

[FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY.  
[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 30.—On motion of Slocum a resolution was adopted asking for information from the comptroller of the currency regarding deposits in the Farmer's and Merchant's National Bank at Washington and the Olean National Bank at New York, of Pacific Railroad bonds by Joseph B. Stewart.

A large number of pension bills were passed.

The Louisiana investigating committee this morning examined Fred. Southmayd, one of the members returned by the Kellogg board.

Stewart, on arraignment for refusing to answer the questions of the investigating committee yesterday, insisted that there was no authority to compel him to disclose communications made to him as counsel.

TOPEKA.—In legislative joint session at noon to-day, Jno. J. Ingalls, of Atchison, was elected U. S. Senator, by a vote of 115 to 16 scattering. Pomeroy received no vote. An immense sensation was created by Senator York rising to make a personal explanation, and stating that in order to unmask Pomeroy, he had several meetings with him, and had agreed to sell his vote for \$8,000. York produced seven one thousand dollar packages and handed them to the Secretary of the joint convention. A motion for recess to allow Pomeroy to defend himself was defeated by a large majority. Pomeroy was arrested for bribery, and gave bail.

WASHINGTON.—The Senate election committee was engaged on the Louisiana case to-day. A number of witnesses were examined mainly in regard to the action of the returning board altering and amending the returns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 30.—In the Poland committee to-day, Representative Beatty, of Ohio, testified that Stevenson told him on the day before he, Stevenson, introduced his resolution for the investigation of the Dubuque and Sioux City railroad, that Ames told him that Speaker Blaine was interested in that road. Stevenson testified to frequent conversations with Ames, during which he gathered information on which was based the resolution.

LEXINGTON, Ky., 30.—Up to noon all was quiet, the negroes who show their tax receipts voting.

CHICAGO, 30.—The *Journal's* Washington special says the reports, sent here, saying that the House Banking and Currency Committee and the Senate Finance Committee, have agreed upon the Sherman resumption bill, are entirely incorrect. The meetings of the committees was purely informal, and the views of the members are conflicting and utterly irreconcilable. The committee consider that any financial legislation is improbable.

The defeat of Pomeroy is much discussed. His friends claim that the bribery charges are the work of perjured conspirators. It is considered that it will have a bad effect upon Caldwell's case.

The time having expired within which the Rock Island and Iowa land bill could have been vetoed the bill is now law.

Judge Dekahoy, United States judge of Kansas, against whom impeachment articles were filed, upon charges of drunkenness and malfeasance, has placed his resignation in the hands of a friend.

Ben. Butler created a sensation in the House to-day by a speech in support of the bill restoring the pensioners of the war of 1812 to the rolls without compelling the oath of allegiance. He said he hoped the day had come when the New Orleans of 1862 would be forgotten and the New Orleans of 1812 alone remembered.

BOSTON.—In the House of Representatives to-day, a bill to prohibit the sale of malt liquors was ordered to its third reading, by a vote of 145 to 45, and it will doubtless become law.

Edward Simmonds, of this city, states that when the superintendent of the rolling stock of the Union Pacific railroad was here, from sixty-five to seventy-one second hand locomotives were sold to the company by P. G. Butler, of Boston, as first class engines, the company paying sixteen or seventeen thousand dol-

lars apiece for them, notwithstanding his report that the engines were dear at five thousand, and besides were unfit for any decent road. Other second hand stock was also purchased in this way.

At a meeting of some of the patriotic Cubans yesterday it was proposed to raise a fund for an expedition to the Island. It is thought that New Orleans will be chosen as the place whence the next expedition will start.

CINCINNATI, 30.—The steam tannery of Martin, Evans & Co., at Lancaster, Ohio, was burned yesterday; loss \$41,000, no insurance.

Serious trouble is anticipated at the municipal election at Lexington, Kentucky, to-day. It is said that negroes will not be allowed to vote unless they have previously paid taxes, and that nearly all the colored voters tendered their taxes to the collector, who refused to receive them. A company of the sixteenth United States infantry was sent there yesterday, from Frankfort, to keep the peace. General Murray, Marshal of the State, is expected with a number of deputies.

The failure of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company here to receive news of the arrival of the *Alaska* at Yokohama, is not regarded as any indication of a disaster to that steamship, as there are various reasons why that company would not yet be advised about her movements.

John W. Brodie, a journalist, died yesterday.

It is stated that the Attorney General at Washington, has decided not to prosecute Polkhamius and Jackson, the Wall St. brokers, in dicted for alleged complicity in the embezzlements of paymaster Hodge.

CHICAGO, 30.—The police department of this city is in an extraordinary muddle. The board of police commissioners, day before yesterday, suspended superintendent Washburne, on charges of neglect of duty, incompetency, and disobedience to orders, and appointed an acting Superintendent. Washburne, backed by the Mayor, denied the authority of the commissioners to suspend him, and attempted to continue to exercise the duties of his office. The captains of police, however, refused to obey him and take their orders from the acting superintendent. Yesterday the Mayor issued an order removing two of the police commissioners, but as they were elected by the people and commissioned by the Governor, they decline to pay any attention to the order. To-day it is probable that the Mayor will commence removing the captains, sergeants and patrolmen who adhere to the Board of Commissioners.

### DOMINION OF CANADA.

HALIFAX.—A severe gale and snow storm, with lightning, commenced last night and continued until to-day. The trains east and west are blockaded.

OTTAWA, 29.—The Dominion parliament meets on the 5th of March.

#### WESTERN.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—Mrs. Coleman, the woman who was so savagely beaten and abused by her husband, died to-day from the effects of her injuries. A charge of murder has been entered against him.

Rumors prevail that Tom Scott is negotiating for the purchase of the Southern P. R. R. from Sanford and Co.

A little son of John Ellis fell from a stair bannister and had his skull fractured to-day.

Prince Lunali has been elected king of the Sandwich Islands. He was first endorsed by the legislative assembly and then elected by a unanimous popular vote.

The burial of the late king was fixed for the night of January 6th.

The injuries sustained by Mr. Irwin last night are not so serious as was first feared. His head was badly cut but, none of the bones were fractured.

Patrick Ford was caught in the machinery at Tubbs' rope factory and received injuries which will probably prove fatal.

Miner Frink, a real estate agent, was found dead in his bed last night.

Dennis Coleman beat his wife on Saturday evening, inflicting injuries which her physicians fear will prove fatal. Her condition was not discovered till last night. She

was taken to the hospital, and after a long hunt the police found Coleman and arrested him.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., 29.—Shortly after nine o'clock three shots were heard near Behasque & Co's grocery store, at the corner of Alizo and Alameda streets. On entering the kitchen, the Chinese cook, Tung Quoy, was found lying on the floor, shot through the left side and right thigh, severely but not fatally injured, and a man named Bayhaut mortally wounded, insensible, shot through the head. Dominique Bayhaut had in a trunk in his bedroom at the back of the store, about \$2,500 belonging to the firm, which he missed on Sunday last. His suspicions fell upon the cook, who stoutly denied the robbery, and accused another Chinaman, Ah Pee, a frequent visitor, of stealing it. Information of the robbery was lodged with the Chief of Police, and steps were taken to work up the case. The officer says that various amounts have been mentioned as the sum stolen. At first it was only \$1,000; it is now claimed that there was from \$2,400 to \$2,500 in the trunk, and that the entire amount was abstracted. The efforts of the police were not attended with success, and Tung Quoy went about his duties as cook. This morning there was a violent wrangling between the cook and Bayhaut, who threatened to shoot the Chinaman unless the money was accounted for. The shooting occurred shortly after, and there is but one conclusion from the position of the bodies, that Bayhaut, after shooting Tung Quoy, raised the pistol to his own head and fired, the ball entering the brain above the eye, and lodging in the brain and producing instant insensibility. Bayhaut lingered a few hours and died.

### EUROPEAN.

LONDON, 30.—Sir Bartle Frere, after his arrival at Zanzibar, visited the Sultan, accompanied by a number of American and British officers. They met with a grand reception. Sir Bartle delivered the Queen's letter. The British flagship *Glasgow* and the corvettes *Daphne* and *Briton* are there. Three slave raiders were captured last week by the *Glasgow's* boats.

News from Livingstone says his health is improved. War was going on in the Ourari country. Sir Bartle goes to the coast on the 24th, and will go some distance into the interior.

LONDON, 30.—The Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount one-half, it is now three and one-half per cent.

MADRID, 29.—The Report of the committee on the abolition of slavery in Porto Rico was presented to the Lower House of the Cortes yesterday. The government will allow full discussion on the subject.

LONDON.—It is rumored this morning that the differences between Great Britain and Russia on the Khiva question are increasing, and that the governments of France, Austria, Italy, Turkey, Denmark, and Sweden are determined to support the British government in its position.

PARIS, 29.—Several persons suspected of being internationalists were arrested last evening in Montmartre.

LONDON.—The Tichborne claimant has entered into recognizance in \$2,000 to answer to the Court of Queen's Bench on a charge of contempt for his speech at Brighton.

PARIS, 29.—A large force of the police, last night proceeded in detachments to Montmartre, and quietly surrounded the suspected quarters, and arrested 42 persons, alleged members of the internationalists. During the operations all persons passing to and fro on the streets occupied by the police were stopped.

The final protocol of the treaty of commerce between France and Great Britain was signed this afternoon.

A special telegram from Rome to *La Liberte* says the Pope told M. Corcelles, the present representative of France at the Vatican, that he would leave Rome if the establishment of the head religious orders were suppressed by the Italian government.

MADRID, 29.—The disturbances among the artillery men at Taragona have been renewed. The government threatens to treat the malcontents with rigor.

Petitions to the Cortes for the abolition of slavery continue to come in from all parts of the kingdom.

PARIS, 30.—Thiers yesterday informed DeLarcy that he cannot ac-

cept the Constitutional project submitted to him by the Committee of Thirty.

MADRID, 30.—In the defeat of the Carlist force by Gen. Gonzales, forty-seven insurgents were killed and over a hundred wounded.

[FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY.]

### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### SENATE.

The consideration of the legislative appropriation bill was resumed at one p.m. The question on motion of Sprague, yesterday, to reconsider the vote adopting the amendment prohibiting the payment, except by special act of Congress, of judgments of the Court of Claims to claimants whose loyalty was unproved, was resumed, and after a long debate the motion to reconsider was agreed to, 29 to 26, but the motion was tabled and the amendment lost, 28 to 31, as also the amendment offered by Alcorn, extending the time for the presentation of claims a year from the passage of the act, and the original amendment of Morrell was agreed to, 25 to 23, and the bill passed. Adjourned.

#### HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 30.—Willard, from the committee on invalid pensions, reported a bill directing the restoration to the roll of the names of pensioners of the war of 1812 struck from the rolls on account of participation in the rebellion.

Butler, of Massachusetts, made a long speech in favor of the bill, which was finally passed.

At half-past one, Jas. B. Stewart, the witness who yesterday refused to testify before the Credit Mobilier committee, was presented at the bar of the House by the Sergeant-at-arms, and in answer to a question from the Speaker, whether he was ready to answer all proper inquiries of the committee, Stewart spoke an hour, denying that he was in contempt, asserting that these matters were not his own, but his client's, and that he was not advised of any law which conferred even upon Congress the right to question him upon them, and whatever the consequence, the confidence of those who had trusted him should rest in his own bosom.

A resolution by Dawes was then adopted, declaring Stewart in contempt of the House, and a resolution by Wilson, providing for his retention in the custody of the Sergeant-at-arms until he appeared before the committee and answered all proper questions, was also adopted. Sargent made repeated and determined efforts to have the resolution amended or a substitute adopted, providing for Stewart's confinement in the county jail until he answered the questions, but he was unable to secure this.

The House then considered the fortification bill, which was passed. Adjourned.

### EASTERN.

NEW YORK, 30.—The Syndicate has finally decided to open the subscription books for a new loan in this country and Europe on February 4th, and to close them February 7th.

Jno. B. Alley was examined before the Poland committee, in reference to the Sioux City and Iowa Falls Railroad. He testified that it was a State road, and he had no objections to any one knowing of his connection with it.

BOSTON, 30.—The city committee on claims have decided that the city is liable for all damages by the blowing up of buildings during the great fire.

CHESTER, Pa., 30.—Morton, the defaulting teller of the Chester Valley Bank, was to-day sentenced to four and a half years hard labor in the penitentiary.

MANCHESTER, N. H., 30.—There was a terrific explosion of gas in the main repair shops, at the Manchester print works, this morning; six persons were injured.

WASHINGTON, 30.—In the Wilson committee, Horace F. Clark testified that since he had been President of the Union Pacific, not a dollar had been paid to influence legislations or elections. He presented several telegrams and letters from Geo. B. Cowlan, private secretary of Gen. Butler, dated April, 1872, informing him, Clark, that legislation ruinous to the Union Pacific would be introduced in Congress in a few days, unless prevented, and urging Clark to come at once or to send a man fully empowered to act

for him. The letter of Cowlan was a curious production. After a vague statement of impending calamity, he says, "It will be a hard fight, but must be short. There is not an hour to lose. You don't know me, but I am private secretary of Gen. Butler, of Mass., but I have said nothing to him nor to any one of the matter, and I shall not. I find that measures have been engineered very carefully, for some time, by one of the most indefatigable workers in the House, who has behind him money, power and influence, and those interested in the success of the plot are more powerful than anything else here. Prompt action, however, can defeat, punish and corner them, so that they won't want to try it again. Clark, it appears, did not appreciate the terrible situation, but attributed the ruinous movement to stock jobbers, and wrote to his disinterested friend Cowlan, thanking him for his kindness but declining to take any measures to avert the threatened calamity, unless upon more definite information as to its nature. It appears that on the day mentioned by Cowlan, when the movement was to be made, Negley moved a resolution, requiring the payment of the interest by the Union Pacific Co., that Brooks objected and called for a regular order. Negley made a point as to the propriety of one of the stockholders opposing the introduction of the measure. Brooks retorted, inquiring if it was proper for a Wall street speculator to introduce a resolution of this character. Witness concluded by stating that there never was a dollar or a cent paid any one to prevent the passage of the resolution.

ATCHISON.—Senator Ingalls reached home this evening, and was received by a large concourse and escorted to Corinthian Hall, where he addressed the audience. Ingalls is a lawyer, a native of Essex county, Massachusetts, the 30th graduate of Williams College, and came to Kansas in 1858.

TOPEKA.—Pomeroy lies seriously ill. He has reconsidered his determination to make a public statement in regard to the current rumor, but he will tender his resignation.

Further deposits of bribe money are said to have been made to the Secretary of the Senate, to the amount of \$6,000.

NEW ORLEANS.—Thompson's Crescent City sugar refinery was burned, and several adjacent buildings damaged; loss estimated at \$200,000.

NEW YORK, 30.—In the Tweed case Judge Davis delivered a lengthy charge. On the retirement of the jury the prosecution made a vain attempt to have the defendant committed until the verdict was rendered. At 11 o'clock, the jurors having been out three hours, the Judge directed an adjournment to this morning.

ST. LOUIS.—A bonded car which reached here to-day was found to have been robbed of \$1,300 worth of goods between New York and Albany.

NEW HAVEN.—A passenger train for Northampton, on the New Haven and Northampton road, was thrown from the track at Hendon, four miles from this city, this evening, by a broken rail. Sixteen persons were injured, several seriously.

CHICAGO, 31.—A Washington dispatch says it is believed among the few Mormons now in that city, and by several of the western members of Congress that delegate Claggett, of Montana, at the close of the present Congress or during March, will be appointed Governor of Utah. There seems to be little doubt but the appointment will be tendered him.

The House foreign affairs committee yesterday considered a proposition to incorporate the American, Japan, and China Telegraph Co., and the Senate foreign affairs committee have also conversed about it, but both have decided, on account of the shortness of the session, to postpone it indefinitely.

NEW YORK, 31.—The jury in the Tweed case failed to agree, and they were discharged.

### DOMINION OF CANADA.

UXBRIDGE, Canada, 30.—Dominion Block was destroyed by fire last night, loss \$40,000.

#### WESTERN.

LOS ANGELES, 30.—The record of the sand storm shows it to have been very destructive. At River Side, Cucamonga, and San Bernar-