

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, AUGUST 18.

"THE BEAVER ENTERPRISE" is the name of a new, neat, daily paper published by the Enterprise Publishing Company at Beaver City.

**WILL SOON BE HOME.**—We have seen a private letter from Elder Erastus Snow, dated at Boston, Aug. 10th. He had lately been visiting some relations in Canada and Vermont, was in good health, purposed going to Rhode Island to see more relatives and expected to leave the States on his way home on the week following the date of the letter.

**RUNAWAYS.**—A runaway horse, with harness on but no vehicle attached, flew along Second South street this morning, across East Temple Street, at a "whizzing" pace, going eastward. We do not know where the animal was stopped, as he was soon out of sight.

Runaways are becoming, if possible, more common than ever, and are an intolerable nuisance. There was one on North Temple street to-day, from which a number of children narrowly escaped injury.

**BELLIGERENT.**—Peter Neff, an Indian, was tried in the police court, to-day, for making an assault on Mr. and Mrs. Brunton, of the Washington House. Mr. Brunton interposed in behalf of the accused, saying that he had no wish to see him prosecuted and requested the Judge to be as easy on him as he could. Justice Clinton told "Pete" that he was all very well when he let whisky alone, but when he was in liquor he was "pretty nearly as bad as a white man." Pete was fined \$5.

**GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES.**—The firm of Mitchell & James have gone into this branch of manufacture in good earnest, and there appears to be no doubt that they will make a complete success of it, having imported all the machinery necessary for the work. They have just completed a cornice, about four feet deep, a *fac simile* of the new co-operative buildings on First South St., for the new co-operative store at Logan, and which was to have been packed ready for shipping to that place to-day. Besides this cornice they have several orders for others. The increasing business of this firm demands more room, and to meet this want, they have erected, and which is approaching completion, a large building on First East street, immediately opposite the meat market, into which they purpose moving before long.

**THE OGDEN MEETINGS.**—The two days' meetings held in the Ogden Tabernacle on Saturday and yesterday were well attended.

At the forenoon meeting on Saturday Elder Orson Pratt was the speaker, and in the afternoon President Geo. A. Smith and Elders A. M. Musser and Joseph F. Smith addressed the congregation.

The time was occupied on Sunday forenoon by President Lorenzo Snow and in the afternoon Elders Geo. Q. Cannon, S. H. B. Smith, and John A. Smith and President George A. Smith were the speakers.

The subjects dwelt upon and instruction given were such as were suited to the wants of the people, and a good spirit was enjoyed throughout the proceedings.

**ROBBERY.**—Yesterday some party burglariously entered a house occupied by Mr. David James, of the firm of Mitchell & James, and stole a little over \$22 in U. S. currency, while the family were absent. The party who committed the robbery had evidently entered the house by a window which had been left open.

People should be careful about leaving their premises unguarded in these times when there are so many bad characters prowling around, who make their living by stealing.

The money stolen from Mr. James was abstracted from the drawer of a bureau, which had been ransacked by the robber.

**BURGLARS AT OGDEN.**—We learn of a couple of burglaries that were committed at Ogden last night. A telegraph operator of that city, a nightman, being on duty last night, on returning to his room where he resided, this morning, discovered that a burglar had visited his premises during his absence and robbed him of \$60 in gold coin, besides a considerable sum in currency.

Another party, residing near the Ogden depot, had a quantity of jewelry stolen, also last night. The thieves were still at large this morning.

## ANOTHER MAN SHOT.

This morning about eight o'clock there was considerable excitement in town, caused by another shooting affair, which occurred at that hour, on the sidewalk immediately south of the White House. We will endeavor to give the circumstances of the affair, as described by eye witnesses.

It appears that Benjamin F. Maynard, better known as "Big Ben," said to have been employed to act as one of the witnesses against the prostitutes lately arrested and proceeded against by the city authorities, but who did not give evidence in any of the cases, was walking up Main Street, with another man, when he met Mr. Scott, of the firm of Scott and Grant, who was also accompanied by a companion. Maynard stepped up to Scott and said, "I understand you have been saying some hard things about me. You called me a G—d—d dirty son of a b—h," or words to that effect, at the same time drawing his pistol. Scott made some reply, saying that he was not armed, but telling Maynard to shoot. The latter said he did not want to shoot a man that was not armed, and told Scott to go and get "heeled" (armed) and then he would be ready for him. Scott then told him he was a "G—d—d coward," and dared not shoot. Maynard, who had put up his pistol by this time, then slapped Scott in the face with his open hand, the latter returning the blow, hitting Maynard on the left side of the face.

At this juncture Mr. Grant, Scott's partner, came up, drew his pistol and while he was in the act of raising it, with the apparent intention of shooting, it went off, the bullet grazing the foot of Maynard's companion and striking the sidewalk, causing the gravel to fly up in the faces of a couple of gentlemen who were sitting in front of the White House, and who were spectators of the whole affair. Maynard, who appeared perfectly cool and collected, then drew his pistol again and fired at Grant, the bullet entering the left side, probably about an inch below the heart, going through the body and coming out close to the left side of the spinal column. After passing through Grant's body, the ball struck the door-casing of a barber shop, next door to the White House, making a slight indentation,

bounded and went through a pane of glass in a bay window.

Grant said to Maynard "You have shot me clear through the body," to which the latter replied that the former had shot at him first. Grant then invited Maynard to go with him, but the latter declined and asked Grant for his pistol. He passed the pistol to Maynard and the latter returned it to him.

B. F. Maynard then with his companion, walked to the City Hall and gave himself up to the police, who locked him up in jail.

The wounded man was taken to the room at the rear of the saloon of Scott and Grant, two doors south of the White House, and two surgeons, Doctors Thompson and White, the former arriving first, were called in to render him aid. These two gentlemen are of opinion that he will recover, the bullet not having penetrated any vital part. In most of those cases, however, there is danger of inflammation setting in, especially when the weather is as hot as it is now. The patient has been suffering intensely, and this forenoon appeared to be sinking. He is, however, a young man of apparently strong constitution and powerful build, which is in his favor.

The statement of Maynard, who was interviewed this morning by a News reporter, does not materially differ from those of several eyewitnesses. He says he had nothing against Grant and had no quarrel with him, that the latter came up while he was having an altercation with Scott, and fired at him. He did not want to kill Grant and before he decided to return the shot he considered in his mind whether he should shoot him in the leg, and finally decided to select a part of the body that he thought he could shoot without killing. He also said that Grant was bringing his pistol up, after having fired the first shot, when he himself fired. He was not at all excited and knew what he was doing. Maynard is also quite a young man, and because of his large size and powerful physique is called "Big Ben." He says he cannot say he is sorry he shot Grant, as he never calculated to let a man kill him if he could stop him from doing so.

A bystander states that another party besides Grant also pulled a pistol on Maynard and that the latter's companion then drew a weapon and told that party if he did not put up his pistol he would shoot him, and the individual thus addressed then hastily returned the weapon to his pocket.

BY TELEGRAPH.  
AMERICAN.

OMAHA, 15.—A man named Henry Lyons, alias Dunblen, a partner in the gambling establishment of Dan Allens, in this city, was arrested this morning on suspicion of being one of the robbers of the Rock Island train several weeks ago. Lyons is a particular friend of one McCoy, of Montgomery County, Missouri, who it is said, is known to be one of the robbers, but is still at large. Lyons has been corresponding with McCoy's wife, and has also sent her money. A letter between the two has been intercepted, and it is claimed sufficient proof is elicited therefrom to warrant the arrest of Lyons. He was taken before Judge Porter, who fixed his bail at \$5,000. The man McCoy is also said to have been connected with a heavy robbery of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express on the Pacific coast, some time ago.

BATTLE MOUNTAIN, Nev., 15.—A terrible affair took place last evening at Galena, a mining town near this place. Some miners who were celebrating the marriage of one of their friends, at a saloon in that place, commenced quarreling, and a fight ensued, during which one of the men, named Frank McCann, was stabbed to the heart and instantly killed by a miner named Charles McIntosh, who immediately ran off. McCann was a very peaceable and much respected young man, and, as far as reported, was in no way to blame in the matter. He was a native of Ohio, aged twenty-two years. McIntosh succeeded in making his escape, but parties are out after him, who have probably arrested him before now.

Later—McIntosh, the escaped murderer of McCann, was captured this afternoon.

OTTAWA, Ont., 15.—There is great excitement among the opposition members. All but the delegates who presented the memorial against prorogation have dispersed. The cabinet was in session yesterday and the Governor General submitted a written reply to the memorial. He says the disallowance of the oath bill resulted wholly by the operations of the law and has gone beyond the control of any concerned, and it was unconstitutional. He admits that the charges against the ministry require a more searching investigation, but if he dismissed his ministers, upon what grounds should he be justified in taking so grave a step, or what guarantee could his petitioners afford him

that parliament would endorse such an act of personal interference on his part. He winds up by stating that by the advice of his ministers, and he does not differ from them as to the policy of such a course, he will issue a royal commission of inquiry to three gentlemen of legal standing, who will form a tribunal competent to take evidence on oath, and in eight weeks hence a full parliament will take supreme and final cognizance of the charges against the ministry.

OAKLAND, 15.—Mrs. Watkins Prosser, living in Deer Valley, Contra Costa Co., rode on horseback yesterday as far as Somerville, to visit some friends. On her return, her saddle girth became loose, and was adjusted at the divide. Shortly after, in a very narrow trail, she lost her balance, and was precipitated over a ravine. She breathed her last just after her rescuers appeared. Her husband was engaged at the time as one of the grand jurors at Martinez, and when he returned he found the dead body of his wife at the house.

NEW YORK, 16.—The steamship *Harmonia*, landed one hundred Memnonites at Castle Garden yesterday. They start for their homes in Kansas to-day. They say about forty thousand persons of their faith will soon follow them to America, driven from their homes in Southern Russia by the edict of the Czar, requiring them, in violation of their principles, to bear arms as Russians.

The *Herald's* special from Vienna says the Exhibition prizes will be awarded on Tuesday, the 19th inst. Nine grand diplomas of honor, the highest prizes, have been awarded to America. The most prominent are as follows:

1st, The U. S. government for the display of cotton and cotton products; 2nd, to the National Bureau of Education; 3rd, to the State of Massachusetts; 4th, to the City of Boston; 5th, to the Smithsonian Institute; 6th, to Walter Abbot Wood, of Hoosac Falls, for agricultural machinery; 7th, to William Sellers & Co., of Philadelphia, for progress in iron manufacturing; 8th, to S. S. White, for dentistry; 9th, to George H. Corliss, of New York, for machines. There was great competition among exhibitors of sewing machines; no diplomas in that section, but all have obtained medals of merit for progress.

In the machinery department, where the Americans make most displays, medals have been given to fifty exhibitors, or to about one of every three of the competitors. The discussion of the merit and the decision of the awards will conclude on Monday, the 18th, and the pronouncement will be made next week.

CINCINNATI, 16.—The administration leaders in this city have combined to press Judge Stanley Mathews, of Cincinnati, for the Chief Justiceship. It is said that he has stood high with the President ever since he wrote a letter last year, bolting the nomination of the Cincinnati convention, of which he was chairman.

BROOKLYN.—M. F. Rodman, deputy city treasurer and secretary of the Brooklyn Trust Co., left the city very quietly on Tuesday last in company with his wife, and his whereabouts is unknown. It is stated that his disappearance is caused by the request of city treasurer Sprague, for an adjustment of his accounts of that department. It is also hinted that he is a defaulter to the city in a large amount. Developments in the case are awaited with interest.

DESMOINES, Iowa, 16.—An official statement shows that the number of Granges in Iowa is 1750. The number in the United States, July 19th, was 5000, with a total membership of 250,000.

WASHINGTON, 16.—There is much excitement in certain circles on account of the alleged deficit of \$10,000,000, in the accounts of the Treasury of the U. S. There is good reason to believe that there is no actual deficit in the cash account, and that any supposed deficits result rather from a complicated and mysterious system of bookkeeping than from any actual loss of money through unfaithful officers. The officers, more directly in charge of the funds, are reported to be exceedingly anxious that a public examination be made, but Secretary Richardson has chosen the policy of secrecy, and through an administration paper here practically says that the people will know the truth about it when they find it out.

NEW YORK, 16.—Prof. Donaldson,

who will accompany Prof. Wise in the balloon voyage to Europe, started this morning on a trial trip to Long Branch in the *Graphic's* balloon canoe. He is accompanied by two reporters of the *Graphic*. He stops at Sandy Hook to-night, sleeping in the canoe. He intends to proceed to Long Branch from there to-morrow, and will start on the return trip on Monday.

GEORGETOWN, Cal., 16.—Yesterday sometime in the afternoon, a Portuguese was murdered in his cabin, on American Flat, about four miles from Georgetown. About eight o'clock in the morning a friend called to see him, but found his cabin door locked. He was about to leave the premises, when he discovered the man's hat, and saw other evidences in the yard which led him to suppose that there had been a struggle, and caused him to forcibly enter the cabin, where he found the man lying on the floor dead. He was covered with blood, and evidently had been stabbed to death. His cabin was only about three hundred yards from an Indian camp, and at the time of the murder about two hundred diggers were having a fandango at that place.

AUSTIN, 15.—R. H. Eglishton, an old resident of this place, and an experienced miner, writes to Mr. George McCormick from Cornucopia District, that the mines there are the poorest the writer has ever seen, to create such an excitement, and that instead of being the horn of plenty, as the name denotes, it is plenty "in a horn."

WASHINGTON, 16.—In addition to the evidences which McCrowly, of Ills., proposes to give in the Tichborne case, the original register of the bark *Osprey* has just been found at the Baltimore Custom House, which corresponds exactly with all the requirements of the statements of the claimant with regard to that vessel.

The internal revenue department is in a dilemma under the State temperance law of Mass. Manufacturers of fermented liquors have had seized and confiscated property upon which the U. S. had demanded and received a heavy tax. Under section 21 of the internal revenue laws, all beer exposed for sale, without having first paid a revenue tax, is liable to seizure by federal authority, and a large number of letters have been written to the department by the brewers, asking if there is no federal authority to protect them after they have complied with the internal revenue law? If the department recognized the right of the State to seize this property, the dealers very properly want to know how the United States can compel them to pay taxes on an unlawful article. The department is powerless to take any steps, and the manufacturers and dealers have no remedy but to await the assembling of Congress, and appeal to that body for relief. They will ask, among other things, that the federal taxes paid on an article seized and destroyed by State authority, be refunded, for they contend that it is the duty of the U. S. to protect them.

ST. LOUIS, 17.—The case of W. G. Elliot, against Kate Clark, the alleged keeper of a bawdy house, with a view of testing the legality of the social evil ordinance, now in force here, came before Judge Calvin of the Court of Criminal Connection yesterday, for prosecution. The secretary of the Board of Police Commissioners testified that Kate Clark had made application to keep a house for bawdy purposes, and that permission was granted. The clerk of the Board of Health testified that Clark was registered as a prostitute and keeper of a house of prostitution. The registering officer of police testified that all the inmates of Clark's house were registered women. The medical examiner testified that he visited Clark's house weekly for the purpose of examining the inmates for sexual disease, but he did not know that prostitution was carried on there. The defense was that the present amended city charter authorizes the city to regulate prostitution, that the amendment authorizing the regulation was equivalent to a special act, and virtually repeals the general law bearing on the question. The defense also introduced the amended city charter, the social evil ordinance and the permit of the Board of Health. The prosecution objected to the two latter on the ground of their illegality, and this objection was argued at great length by the counsel, lasting till late in the evening. Judge Calvin

took the matter under advisement until next Saturday. The case excited great interest, the court room being crowded with spectators.

LA SALLE, Ills., 16.—John Keller, a workman in the Peru Plough Factory, was killed to-day by the bursting of a wheel revolving at the rate of 1,100 revolutions per minute.

L. S. Babcock, of the 18th cavalry, reported to General Sherman from Camp Apache Ferry, under date of June 28th, that on the 16th of June with a company of thirty-two men and eighteen Apaches, after following the trail for seven days he overtook a body of Apaches in the mountains near Monte Creek. A fight ensued, during which fourteen Indian women and children were captured. Other camps were found the same day, which had been abandoned in a hurry.

NEW YORK, 18.—The *Herald* reiterates the statement that the names of sixty-one custom-house officials, whose conduct would be investigated, have been sent to Washington, and says there is a disposition to sacrifice the lesser officials to save the magnates. Statements made by men in high position at the Custom House have tended to throw all the blame upon the inspectors, who have been abused for taking perquisites, but it is not in their power to cheat the revenue directly by any possible means. The biggest swindling is done by the chief officials at their desks in the Custom House, who are permanently stationed there, and have all the best opportunities to make arrangements and to fix bargains with the importers.

A very bitter conflict between speculators in gold is anticipated in a short time. Jay Gould and his associates in bulling gold, are contemplating the locking up process, by which they precipitated the Black Friday panic in the fall of 1867. Their late pool, it is now certain, closed last week at 1.15, and a new one has been formed, which proposes to effect the market about the time the banks will be called on to advance heavily to move the western crops.

NEW YORK, 16.—Special agent Jayne, of the custom house, has been made defendant in a suit for trespass, brought against him by Platt and Boyd, glass importers, who are being prosecuted for the recovery of one million, (\$1,000,000,) revenue. It seems Platt and Boyd discovered that five of their clerks were giving information to a rival house, and they discharged them. Jayne immediately took them into his service, and from information given by them, obtained a warrant giving him the right to seize goods and papers relating to certain specific frauds, but according to the affidavit of the firm, Jayne maliciously intended to injure them and to frighten them into the payment of a large sum of money. The firm charge Jayne with gross improprieties of speech, manner and action. He threatened to put them all in the Ludlow St. jail, saying, as is alleged, "I will lock up the whole damned lot of you to-night, if it takes the whole army and navy of the United States to do it."

BUFFALO, 16.—Ballini, the Australian Blondin, who intends crossing the river at the falls next Wednesday week on a rope, and then jumping from the rope to the river below, a distance of one hundred and fifty feet, commenced stretching his rope yesterday afternoon. The Professor feels confident that he will accomplish the feat without injury to himself or anybody else.

NEW YORK, 17.—The comptroller of the currency has addressed a circular to all the National Banks which have neglected to deposit U. S. bonds, as required by law, that the circulation assigned them will be distributed to other applicants if the bonds are not deposited and the circulation applied for during the next thirty days.

CHICAGO, 17.—There was a terrible accident last night on the Chicago and Alton Railroad, caused by a collision of the night express going south and a coal train, coming north, both running at considerable speed. The express being fifteen minutes behind time telegraphed the fact to Lamont station, and the conductor of the coal train was ordered to hold his train at that place. These orders he disregarded, being confident that he could make a water station a few miles distant from Lamont. He started out and the train struck about one mile south of Sag Bridge. The night being dark and foggy, nothing could be seen fifty feet ahead. The