

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 19.—The House bill relating to the claim of agents and attorneys in pension cases passed. It makes it unlawful for any attorney, agent or other person to demand or receive for services in a pension case a greater sum than \$10, and provides that no fee contract shall hereafter be filed with the commissioner of pensions in any case.

The concurrent resolution extending the session until 10 o'clock p. m. was agreed to.

EVENING SESSION.

Allison submitted the following:

Resolved, That the select committee appointed under the resolution of the 5th inst., to make inquiry concerning the alleged connection of Senator Matthews with matters relative to the late presidential election in Louisiana, in exercising the powers granted to sit during the recess of the Congress, may hold its sessions at such place or places as it shall deem most convenient for the purpose of investigation. Agreed to.

Thurman submitted a resolution returning the thanks of the Senate to Ferry, *pro tem.*, for the able and impartial manner in which he has discharged his duties as presiding officer. Agreed to unanimously.

Ransom submitted a resolution returning the thanks of the Senate to Vice-President Wheeler for the able and impartial manner in which he has discharged his duties as presiding officer. Agreed to unanimously, and the Senate again went into executive session.

At 12.10 the doors re-opened.

Sargent submitted a concurrent resolution extending the session until 3 o'clock a. m. Agreed to.

The Senate concurred in the amendment of the House bill to appoint a commission to ascertain the cost of removing the national observatory.

Sargent called up the House bill to authorize the sale of small arms now in use in the naval service, and to use the proceeds of the sale for the purchase of arms of similar calibre to those used in the army; passed.

The House resolution extending the session to seven o'clock was concurred in.

At 4.55 a. m. the Senate went into executive session.

At 6.53 the Clerk of the House of Representatives appeared with the sundry civil bill, which was immediately signed by the president *pro tem.*, and then sent to the President, being in his room at the Capitol, having remained there during the night.

Anthony submitted a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of two senators, to join a committee of the House of Representatives, to wait upon the President and inform him that Congress, having finished its business, is now ready to close its session by adjournment; agreed to.

Anthony and Thurman were appointed a committee on the part of the Senate.

The Senate then, on motion of Sargent, held a brief executive session, and when the doors were re-opened, Anthony, from the committee appointed to wait on the President of the United States, reported that they had performed that duty, and the President replied he had no further communication to make.

At 7 o'clock, Ferry, President *pro tem.*, said:

The hour of 7 o'clock having arrived, it gives me pleasure to congratulate the Senate on the termination of a session of nearly seven months' duration, and to comply with the joint resolution of the two houses fixing the hour of final adjournment. Permit me, senators, to cordially thank you for your favor, your confidence, and your courtesy, without which I should have failed to meet the delicate and responsible duties of the chair. Commending you all in parting to the care of the same beneficent ruler who has preserved unbroken our number throughout the prolonged labors now ended, I declare the second session of the Forty-Fifth Congress adjourned *sine die*. (Applause on the floor.)

The Senate, after 3 o'clock a. m., were several times left without a quorum, and some time was con-

sumed in calling the roll to secure the attendance of senators, many of whom were asleep in the committee and cloak rooms.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 19.—Southard moved to suspend the rules and pass the following bill: That on and after the 1st of October, 1878, legal tender notes of the United States shall be received at par in payment of custom duties. Agreed to, and the bill passed—yeas 153, nays 53.

Haskell moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill providing that all pensions on account of death, wounds received or disease contracted in the service of the United States during the late war, shall commence from the date of the death or discharge, and for the payment of arrears of pensions on that principle, and also providing that no claimant shall be entitled to any compensation for making application for arrears of pensions. Agreed to—yeas 161, nays 62.

Clark (Mo.) moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill to create an auditor of railroad accounts. Agreed to—yeas 187, nays 13.

The Senate resolution extending the time for the final adjournment until 10 p. m., was concurred in.

EVENING SESSION.

The attendance of members was rather slim, many having already left the city.

Cox (N. Y.) moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill to fix the pay of letter carriers. Agreed to—yeas 149, nays 54. The result was hailed with applause.

Conger moved to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment forever prohibiting the payment of any claim for property taken, used injured or destroyed by the United States troops during the war of the rebellion, unless the owner was loyal to the government and gave neither aid nor encouragement to the enemy. Agreed to—yeas 144, nays 61.

A message was received from the Senate that that body had adopted a resolution for the further extension of the session to 1 o'clock Thursday morning, and it was concurred in.

Morse moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill for a commission on the removal of the national observatory at Washington. Agreed to.

Cannon moved to suspend the rules and pass the post route bill, which contained all the routes in the original House bill, all the routes put on by the Senate, and some 400 additional post routes, and none of the objectionable amendments that had been added by the Senate.

Ward and Freeman demanded the reading of the bill in full, intending in that way to prevent its passage.

Cannon desired to make a statement, but Waddell objected most decidedly to his doing so, and he joined Ward and Freeman in demanding the reading of the bill.

This took place amid great uproar, the Speaker ruling that the motion to suspend the rules did not deprive a member of his right to call for the reading of the bill.

Cannon offered to withdraw the bill but he was overruled on that and the clerk commenced to read the bill. Before he had been five minutes reading, his voice failed and a member of the House (Keifer) stepped to the desk and relieved the clerk. The act was greeted with shouts of laughter and calls of "Louder! Louder!" The tumult increased to such an extent that the Speaker called on the sergeant-at-arms to restore order and that functionary, shouldering his heavy mace, topped with a large sized eagle, marched up and down the various side isles amid shouts of laughter, cheers and clapping of hands. When this little episode was over, Keifer resumed reading the bill.

After some time, Keifer was relieved by Humphreys, Humphreys by Cummings, Cummings by Hardenbergh, and Hardenbergh by Stone. The reading was finished at 10.30 by motions of liberal skipping, and then was declared passed by an equally liberal counting of votes (Dunneil in the chair as Speaker *pro tem.*), in spite of Ward's protest against both.

Maginnis, of Montana, moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill creating the Utah and

Northern railroad company in Utah, Idaho and Montana. Agreed to.

Hamilton moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill in relation to the Venezuelan mixed commission. Agreed to. The bill repeals the act of the 27th of April, 1886, to enforce the stipulations of the Venezuelan convention.

Leave was given the committee on appropriations to meet on the 21st of November next to prepare appropriation bills.

Atkins then made a conference report on the sundry civil bill. He explained the report, which, however, he had not signed, because, he said, of the appropriation for the Halifax award, which he thought unjust. The bill as originally reported appropriated \$16,548,000; as it passed the House, \$17,590,186, and as it passed the Senate, \$22,075,100 (exclusive of the appropriation for the Halifax award), as it came from the conference committee the bill had been cut down to \$19,250,100, also exclusive of the Halifax award.

A discussion ensued, regarding the Halifax award. The House then proceeded to vote on the conference report and it was adopted, its opponents being in too small a majority to order either the yeas and nays or tellers, the vote on a division being—yeas 129, nays 39. The announcement of the result was hailed with applause.

Tucker declined to serve on the select committee on the labor question, and Jones, of Alabama, was appointed in his stead.

The House concurred in the Senate resolution extending the session to 3 a. m.

Recess till 2 a. m.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The House was again called to order at 2 o'clock.

The House at 3.35 agreed to a resolution extending the time for final adjournment till 7 o'clock.

Recess till 4.30.

After recess at 4.35, Atkins offered a resolution extending the time for final adjournment until seven o'clock; agreed to.

The reading clerks being worn out, Cox, of N. Y., volunteered to read the bill, but his appearance at the clerks desk was the signal for a chorus of cries of "Louder!" until he was obliged to leave his position and the services of the sergeant-at-arms was again in requisition. Great amusement was created by Butler, of Mass., who, at the sight of the sergeant-at-arms, fled precipitately to the cloak room.

Pending action on the bill, the House took a further recess until 6.30.

The House re-assembled at 6.30 a. m., with few members present.

Clymer offered the customary resolution for the appointment of a committee of three to wait on the President and inform him that the two houses were ready to adjourn, if he had no further communication to make to them; agreed to.

Franklin offered a resolution declaring that, in the investigation of the charges preferred against the late doorkeeper of the House, J. W. Polk, nothing had been shown affecting his personal integrity or reflecting on him as an honorable man, and allowing him two months extra pay; agreed to.

At 6.45 Rainey, of the committee on enrolled bills, appeared in the House with the enrolled sundry civil bill, which the Speaker laid before the House, and it was signed amid applause.

At 6.52 a message from the President announced his approval of the sundry civil bill.

Clymer announced that, together with Willis, of Ky., and Conger, that he had waited on the President and that the President had stated that he had no further communication to make to Congress.

The hour of 7 o'clock having arrived, the Speaker said:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives.

The arduous labors of the session are closed. Let us hope, under the providence of God, that they will inure to the solid welfare and happiness of the people. Expressing the fervent hope that each and every one of you may have a safe journey to your respective homes, it only remains for the Speaker, in pursuance of the resolution of the two Houses, for a adjournment of the 45th Congress, to declare that this House stands adjourned without day. Applause.

Owing to the early hour the adjournment took place very quietly, not a dozen persons being in the

galleries, and not more than 50 members were present.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 19.—The *Public* says: The exchange at 19 clearing houses for the second week in June is a little larger than those for the first week, and compare much more satisfactory with the returns of the corresponding week of last year.

MIDDLETON, N. Y., 19.—At Yagerville, Ulster county, yesterday morning, Frederick Kimble entered his son Richard's room and attacked the latter's wife in bed, with a small axe, inflicting three frightful and fatal gashes on the head. The husband was awakened by the first blow and fired his revolver. The second shot struck the father in the face. The cause of the assault was the father's dislike to the son's wife.

MADISON, Wis., 19.—Gov. Smith has advice from Burnett county, stating that considerable alarm exists in that section because the Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin and Minnesota are believed to have formed a compact with the Sioux, and a general rising is looked for. The Indians have stopped their hunting and are roaming over the country and changing visits with Sioux tribes. The people, fearing for their lives, urge the governor to remove, by force, to their reservations all Indians in that section. The governor has forwarded the facts to General Sheridan and asked for protection.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—A Silver City dispatch says: A body supposed to be that of Captain John White, of Bruneau, was found near McDowell's Ferry, Lower Boise, killed by Indians. There is great excitement in Powder River Valley. The settlers have all left their homes and are fleeing to towns for safety.

A Silver City dispatch says: A messenger from the vicinity of Camp Harney reports serious Indian depredations. A party, under Egan, have burned Diamond Ranch, in Happy Valley, near Stein's Mountain. The Indians have captured over 400 horses. Thirty soldiers of the First Cavalry have gone there to render assistance; troops and supplies are greatly needed.

French and Robie, with their employees, have been driven from Stein's Mountain. They report the mountains full of Indians; they also report all their stock killed or driven off, and two men shot.

The latest from Colonel Bernard's command states that he has a howitzer and three companies of cavalry, and will be reinforced by McGregor before reaching Camp Harney. They are in hot pursuit of the Bannocks. General Howard sent Grover and three companies of cavalry to Old's Ferry to prevent the Bannocks going north.

Canyon City and vicinity are being raided by the Indians. A number of whites have been killed.

News per the *City of New York*, says the unemployed working men of Melbourne held a large meeting on May 20th. Temporary employment on public works was promised.

A disastrous flood occurred at Coromandel, with great destruction to property. The mines, batteries, roads, water races and tramways suffered considerably. Bridges were carried away, and the roads and tracks blocked up by land slips in every direction.

CINCINNATI, 20.—It is claimed by the relatives of Mrs. Patrick Kinney that among the bodies found in the medical college at Ann Harbor, Mich., by Cincinnati detectives, was the body of that lady, who died, and was buried last January in a graveyard in Reading, a suburb of this city. The grave was subsequently robbed and the body shipped to Michigan.

Dr. Herdman, of Ann Harbor College, publishes a card denying that the body recovered by detectives was that of Devin, as alleged.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—The returns from the city, as far as counted, indicate that the Kearneyites have elected nearly all their candidates, though the contest is close. The returns from the interior show that the non-partisans have elected most of their men, and it is probable that the interior non-partisan majorities will be sufficient to elect nearly all their delegates at large, even if the city should give the Kearneyites a fair majority.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 19.

Russia and Austria, in private consultations, are hotly discussing the question of including Sophia in Bulgaria.

The situation in the Russian and Roumanian armies is a miniature copy of that existing about Constantinople. The Roumanian government is certainly not disposed to quarrel with Russia, but the feeling between the officers and men of the respective armies is so strongly antagonistic that the proximity of the two lines renders the unfortunate complications possible.

The *North German Gazette* says: "When the Bulgarian question is settled, the proposed retrocession of Bessarabia will probably form the subject of a searching consideration. Russia will not recognize Roumania's right of appeal to the treaty of Paris as Roumania was not a party thereto. Roumania must consider whether she had better yield to the wishes of Russia or retain Bessarabia, and be constantly exposed to the claims of her powerful neighbor, from whom Bessarabia was certainly once wrested."

LONDON, 20.—The operatives in the cotton mills at Darwen, Burnley, Accrington and Preston, have generally resumed work. Only the spinners at Blackburn continue out.

BERLIN, 20.—Consideration of the Bulgarian question in the congress was again postponed yesterday, because the plenipotentiary to open the discussion was not ready with his proposals.

The Powers continue to act in groups, but not necessarily in a hostile sense.

Austria and England, from one point of view, and Turkey from another, oppose Russia's claims. Germany, France and Italy adopt a mediatory attitude.

There can be little doubt of a thorough understanding between England and Austria, or of a likelihood of its continuance during the entire deliberations.

The congress has decided to admit Greece with a consultation voice in questions affecting the Greek interest.

The Emperor now walks about his room.

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