

# THE EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IV.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 20, 1871.

NO. 309.

THE EVENING NEWS.  
(Published every evening except Sunday.)

THE DESERET NEWS:  
SEMI-WEEKLY.  
(Published every Tuesday and Saturday.)

TERMS FOR THE SEMI-WEEKLY:  
One copy, one year, \$10.00  
Six months, \$6.00  
Three months, \$3.00

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY:  
One copy, one year, \$4.00  
Six months, \$2.50  
Three months, \$1.50

THE DESERET NEWS: WEEKLY.  
(Published every Wednesday.)

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY:  
One copy, one year, \$4.00  
Six months, \$2.50  
Three months, \$1.50

THE NEWS BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE.  
Superior facilities for the execution of all kinds of Book and Job Printing.

BOOK BINDING AND PAPER RULING  
GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

THE GOLDEN RULE.  
PUBLISHED FROM WEEKS AND GLADSTONE.

By you to others kind and true,  
As you'd have others be to you,  
And neither do or say to men  
What you would not have them say to you.

That which is neither kind nor true,  
Take good stock and say to men:  
"Don't say or do that same again."

BREVITIES.

A Chicago paper says a good deal of our religion is like starch; it washes so easily out of many people.

A man with a scolding wife says he has had more of the jaws of death than the jaws of life.

An Irish judge, said, when addressing a prisoner: "You are to be hanged, and I hope it will prove a warning to you."

Shirley Dace advises all women to learn lace-making, furniture polishing, bread or bed making enough to live by, before they practice with the pen. If you leave on it, she says it will pierce as a thorn through the hand.

Miss Kane, of Baltimore, set out to write a list of the wrongs of women, but found so many of them that she was driven to the conclusion that women suffer a wrong in being born at all. This disposes of the whole question in a nutshell.

A Boston organ of the Spiritualists announces that "all, or very nearly all, the crowned heads of Europe are Spiritualists."

A speaker at the recent meeting of the Pittsburgh Woman Suffrage Association, remarked that "man is only an imperfectly developed woman."

As this old lady, who in a corner sprang to her feet, and in an excited manner said she "hoped to gracious he wouldn't be developed any more then, for there was too many women in the world now."

Endeavor to take your work quietly. Anxiety and over-action are always the cause of sickness and weakness.

We must use our judgment to control our excitement, or our badly strength will break down.

Our title is to be won by a strength not our own. It is a battle that does not depend on the swift nor the strong.

The Detroit Union, in speaking of the work of the Washington Woman's Club, says:

"We do not wish to impugn the motives of these ladies, we have very little respect for their intelligence when they undertake to do away with the 'social evil' in a town infested by Radical members of Congress."

Mr. Howarth has criticized Darwin's statement that those individuals who are underfed and feeble tend to die out in the struggle for existence, while only the thoroughly healthy and strong survive and perpetuate their kind.

He adds that "a gentleman, a lady, a child, who are underfed and lead precarious lives are more fertile than those whose advantages make them vigorous and healthy."

Caleb Cushing, in the Independent, shows that England was only conquered by the United States. "It is notable that a true Englishman ever surrendered himself to a foreign enemy except in the United States; but that twice in the second war, an English General in Europe, Admiral Adm. from the time of William the Norman to Victoria."

At the delivery of the prizes for plain sewing to his cottagers at Hingham, on September 27, Mr. Disraeli spoke of the importance of this accomplishment; he said that at the Great Exhibition of the year there was a display of plain sewing from all the countries in the world, and that the prizes were all given to Great Britain. The judges had concluded that the plain sewing in Great Britain was superior to that of any other nation in the world.

On beginning to examine the prizes, however, when they were allotted, he found that they were all given to Irishmen, or more strictly speaking, to Irishwomen. On examining into the reason of their gaining all the prizes, he found out that the Irish Government had very wisely recognized plain sewing as an important part of national education, and that it was not recognized in England. Every Irishwoman who went to the national schools was taught plain sewing, and the consequence was that the degree of happiness and comfort was diffused over all the households of which they were members. In England, unfortunately, the same was not the case, and many a wife lived in the palace around knew what inconvenience was caused by the blundering manner in which women, without proper instruction, attempted to make their husbands' and children's clothes.

By Telegraph.  
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE

PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES.

Kellogg Opera-Race-Damage by a Blast-M. M. Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, 18.—The sale of seats for the Kellogg Opera season began to-day and one hundred sold at \$5 each, all but two of the boxes, \$300 to \$400 each.

Deaths this week, 50, still births 6. The running race for \$1,000 a side, between Nell Flaherty and Atchinson, mile heats three in five, on the half mile track this afternoon, was witnessed by a very large number of people and gave general satisfaction to everybody except the knowing ones who lost all their coin.

The water was fine though cool, and the track a little heavy. Nell won the first heat in 1:47, Atchinson the second in 1:48, Nell the third in 1:49, Atchinson the fourth and fifth in 1:50. It was the opinion of everybody that had Atchinson beaten, he would have won the third heat. Nell failed towards the end, and Atchinson on the two last heats had it all his own way.

Off at Westward are reported to have lost about \$10,000 between them in this race, and many other old horsemen lost heavily. Had the track been drier and the weather warmer the time would have been from one to five seconds less every heat, as it was, it was one of the prettiest contested races ever seen in California.

The difficulty between chief Crowley, and Judge Taylor, for Cora Lee, has been aggravated by the publishing of a card by the latter to-day, and it is not improbable that a more serious complication may arise out of it, both parties appearing to be very bitter over the affair.

A blast carelessly left off in the out on Townsend street, between 2nd and 3rd, yesterday, scattered rocks weighing hundreds of pounds each in every direction, doing much damage. One went through the gas metre of the San Francisco gas company, letting all the gas escape. Another through the roof of the Central Pacific railway depot. No one was killed.

The friable guard having lost their uniform, guns and ammunition, by fire, concluded to use funds raised by them at their ball for the Chicago sufferers, to replace the things necessary for their company.

STOCKTON, 18.—John G. Proven, who was hunting in a small boat on the river drawing in the net, was killed from under the first, discharged one barrel into his right arm between the shoulder and elbow. He was brought into town to-night and his arm was amputated.

LOS ANGELES, 18.—The R. R. convention adopted resolutions in favor of giving \$225,000 stock held by the city and county in Los Angeles and San Pedro railway, and an additional subsidy, in all upwards of half a million of dollars, to aid the extension to San Bernardino. The Santa Anna delegates withdrew without voting on the resolution. The speaker of the house, Mr. L. A. Smith, said he was in favor of the R. R. question, which bids fair to become a leading issue.

The foot race to-day of 75 yards for a sum of \$2,000, Granger gave Johnson 10 feet in the start and beat him 5 feet 11 inches, coming out 77 seconds. Granger challenges the world.

OREGON.  
Rain with the Hecety.

PORTLAND, Oregon, 18.—A. H. Jordan, contractor on the Canal and Lock company has absconded and contractors are heavily involved, he having left debts to the amount of over \$100,000.

NEBRASKA.  
Heavy Snow Storm.

CHEYENNE, 18.—The worst snow storm ever known there is reported east of Grand Island. The train from the east due here at 12:40 p.m. yesterday, arrived at 1 p.m., twenty-four hours late. The snow was so heavy that it was not until 1:20 p.m. yesterday, arrived at 7 p.m., and is still here. The storm commenced on the night of the 16th. Only two or three inches of snow fell, but the wind was high and it drifted badly. Nine inches of snow fell at Denver.

The weather is now calm and pleasant.

THE MORRISON OFFENSE.

The law by which Hawkins has been convicted and sentenced was one enacted by polygamists against what they considered adultery to be. It was passed by their Legislature, and signed by Brigham Young himself. If it is construed by the common dictionary of the country, it condemns polygamy, which these regard as adulterous. If, however, polygamy is to be attacked, why should not the assault be made on the law which makes it a crime? Are we really driven to the trick of imposing our own construction upon a Mormon law, giving it a meaning it never had, and putting in an inventory of the law, and putting it to use which its enactors notoriously could not have contemplated?

When this people pitched their tents on the borders of the Great Salt Lake, the world felt relieved of them. It was as if they had gone to the moon. Beyond the great desolate plains, and the rocky mountains, and the still beyond the Wasatch range, they disappeared in the almost unexplored regions of the farthest American desert.

meanwhile wrought wonders for themselves and the country—have made the wilderness to bud and blossom and the solitary place to sing. They have created a new and rich commonwealth, and the people of Colorado, have joined the civilized world of the Pacific slope with that of the Mississippi valley, have become a hundred thousand people, and population and created over seventy millions of wealth.

Polygamy nevertheless is not to be acquiesced in; yet we should attack it with our eyes open. There should be first taken an inventory of the law, and then upon a relentless crusade against that people, to the extent that they are involved in this wrong, what sort of success shall we have? Will they be compelled to resistance? Will polygamy yield only to so disastrous an onset?

Vigorous prosecutions to break down this system are needed. They would break up the system, which might even grow to a destruction of the Utah settlements, and their abandonment for New Mexico, leaving Utah the desert that was a quarter of a century ago.

An extensive portion of the railroad to the Pacific could be destroyed, and Indian and Mormon hostilities might be

inaugurated that would cost the government many tens of millions, but which would definitely interrupt the settlement of the Far West. For all this there would be no appreciable compensation to the government or to the people of any man, woman or child. The expelled people would but cherish polygamy more than ever.

We therefore object to anything like a vindictive crusade against the Mormons. The offenses committed under practically dead laws in times past should remain unnoticed. There is little difference in effect between the passage of a law long permitted to lie dead on the statute-book. Justice therefore joins with wise leadership in dictating that the Mormon offense should be dealt with in the judicious manner we have indicated.—Missouri Democrat.

A CLERICAL MOUNTBANK.

Newman is the Washington Methodist preacher who has raised all this fuss, a clerical mountbank combining under one comely exterior the conceits of George Francis Truitt, and the political greediness of Sam. Cary. It was he who wrote the clerical circular, headed, "Dear Sir and Brother," and addressed to the Methodist membership in Iowa, urging the re-election of that selfish old backslider, Senator James Harlan. It was Newman who undertook to carry off, by a system of ecclesiastical grand larceny, a church property in New Orleans belonging to the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and transfer it, with military backing, to the Northern Board of Methodist Bishops, among whom Newman is striving by these politico-showman's feats to gain a seat.

Plans furnished and advice given as to many months ago, and the Mormons, in Democratic faith, threw open their tabernacles to him to let him say the worst against their theology. Imagine a Methodist Bishop giving up his pulpit to a Mormon in like circumstances. Newman now returns the courtesy of the Mormons by setting on foot, through the President, this whole precipitate assault against polygamy. Thus are schemes of statesmanship balked by theological pretensions, and shallow preachers are given the scope and influence of Cardinals like Richelieu and Antonelli.—"G. A. T." in Cincinnati Commercial.

Useful Knowledge.—That knowledge which cannot be turned to some useful account, and which only enables its possessor to answer questions, is but metal in ore. We may have vast heaps of it, without being able to derive advantage from it; and the youth, who is busy in acquiring it, without at the same time learning to apply it to the great purposes of life and duty, is a youth-time wasted.

HATS!

The Cheapest and Best Ever Offered in this City!

A Consignment just received from the East and ordered to be

Sold at Less than Eastern Wholesale Prices!

At  
Z. C. M. I. Clothing Dept.

J. R. MURPHY,  
Assayer, Metallurgist and Mining Engineer.

OFFICE—Three Doors North of Hooper, Eldredge & Co's Bank.

MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

Examination and survey, with report and map, made by a mining property. The work was done here at 1:20 p.m. yesterday, arrived at 7 p.m., and is still here. The storm commenced on the night of the 16th. Only two or three inches of snow fell, but the wind was high and it drifted badly. Nine inches of snow fell at Denver.

THE WEATHER IS NOW CALM AND PLEASANT.

THE MORRISON OFFENSE.

The law by which Hawkins has been convicted and sentenced was one enacted by polygamists against what they considered adultery to be. It was passed by their Legislature, and signed by Brigham Young himself. If it is construed by the common dictionary of the country, it condemns polygamy, which these regard as adulterous. If, however, polygamy is to be attacked, why should not the assault be made on the law which makes it a crime? Are we really driven to the trick of imposing our own construction upon a Mormon law, giving it a meaning it never had, and putting in an inventory of the law, and putting it to use which its enactors notoriously could not have contemplated?

When this people pitched their tents on the borders of the Great Salt Lake, the world felt relieved of them. It was as if they had gone to the moon. Beyond the great desolate plains, and the rocky mountains, and the still beyond the Wasatch range, they disappeared in the almost unexplored regions of the farthest American desert.

meanwhile wrought wonders for themselves and the country—have made the wilderness to bud and blossom and the solitary place to sing. They have created a new and rich commonwealth, and the people of Colorado, have joined the civilized world of the Pacific slope with that of the Mississippi valley, have become a hundred thousand people, and population and created over seventy millions of wealth.

Polygamy nevertheless is not to be acquiesced in; yet we should attack it with our eyes open. There should be first taken an inventory of the law, and then upon a relentless crusade against that people, to the extent that they are involved in this wrong, what sort of success shall we have? Will they be compelled to resistance? Will polygamy yield only to so disastrous an onset?

Vigorous prosecutions to break down this system are needed. They would break up the system, which might even grow to a destruction of the Utah settlements, and their abandonment for New Mexico, leaving Utah the desert that was a quarter of a century ago.

An extensive portion of the railroad to the Pacific could be destroyed, and Indian and Mormon hostilities might be

Z. C. M. I. BOOT & SHOE DEPT.,  
At the Sign of the BIG BOOT!



Always on hand, a large and choice stock of HOME-MADE AND IMPORTED BOOTS & SHOES.

A full assortment of shoe findings, horse collars and all kinds of LEATHERS.

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.,  
Manufacturers and Jobbers of PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe, 7" diameter, Bellows, Hoses, Packing, and all kinds of machinery.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

The Two Most Successful, Popular and Perfect COOKING MACHINES.

Of the Period are our Well Known CHARTER OAK STOVES.

AND EPICURE BROILERS!

Both are of the Simplest Construction, and so easily managed that we guarantee them to give ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

As no article in the household has a greater influence in promoting the health, comfort and happiness of the family circle than the Cook Stove, it is no wonder that the most successful and popular of all the household appliances, the Charter Oak Stove, has become a household name.

Very Best and in buying the Charter Oak, you can rely on getting the most successful, popular and perfect Cook Stove ever made.

In using an Epicure Broiler, you are always sure of having a Tender, Juicy and Delicious Roast, Chicken, Ham, Chop, etc.

SOLD BY  
Excelsior Manufacturing Company,  
612 and 614 North Main Street,  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

And all Live Store Dealers like

Z. C. M. I. J. R. ALLEN & CO.,  
TAYLOR & CUTLER,  
and  
C. H. BASSETT.

SALT LAKE CITY.

HARDWARE!

C. H. BASSETT,  
HAYING made extensive additions and alterations to his premises, is now prepared to show the

Largest and Best Assortment of HEAVY and SHELF HARDWARE.

Ever brought to this Territory, and Cheap as the Cheapest!

Iron, Steel, Nails, Finest Stock, Farming Tools, Plows, Miners' Outfit, Rubber Belting, Steam Packing, Wagon Timber, Stoves and Tumacore always on hand.

C. H. BASSETT.

COAL, COAL!

WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE CELEBRATED WEBER COAL.

By Car Load or Retail!

DEPOT—AT U. C. R. R. YARD CITY OFFICE—Exchange and Reading Room, 4 doors above Bank of Deseret, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

Coal Delivered in any part of the City

BATEMAN & CO.

MUSEUM & MENAGERIE

Opposite the entrance to the Tabernacle.

Proprietor, JOHN W. YOUNG.

ADMISSION, 50c; CHILDREN, 10c.

Open from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

UTAH AT A GLANCE.

N. B.—Dead Animals brought forwarding the Wild Beasts at the Menagerie.

PROF. J. L. HARRISON.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

STOCK BOARD CHOP HOUSE!

JOHN L. HALE has fitted up and opened a convenient and comfortable room in the Stock Board Station, Reid's Building, to supply the friends and neighbors with all the delicacies and dainties that can be procured in this or the Eastern States.

Apply to JOHN L. HALE, 425 1/2 U.

COLLEGE SCRIP!

PRE-EMPTORS will save SIXTEEN DOLLARS on each QUARTER SECTION, by buying AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE SCRIP.

THE BANK OF DESERET, Successors to Hooper, Eldredge & Co.

ST. MARK'S SCHOOLS!

ST. MARK'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND BOYS.

Third South St., near East Temple St.

ST. MARK'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Location—St. Mark's Church, 1st South 425 U.

CITY LIQUOR STORE

KEEPS constantly on hand and for sale WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, Choice Imported

Liquors & Wines!

AT LOWEST RATES.

GROESBECK'S BUILDINGS, EAST TEMPLE STREET.

A. S. GOULD & SON, CONVEYANCERS!

MINING DEEDS, Agreements and Bonds for Deeds, Mortgages, Powers of Attorney, Leases, Conveyances and other instruments of writing drawn with accuracy and dispatch.

MINING COMPANIES Incorporated under the Laws of Utah.

A. S. GOULD, NOTARY PUBLIC

For New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Nebraska, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, California, Iowa and other States and Territories.

DEEDS, Bonds, Contracts, Powers of Attorney, and Legal Instruments of all kinds. Drawn with Accuracy and Dispatch.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

REAL ESTATE Bought, Sold, or Leased.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Promissory Notes, Drafts, etc., Protected.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS of all kinds of Instruments in Writing Taken.

Particular Attention given to the Settlement of Estates, Agreements, and Collection of Money in Great Britain and elsewhere.

Inquiries by Letter Promptly Answered.

From long experience and acquaintance with the business, and the determination to be moderate in charges, we feel confident of a fair share of Public Patronage.

OFFICE—East Temple St., over Danford & Co's Store, a few doors North of 1st S. W. Bank.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

WOODS & KEATON, STAR BAKERY.

A few Doors East of the Post Office.

Will Pay the Best Market Price for Cash for Wheat, Oats, Corn, Barley, Dairies and other Produce.

GROCERIES FRESH BREAD, Crackers, Cakes, Buns, &c., Always on Hand.

BILL LUMBER!

I AM PREPARED TO Saw and Deliver,

On 11 days' notice, LUMBER AS PER BILL, RED AND WHITE PINE.

LUMBER AT THE MILL, TWO AND A HALF PER FOOT.

For Liberal Prices Paid to persons desirous of doing BUSINESS.

H. D. WOODLEY, Agent, R. L. City, 425 1/2 U.

WHITE AND RED PINE LUMBER!

FOR SALE AT THE Mouth of Deer Creek, American Fork Canyon, by SANDERS & PRATT.

LATEST DISPATCH! GRAND OPENING OF FALL FASHIONS!

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS

MRS. COLEBROOK'S.

New Styles in Frocced and Geo Grained FIE BONS.

Fine Assortment of OSTRICH FEATHES & FLOWERS, ALEXANDRA KID GLOVES, CORSETS, GIMPS, LACES, BLONDS, Handkerchiefs & Fancy Notions.

LADIES OWN MATERIALS MADE UP.

Business R. R. CANNON, Edg. Sept. L.C.M.1

West door to Old Constitution Building 425 1/2 U.

RAILROADS.

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD

Pioneer Line of Utah.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JULY 17th

Trains will leave Salt Lake City daily at 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. arrive at Ogden 7 a.m. and 4 p.m.; leave Ogden City at 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.; arrive at Salt Lake City 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

In addition to the above MIXED TRAINS

WILL RUN

Leaving Salt Lake City at 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., and Ogden at 6 p.m.

Passengers will please purchase their tickets at the offices. Fifty cents additional will be charged when the fare is collected on the train.

For all information concerning Freight or Passenger apply to D. G. CALDER, Ticket and Freight Agent.

JOHN SHARP, SUPERINTENDENT.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD!

ON AND AFTER Wednesday, Sept. 6th

1871, MIXED TRAINS

WILL RUN

Leaving the Utah Central Depot at Salt Lake City 7:15 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. (a west point to Little Cottonwood Canyon) at 8 p.m. and 4:30 p.m.

Leave U. C. Depot at 7:15 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. and Sandy Station at 8:30 a.m. and 4 p.m.

FARES:

Salt Lake to Big Cottonwood Station 50 cts. Little Cottonwood Station 1.00

Twenty-five cents additional will be charged when the fare is collected on the train.

For all information concerning Freight or Passenger apply to D. G. CALDER, Ticket and Freight Agent.

General Freight and Ticket Agent.

FERAMORZ LITTLE, SUPERINTENDENT.

Central Pacific Railroad.

OVERLAND TRAINS.

Nov. 5th, 1871.

From Salt Lake City to Ogden, 7:15 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

From Ogden to Salt Lake City, 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

From Salt Lake City to Reno, 7:15 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

From Reno to Salt Lake City, 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

From Salt Lake City to San Francisco, 7:15 a.m. and 4: