

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Thursday, August 19, 1909.

MONOPOLIES AND "RINGS."

THAT all men are born free and equal, is a truth which, as a nation, was first recognized by the Americans, and was incorporated in that great charter of human freedom the Constitution of the United States. It seemed to be the design of the founders of the Republic that it should not be infested and afflicted with princes, lords, dukes, counts &c. &c. like the countries of Europe. Their programme has been strictly carried out; but while this is true, so far as aristocratic titles are concerned, there exists a great mania for military and naval titles "Captain," "Major," "Colonel" and "General" are titles for which there exists a natural fondness.

This taste however, which seems to be national among us, hurts nobody and pleases a great number. But while we can boast that we have neither dukes nor lords, counts nor marquises, no titled aristocracy or aristocracy, depending solely upon a long line of ancestors, many of whose deeds would not bear the investigation of honest men, we have something far worse in its nature and character—and that is a money aristocracy.

The aristocracies of Europe are hard enough to endure when the imposts and unnecessary burdens they impose upon the people are considered; but amongst them may be found many men of refinement, culture and high principles. But it is far otherwise with the money or, sordid, aristocracy; it is sordid and selfish, and possesses little of either refinement or good breeding, and cares for nobody's well but its own. Out of this element, which is assuming fearfully large proportions, the most gigantic monopolies are being formed, which threaten seriously to mar and retard the material welfare of the laboring and industrial classes.

In no country in the world is there so much of this element as in the United States. Monopolies and "rings" exist in connection with almost every branch of business that can be imagined. The combinations and gambling of railroad companies, the whisky ring, the coal ring and so on *ad infinitum*, to be found in this country, are notorious the world over, and, if they go on for a few years at their present rate, will have the entire wealth and labor of the country under their control. If legislation does not step in and render such amalgamations illegal, and suppress them and the protective policy that is being so persistently urged and carried out in some quarters, it may soon be said of the United States, as has been truthfully said of some of the countries of Europe, "It fares the land to hastening ills a prey Where wealth accumulates and men decay."

The people of the State of New York seem to be awaking to the enormity and injustice of these combinations. The recent meetings there in relation to the coal monopoly is an indication that the public mind is being aroused to the importance of suppressing these monopolies. The telegraphic dispatches of Tuesday contained a paragraph stating that the citizens of Buffalo had held a meeting, at which was presented the draft of an act to protect the public against combinations and conspiracies to enhance the value of coal or to support any coal monopoly. The act provides that individuals so offending shall be convicted and punished as misdemeanors, and that any corporation or railroad company so conspiring shall forfeit their charter.

This, or a similar course, should be pursued by the people throughout the whole country, not only with regard to coal monopolies, but every other kind, and among the cardinal points of the people's political faith in future should be "down with monopolies" and "no more rings."

The continual combinations and swindling operations among the leading railway companies in the East, and the proceedings among the "bulls" and "bears" of Wall St. furnish evidence as clear as can be of the invincible way of mammon, and they are also sufficient to demonstrate that they who hold the wealth of the country in their hands will stop at nothing, however dishonorable, to accomplish their ends, no matter what distress and poverty the masses may be compelled to endure through their operations.

It is high time the people made a move to crush out of existence these "rings" and combinations. It will be better for themselves, and far better even for those who are adding millions upon millions to the almost countless treasures they now possess, for if the course now being pursued be long continued the masses—the wealth producers of the nation—will be reduced to as great extremities through poverty as in the most pauperized nations of Europe and then a day of severe retribution will be sure to follow.

The movement inaugurated by the people of New York State portends good to the nation; let the suggestions emanated by them be acted upon in every section of the country, until every

combination formed for the sole purpose of amassing wealth, be broken up and destroyed, and untold evils may be averted.

THE COUNTERFEIT SWINDLE.

THE United States Mail contains an article on the subject about which we wrote on Tuesday, viz.: the counterfeit United States currency, which is offered for sale in New York. In relation to this subject the *Mail* says that the firms who send these circulars to sell *fac-similes* and imitations of United States currency at certain rates, are not dealers in counterfeit notes; they are simply swindlers, whose only object is to extract good money from those who are both dishonest and foolish enough to endeavor to procure counterfeit money with which to cheat their neighbors. One of these firms fulfils its promises by sending the small photographic copies of Treasury notes which are in common use as detectors of counterfeit. Another firm sends a (sample) good note for twenty-five cents, in hopes of obtaining \$20, with an order for \$100 of the same kind as the sample; but, the *Mail* says, the receipt of the \$20 ends the transaction, so far as they are concerned. The *Mail* winds up by saying that any rascal who sends money to these swindlers deserves to lose it; and it suggests, as a matter of prudence, to the postmaster of any office where any person has received one of these circulars and desires shortly afterward to send a letter or a money order to any of these firms, to take precautions to secure his hen house while the fender remains in the vicinity. Good advice; for it will pay to watch such people.

(SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.)

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

San Francisco, 18.—Legal tenders 75. Vice President Colfax, Senator Stewart, Dr. Linderman of the Philadelphia mint and others, have appealed to Secretary Boutwell to allow the transfer of several million dollars from the sub-treasury here, the amount to be replaced by the sub-treasury in New York as a result to the present stringency of the money market. As yet they have received no answer. It has since transpired that the Secretary permitted one firm to draw funds from the San Francisco sub-treasury and thus take advantage of public necessity. The action of the Secretary is denounced by the press and has created indignation throughout the entire mercantile community.

New York.—Late arrivals report Salavé still encamped before Aux Cayes, and had the place completely surrounded. Its surrender is daily expected. Jacmel has been taken by Salavé's troops without resistance. The *City of Port au Prince* towed into this port the schooner *Mary Jane* bound from St. Domingo to Boston, which she fell in with, her helm lashed and drifting about. The captain and two of her crew had died of yellow fever. The remainder of the crew, two men, were in such a condition that they were unable to throw overboard the bodies of their comrades, which were in a putrefying condition.

Washington.—Letters from Cuba give encouraging accounts of the situation of the revolutionary troops. The conscription ordered by Deras has had the effect of largely increasing their forces. A feeling of discontent and insubordination among the slaves is reported to be increasing, they are beyond control, and are organizing and arming themselves for the purpose of joining the Cuban army.

Several contests have taken place between the negro and the Spanish troops. The negroes successfully defended themselves against superior forces.

General Quesada has been successful in several skirmishes with the forces of Lesaca. He reports having taken a number of prisoners, and expects soon to take possession of Neuvieta.

Gen. Jordan's army is rapidly being reinforced by conscripts whose sympathies are with their countrymen. Jordan is confident everything is working right for Cuban independence. In a short time his recruits will be organized and ready to commence operations against Valmaseda. Both the general commanding and the President of the Republic express the most positive belief that the revolution will be successful if not by force arms by force of circumstances.

Albany.—The examination, relative to the receivership of the Susquehanna Railroad, was continued to-day, before the referee, surrogate Lawton. One witness was examined. Further proceedings were adjourned to August 30th, on account of the absence of Jay Gould, Fisk & Rucker.

Buffalo.—About 40 feet of the State Arsenal fell this morning, carrying away 30,000 rounds of ammunition. The keeper had a narrow escape.

Chicago, 18.—The Congressional joint committee on retrenchment, with a number of invited guests, left yesterday for the Pacific Coast. The party includes Senators Patterson of New Hampshire, Thurman of Ohio, Cattell of New Jersey, Morrill of Vermont and Shurtz, with several Representatives.

The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Pacific Railroad have consolidated with the Buffalo and Erie road by the vote of the stockholders of both roads, making a continuous line from Chicago to New York. The time will be thirty hours between the two cities via the New York Central and Hudson River Railroads, the fastest ever made.

Philadelphia.—The National Labor Convention, west of New York, offered a resolution favoring amendments to the Federal and all State Constitutions, preventing any act of any legislative body becoming law until submitted to the people for ratification. It was only approved by the majority voting. A committee was appointed to investigate the charges preferred against the mine laborers in Pennsylvania by the press generally and to report to this Congress. The delegate from the New York Typographical Union read a dispatch directing him to withdraw from the Congress if Miss Anthony was admitted. Pending the discussion whether delegates' votes be returned the Congress took a recess.

Pottsville, Pa.—A few large collisions have suspended for a few days for lack

of orders. There is no strike in this region.

Philadelphia.—At the afternoon session of the Labor Convention a telegram was received from the New York Typographical Union, giving the substance of resolutions adopted by them last night, denouncing Miss Anthony's treatment of the Union and its members, as an employer, the printers declaring her admission to the Convention would be an insult to the entire organization. After a long discussion the resolution refusing to receive Miss Anthony's credentials was agreed to, 63 to 28. Much indignation is felt by Miss Anthony's friends at her expulsion.

New York.—Generals Bloome, Wright, Ingalls and Devereaux, with a large number of other distinguished officers, leave here on Monday for Gettysburg; arrangements have been made with the railroad companies to pass officers attending the memorial ceremonies.

Richmond.—General Canby has ordered the discharge from custody of police Captain Callahan, who shot and killed Joseph Kelly at the registration office in this city.

Washington.—The assembling of the revenue supervisors from east and west to consult with Commissioner Delano is likely to result in augmented facilities for carrying out the provisions of the revenue laws. It is probable arrangements will be made during the conference to secure the early co-operation of the supervisors among illicit whisky operators.

The *Telegrafo* vessel is reported as committing depredations on American commerce. She is in the hands of the English at Tantislo.

New York.—Judge Barnard has issued orders requiring the Ramsay party to show cause at a special term to be held at Albany, the last Wednesday in August, why Judge Peckham's injunction, and also his order appointing Prynn Receiver at Albany for the Susquehanna railroad, shall not be executed staying all proceedings until then.

Philadelphia.—Professor Chas. Dexter, of Cleveland, died suddenly in this city.

New York.—It is known that forged five pound notes on the Bank of England have made their appearance in London; three have been paid into the bank, having been received by continental bankers.

Washington.—A Richmond dispatch to-day says Gen. Canby has decided that twelve months residence in the State is a necessary qualification for Senators and members of the House and Delegates.

Salem, Mass.—The American Association for the advancement of science commenced its 18th annual session to-day. The session will probably last a week. Among the scientific reports it is expected there will be one on the eclipses. About 230 members, including the most noted scientific men of the country, are present.

Advices from Saint Lawrence Bay, to July 24th, are unfavorable. The whaler *Corinthian*, which left Saint Lawrence last winter, sunk and was a total loss.

Wilmingon, N. C., 17.—During the week past a personal difficulty has been pending between Mayor Englehard, Editor of the *Journal*, and General Abbott, United States Senator. It grew out of an editorial in the *Post* of the 8th inst., in which the editors of the *Journal* were denounced as public liars on account of alleged injustice done to Abbott. A report of his speech, no collision in consequence having occurred in the meantime. On Tuesday evening Abbott addressed a note to Englehard which states that he, (Abbott), though not Editor of the *Post*, was the author of the offensive article and he was personally responsible for the same. On Wednesday and Thursday there was unmistakable evidence that Englehard would attack Abbott on sight, but the vigilance of the authorities prevented it. On Thursday Abbott was arrested and placed under bonds to keep the peace. Englehard successfully avoided arrest until Saturday morning, when he was surprised at a private house by the Sheriff and placed under bonds. On Sunday morning Englehard with three friends proceeded to South Carolina and addressed a communication to Abbott of which the following is an extract:—"You must now make full retraction of the contents of that article and an apology for publishing it, or give me the satisfaction to which I am entitled in accordance with the code of honor." On Monday Abbott, through some friends, replied in a communication, of which the following is an extract:—"By authority of Gen. Abbott, and in his name, we retract in full the article in the *Post* of the 8th inst., reflecting on Mayor Englehard, and express our regret that it was written and published." The amend was accepted by the friends acting for Englehard in a written communication in which they stated that in anything that had appeared in the *Journal* was any assault on the private character of Gen. Abbott intended, and expressing regret that it had been so construed.

General Sherman said in conversation that the Spanish gunboats are not to be permitted to go, and that an early recognition of Cuban belligerency is probable.

A St. Paul special says that two Republican committees in that county, appointed last fall by the Donnelly and Washburn factions, have coalesced and instituted a joint call for a Republican county convention.

A horrible murder was committed in Morgan county, Illinois, on Monday afternoon. Two neighbors named Rogers and Chapman had been to town and got intoxicated, and on returning home Chapman went and got a shot gun and came back to Rogers, who was still sitting in his wagon, and blew off part of his head. No cause for the deed is known.

Chicago.—The captain of the bark *R. P. Skittum*, name not ascertained, was drowned in the river last night.

Washington.—Charles Arndt was murdered yesterday by James Hughes, who stabbed him through the heart in a livery stable, where both men were employed; both men were somewhat intoxicated.

Willie Rollins, a boy aged 9, was run over yesterday and instantly killed by an express wagon, driven at a reckless rate of speed; the driver was arrested and held for manslaughter.

E. Miller, a police officer, went aboard a vessel in the river at three o'clock on Sunday morning to quiet a supposed disturbance on the vessel, which was immediately taken by a tug and towed in the lake and departed for parts unknown. The vessel had no crew.

The captain of the tug was ignorant of the matter. The entire case is involved in a mystery. All points have been telegraphed to detain the vessel if it arrives at any of them.

New York.—Gen. Dix was arrested yesterday, at the suit of John Mitchell, the Irish patriot, who charges him with illegal imprisonment. Mitchell, it will be remembered, was arrested in this city and imprisoned at Fort Monroe, by Gen. Dix, in the summer of '65. Upon this fact he brings a suit for \$25,000 damages. Dix gave security in \$30,000, to answer the charge.

Admiral Harris' flag ship, the *Albany* is detained in the town quarantine, the assistant engineer, Steele, having died of yellow fever on the voyage from Key West. The officers report great mortality at Key West and at Treulin.

Yesterday the transactions at the National Educational Convention were confined to the business of the American Normal School Association, which was addressed by Rev. Jos. Holden, of Albany, Prof. Phelps of Minna, Prof. Ogden of Nashville and others. Resolutions tending to uniformity of studies in all the States and confirming provisional degrees were submitted.

Chicago.—The *Republican's* special sends a letter, written by Judge Dett, to Secretary Boutwell, charging him with aspiring to the Presidency, and ordering Grant to oppose the conservative republicans South, who are his real friends. The letter calls Grant Boutwell's martyr and says Boutwell is endeavoring to supplant him. The letter is written in a grandiloquent style and is intended to be sarcastic against the Secretary.

Gen. Dodge has not been invited to become Secretary of War as reported from Iowa. He is going east to attend a meeting of the officers of the Pacific Railroad.

Secretary Rawlins left the city last night.

New York specials say important seizures of smuggled silks, cigars, etc., were made yesterday; the silks were valued at forty thousand.

The Cuban Junta deny that the steamer *Hornet*, seized at Philadelphia, was for Cuba; they intimate that the capture of the *Hornet* diverted the attention of the officers from another steamer, which got off safely from a Southern port.

It is generally believed Fisk will defeat Ramsey in the Albany and Susquehanna railroad case, and place it under control of the Erie. The war between the trunk lines for the mastery in connecting the roads promises to be very active. The Central, Erie and Pa. directors openly declare their intention to secure to the Central the connections to the Missouri river. Their agents are buying freely of the line they desire to secure. It is reported that the New York Central is sending through freight to Chicago over the Michigan Central instead of the Lake Shore road. An early alliance between the Erie and Lake Shore is probable.

London.—The *Times* thinks that the bloody course of the present government of Spain tends to build up Carlism, and will eventually lead Carlos to the throne.

San Francisco, 19.—The steamer *China* arrived this morning with advices from Hong Kong to July 20. Yokohama, 29.—J. Ross Browne, late United States Minister to China, and family, and G. H. Cotton Salter, United States Consul to Hankow, are passengers per the *China*.

There was a general dissatisfaction at the removal of J. Ross Browne. The English and Americans in China had united in drawing up an address, expressing their sense of his energy and admirable fitness for the position of envoy of the United States to China. Dr. Salter, U. S. Consul to Hankow, returns home on leave of absence.

There had been a terrible flood on the Yangtze River, three feet of water on the bund at Hankow. The entire country, for miles back of the river, was covered with water and there was great destruction of crops and loss of life. The Kin Kiang and Clin Kiang were flooded.

London.—The Rev. Dr. Cummings has written a letter to the Pope, asking leave to attend the Ecumenical Council for the purpose of explaining the reasons of the separation of the Protestants from the Romish Church.

Paris.—The Emperor's health is much improved, he presided to-day at the council of ministers.

Prince Napoleon will attend the ceremonies at the inauguration of the Suez Canal.

The Viceroy of Egypt has written a conciliatory letter to the Sultan.

Paris.—Joseph Mazzini has arrived from Switzerland.

The Senatorial Committee and Council of Members have come to an understanding on all points of the *Senatus Consultum*.

Madrid.—Bishop Jaen denies the jurisdiction of the present Government and appeals to the Holy See. Some of the Bishops have obeyed the decree of the Government obliging them to warn the clergy against insurrection, while others maintain silence. The Cortes has been summoned to meet September 15, in consequence of the urgency of affairs.

Vienna.—At a Cabinet council to-day, the Emperor presiding, it was resolved that the present military organization on the frontier be gradually abolished, and that some of the important towns be placed under civil governors directly.

London.—Both crews went over the course to-day. The Harvard crew made the distance in 22 minutes and 27 seconds, 37 strokes to the minute. The Oxford's time was a few seconds less, 36 strokes to the minute. Betting five to two on Oxford.

Correspondence.

POLK CITY, Polk Co., Iowa, Aug. 9th, 1893.

Editor Deseret News.—Dear Brother: Elder N. C. Murdock and myself took train on Friday 23rd July for Omaha, and in 48 hours traveling time, arrived there; remained at Omaha and Council Bluffs two days. Then took train for Des Moines, and, having the address of Br. Beebe, Polk City, we made our way to this place, where we were well received and made welcome by Br. Beebe and all his family. Br. Beebe was desirous that we should remain and preach here. We have held three meetings in this place, and two at a schoolhouse four miles distant, at all of which our houses were filled with attentive listeners. We have made arrangements for a hall in Des Moines city, where we shall preach next Sunday. We have had introductions to several of the principal men of Des Moines, who

have treated us with respect and consideration, especially the principal proprietor of the Iowa State Register, two copies of which I send to you, each containing a letter from him when he was at Salt Lake City.

There seems to be a considerable spirit of inquiry here. Most of those with whom we converse are anxious to learn of Utah and her people. The Lord is blessing us by opening up the way before us, and putting within our reach all that is necessary for the preaching of the Gospel here.

Your brethren in the Redeemer's cause,
ISRAEL EVANS,
N. C. MURDOCK.

Mount Pleasant, Aug. 18.
Editor Deseret News.—Bishop Seely arrived about two o'clock to-day with a company of emigrants; the band and a large number of citizens went to meet them and accompanied them to the hall, where a nice dinner had been prepared to which they were invited, and everything was done to make them feel they were indeed welcome to Mount Pleasant.

No new cases of small-pox have occurred; the last patient is nearly well. Notwithstanding the heavy damages done by the hoppers, the wheat crop will be more abundant than ever before. The frame of Reynolds & Co's new and large grist mill was raised yesterday. They intend to have it running by fall.

HALLUCINATIONS.

Napoleon I. believed that everywhere he went he was accompanied by a star. On one occasion, after the siege of Dantzic, General Rapp, wishing to consult the Emperor, entered his private room without being announced. The great man was gazing upward, apparently in profound abstraction. Hearing his general, he started, and pointing upward, told him of his shining guest, and appeared greatly astonished that he could not see it also, saying, with great animation and earnestness, that it had been with him in all his great battles, and he was never so happy as when gazing upon it.

Such hallucinations are often unconnected with the eye, and independent of it. Abercrombie tells of a patient of his who was quite blind, yet who, when walking in the street, always saw before him a little old woman hobnobbing on with a stick. The apparition always disappeared as soon as he entered the house. Ellis relates that a captain from Newcastle-upon-Tyne told him that once, when several days out from port, the ship's cook died and was buried at sea. Several days afterward the mate came running to him, in great excitement, declaring that the cook was walking on the water after the ship, and the crew were on deck looking at him. Highly indignant at the story, the Captain went on deck himself, and saw what really appeared to be the dead man. His features, dress and walk were exactly those of the cook. The helmsman being paralyzed with fear, the Captain put the boat about himself, and discovered that the supposed specter was a broken mast from a wreck, which was floating after them in an upright position. The ship's cook might have ranked with the Flying Dutchman and other nautical celebrities of the very unsubstantial character but for the courage of the Captain.

Died.

In the 10th Ward, Salt Lake City, on the 17th inst., Joseph Alma, son of Joseph and Salina Blunt of cholera infantum, aged 2 months and 21 days.
M.H. Star, please copy.

Special Notices.

STATEMENT BLANKS for sale at this Office. See our advertisement in another column.

Those who suffer from Liver Complaints may rely upon the *Red Jacket Bitters*, because they derive from its anti-bilious properties immediate and certain relief, when all the usually prescribed remedies have proved useless.

Nutritious, Healthy, the best.—DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER, is the most economical and convenient Baking Powder now in use. It saves the expense of milk and eggs, prevents the possibility of poor rolls, biscuits or cakes, and thus produces happiness in both kitchen and household. It is put up in tin cans, which are, to all intents and purposes, impervious to the action of the weather. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superior qualities. For sale by grocers. 622-2-6.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAYED
FROM the 24th Ward, one Red and White COW, branded on her about the C. on hip bone projecting from a hurt, horns cramped, tall delapidated. Return said Cow to C. R. SAVAGE, of Savage & Outing, and be rewarded for your trouble. 622-2-2

LOST.
A Brown Mare MULE, branded H Co & H on left hip and on her about the C. on hip bone projecting from a hurt, horns cramped, tall delapidated. Return said Cow to C. R. SAVAGE, of Savage & Outing, and be rewarded for your trouble. 622-2-2

JOE SIMMONS,
Proprietor of the Revere House Saloon.
IS DETERMINED to please everybody. He has just received an importation of BREWERS, BEERS & CO.'S celebrated ALE and PORTER, in addition to LAGER BEER, OYSTERS, CALVES TONGUE, FISH FEET, CIGARS, &c. Serves lunch at all hours. 617-4-1

CITY PROPERTY WANTED.

THE Undersigned wishes to dispose of the following property: Twenty acres of good Farming Land, well fenced and plenty of water, with House and City Lot of 12 acres. An excellent crop of Wheat, Oats and Vegetables have been raised from this year. A good Saw Mill, built two years since, and is doing a good business. There is a ready local sale for Lumber, and it can be delivered to the City of Salt Lake, two miles from the mill. I will dispose of the whole of the above, or sufficient of it to pay for a good House and Lot in Salt Lake City, with a good House and Lot, also a new Mower with the Farm, if wanted.
The property is situated at Weber City, Morgan County. 622-2-6

FOR SALE!
A HOUSE AND HALF LOT IN THE 10th WARD, S. L. CITY.
Inquire of Hosea Stout, City Hall. 622-2-6

THEATRE.

Leases and Managers... H. B. Clawson & J. T. Coine

Second Night and Immense Hit of the Great

MURPHY & MACK'S
MINSTRELS!

BEHOLD THE GIGANTIC COMPANY:

JOE MURPHY,
The GREAT, in Black and White Face.

BEN COTTON,
The celebrated Comedian.

JOHNNY MACK,
Author and Comedian.

ARMES BEAUMONT,
The celebrated Tenor.

J. W. BAKER,
The pleasing Balladist.

J. H. SUTCLIFFE,
The great Baritone, late of Lyster's English Opera Company.

R. W. KOHLER,
Whose exquisitely melodious solos on the CORNET and CONCERTINA are the theme of universal admiration.

MAST BENNIE,
Champion Boy Clog Dancer.

THEO. JACKSON,
The celebrated Interlocutor and Basso Profundo, from Morris Brothers' Opera House, Boston.

THE INSTRUMENTAL DEPARTMENT

Will be the most complete and perfect ever with any Company in California, and will be under the direction of

H. S. SCREINER,
And will include

A. WALTERS, A. LEO, G. THOMPSON, H. KOHLER, W. GILMORE, H. MULLER.

THIS EVENING,
THURSDAY, AUG. 19, 1899,
AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

PROGRAMME:

Overture.....Orchestra
Opening Chorus.....Company
I am Lonely To-night.....J. H. Seelye
Bessie Young Beauty.....Joe Murphy
My Lost Mary.....Armes Beaumont
Hi Coo Go, (Comic).....Ben Cotton
Comic Finale.....The O'Jacksons

Medley Clog, by the Boy Champion Mast Bennie

BLACK SKETCHES, by JOE MURPHY, the Great.

SONG & DANCE - INIMITABLE BEN COTTON

BALLAD.....ARMES BEAUMONT

DEAF AS A POST!
Ben Cotton and Joe Murphy.

Cornet Solo.....J. W. Kohler

THE QUARRELSOME SERVANTS!
Ben Cotton, Johnny Mack and Theo Jackson

The performance to conclude with

THE 100th NIGHT OF HAMLET!

In which Joe Murphy, Ben Cotton, Johnny Mack, Theo Jackson, J. W. Baker and Mast Bennie will appear.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

ZION'S CO-OPERATIVE

MERCANTILE INSTITUTION

RETAIL

Dry Goods Department.

THE DIRECTORS of the above Institution, to meet the demands of the Public, have OPENED the fine Storeroom of the

EAGLE EMPORIUM

AS A

Retail DRY GOODS Department!

WHERE WILL BE FOUND

A CHOICE SELECTION OF

SILKS, MERINOS, ALPACAS, DELAINES

And the usual Seasonable Varieties of

DRESS GOODS.

GINGHAMS, PRINTS, and DOMESTIC

ALL GOODS AT UNUSUALLY LOW FIGURES

LADIES will find a

SUPERIOR STYLE OF SHOES

A LEADING FEATURE.

A full line of

Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Curtains, Window and Table Damasks,

Of the Latest Styles, constantly on hand.

WINDOW SHADES

A very large assortment and LOW IN PRICE!

The Public are assured that their wants, in Style of Goods and Prices, will be carefully studied.

H. B. CLAWSON, 607-1.