

CHARGES AGAINST GENERAL WOOD.

Major Estes G. Rathbone Aims Them Before Senate Committee On Military Affairs.

SPECIFIC AND IN WRITING.

Says That the General, While Military Governor, Took Presents From a Gambling Concern.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Major Estes G. Rathbone, formerly director of posts in Cuba, was given a hearing today by the senate committee on military affairs, which is investigating the charges against Gen. Leonard Wood in opposition to his confirmation as major-general. The committee was in session about one hour. Nearly the entire time was given to Maj. Rathbone, who reiterated the charges made several times before to the secretary of war, the senate committee on relations with Cuba, and in public statements following his trial in connection with Cuban postal frauds.

SPECIFIC CHARGES.

Maj. Rathbone filed specific written charges with the committee. He alleged that Gen. Wood, while military governor of Cuba, had accepted money from the Jai Alai, which was held, a gambling concern, and asserted that he had made a personal friend and boon companion of an ex-convict, who also charged him with giving instructions of an entirely unconstitutional and un-American character to the courts.

With reference to the charge that Gen. Wood had exceeded his authority in giving instructions to the courts, Maj. Rathbone said that the general had pursued this course in violation of an article of the penal code of Cuba, which was under prosecution. This was, he said, in violation of an article of the penal code of Cuba, and in a manner prejudicial to the rights and interests of those under trial. He also charged Gen. Wood with authorizing the use of ex-parte depositions in the postal cases, a proceeding which he asserted is contrary to law and the principles of justice, and in this case contrary to instructions given by the secretary of war.

TOOK GIFTS FROM GAMBLERS.

Maj. Rathbone charged that in accepting gifts from the organization commonly known as the Jai Alai, which Maj. Rathbone said Gen. Wood has granted a 10-years' exclusive concession, Gen. Wood violated the Foraker law, which prohibited the granting of franchises or concessions during the occupation of the island by the American authorities. He also charged that the acceptance of these gifts constitutes a violation of an article of the penal code of Cuba. Other charges were made against Gen. Wood as follows:

OTHER CHARGES.

With complicity with another army officer in the preparation and publication of an article reflecting discredit upon an officer who ranked below of them, in violation of an accepted canon of military service, and constituting an offense commonly known as "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman." With directing and causing the auditor of Cuba by a military order to violate the law in the treatment of accounts; with utilizing the

services of an ex-convict, with whom he was in intimate personal association, in an effort to displace his superior officer and by such means to secure to himself the vacancy thus created.

FRIEND OF EX-CONVICT.

Incidental to these were many more charges. Maj. Rathbone also offered to produce evidence and testimony in support of these allegations. He submitted a number of documents to the committee, and he had the names of several witnesses whom he asked the committee to summon.

At the afternoon session of the committee, Maj. Rathbone presented a transcript of the records of the courts at Havana, showing that Gen. Wood, as military governor, gave orders to the courts as to what they should do in the matter of giving bail and the conduct of some other business.

A summons issued by the senate military affairs committee was served to-night on Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood, made in an effort to prevent his confirmation as major-general.

GENERAL AND THE GAMBLERS.

Mr. Conant went to Cuba as an attaché of the evacuation commission, and while there he acted as legal adviser of Gen. Wood, in command of the department of Havana. Later he served Gen. Wood in the same capacity.

A LONE MARINER.

Capt. Eisenbraun Reaches Gibraltar in 19-Footer Columbia.

Gibraltar, Nov. 20.—The Columbia, the sailing boat 19 feet long in which Capt. Eisenbraun left Boston, Aug. 11 alone for Marselles, has arrived here.

BURIED IN A SEWER.

Two Killed, Two Fatally Injured, Two Escaped.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 20.—Early today the casing in the Wilson avenue sewer gave way and buried six workmen underneath ten feet of sand and gravel. Martin Timlin and Raphael Chillo were killed, two others probably fatally injured and two escaped without injury.

MINERT WRECK VICTIMS.

Known Dead Now Numbers Thirty-two, Injured Seventeen.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 20.—The known list of dead in the Minert wreck is 32 and the injured 17. The track is cleared.

Conductor Judge who was on the freight train running west said that he had orders to wait at Mackinaw until 2:40 for the work train. He obeyed these orders and stayed there until three. The work train not coming in, he supposed that it had sided in at Tremont and accordingly he started to run his train ahead. He was running along

at a brisk rate of speed when the engine of the work train appeared in sight. Both engines applied the air and then, together with their firemen, jumped for their lives.

None of the trainmen with the exception of Brakeman Harmon were injured. The latter received a broken arm and was one of the men who were brought to this city.

To Receive No More Commissions

Colon, Nov. 20.—The Panama commission conferred at length today with the Colombian commissioners, headed by Gen. Reyes, which arrived here yesterday from Savannah on the French steamer Canada. The Panamans refused every overture, declaring their position to be irrevocable, and declared that they would not receive any further commissions from Colombia, unless they recognized the republic of Panama.

A Big Fire in Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 20.—Fire early today destroyed the old Masonic temple occupying half a block in the heart of the retail business district. The loss is about a quarter of a million dollars, among the largest losers being the Masonic temple building, \$125,000; insurance \$65,000; Hopkins theater, scenery and property, \$20,000; J. W. Fowler Drug company, \$8,000; Rodgers and Krull, jewelers, \$40,000.

Ex-Gov. Drake Dead.

Centerville, Ia., Nov. 20.—F. M. Drake, ex-governor of Iowa and founder of Drake university, who has been ill at his home here for some time, died at 10 o'clock this morning.

House Adjourns Till Tuesday.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The house in session but five minutes today, after the oath was administered to Claude Kitchin (N. C.) the house adjourned until Tuesday.

Senate Receives Cuban Bill.

Washington, Nov. 20.—When the senate met today the bill passed by the house yesterday to carry into effect the Cuban reciprocity treaty was received and laid before the senate.

GEN. COLLINS RENOMINATED.

Democrats Again Put Him Up For Mayor of Chicago.

Boston, Nov. 20.—Complete returns today from the city primaries of yesterday show that Patrick A. Collins was renominated for mayor by the Democrats by a plurality of 3,164 over Michael J. Murray and a plurality of 3,502 over Dr. E. H. Gersey, his two contestants for the nomination. The total vote of Mayor Collins for 20,584 and of Candidate Swallow, 5,363; Dr. George W. Galvin was nominated by the Socialists for mayor.

Truman, who felt as to the result of the vote for aldermanic candidates of both parties, especially concerning what effect the endorsements by the good government association would have. Of the eight Democratic nominees one had the endorsement of the association. Three others endorsed by the association, failed of nomination. One Democratic aldermanic nominee, James M. Curley, is at present serving sentence for fraudulent impersonation at a civil service examination.

Two of the Republican nominees for aldermen were endorsed by the Good Government association.

Trial of Machen et al. Postponed

Washington, Nov. 20.—The trial of the case of August W. Machen, former general superintendent of the free delivery system; Samuel A. and Diller B. Groff of this city, and Mr. James M. Lorenz of Toledo, Ohio, arranged to begin in the district criminal court here next Monday, has been postponed until Jan. 11. Atty. Charles A. Douglas, counsel for Machen, objected to the delay but the court granted the request of Dist. Atty. Beach on the ground that the latter was not ready to proceed with the case.

OBLIGATIONS OF UNITED STATES.

Undertakes to Guarantee the Independence of the Republic Of Panama.

GETS SOVEREIGNTY IN RETURN.

Commissioners Call on Secy. Hay and Express Satisfaction With Terms Of Treaty.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Although the entire Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty has in substance been published, the Associated Press publishes herewith the text of the first five articles of the convention which have to do with sovereignty.

INDEPENDENCE GUARANTEED.

Article 1. The United States guarantees and will maintain the independence of the republic of Panama.

WHAT PANAMA GRANTS.

Article 2. The republic of Panama grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of the zone of land and land under water for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of said canal of the width of 10 miles, extending to the distance of five miles on each side of the center line of the canal to be constructed; the said zone beginning in the Caribbean sea three marine miles from the isthmus of Panama and extending to and across the isthmus of Panama into the Pacific ocean to a distance of three marine miles from mean low water mark, with the right to acquire the said lands and Colon and the harbors adjacent to said cities which are included within the boundaries of the zone above described shall not be included within this grant.

FURTHER GRANTS.

"The republic of Panama further grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of any other land and waters outside of the one above described, which may be necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal or any auxiliary canals or other works necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal and extending to and across the isthmus of Panama into the Pacific ocean to a distance of three marine miles from mean low water mark, with the right to acquire the said lands and Colon and the harbors adjacent to said cities which are included within the boundaries of the zone above described shall not be included within this grant."

PANAMA EXCLUDED.

Article 3. The republic of Panama grants to the United States all the rights, power and authority within the zone mentioned and described in article 2 of this agreement and within the limits of all auxiliary lands and waters mentioned and described in said article 2 which the United States would possess and exercise if it were the sovereign of the territory within which said lands and waters are located, to the entire exclusion of the exercise by the republic of Panama of any such sovereign rights, power and authority.

SUBSIDIARY RIGHTS.

Article 4. As rights subsidiary to the above grants, the republic of Panama grants in perpetuity to the United States in the rivers, streams, lakes and other bodies of water within its limits for navigation, the supply of water or water power or other purposes, so far as the use of said rivers, streams, lakes and bodies of water and the waters thereof may be necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal.

PANAMA COMMISSION.

Article 5. The republic of Panama grants to the United States in perpetuity a monopoly of the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal.

CALLS ON SECY. HAY AND AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The commission from Panama accompanied by the Panama minister, M. Philippe Bunau-Varilla, was received today by Secy. Hay. The exchanges, while informal, were most cordial, and were in English.

SATISFIED WITH TERMS.

Dr. Amador informed the secretary that the commissioners had carefully inspected the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty and desired to take this opportunity to express their satisfaction with its terms. Dr. Amador assured the secretary that no time would be lost in its ratification by the Panama government. He then paid a tribute to the service which the Panama minister had performed in so promptly negotiating the convention.

REPUBLIC'S FUTURE.

After these recitations the secretary and the commissioners discussed the future of the republic. It was pointed out by the minister that the junta felt that it must first accomplish the mission to which it was called by the entire people of Panama, namely, ratify the treaty, and that then it would turn its attention to the equally important though less immediate work of establishing a more detailed form of government. The secretary expressed deep interest in the future of the new state.

RECOGNITION BY OTHERS.

The state department received today a cablegram from United States Minister Thompson at Petrograd, yesterday, stating that the Brazilian minister of foreign affairs had informed him that the Brazilian government was ready to recognize the new republic of Panama whenever application is made in due form.

Ambassador Trosser from Berlin made a similar report as to the attitude of the German government toward Panama.

It is now evident to the state department that there will be no withholding of recognition by all the powers, as their representatives seem to be convinced of the stability of the new republic.

COLOMBIAN BONDS.

The effort among the European holders of Colombian bonds to secure the assumption by the new republic of a portion of the foreign indebtedness of Colombia has not failed to attract the attention of the commissioners, and the subject was broached at the talk at the state department today. The first step to recognize the new republic was to urge the new republic to assume some share of the debt, on the

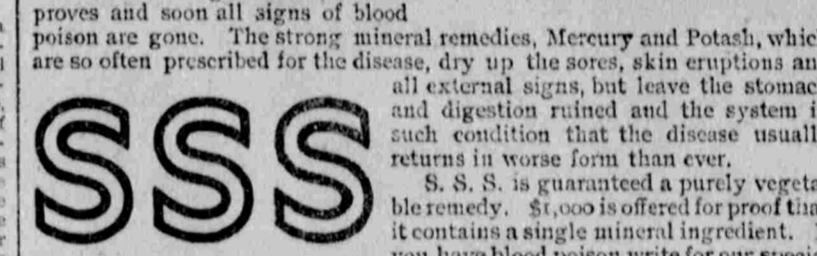
AS OLD AS THE PYRAMIDS

That blood-poison existed among the ancients has been proven beyond question. It has been traced back thousands of years, and is as old as the Pyramids. This blighting curse has been handed down from nation to nation and from individual to individual till it has spread to all parts of the world.

Contagious blood poison, as it is called in modern times, begins with a small sore or ulcer through which the virus enters the blood. This is followed by inflammation and swelling of the glands of the groins, a red eruption breaks out on the body, sores appear in the mouth and the throat becomes ulcerated, and as the disease takes a deeper hold and the blood becomes more thoroughly infected, the hair and eyebrows drop out, the skin is spotted with copper-colored blotches, the bones and muscles ache, and it seems to the victim of this monster scourge there is not a sound spot in the whole body.

The horror of this awful disease can never be told. The one who contracts it suffers in body and mind, and if the poison is not eradicated transmits the taint to his children, and Contagious Blood Poison thus becomes responsible for many of the ills of childhood—Skin Eruptions, Catarrhal Troubles, Sore Eyes, Scalp Disease, White Swelling, Scrofula and others just as bad. S. S. S., the great vegetable blood purifier and tonic, has long been recognized as a reliable and safe cure for Contagious Blood Poison. It counteracts the deadly virus and cleanses and purifies the diseased blood, and under its tonic effects the general health improves and soon all signs of blood poison are gone. The strong mineral remedies, Mercury and Potash, which are so often prescribed for the disease, dry up the sores, skin eruptions and all external signs, but leave the stomach and digestion ruined and the system in such condition that the disease usually returns in worse form than ever.

S. S. S. is guaranteed a purely vegetable remedy. \$1.00 is offered for proof that it contains a single mineral ingredient. If you have blood poison write for our special book, describing the different stages and giving all the symptoms, with directions for treating one's self at home. Our physicians will furnish any information or advice wanted free of charge.



THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ground that such a course was usual in cases of this separation. But it has now been represented that the bulk of the foreign indebtedness of Colombia is said to have been contracted before the adoption of the isthmus to the United States of Colombia. The money was borrowed in the period between 1810 and 1821, before the formation of New Granada and while what was known as "Great Colombia" included only the Colombia of today, Venezuela and Ecuador. The isthmus was separated and was governed by Spain directly. It is probable that this fact will be advanced as a reason for the denial of the request expected to be forthcoming from the foreign bondholders.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

At 2:35 o'clock this afternoon, accompanied by Secy. Hay and Minister Bunau-Varilla, the commissioners called at the White House and were received by President Roosevelt in the blue room. The presentations were made by Secy. Hay. The call was brief, the visitors desiring merely to pay their respects to the president.

CABINET MEETING.

Discussed Matters Relating to the Panama Situation.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Several subjects of interest and importance were considered at today's meeting of the cabinet, which was attended by every member. Matters relating to the situation in Panama were the most important topics discussed. The president and Secy. Hay have decided, and the decision meets the approval of the cabinet, that the existing government of Panama must ratify the canal treaty before action relating to its ratification by the senate is taken. The administration has determined that there shall be no repetition of the failure of Colombia to complete the ratification of the treaty after final action has been taken by the United States senate.

The treaty will be placed in the hands of the Panama commissioners now in Washington and by them it will be taken to Panama. This government, it is anticipated, will ratify it promptly. It is expected that it will be returned to Washington bearing the signature of the Panama government early in December. President Roosevelt will then transmit the treaty to the senate with a request for its ratification.

LE BAUDY AIRSHIP.

While Descending Strikes a Tree And Blows Up.

Paris, Nov. 20.—The LeBaudy airship, on descending today near the ballooning grounds at Meudon, struck a tree and blew up. The whole airship was completely destroyed, but the occupants, a pilot and his engineer, were uninjured. M. LeBaudy was not on board.

Call on Banks for Statement.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business November 17.

20th Infy. Starts for Philippines

Chicago, Nov. 20.—The Twentieth United States infantry, which has been stationed at Fort Sheridan, left today for San Francisco on the way to the Philippines. The regiment will stay in the eastern islands two years. Four special trains carry the regiment, which has 1,000 men with cooks, surgeons, nurses and other attendants. The troops will sail from San Francisco Dec. 1. Col. William S. McCaskey is in command.

Senate Considers Cuban Bill.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The senate held its longest sitting of the session today, beginning at 10 o'clock and concluding at 3:15 p. m. The entire time was consumed in debating a motion to refer the Cuban reciprocity bill to the committee on foreign relations. The political line was sharply drawn in the discussion, the Republicans advocating such reference and the Democrats con-

IS YOUR COAT DUSTY?

You Probably Have the White Scab or Dandruff on It.

If your coat or shoulders have a white dust upon it, the chances are that it is from dandruff. The only way to permanently cure dandruff is to remove the cause, which is a germ. Newbro's Herpicide kills the germ. Every dandruff sufferer should have such a hair-dressing that contains the equally important dandruff and hair falling germ. It stops all irritation, keeps the scalp sweet, pure and wholesome. Remember that something claimed to be "just as good" will not do the work of genuine Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Tildy Ann Again.

Mary Jane has bought paints from us for twenty-four years. That is twice as long as Tildy Ann had when Mary had been doing so for as long as Tildy Ann has now. How long has Tildy Ann been trading with us? Eighteen years of good paints.

That's the Answer.

G. F. Culmer & Bro

20 E. FIRST SOUTH.

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Varnishes.

What are you reading?

This little Advertisement for? Thought you couldn't Spare time to Bother with small "Ads." But Now you're at it Try the regular "Want Ad" pages. That's where the Good Little Ones are.

Hear That Knocking?

That's Mr. Opportunity. He knocks through the Want Columns of today's paper. Don't neglect his call.

A Hot Water Bottle

is about as essential around the house as a cook stove. You'll find the bottle we sell to be the most lasting and best made in the world and the price we charge you is no more than you might pay for an inferior grade.

SCHRAMM'S

Where the Cars Stop.

This Is The Third Week

of our ad contest and answers are coming in fast. We want ads to occupy this space, and if you write a good one you'll get a ton of coal for nothing. The contest closes December 1st.

BAMBERGER,

The Man on Meighn St.

Joseph E. Taylor, PIONEER UNDERTAKER

HALF-TONES

DEBOUZEK

2729 W. 5TH ST. SALT LAKE CITY

Newbro's Herpicide

THE HUNTERS CAME TOO LATE!

Their Faithful Dog has pointed out the True Remedy to Prevent Baldness, but the Hunters came too late—Chronic Baldness is incurable.

HERPICIDE A "HAIR SAVER."

Newbro's Herpicide saves the hair by destroying the germ or microbe that is now known to be the cause of dandruff, falling hair and baldness. In chronic baldness the hair follicles are completely atrophied, causing the scalp to shrink and shine; little can be done in such cases except to save the remaining "fringe," and this is well worth saving, for it offers some protection against the cold.

The "Hair Grower" is a fallacy. It requires but a slight knowledge of Anatomy and Physiology to know that the hair gets its life and strength from the hair-papilla at the bottom of the hair follicle, and the papilla in turn gets its nourishment direct from the blood; therefore nature is the only true hair grower. There are enemies of hair growth that cause hair loss and baldness. Invisible microscopic germs enter the scalp, disorganize the hair follicles, and the papilla, situated at the top of the hair follicles (Dr. Sabouraud, of Paris, says the microbe usually enters the scalp in youth, where one colony after another is established, until finally, after months and sometimes years, there is dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair. The Sebom also solidifies, causing dry, lustreless and brittle hair. Destroy this microbe growth and protect the hair against re-infection, and the hair is bound to grow as nature intended.

Newbro's Herpicide is a Twentieth Century Remedy. Its mission is to

teach new rules for scalp cleanliness, new rules for hair preservation and to supply a germ-destroying solution that will enable any one to save their natural hair covering, providing they take the least bit of interest in this direction. As a hair dressing Newbro's Herpicide is truly exquisite, on account of its dainty and refreshing odor, which is characteristic. Chemically pure, it contains no oil, grease or sedimentary substance, neither does it stain nor dry the hair. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

ANOTHER DRUGGIST PRAISES IT.

"I have been troubled with dandruff and falling hair for a number of years, and being in the drug business, I have used everything that was recommended for this trouble, without results, until I tried Newbro's Herpicide. It is the only thing that did me any good, and I believe you have a most wonderful remedy. I have no hesitancy in recommending it to my trade, because I know that results will be obtained from its use." (Signed) H. G. BATES.

Park City, Utah.

A PROMINENT BARBER ALSO RECOMMENDS IT.

"I have been using Newbro's Herpicide in my barber shop for the past three months, and I can speak in the highest terms of it. My customers who have used it, prefer it to any other preparation for the hair, and I know of several people that it has entirely cured for dandruff and falling hair. I have been in the barber business ten years, and I believe that Herpicide is the only preparation that will positively destroy the dandruff microbe." (Signed) MAX A. PETERS, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Z. C. M. I. Drug Department—Special Agents

Send 10 cts. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

A Healthy Hair. "DESTROY THE CAUSE—YOU REMOVE THE EFFECT." An Unhealthy Hair.