.—A Disastrous Fire.

Correspondence of the NEWS.

HUNTINGTON, Emery County, Utah, June 28th, 1893.—There was a sad accident happened to a very promising young man of this place last Saturday evening, which resulted in his death this afternoon. Thomas G. Loveless, son of Hyrum and Eliza Loveless, was out on the Cedar mountain, about twenty-five miles east of this place, along with several men rounding up cattle. Tommy, as he was familiarly called, was after an unruly steer that tried to break away from the herd. When he was about to get in ahead of the animal it dodged in front of his horse, when horse and rider both went to the ground. Tommy was thrown with great force, alighting on the side of his head. His companions picked him up for dead. One of the party happened to have a light conveyance close at hand, in which a couple of his friends brought Tommy home, arriving there about 2 a.m. Sunday morning. A doctor was sent for but he could do nothing for him. He remained unconscious until the end. It is a severe trial to his parents and relatives and the loss of friends that he had, for everybody liked him. He was 19 years of age last January.

This afternoon Brother Jens Nielsen, a prominent citizen of this place, met with a serious misfortune. While he was away at Price, and his wife visiting a neighbor at a birthday reception, the children made a fire in the stove and went off and left it. By some means that will never be accounted for the house caught fire and it with its contents was burned to the ground. Everything they had, clothing, bedding, furniture, provisions, sewing machine and all were destroyed, not even a bucket left. They had to send to the store to buy one before they could milk their cows. Much sympathy is felt for Brother Nielsen and his family.

Yours truly, WM. HOWARD.

Relief Society Conference.

The quarterly conference of the Relief society of this Stake will be held in the Salt Lake Assembly Hall, in this city, Friday, June 30, meetings commencing at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. It is desirable that there should be representation from each branch in the county, and as many members of the organization as can attend, as it is probable that the president, Mrs. M. Isabella Horne, will have something interesting to say of her visit to the World's Fair and the women's congress; and possibly other sisters who may be present. A cordial invitation is extended to all interested in women's work and especially in the Relief society, to attend the conference.

MARGARET A. CAINE,
Secretary.

UNDER THE WHEELS.

An Old Man Falls from the Leopard's Cage on Pioneer Square.

RUN OVER BY THE BIG WAGON.

His Injuries are Very Serious Though the Doctors Say They are Not Necessarily Fatal.

There was a very severe and probably fatal accident on Pioneer square shortly before 11 o'clock today. The big procession of Cook & Whitby's circus was just forming preparatory to leaving the grounds on its march about the city, when Henry Thomas, an old attache of the show climbed on to the leopard's cage and was about to take his seat, suddenly the driver started the horses attached to the big wagon, and the front wheel went into a ditch throwing Thomas over the front of the cage and on to the double tree from where he tumbled to the ground. In his effort to save himself, he narrowly escaped having his brains kicked out by one of the horses which became frightened at Thomas's fall. One of the front wheels of the huge conveyance passed squarely over the old man's hips and crushed him into the soft ground. The outfit was stopped just as one of the hind wheels came in contact with his body. Before it passed over him he was dragged out and carried in an unconscious condition to a tent some distance away. A couple of doctors were sent for and on their arrival attended to the injuries of the unfortunate old fellow. The physicians stated that while he was very seriously hurt the chances for his recovery were very fair. This afternoon, however, he was considered to be in a very critical condition.

THE CIRCUS.

It is a Big Show and Makes a Good Procession.

The Cook & Whitby circus which arrived this morning is deserving the name of the largest show of its kind that has appeared here of recent years. The big tent occupies a portion of Third West street by extending out beyond the vacant space allotted it on Pioneer square. The parade this morning was unusually good, and attracted the attention of large crowds of people who gathered along the line of procession. The open cages with lions, leopards, hyenas, zebras, etc., were an interesting exhibition. Two large elephants and one of the camels in the parade were bedecked with silver ornaments of local firms. Performances are given at 2 and 8 o'clock p. m. today and tomorrow. The neighbors of Pioneer square say the best of circumstances are orderly and well behaved, and show a strong contrast in this regard to the outfit that was here last month.

Cook & Whitby exhibited at Ogden last night and the *Standard* of the morning says of the circus that it was "one of the best traveling shows ever seen in this city. There is not the least suspicion of fake with it, everything and everybody seeming to be of high grade and superior ability."

THE MARSHAL'S STAFF.

Alfales Young Appointed Acting Warden at the Penitentiary.

E. W. Ekins Chosen For the Ogden District—Thomas Fowler For Provo—Other Appointments to Follow.

As predicted in the NEWS two or three weeks ago, Alfales Young has been appointed acting warden at the Utah Penitentiary.

U. S. Marshal Brigham, who will enter upon the discharge of his new duties next Saturday, as the successor of Marshal Benton, has been kept busily occupied in his office today receiving the personal petitions of applicants for office as deputy marshals.

At three o'clock this afternoon the court reporter of the NEWS waited upon Mr. Brigham and asked him whether he had made any selections. To this he replied that up to that time he had chosen two officers only, namely, E. W. Ekins as chief of the Ogden district, and Thomas Fowler for the Provo district.

When questioned as to whether it was his intention to retain the services of any of the old officers on his local staff he answered that he really could not yet tell; his mind was not quite made up.

The Cotton Trade Depressed.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 28.—The depressing effect of the present conditions of the cotton trade is making itself felt in Frankford and Kensington. The managers of the mills are trying to avert the suspension of the entire plants by laying off the employes of one room at a time, hoping the trade will take a boom, but two large plants at Frankford have finally decided to shut down for a month, at least and others in Kensington, it is rumored, will soon follow the example. The mills first to succumb are Cabanilla and Berkshire, both operated by the Berkshire Mill company, employing 600 hands.

American Hay For France.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Last week an Associated Press cable dispatch told of the fodder famine in France, and a statement came that foreign fodder would find a quick and high market if delivered soon. The American business instinct "caught on" and a chartered vessel lies in the east river taking on a full cargo of nineteen hundred tons of hay to be shipped to France.