

city, for poisoning her children, yesterday was acquitted. She was charged with giving them arsenic, but the evidence showed that a physician had prescribed bismuth for one child, while the analysis of the latter dose produced arsenic, showing that the bismuth contained an amount of arsenic equal to that which the mother of the child was charged with giving as pure arsenic. The evidence turned on this chemical fact and acquitted the mother, much to the surprise of her prosecutors. Considerable comment is manifested by druggists and physicians and the people generally at the discovery of arsenic in bismuth, which will probably do away with its use in medical practice.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., 2.—The coroner's jury exonerate the road of blame in the late accident at Seabrook. The verdict was that the disaster was caused by a switch being changed by persons unknown.

NEW YORK, 2.—Mrs. Woodhull was arrested this morning, on a warrant sued out by L. C. Challis, charging her with gross libel. Warrants were also issued against her and her partner in the business on complaint of other parties on a like charge. The same parties were also arrested by the U. S. marshal, on a charge of sending obscene publications through the mails, while they were in a carriage preparing for flight, with copies of their publications in the vehicle with them. On being brought before the commissioner, the assistant district attorney charged that they also were guilty of libeling. The commissioner decided to admit the accused to bail in eight thousand dollars each. No bail being furnished, they were sent to Ludlow street jail.

CHICAGO, 2.—The horses on the streets this morning have nearly all disappeared and they are coming to be regarded as a curiosity. The absence of teams for the transfer of goods already greatly interferes with business. The express and railroad companies are delivering no goods. The flour trade is stagnant on account of the impossibility of delivering. A large number of wholesale houses and several transferers have telegraphed to the country for oxen to supply the place of sick horses.

SAN RAFAEL, 2.—Further developments are being made in a coal mine. Lumps weighing as heavy as a hundred lbs. are blasted out and the vein increases in size. Other leads have been struck. Every one is excited about coal.

In the municipal court this morning, Thos. Ansbro, convicted of libelling Edith O'Gorman, the "Escaped Nun," was called for sentence. Judge Blake intimated that he would deny the motion for a new trial. Barnes, for the prisoner, reasserted his objections to the indictment. Judge Blake held that no right of defendant had been prejudiced on the trial and overruled the motion.

NEW HAVEN, 4.—Mori, the Japanese minister, has been spending several days here, examining the Connecticut school system. On Friday, the club company, President Professor of Yale, and other prominent persons held a special meeting, discussing with Mori his plans for the progress of Japan. He is very hopeful for the future of his country, and hopes to devote his life to the promotion of education. All present were interested in his liberal and patriotic views.

CUMBERLAND, Md., 4.—On Friday night two freight trains collided on the Huntington and Broodtop railroad. Conductor Bowser and three others were immediately killed and another person mortally injured.

NEW YORK, 4.—Washington specialists say the office of Indian commissioner is so strongly urged upon assistant secretary Cowan by the President and Secretary Delano, the Board of Peace Commissioners, the Young Men's Christian Association, and the Methodist Conference, that it is thought that he will feel bound to withdraw his refusal to take the office.

General Sherman will submit no extended report on the army this year. During the year to come he may have an opportunity to supply some of the ideas picked up in his observations in foreign establishments.

Yesterday in Brooklyn there were new and alarming symptoms, swelling of legs, discharge of blood from the nose, and ulcerated throat. Twenty deaths are stated.

Bad health prevents Chief Justice Chase from attending to business. Unless he improves he will take a trip to the Pacific Coast.

There is some excitement in West-

chester county over discoveries of gold quartz there.

CHICAGO.—While the rite of baptism was being performed in the Baptist Church at Evanston yesterday, in the presence of a large congregation, a portion of the floor gave way, precipitating one half of the assembly a distance of fourteen feet to the ground. Singularly, only four or five people were at all hurt.

European advices say Bazaine is not expected to live through his trial.

WASHINGTON, 4.—The Ute delegation called on the President this morning to say, "Good-bye." They express entire satisfaction with the arrangements for the maintenance of future friendly relations with the whites by virtue of which the present reservation of seven hundred fifty thousand acres is to be thrown open to the Utes of Utah and Colorado and some 13,000 stocked so as to give them a start in civilized life.

EUROPEAN.

BERLIN, 31.—The Upper House of the Prussian Diet finally rejected the country reform bill, by a vote of 145 to 18. This was done in the face of a threat from the Minister of the Interior, that if the measure was defeated the government would dissolve the Diet, and convocate a new one.

Evening.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* says the government has made good its threat, to appeal to the country on the reform bill. The present session of the Diet will be closed tomorrow afternoon, when a decree will be read dissolving the body, and ordering the election of a new Diet, which is called to meet on the 12th of November next.

PARIS, 31.—Ducrot has issued a proclamation to the troops under his command, exhorting them to remember that never were their duties more imperative and sacred. An army disciplined and educated, and powerful in numbers is needed to check the progress of internal enemies while protecting the country from foreign foes. The general says the time may come when the Germans will regret rending their hearts and homes, and tearing from France her dearest children.

ROME, 31.—Dispatches from Turin report no abatement in the floods in the river Po. A thousand men are erecting barriers to arrest the further progress of the water. The damages to property and crops are beyond calculation. In Ferrara alone, forty thousand persons are homeless. Assistance is being rapidly forwarded from all points to the suffering people.

LONDON, 31.—Sir Samuel Martin, presiding Baron of the Court of Exchequer, will probably succeed Lord Penzance as Judge of the Court of Probate Divorce.

The Emperor of Germany has conferred on Hepworth Dixon the decoration of Knight of the Golden Cross.

A letter from the British sloop of war *Shearwater*, reports that Lieutenant Moore and Gunner Mahoney, of that vessel, on the 25th, performed the feat of swimming across the Hellespont, from Abydos to Sestos.

A private company has made a proposition to the Spanish Government to construct and maintain, at their own expense, lines of telegraph throughout the country.

PARIS, 31.—The Rhone is overflowing. The dykes above Arles are broken in many places and the extensive plains of Camargue are inundated.

PARIS, 1.—The Secretary General, Bartholomy St. Hilaire, in reply to numerous correspondents, states that he does not desire to be made President for life.

The German troops have evacuated Epernay.

BRUSSELS, 1.—A general conference of the Jews is in session here. Delegates from Roumania have laid before it the condition of their people in the principalities. They propose to petition the Roumanian chamber for full civil and political rights, and state that the intention to emigrate *en masse* to America is abandoned.

ROME, 1.—The Pope has resolved to defend the course of the church at Geneva against the decree of the Swiss government, forbidding the exercise of his episcopal functions within the Swiss territory by the recently appointed bishop of Mermillod.

LONDON, 1.—W. E. Baxter, member of Parliament for Montrose, tells his constituents that the result of the Geneva arbitration is the grandest triumph of modern civilization.

TURIN, 1.—The Po continues to rise, the inundation is spreading, families are flying, and those who cannot escape are starving on houses and in tops of trees, where they have taken refuge.

The streams are filled with carcasses of cattle and wrecks of houses and barns. The town of Reggio, fourteen miles from Modena, has almost entirely disappeared beneath the flood.

BERLIN, 3.—Bancroft, the American Ambassador, soon after the Emperor's decision of the San Juan boundary question, applied to the Foreign Office for an account of the expenses incurred by the German government, in the course of the arbitration, with a view of reimbursing, but was informed in reply that the German government had no bill against the United States.

PARIS, 3.—The *Gaulois* has the report that Count Von Arnim has demanded of Thiers a disavowal of Gen. Ducrot's order of the day, which speaks bitterly of the Germans.

STRASBURG, 3.—The German government will re-establish next year consuls-general in Alsace and Lorraine in the same form in which they existed under the French dominion.

LONDON, 3.—The horse disease has appeared in several places. It is especially severe in Tiverton and vicinity.

The mass meeting in Hyde Park in favor of amnesty to the Fenian convicts was very large and orderly. No attempt was made by the authorities to interfere with the proceedings. Speeches were made and resolutions adopted demanding the release of the prisoners.

Advices from Gotha concerning the exploration of the Norwegian Captain Nils Johnson represent that Johnson, in exploring in Aug. last the straits east of Spitzbergen, he found the seas free of ice to the northeastward, and indications of a powerful oceanic current, serving to keep open the higher polar seas. Johnson went north to 80 degrees. Dr. Pateman the great German geographer, is shortly to make public the discoveries of Johnson.

Mail advices from the Cape of Good Hope to October 5, say the report of the discovery of precious stones in Arizona had reached the field and caused some excitement and a depressing effect upon the diamond market. Gold had been discovered.

A London letter says that Gladstone opposes the raising of the *Alabama* money by way of loan, as it would increase the debt. It is almost probable that bonds will be issued for part of the 15 millions, so as to extend payment for a considerable period.

The London *Telegraph* says the late Sir David Baxter bequeathed the enormous sum of £500,000 to the free church of Scotland, and £50,000 to the University of Edinburgh.

ST. PETERSBURG, 2.—Later advices from Khiva report that the Khan has built a fort at Djarkale where he will resist the advance of the Czar's troops. He still refuses to surrender Russian prisoners.

LONDON, 2.—A despatch from Peking announces that the Emperor of China was married, October 16th. There was no outside ceremony other than the procession which escorted the bride from her residence to the imperial palace.

MADRID, 3.—The drivers and stokers on the railway between the Basque provinces and St. Naizane, have struck for higher wages.

LONDON, 2.—It has been raining incessantly here the past four days. By the falling of the court room floor in Durrus, Bantry, Ireland, yesterday, two hundred people were precipitated 12 feet, several instantly killed, and 40 injured, some seriously.

The municipal elections throughout England yesterday resulted in heavy conservative gains, attributed to the passage of the licensing act. There is much dissatisfaction at the working of the new ballot act, the voting being so slow that at many places all the votes could not be taken.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 4.

TABERNACLE MEETINGS DISCONTINUED.

The following notice was read in the Tabernacle yesterday:

"PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, Salt Lake City, November 3rd, 1872.

"After to-day, and until further notice, Sabbath meetings at the Tabernacle will be discontinued.

"The Bishops will continue to hold Sabbath schools in their respective wards at 10 a. m., and see that the children attend them.

"In the afternoon, at 1 or 2 o'clock, they will hold meetings for instruction and par-

take of the sacrament, and in the evening they will hold their meetings, for prayer and instruction, as usual.

"This will give a better opportunity for all who live at a distance from the Tabernacle to attend meetings during the winter, and the Home Missionaries and other Elders will attend those meetings from time to time to instruct the people, as they may be directed.

"The 14th Ward Assembly Rooms will be prepared for seating strangers who may wish to attend our meetings.

"BRIGHAM YOUNG, } of the First Presidency.
"DANIEL H. WELLS, }

LAND TITLES.—The following has been received for publication:

U. S. LAND OFFICE, SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., }
November 4, 1872.

The following patents issued on Agricultural College scrip locations have been received at this office and are ready for delivery, viz:

No. 535 in favor of Robert Cunningham.

" 449 "	John F. Shields.
" 1095 "	Reuben Gates.
" 651 "	James Johnson.
" 678 "	Joren Jacobsen.
" 659 "	James Jackson.
" 680 "	William Garne.
" 681 "	Levi A. Cox.
" 662 "	Joseph Rowberry.
" 663 "	John Allemen.
" 634 "	Nells Hansen.
" 665 "	James Harrison.
" 673 "	James O. Petersen.
" 671 "	Thomas McNeill.
" 672 "	Henry Ballard.
" 673 "	George Barber.
" 674 "	Seth Langton.
" 655 "	George Painter.
" 856 "	Swen Carlsen.
" 857 "	William W. Nelson.
" 858 "	James Melkel.
" 89 "	James Nelson.
" 891 "	James Quayle.
" 6102 "	William Bowden.

Geo. MAXWELL, Register.

THE NORTH.—By parties just down from Soda Springs and the Bear Lake country, we learn that snow fell in that valley to the depth only of several inches on Saturday and Sunday last, which disappeared the following day, leaving the roads dry and in splendid traveling condition. The southern route via Huntsville is very rough and badly cut up to the head of Beaver canyon. The Bear Lake settlements in Idaho have had an attack of politicians, both Grant and Greeley, representatives of the latter being favored with more yellow-legged chickens than the former. The "Mormon" vote in Oneida county is very anxiously sought after by both parties, they, the "Mormons," holding the balance of power in the contest. In all probability the "Mormon" votes will be cast for Halley Democratic nominee for Delegate, Bishop Hatch of Franklin, Representative to the Legislature and a "Mormon" county ticket.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—We regret to have to record that, Mr. George H. Taylor, of the firm of Latimer, Taylor and Company, met with a severe accident this morning at the factory, South Temple street, by which he lost entirely the thumb and fore finger of the left hand, while the finger next to the fore one was so badly injured that he will only regain the partial use of it. The accident occurred through his hand slipping upwards while attempting to adjust a portion of the machinery, which had got slightly out of gear.

Brother Taylor's injuries were attended to by Drs. Anderson, Richards and Nichols.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Joseph Kitchen, of 39 Portugal Street, Poland Street, Manchester, England, is very anxious to hear from or of his sister and her husband, Robert and Elizabeth Johnson, who had children named Robert and Mary Ellen, or Sarah Ellen, and who emigrated to Utah about 19 years ago, but of whom Mr. Kitchen says he has heard nothing since.

THE EMIGRANTS.—We have been kindly furnished the following dispatch—

OMAHA, Nov. 4.—Brigham Young: About one hundred and seventy-five of your people left here on Saturday night.

THOS. L. KIMBALL.

A traveler in Alabama, finding his supper to consist of fried beef, fried batter cakes and hot coffee, thinks an appropriate epitaph upon the grave of every other man who dies in that country would be, "Killed by a frying-pan."

NOTICE.

A RUMOR has gained credence that Zion's Co-Operative Mercantile Institution discounts the Wholesale Merchandise Orders issued from its Office. Any statement to that effect is totally false and can only benefit those dealers who are willing to speculate on the necessities of our laboring class.

We accept our Orders at one hundred cents on the dollar and trust the holders of them will, in justice to themselves, demand that valuation whenever disposing of them.

876 W381f H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.