

## DESERET EVENING NEWS

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

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SALT LAKE CITY, - OCT. 1, 1904

## CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The Seventy-fifth Semi-annual Conference  
of the Church of Jesus Christ of  
Latter-day Saints will be held in the  
Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, commencing  
on Thursday, October 6, 1904.  
A general attendance on that day of  
the officers and members is requested  
and expected.JOSEPH F. SMITH,  
JOHN R. WINDER,  
ANTHONY H. LUND,  
First Presidency.

## CONFERENCE NOTES.

The General Priesthood meeting will  
be held in the tabernacle on Friday  
night, commencing at 7 o'clock.The special Priesthood meeting usually  
held on the day after conference  
consisting of the General Authorities,  
Stake Presidents and Bishops, High  
Councilors, Patriarchs, Presidents of  
temples and Presidents of missions, will  
be held in the Assembly hall on Saturday,  
the 8th, commencing at 10 o'clock  
a. m. The members of the General  
Boards of the Sunday School Union and  
Y. M. M. I. Association are also invited  
to this meeting.The General Conference will adjourn  
on Friday afternoon to Sunday morning  
at 10 o'clock.  
Sunday School Union will convene in  
the Tabernacle on Sunday night, commencing  
at 7 o'clock.

## WHO'S ASHAMED OF UTAH?

The assertion has been repeatedly  
made and published of late, that residents  
of this State when out of it are  
ashamed or afraid to acknowledge that  
they are from Utah. We would like  
to know who they are and what cause  
they have for fear or shame on that  
account. The very large majority of  
Utah's sons and daughters are proud of  
their "mountain home," and truly they  
have good reason to be.This is the youngest of the States  
of the Union, but by no means the  
smallest or most insignificant. Its bona  
fide inhabitants are vigorous, intelligent,  
progressive, prosperous, peaceful,  
orderly and generally speaking up-to-date  
and abreast with the times. They are  
American citizens, imbued with the  
spirit of patriotism and ready to support  
and if necessary fight for the  
institutions of the nation, and to maintain  
the liberties which it guarantees to  
its loyal children.Utah has great and growing interests,  
agricultural, mineral and commercial.  
Its climate is splendid, its atmosphere  
bracing and healthful, its opportunities  
encouraging. Its social condition is on  
a par at least with that of other western  
States, its educational status is  
higher than most of them, its material  
wealth is vast and increasing, its intellectual  
riches are not to be despised, its  
business reputation is of the best, its  
natural attractions are world-famed, and  
its Constitution and laws are not  
surpassed in any part of the Union.The talent and ability of Utah's men  
and women are noted, and many of  
them are gaining celebrity on both  
continents. They are making their mark  
in the professions and the industries of  
the age, and are distinguished for the  
qualities that shine in exalted humanity.  
Their boys and girls excel at  
school and college, and they gain honors  
in the highest institutions of learning.  
Most of them are free from the common  
vices of the times and are fit to  
mingle with the best of the land.Of what has any real resident of Utah  
to be ashamed, unless it be the  
miserable croakers and defamers  
who make it their business to  
paint their State in hideous colors?  
If Utah is looked upon with disdain or  
reproach by people unacquainted with  
her actual condition, whose fault is it?  
Does not the blame rest upon the very  
shouters of shame who affect to de-  
plore a reputation that they have created?  
If Utah is misunderstood abroad, it is  
in consequence of their misrepresen-  
tations. The facts of our history  
and of our situation here are such that  
they need no concealment, and it is a  
crime to falsify and distort them.The marital relations of a few individuals,  
the remains of a past system  
decided to be inharmous with the  
custom and regulations of the country,  
form no formidable feature of our social  
structure, and the constant endeavors  
of Utah's enemies to magnify it and  
draw attention to it as something monstrous  
in its proportions and effects,  
are inimical to the best interests of the  
State, proceed from malice, are fostered  
by ignorance, and are intended to  
bring that reproach upon Utah which  
their promoters pretend to deplore. The  
originators of the calumnies that are  
spread abroad on this matter are not so  
free from personal contamination as to  
be entitled to "cast the first stone."  
The standard of morality in Utah ishigh, and its people in the main are be-  
yond just reproach. They are also a  
free people in the fullest sense of the  
term. The hackneyed cry to the con-  
trary, once more raised to arouse prej-  
udice and breed hatred, is as false as  
anything that could proceed from the  
lowest depths of Hades. They who  
start it know of its utter mendacity.  
Many who repeat it imagine it is true.  
But they never give proof of its reality  
nor do anything in its support but  
shout, and insinuate, and infer and ask  
the accused to prove a negative. There  
is not a living being in Utah who is or-  
dered, or required, or compelled to vote  
for a measure, a party, or a person  
contrary to his or her own choice, or is  
under any threat, or obligation, or an-  
themata or fear of consequences for re-  
fusing or neglecting to follow such al-  
lured dictation. If there is, let the  
slavish victim be produced and the tes-  
timony be sifted in the light of day.Utah has suffered for many years from  
the vipers who have nursed in her  
bosom who have turned to sting her.  
The stories that have been repeated by  
the press and retailed from the pulpit  
throughout Christendom to her discredit,  
have originated chiefly within her  
borders, and have been connected by  
creatures whom she has harbored and  
befriended. There is no epithet in the  
language that is vile enough to fit their  
case. There is no slum on earth or cor-  
ner of the lower regions too loathsome  
for their proper abiding place. And  
they are the hypocrites who claim that  
Utah is in such a condition that her  
citizens are ashamed to acknowledge that  
they hail from her borders!The charge of their shame or fear is  
false, for most of them are proud of  
their homes in the vales of Utah and  
of the record their State is making.  
As to the "Mormons," they proclaim  
their faith and their residence where-  
ever they go. Both are worthy of ac-  
knowledgment and defence. The principles  
that constitute the "Mormon"  
creed are glorious and divine. They  
have never been controverted. They  
are bulwarked and held up to ridicule  
but they are scriptural and true. And  
our city and State are admirable and  
worthy of praise, and any son or daugh-  
ter of Utah who is ashamed to own his  
home or his faith, is unworthy of either  
and is a coward or a knave. Utah, the  
land of Deseret, will yet shine among  
the stars that glitter in the galaxy of  
the Union as one of the first magni-  
tude, and those who honor her will be  
exalted, while those who defame and  
say they are ashamed of her will sink  
among the lowest of the low. "Utah  
we love thee!"

## THE ARCHBISHOP'S GREETING.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, in his  
address, Sunday, Sept. 25, on the Cathed-  
ral grounds at Mount St. Albans,  
Washington, spoke words of greeting  
to the American people, and the inter-  
est in his sermon is general through-  
out the country. His audience is es-  
timated at from 20,000 to 25,000, and  
among the notabilities present were  
Mrs. Roosevelt and the British am-  
bassador, Sir Henry Mortimer Durand,  
Mrs. Davidson, General and Mrs. Chaf-  
fee, Mrs. Hitchcock and Mrs. J. West  
Roosevelt.The message of the Archbishop to  
America was, briefly stated, this, that  
the knowledge we, in common with all  
English-speaking folks, have of true  
liberty is more than a heritage. It is a  
sacred trust, that must be used for the  
benefit of man. "For that reason," he  
said, "we want here, where the heart  
of your great nation throbs and sends  
its pulses through the whole, to keep  
raised overhead the banner of Him who  
has taught us these things, our Master,  
Jesus Christ."He further explained that our aim  
should be the bettering of people's  
lives; to make men purer and manlier;  
to uplift the weak and wayward, and  
to trample under foot what is selfish  
and impure; to make certain that every  
one of Christ's children shall learn to  
know the greatness of his heritage, and  
shall have an ideal before him, an en-  
nobling ideal of worship and of work.  
"Christ," he continued, "charges us  
with that; we are trusted to work for  
Him among those for whom He died.  
No other period of Christendom can be  
compared with ours in the possibilities  
which are set within our reach."This is true. The ideal set before us  
by the Redeemer is one of unselfish  
labor for the betterment of all mankind.  
But, unfortunately, the distinguished  
prelate did not tell the American people  
how this ideal is to be realized. Can  
it be reached, we may ask, without a  
complete overthrow of many now ex-  
isting institutions? That is the most  
important question. The world is con-  
scious of its ailments and defects. It  
has some idea of higher ideals. But  
how are these to be attained? What  
is the remedy against the sickness, and  
how is the medicine to be procured?  
What the patient is concerned about is,  
not so much the nature of the malady,  
as the infallible cure.The visit of the Archbishop to this  
country is an exceptional event, and it  
is very much appreciated, as an expres-  
sion of good will and brotherly love.  
But it seems to us that his message to  
the Americans emphasizes the need of  
an Elijah, or a John the Baptist, who  
is not afraid of laying the axe to the  
very root of the many evils that threat-  
en our religious, political, social, busi-  
ness, and every-day life. A prophet in  
sackcloth and ashes, would be more in  
keeping with the present, than one in  
gold and purple. At all events, one is  
needed who knows no master but the  
Lord, and who has implicit faith in  
Him, as had Peter, or Paul of old. The  
world will never be saved except  
through the instrumentality of such  
"men of God," who are not "of the  
world." They may preach apparently  
to no purpose; they may even lay  
down their lives for their testimony,  
as did the Prophet Joseph, but their  
labor is not in vain. It will bear abun-  
dant fruit in future ages, and for fu-  
ture generations. But for the work of  
such messengers, the Christian ideal  
would never be reached. It is through  
their testimony that the Son of Man  
will finally be crowned king in a uni-  
versal realm, in which legislative, ju-  
dicial, and administrative powers are  
exercised in accordance with eternal  
principles of truth and justice.

## SENATOR HOAR'S LEGACY.

Five years ago the now departed  
senator of Massachusetts summed up  
his political faith and named the ob-  
jects for which he thought the Ameri-  
can republic exists. According to an  
article in Collier's Weekly, the follow-  
ing obligations were, in his view the  
most sacred:1. To solve the negro problem. 2.  
To enable great cities to govern them-  
selves purely. 3. To purify the ballot  
and the elections. 4. To banish illiter-  
acy. 5. To secure for every workman  
and every working woman wages  
enough to support a life of comfort and  
an old age of leisure and quiet, as be-  
fits those who have an equal share in  
a self-governing state.Other articles of this political creed  
touched on expansion. His idea was  
that we should not strive to expand  
any faster than we could lead others  
to accept our ideals without compulsion.  
He is quoted as follows:"I believe that liberty, good govern-  
ment, free institutions, cannot be given  
by any one people to any other, but  
must be wrought out for each by itself,  
slowly, painfully, in the process of  
years or centuries, as the oak adds ring  
to ring. I believe that a republic is  
greater than an empire. I believe that  
the moral law and the golden rule are  
for nations as well as for individuals.  
I believe in George Washington; not in  
Napoleon Bonaparte; in the Whigs of  
the Revolutionary day, not in the Tories;  
in Chatham, Burke and Sam Adams,  
not in Dr. Johnson or Lord North."It is the characteristic of good men  
that they speak though they are no  
longer in the midst of the living, and  
here is an address that should long be  
heard by those who are called upon to  
guide the affairs of the nation. In the  
strict adherence to these principles will  
be found the solution of many a puzz-  
ling problem.

## IN THE INTEREST OF PEACE.

President Roosevelt has promised to  
issue an invitation to the nations of the  
world, to participate in a second peace  
congress. Some have considered the  
war now on in Asia as an obstacle to  
such a conference, but this view is not  
shared by those best qualified to judge  
of such matters. Sir Philip Stan-  
hope, the noted member of the British  
Parliament through whose efforts the  
recent commercial treaty between Eng-  
land and France was effected, and the  
Marquis de Sanguinetti are said to  
have hinted that the proposed peace  
congress might safely discuss the dis-  
putes between Russia and Japan, and  
that a plan of arbitration might be  
presented to the belligerents in order to  
prevent further bloodshed. If this is  
correct, there should be no delay in  
calling that conference. Both Russia  
and Japan are preparing for a long  
and sanguinary struggle. The trouble  
might be settled in peace, without fur-  
ther bloodshed, through the efforts of  
a council of nations.A report comes from Rome to the  
effect that the Italian premier, Giolitti,  
is about to meet the German chan-  
cellor, von Bismarck, for the purpose of  
discussing mediation. The Italian plan  
is to approach Russia, in conjunction with  
Great Britain, provided the support of  
the other members of the Triple Alli-  
ance can be secured. France, it is said,  
has been sounded and the views of the  
government ascertained.It appears from these rumors that  
the powers of Europe are about sick  
of the war in Asia, and willing to exert  
their influence for a speedy termina-  
tion of it. They should willingly, then,  
embrace an opportunity of holding an  
peace conference, for the discus-  
sion of the present situation and for  
the adoption of suggestions as to the  
preservation of peace for the future.

## A LAST STAB.

And so the Kaiser did not attend the  
funeral of Prince Herbert Bismarck.  
The son of the "iron chancellor" ex-  
pressed the wish on his deathbed that  
the Emperor be excluded from the cere-  
mony, and the Emperor kept away.  
That shows sufficiently that there had  
been no rapprochement between the  
imperial house and that of the chan-  
celor.At one time there was some talk in  
Germany of a "Bismarck dynasty." It  
was thought that the son would, as a  
matter of course, succeed the father,  
and the old chancellor, no doubt, in-  
dulged in some such dream. It was  
Bismarck who built the German em-  
pire and humbled all the neighboring  
states.But Bismarck fell in the twinkling of  
an eye. When he insisted upon the  
right to know what the young emperor  
talked about with his ministers, and  
added that if this did not meet the views  
of the Emperor, he would have to resign,  
he was quickly informed that his resig-  
nation would be accepted. And it was  
accepted. So the man of blood and iron  
retired to Friederichsruhe. Here he  
whiled away his remaining years in  
comparative idleness, hoping in vain  
to be recalled.The power had been wrenched from  
Bismarck and his son. The latter, it  
seems, died with the request not to let  
the Emperor attend his funeral. It is a  
sad ending to the history of Bismarck.The barbers have made a raise if not  
a stake.

D. B. Hill continues to be the most

prominent bachelor of arts in the coun-  
try.In politics might be few men dare do  
what is right and let the consequences  
follow.The New Liberal party may be not  
inaptly described as a joint and several  
affair.Young officers must learn that in af-  
fairs of the heart it is Corbin and  
not silence that gives comfort.Those who find fault with President  
Roosevelt's pension order forget that  
he is a doctor of laws.Jack Munroe says that he is willing  
to fight any man in his class. What  
is his class? Kindergarten or primary?Massachusetts will have to do some  
looking around to find as big a man as  
George F. Hoar was, to send to the  
Senate.All the candidates for the various  
offices having been named, old knives  
are being brought out and an edge put  
on them.Thus far in the campaign there has  
been less "pointing with pride" and  
"stewing with alarm" than usual. It is  
a good sign.The Japanese have been driving in  
the Russian outposts near Mukden. The  
outposts should be ashamed to be like  
dumb, driven cattle.Superintendent of Schools Maxwell of  
New York advocates giving free meals  
to the pupils of the free schools. Why  
not? This is a free country.The lost torpedoes in San Francisco  
have been found. Don't let any more  
go away or there may have to be an  
investigation into the loss of some ship.The barbers held a secret session last  
night to consider the raise in prices,  
but refused to talk. A barber refusing  
to talk is one of the most unusual  
occurrences in human experience.J. J. Hill predicts the smallest corn  
crop in seven years. Does he mean  
that it is the end of seven years of  
plenty to be followed by seven lean  
years?

## ON RELIGIOUS TOPICS.

The Christian Register.  
During the vocation season just  
passed, the duties of Bishop Potter  
have furnished a welcome subject for  
discussion. So far as the bishop's  
approval of an effort to mitigate some  
of the horrors of dram-selling are con-  
cerned, we were surprised that so many  
should consider it a novelty of appar-  
ent audacity. The plan has been  
naturalized in England, and meets the  
approval of the archbishop of Canter-  
bury, the head of the English church.  
The plan will probably fail because  
it seems to depend upon the good will  
of men who will prefer to get their al-  
coholic supplies elsewhere. Two other  
questions have been raised, namely,  
was it well to conduct a religious ser-  
vice in such a place, and has a bishop  
a right, in his official capacity, to do  
anything that he might have a perfect  
right to do as an unofficial citizen? If  
religion was invited into a saloon to be  
made a cloak for nefarious designs, it  
was a blunder on the part of a minis-  
ter of religion to accept the invitation.  
If he and they who were conducting  
the enterprise believed they were doing  
places where a bishop cannot appear  
with dignity and with good effect, and  
this seems to be one of them.

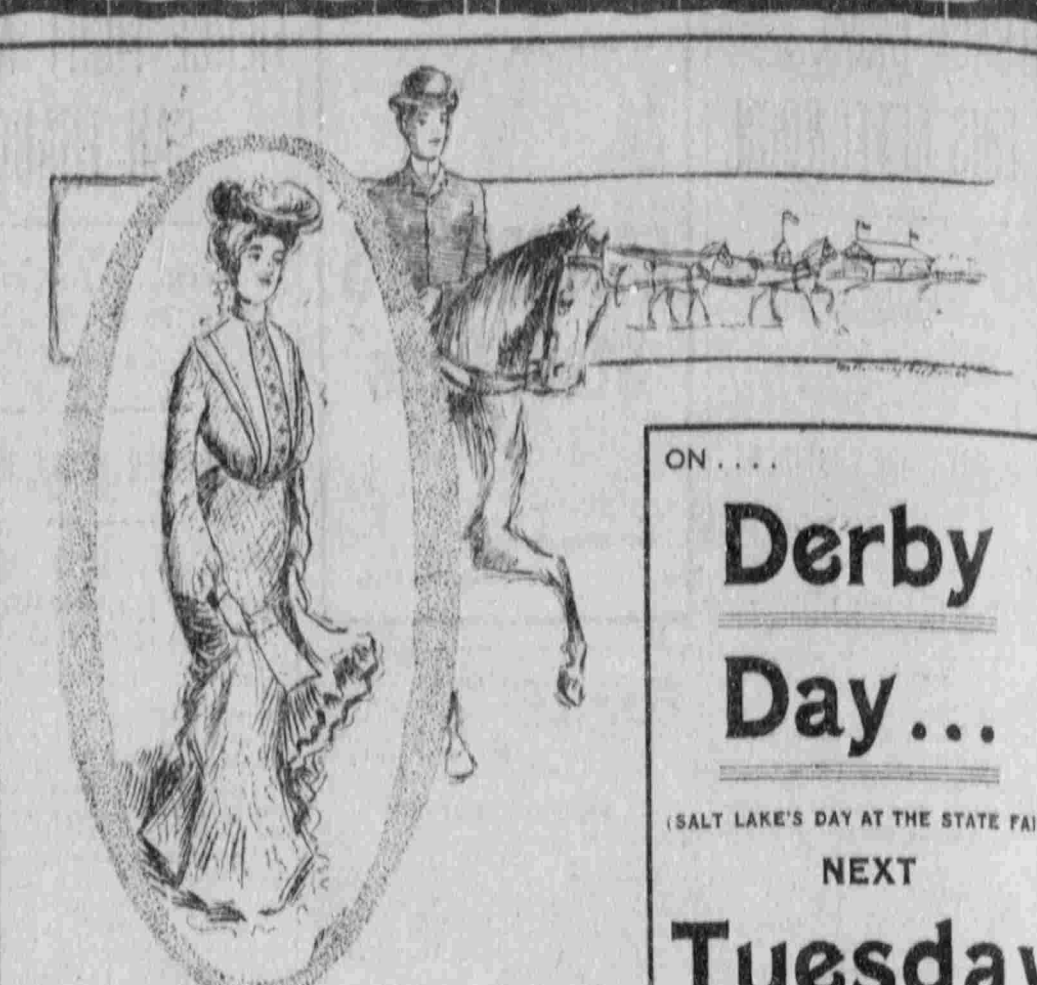
## Springfield Republican.

A divorced woman was married to a  
new husband at the clergy house of  
St. Patrick's cathedral, New York City,  
Wednesday. This was because the man  
from whom she obtained her divorce  
was not "a baptized Christian" when  
they were married; and in the eyes of  
the Roman church there was no mar-  
riage, nothing but a civil contract.  
This was decided by the ecclesiastical  
court of the archdiocese. It is a pretty  
bit of casuistry.

## The Churchman.

The more the achievements of a di-  
vided Christianity are subjected to im-  
partial investigation, rendering due ac-  
count of its record of energy and ac-  
tivity, the more certain will be the  
conviction that if no longer repre-  
sents the best aspirations in the life  
of present-day America. Fortunately,  
good citizenship is not secured because  
of, but in spite of the principles of re-  
ligious discord. Moreover, the impli-  
cations of logic are not widely ap-  
preciated. It would be impossible even to  
realize in the imagination what kind  
of a civil community would exist if the  
assumptions of a sectarian Christianity  
were given a wide application. Some of  
the most permanently useful achieve-  
ments of the Christian church are now  
appropriated by the state, while the  
churches are left the large portion of the  
failures of the past. That they are  
breaking down under this burden is not  
surprising, for the common intelligence  
of mankind will not always believe in  
the mission of Jesus Christ can be ful-  
filled by rival organizations who only  
maintain peace among themselves by  
anti-fraternal indifference.

## Springfield News.

It is not a pleasant thing for the min-  
istry or the church to admit that the  
gulf between them and the outsiders,  
the unbelievers, if you will, is growing  
wider and deeper each year. The out-  
siders distrust the church and the  
ministry; they are drifting into social-  
ism and infidelity, or what is worse,  
into no belief at all. The poor do not  
feel at home in the church, and they  
are not attending. The seats are sold  
to the membership and belong to them.  
The stiffness and chill of the modern  
church strikes to the bone.


ON . . .

# Derby Day...

(SALT LAKE'S DAY AT THE STATE FAIR.)

NEXT

# Tuesday

Salt Lake Will Naturally Want to Appear at Its Best.

THE BIG, RELIABLE STORE CAN SUPPLY YOUR EVERY NEED, AND we cater especially to those who desire to practice true economy by purchasing LADIES' AND MISSES' SUITS AND COSTUMES, MILLINERY, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY AND NOTIONS, MEN'S, BOYS' AND GIRLS' CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS AND SHOES FOR ALL, that are strictly in keeping with sensible modern styles—not gaudy or faddish—that will stand the test of WEAR, and that are LOWER-PRICED than any other concern could furnish such reliable goods for. We are not continually offering "bait" in the way of imaginary cut prices on one or two articles, but year in and year out, adhere to the policy which has made Z. C. M. I. famous—"ALWAYS supply RELIABLE goods at the LOWEST PRICES at which such goods can be sold for, from a legitimate mercantile standpoint." And when we have occasion to close out certain lines of goods, it is done in an honest way, by giving genuine REDUCTIONS from REGULAR selling prices. It isn't necessary for us to continually advise the people that our advertising statements are true—our policy during the past 36 years is well known by our thousands of patrons and new ones soon learn our liberal methods by testing them.

## CONFERENCE SALE!

... FOR ONE WEEK ...

Visit our Linen and Staple Department and get the best values for your money which we have ever before offered. No other store can name such prices as we will give you the benefit of, for goods which are standard, reliable and needed by most people every day in the year. We have what you want and you will receive the best attention. Following are only a few of our big bargains for Conference week in Table Linens, Bleach Muslin, Domestic, Calicos, Outing Flannels, Quilts, Blankets, Dress Goods, etc., etc.:

Bleached and Unbleached Table Damask, 72 in. wide, reg. price 75c, sale,	50c	We have a very large assortment of Cotton Blankets which we are offering at remarkably low prices:	
Hope Bleach Muslin, regular price 10c, sale,	7½c	Large size 12-4 Blanket, regular price \$2.00, sale,	\$1.65
Storm King Bleach Muslin, regular price 8½c, sale,	6½c	Medium size 11-4 Blanket, regular price \$1.25, sale,	85c
Goodhue Bleach Muslin, regular price 6½c, sale,	5½c	Small size 10-4 Blanket, regular price 85c, sale,	68c
Dog's Head heavy Domestic, regular price 10c, sale,	8½c	We have the largest and most complete line of Quilts that we have ever carried, and in this sale we will offer a Quilt that we sell regularly at \$3.50 for \$2.50 and \$2.50 at \$1.85—greater bargains than we have ever offered before.	
Pepprell Fine Domestic, regular price 9c, sale,	7½c	A large and choice line of Wool and Cotton Mixed Dress Goods, suitable for fall and winter wear, in Cashmere, Serge, Brocades and Plaids, ranging in price from 17½c to 50c per yard. This week we will offer them at 12½c to 30c.	
L. L. Domestic, regular price 6½c, sale,	4½c		

These are less than they can be bought by the bolt at any other time, but we place no limitation on the number of yards.

Colored Outing Flannels, heavy and good; cheaper than bolt prices—8½c per yard.

## KID GLOVE SPECIALS.

Women's fine over-seam Kid Gloves (warranted real kid) with Foster's hook fastening; our regular price \$1.50, to close the line, all colors and sizes, offer same at \$1.00	\$1.00
Women's Street Gloves in all colors and sizes, Paris embroidery, worth \$1.35. Special for week	1.00
Women's fine Suede Gloves in Modes, Greys, Pearls and Clair only, all sizes; regular price \$1.75, in sale	1.25

DRESS GOODS	MILLINERY	NEW SILKS
TABLE NO. 1 FIGURED WOOL DRESS GOODS that sell regularly from 50c to 60c per yard, at	TABLE NO. 2 FIGURED WOOL DRESS GOODS that sell regularly at 50c to \$1.00 a yard, at	For Conference visitors we will place on sale an elegant line of FANCY SILK for SHIRT WAIST SUITS, selling regularly at 75c, at
35c	\$2.95 Hats, all colors, \$3.95 Hats, all colors, \$5.00	45c

## CARPET DEPARTMENT SPECIALS

All Wool Extra Super Carpets, were 75c, now, yard	60c	1-2 Wool Union Super Carpets, were 57½c, now, yard	45c
Cotton Ghain Super Carpets, were 65c, now, yard	51c	10 Pr. Cotton Carpets, were 50c, now, yard	40c

Liberal Discount on Linoleums and Floor Oil Cloths. Great Bargains in Lace Curtains. Wholesale prices on Fur and Smyrna Rugs.

## SHOES AND MEN'S CLOTHING!

New, fresh and correct to the minutest detail, and perfectly in accord with the season.

Continues One More Week The steady throngs from morning until night, desirous of testing the merits of the great Health Drink, KNEIPP MALT COFFEE, makes it absolutely necessary to continue the great demonstration one more week, from Monday, Oct. 3rd, to Saturday, Oct. 8th. But don't delay! After Oct. 8th the "glad tidings of great joy" must be carried to the people of other cities who may desire to use a pure, invigorating health-producing drink instead of a stimulating, poisonous drink which gradually tears down the system. Come! Taste! Investigate! One more week only!

# Z. C. M. I.

Utah's Greatest Department Store.

## Special Conference Prices.

## WOOLEY! WOOL! WOOLENS!

Ladies' fine flannel waists worth \$1.00	40c	Men's heavy undershirt or drawers	40c
Ladies' collars, assorted styles, worth 25c	5c	If you want anything in WOOL, call on us, we are headquarters for everything you need for fall and winter at right prices. Give us an opportunity and we will treat you well.	
Ladies' Black-Silkline waists worth 90c	50c	All kinds of heavy knitted garments, \$1.00 up.	
Men's woolen half hose, worth 25c	15c		
Men's cotton half hose, closing out assortment	10c		

## WOOLEY! WOOL! WOOLENS!

Cutler Bros. Co., 36 Main Street.