RAILROADS

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Magnificent Dining and Restaurant Cars.

$40,000 Expended by this Company in

A. M. SMITH, Gen. Passenger Ag't. 6314

U. P. R. R.

UNTIL further notice trains will leave and arrive at Ogden daily as follows:

LEAVE.
Daily Express ..... 8 a.m.
Mixed ..... 4 p.m.
Freight ..... 8 a.m.

ARRIVE.
Daily Express ..... 6 p.m.
Mixed ..... 10 a.m.
Freight ..... 5 p.m.

Daily connections made in Union Depot with Central Pacific R. R. and with Contra road for Salt Lake City and points in Southern Utah.

At Bryan with trains for Evanston.

At Cheyenne with Denver road for Denver, Central City, Georgetown and all points in Colorado and Nebraska.

At Omaha with Chicago and Northwestern, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Illinois and Mo. River in Nebr., Kansas Pac., St. Joseph and Council Bluffs railroads, and Missouri River line of steamers for all points East and South.

Tickets for sale to all points East. Baggage checked through. Sleeping Car Tickets to Salt Lake City, also at Union Pacific R. R. Ticket Office in Ogden, at which office sleeping car berths can be secured.

E. L. KINKEAD, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
H. M. CLARK, Gen'l Supt.

Through Cars to Washington City

THE GREAT FORT WAYNE AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY LINE

RUN THE CELEBRATED PULLMAN PALACE CARS FROM Chicago to Baltimore AND WASHINGTON CITY, Without Change.

3 TRAINS DAILY TO PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK & BOSTON.

2 Trains Daily to BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON

Ask for Tickets via Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania Central R. R. Tickets can be obtained at all regular Railroad Ticket Offices in the West and the Company's Office, West Madison St. and at Depot, Kinzie and Van Buren Streets, Chicago.

F. MYLES, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.

CITY LIQUOR STORE,

IMPORTED ALE, PORTER, CLARET, Cordials & Genuine Old Cognac Brandies, Choicest Wines and Kentucky Whiskies that can be obtained for the money. Call and examine our Goods and Prices.

MORTON & TAYLOR, First South Street, Two Doors East of Godbe's Corner.

GENEALOGICAL

To Latter-day Saints who are interested in Genealogical Research:

By and with the consent of my patrons, I have procured the services of a competent person to obtain the genealogies of families from those who might prefer my aid. During my recent visit to the East I made arrangements with the proper authorities whereby I will be able to obtain, in a few weeks, the genealogies of families whose ancestors have died within the last three hundred years, and in some instances much further back than that, if the records can be found. Persons who may desire to avail themselves of my services in this direction will please leave their orders at my office, Nos. 70 and 72 East First South Street, Salt Lake City.

N. S. COLTRIN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. AUERBACH & BRO., 55 East Temple St., SALT LAKE CITY.

FIRST IN THE FIELD!

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING.

NEW DRESS GOODS, at 10c., 12½c., 15c., 20c. per yard.
" BLACK ALPACAS, 20c. per yard.
" PIQUES, 25c per yard.
" ELEGANT BOURETTES, for Pelonaise and Suits, at $1.25, worth $1.75 per yard.
" STRIPED SPRING SILKS, 75c per yard.
" QUADRILLE SPRING SILKS, 90c per yard.
" NAVY BLUE SPRING SILK, $1.25 per yard.
" CHOICE BLACK SILKS, from 85c. to $3.

Novelties in Lace

" of Various Kinds.
" EMBROIDERIES, White and Colored.
" LADIES' TIES AND BOWS.
" SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.
" LACE DO.
" RUCHINGS.
" LACE RIBS.
" LACE SETS.
" GALOON TRIMMINGS.
" CHENILLE FRINGES.
" DRESS BUTTONS.
" INFANTS' CLOAKS.
" OPERA SHAWLS.
" ELEGANT 4-BUTTON KID GLOVES at $1.50.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY.

NOVELTIES IN TRIMMING SILKS.
NOVELTIES IN RIBBONS.
NOVELTIES IN ORNAMENTS.
NOVELTIES IN SHAPES.
NOVELTIES IN HATS, Etc., Etc.

New Notions, New White Goods.

OUR WINTER GOODS Must be closed out to make room for SPRING GOODS.

OUR STOCK OF STAPLE GOODS Just received and bought at Bottom Prices is Complete and Choice.

NEW CLOTHING Of choice styles, for boys from 3 to 15 years, and from 15 to 25 years.

YOUTHS' CLOTHING from 15 to 20 years, very low in prices for the superior quality, make and fit.

OUR STOCK OF Gents' Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gents' Boots & Gaiters, Gents' & Boys' Hats, Etc., Etc. Is now on the way and will be offered at prices to meet the sharpest competition.

WHOLESALE BUYERS will do well to call and look through our Stock for mutual advantage. We show Goods and quote Prices with pleasure.

ESTABLISHED 1868.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

THE BIBLE AND POLYGAMY.

An Authenticated Phonographic and Verbatim Report of the Celebrated

DISCUSSION

BETWEEN

Prof. Orson Pratt

AND

Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman

On the Subject,

DOES THE BIBLE SANCTION POLYGAMY?

held in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, on the 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th, 1870.

To which is added the discussion proper, in the discussion between the Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman and President Brigham Young. Also

DR. NEWMAN'S MARGINAL END

EDITED BY

President Geo. A. Smith and Elder Orson Pratt and Geo. Q. Cannon.

PRICE - 50 Cents

The above is now ready for delivery, in handsome paper covers, at the Deseret News Office.

Sent by mail on receipt of price.

LAWS

CONCERNING

Naturalization. Citizenship. Elections

Supervisors of Elections

AND

United States Marshal at Elections,

In Pamphlet Form.

Price Fifteen Cents,

TWO COPIES 25 CENTS.

FOR SALE AT THE

DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

SHEET MUSIC!

We are constantly receiving

New Music,

AS FAST AS IT IS ISSUED FROM THE PRESS.

And daily order such pieces as not in stock. Sheet Music sent to all parts of the Territories at Publisher's prices.

THE MUSICAL

PublicationS

Oliver Ditson & Co., N. Y.

Strakosch's Hotel, Schermer, Peters and others, always on Hand.

CALDER & CARELESS

MOUNTAIN WARBLER!

EVENING NEWS,

Friday March 22, 1878.

THE MAILS AGAIN.

SANPETE, March 11th, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

As the last resource, we ask of you to give the following a place in your honorable paper, hoping that it may be noticed by the parties concerned, and that those whose special business it is to rectify or remedy wrongs of this nature will attend to it as the matter requires.

For more than three years has this community been annoyed and imposed upon to an extreme by the negligence of the mail contractors. Not only has the mail arrived at different offices many hours behind time, but in a great number of instances we have had no mail whatever. We have reason to believe that after so many complaints to the special agent, and yet nothing done, there must be a cause, and that it ought to be closely investigated, so that the people may enjoy their rights.

We have been informed that a certain party in this county reported the failures to the agent, who in return sought to blame the postmaster rather than the contractor. We wonder whether the Post-office Department neglects to inform the agents of the fact that the postmasters are called upon to receive distributes and then attend to the mails in their offices, than to carry them. Further, we have also been informed by reliable parties that the agent referred to above, had promised in writing, to visit this line in March a year ago, on purpose to set the matter straight; but this promised duty forgotten, as we have not heard of his fulfilling the promise.

To conclude, we hope that the future may be better than the past, and that the Sanpete and Sevier Counties daily may increase in strength, and spread so that it may reach the central and southern townships of the first named county before the foreign news has reached us by ox teams.

SCRIBE & EXTRAS.

PROVO CITY ITEMS.

Editors Deseret News:

Provo is a beautiful city and order prevails among the citizens. I am well pleased to see the corporation authorities doing their best to suppress the liquor traffic here. O how blessed we are after getting rid of the saloons, the dens of Satan, so different it is to walk the streets of a sober "Mormon" city, like Provo, than walking through the drunken towns of the world.

The work of the Lord is progressing here, the Saints are united and willing to assist in the building up of the kingdom. The first ward is going to build a great brick meeting house which will be commenced at once. We are also going to have a public hall very soon; we are now obliged to have our concerts, exhibitions and public meetings in the Brigham Young Academy, which place was intended only for educational purposes and not as a place of amusement. A committee has been formed and is now planning for the erection of the new hall; it has been decided to get a splendid building which will cost about $13,000, in shares. The Young Men and Young Ladies' M. I. Associations of this city gave an excellent social ball on Saturday evening last; in the Academy Hall; every thing was carried on in good order, and the ball proved to be a grand success.

The Provo Woolen Factory hands are now idle. The mill does not run for the want of wool since the middle of February. I heard from good authority that it will resume operations about the first of May. The factory worked well during the last summer, and I believe it will do the same in future under the able management of Brother Dunn, the superintendent.

BRUTUS.

March 18th, 1878.

NO FENCE LAW.

ST. JOHNS, March, 19, 1878.

Editors Deseret News:

The fence question is still a matter of considerable discussion in Tooele County. It is strange though; the stock man does not like to be responsible for the damages his animals will do on his neighbor's premises whether said premises be protected by fence or not; too much work to look after his own property. But I do not hesitate a second in making the assertion that the stock man does not stop a moment to consider and reason the matter within himself, or he would go like an honorable man and take care of his cattle. For instance, we say two men start out to enter land, one a stock man and the other an agriculturist. The latter of the soil sows his grain on his land of course, which will remain on the same ground that he puts it, until the crop is harvested, and will molest no one. On the other hand the stock man (as he terms himself, far from being worthy of the term) turns his stock out, and in a few minutes they are on his neighbors' grain or land, because some western stock raisers are never known to provide anything for their stock, but depend entirely on Providence and their agricultural neighbors for their provender. Which of the two is the intruder? The intruder is the one that ought to fence. It would be just as reasonable for a man with a thousand dollars to insist on his poor neighbor to buy him a safe to keep his money, as to make the one that tills the soil fence against the stock man's cattle. I do not wish to be understood to advocate a farm without a fence, a farmer cannot live comfortable without a fence, and every thriving farmer will fence as quick as he can. And it is the hight of tyranny in any person or persons that will cast their vote to deter a man that wants to raise his bread that he can not do so, because he cannot fence against their stock. Fencing is a hard, laborious, expensive work, especially when a man has nothing of his own to fence against, and no capital to do it with, as the most of us have been. But we ought to consider that the land of Utah is taken up. Sunshine material is pretty well used up, the poor are emigrating homeward in search of homes, and it is better that we will do by letting them have all the land they want of each, as we did not want. The rather complain of the Legislature dividing into agricultural. In my opinion they were just one-third short of that. Others grumble that they have to come to the no fence law. To such there is no such law; they can fence all they have a mind to, that is of their own land and reap the benefit of the same.

E. T. A.

NOTICE.

ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 18 City Hall, Salt Lake City.

To all Persons owing City Taxes:

I RESPECTFULLY call your attention to the new ordinance now in force "To Provide for Assessing and Collecting City Taxes."

I am prepared to take immediate steps to collect all taxes now due. Those who wish to save cost and avoid their property being advertised for sale, should pay the same to me, as I have advertised my intention to do so.

JOHN R. WINDER, City Assessor and Collector, Salt Lake City.

AN ORDINANCE

To Provide For Assessing and Collecting City Taxes.

Section 1. *Be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City,* That there is hereby directed to be assessed and collected annually, beginning with the year 1878, an *ad valorem* tax on all property within the limits of Salt Lake City, Corporation, made taxable by the laws of the Territory of Utah, for the following named purposes, to wit: Not to exceed five mills on the dollar to defray the contingent expenses of the city, not to exceed five mills on the dollar to open, improve, and keep in repair the streets of the city; not to exceed one and a quarter mills on the dollar to control the water of said city.

Section 2. All property, real and personal, situate and being in this city, is taxable, except:

First. Property owned by the United States;

Second. Bonds and other obligations of the United States;

Third. Property owned by this city, by Salt Lake County, by Utah Territory or by any school district;

Fourth. Houses and other buildings and land occupied for public worship, owned by any religious denomination, so long as the same are used for public worship, and no income is derived therefrom; but this subdivision does not include the residence of the minister, parsonage, or other person attendant upon such denomination;

Fifth. Property owned by any scientific, charitable or benevolent society, so long as such property and the income that may be derived therefrom, are used exclusively for the public good;

Sixth. Public libraries, and libraries of literary and scientific associations, when no income is derived therefrom;

Seventh. Private libraries and libraries of professional persons, not exceeding three hundred dollars in value;

Eighth. Public squares and public grounds used for amusement and pleasure, when no income is derived therefrom;

Ninth. Shares of stock in corporations when the property of the corporation is taxable;

Tenth. Cemeteries and graveyards used for interring the dead;

Eleventh. Property owned by any fire or military company, when used only for the public good, and no income is derived therefrom; mining claims and the products of mines and the ore in the mines.

Section 3. Property other than money, shall be assessed at a fair cash valuation. Money loaned, on hand, or on deposit, shall be assessed at its legal value. Real estate shall be listed as real estate, and personal property shall be listed as personal property. From credits taxable under this ordinance, debts due and owing by the party to be assessed shall be deducted in listing and assessing.

Section 4. Shares of stock in national banks shall be listed and assessed to the shareholders. Shares of stock in corporations other than national banks, when the same are taxable, money and taxable bonds, shall be listed and assessed to the shareholder, moneyholder, or bondholder. Property held in trust by an executor, administrator or other trustee, shall be listed to such executor, administrator or trustee.

Section 5. Property shall be assessed to the owner, if known; if the owner be unknown then to an unknown owner. The tax shall attach to and constitute a lien on the property assessed, from the day of assessment. If the taxpayer own both real estate and personal taxable property, the tax on the personal property shall also be a lien on the real estate; for such and every case the lien shall be paramount to all other liens whatsoever, and it shall not be removed therefrom until the tax is paid, or until the title vests thereto, under a sale thereof, by virtue of proceedings to enforce payment of the tax.

Section 6. In assessing real estate it shall be referred to with reasonable certainty, as to locality and quantity; it shall be sufficient to give the number of the lot, block and plat, and on other lands, the approximate area within the section, or other legal sub-division.

Section 7. The property, real and personal, of corporations shall be assessed, and the tax collected to the same extent as if such property were owned by individuals.

Section 8. In all cases where a railroad, owned by any person, partnership, firm, company or corporation, shall be located and constructed in this city, the real and personal property appertaining thereto, shall be assessed in the same manner as other property. The president or other officer of such company or corporation, shall, on demand, give to the assessor a statement containing a description of such road, and the real and personal property appertaining thereto, within the city, with the fair cash value thereof. Also the number of locomotives and cars of every description, commonly known as rolling stock, and their fair cash value; the whole length of said road, and the length of that portion thereof in this city, and an apportionment of the valuation of such rolling stock to this city, the same to be estimated according to the proportion to which the portion of said road, in this city, bears to the whole length of said road.

Section 9. In all cases when the property of a corporation is to be assessed, the assessor shall issue a written notice to the president, secretary, superintendent, or person in charge of the property of such corporation, that an assessment is to be made, requiring such president, secretary, superintendent, or person in charge of said property, to make a statement, upon his oath or affirmation, of the real and personal property of such corporation, situate or being in this city, and deliver the same within ten days from date of said notice. It shall be sufficient to deposit said notice in the postoffice, postage prepaid, directed to such corporation at the place where it keeps its principal office or place of business.

Section 10. The assessor and collector before entering upon his duties, shall take and subscribe an oath of office, and give bonds, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties thereof, which bonds shall be approved by the City Council and be filed with the city recorder.

Section 11.—The assessor and collector is hereby empowered to administer oaths in the discharge of his official duties, and may require persons to give a statement of their taxable property under oath, and he is hereby authorized, when necessary, to appoint one or more deputies, for whose official acts he shall be responsible; and they shall qualify and give bonds with good and sufficient securities to said assessor and collector, to be approved by him and filed with the city recorder.

Section 12.—The assessor may, when he deems it necessary, leave with the person to be assessed, or at his residence or place of business, a blank form of the assessment list—and, with corporations, firms or associations suitable forms—requiring the tax payer to fill out and return the same to the assessor within ten days from date of service; and any person, corporation, firm or association furnished with said blanks therefor, and neglecting to comply with the requirements of the assessor, or who shall make any false statement therefor, or be liable to a fine not to exceed ninety-nine dollars for each and every such neglect. If any person shall willfully and knowingly make a false list to the assessor, or make a false statement of his property or of property under his control, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be fined in any sum not to exceed ninety-nine dollars, or imprisoned in the city jail, not exceeding one hundred days, or both. The city recorder shall furnish to the assessor suitable books, conveniently ruled and headed for designating the property to be assessed, which shall constitute the assessment roll.

Section 13.—On or before the first monday in April in each year, the assessor shall ascertain by diligent inquiry and examination, all property in this city, real and personal, subject to taxation, also so far as practicable, the names of all persons, corporations, companies or firms owning, claiming or having the possession or control thereof, and shall determine the fair cash value of such property, and shall so list and assess the same to the person, firm, corporation, association or company owning or having the possession, charge or control thereof, and make returns to the city council: But the time for making returns may be extended or additions made thereto by order of the council. No assessment of property or charge for taxes or assessments thereon shall be considered illegal on account of any irregularity or informality in the tax list or assessment rolls, or on account of the assessment rolls or the tax list not being made, completed or returned within the time required by law, or on account of the property having been charged or listed in the assessment or list, in any other name than that of the rightful owner, and no error or informality in the proceedings of any of the officers entrusted with the assessment and collection of taxes, not affecting the substantial justice of the tax or assessment itself, shall vitiate or in any way affect the tax or assessment.

Section 14. The City Council shall on the return of the assessment roll, appoint a time to hear complaints (if any), and determine the assessor and collector's compensation; also determine the rate per cent. of the city tax for the current year. The recorder shall, within twenty days after the receipt of the assessment roll, set the amount of tax in the proper column, opposite the name or description of property, and furnish the assessor and collector with said assessment roll. On receipt of the assessment roll from the recorder, the collector shall furnish to each taxpayer, or leave at his residence or usual place of business (if known), a notice of the amount of tax assessed against him, and where and when payable, and return said assessment roll to the City Council.

Section 15. The City Council shall constitute a board of equalization, and shall have power to determine all complaints made in regard to the assessed value of any property, and may change and correct any valuation, either by adding thereto or deducting therefrom, and if the board of equalization shall find it necessary to add to the assessed valuation of any property on the assessment roll, they shall direct the recorder to give notice to the persons interested, by letter, postage prepaid, deposited in the post office, or otherwise, naming the day when they shall act in that case, and allowing a reasonable time for such party to appear.

Section 16. During the sessions of the board, the assessor may be present, and shall have liberty to make any statement touching questions before the board. The board may remit or abate the taxes of any insane, idiotic, infirm or indigent person to an amount not exceeding five dollars for the current year. During the session, or as soon as possible after the adjournment of the board of equalization, the recorder shall enter upon said assessment roll all the changes and corrections made by the board and furnish the assessor and collector with a correct copy of said roll, and file the original with the office records.

Section 17. On receipt of the assessment roll from the recorder, the collector shall proceed to collect the taxes, and pay the amount collected into the city treasury, monthly, or oftener if required. If any person neglect or fail to pay his taxes on or before the 31st day of October, in the year the taxes are assessed, it shall be the duty of the collector to levy upon enough taxable personal property of the taxpayer, to pay the taxes and costs, and proceed to sell the same in the manner hereinafter mentioned. Before making said sale, he shall give the owner, if known, and an inhabitant of the city, a notice in writing of the time and place of sale; he shall also cause public notice to be given, not less than ten nor more than forty days, of the time, place and kind of property to be sold, by posting up said notice in not less than three public places, in the vicinity; if real estate is to be sold, one of said notices must be posted up on the premises. When personal taxable property of a delinquent taxpayer is not found by the collector, or if found, is insufficient in amount to pay his taxes and costs, then the collector is also authorized to levy upon and sell any real estate belonging, or assessed to, such delinquent taxpayer. The property of non-residents or persons unknown, shall not be sold for taxes without giving notice of such sale by advertising at least five times in some newspaper published in the Territory, commencing at least twenty days previous to date of sale. The collector shall be entitled, as costs, to the same fees as a sheriff or constable for like services. The collector is hereby authorized and empowered to collect taxes at the rate per cent. of the previous year, at any time after the property has been assessed, in all cases where he has reasonable grounds for supposing that such property will be removed from the city previous to the regular time for collecting. Whenever property shall be sold for taxes, the amount, if any, remaining over and above the tax and costs shall be paid into the city treasury, subject to the order of the person whose property was sold.

Section 18. When real estate is sold for taxes, the collector shall issue a certificate to the purchaser, reciting substantially the facts of the non-payment of the tax, levy upon, advertisement and sale of said real estate, which certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts therein recited; a duplicate of such certificate shall be filed by the collector in the office of the recorder of the county; *Provided*, that if at such sale no person bid and pay the collector the amount of tax required to be paid as aforesaid on any real estate, the collector shall make to Salt Lake City corporation a certificate similar to that given to other purchasers, and such sale to the city shall have the same effect as if made to an individual.

Section 19. Real estate sold for taxes as aforesaid may be redeemed by any person interested therein, at any time within two years after the date of the sale thereof, by such person paying in to the city treasury, for the use of the purchaser or his legal representatives, the amount paid by such purchaser, and all costs, as aforesaid, with interest at the rate of one and one-half per cent. per month, on the whole from the day of sale to that of the redemption, and all taxes that have accrued thereon and which have been paid by the purchaser after his purchase to the time of redemption.

Section 20. Money paid into the treasury in redemption of real estate, purchased at a tax sale, and to which money such purchaser or his assignee is entitled, shall be paid to him by the treasurer, upon his applying therefor and producing the duplicate certificate of the purchase or a copy thereof certified by the recorder, and endorsing thereon a receipt for the amount.

Section 21. If any property, sold as aforesaid, be not redeemed within the time, and in the manner aforesaid, on presentation of the collector's certificate, the recorder shall make out and deliver a deed therefor, conveying the same to the individual purchaser, assignee, or city, as the case may be; which deed shall recite, substantially, the amount of the tax, the year for which it was assessed, the day and year of the sale, the amount for which the real estate was sold, a full description thereof and the name of the purchaser, assignee or city, as the case may be, and when attested by the corporate seal such deed shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts recited therein.

Section 22. Whenever the collector shall furnish satisfactory proof to the City Council that he has exhausted all the taxable property, real and personal, of any delinquent tax payer, the auditor shall credit the collector with the amount of the tax of such delinquent remaining unpaid.

Section 23. It shall be the duty of the auditor to keep an account with the assessor and collector, debiting him with the amount of tax assessed, and crediting him with the amount paid into the city treasury, the amount remitted, and compensation allowed him for his services.

Section 24. Whenever any tax is paid in full to the collector, he shall mark the word "paid" on the tax roll opposite the name of the tax-payer, and shall give a receipt therefor.

Section 25. On or before the thirty-first day of December in each year, the collector shall settle with the auditor and make full payments into the city treasury for all taxes due. If any tax shall remain unpaid to the collector on the said thirty-first day of December, the collector shall have, in his own individual right, a right of action, the same as on express contract for the direct payment of money, against each delinquent. And no property of such delinquent shall be exempt from execution on a judgment in such cases.

Section 26. Whenever the terms mentioned in this section are employed in this ordinance, they are employed in the senses hereinafter affixed to them, except where a different sense plainly appears:

First. The term person, when applicable, includes firm, partnership, joint stock company, association and corporation;

Second. Words in the singular number may include the plural, and words in the masculine may include the feminine;

Third. The term property includes both real estate and personal property, as hereinafter defined;

Fourth. The term personal property includes money and all other property, tangible and intangible, except real property;

Fifth. The term intangible property includes shares of stock in corporations and in joint stock companies and taxable bonds;

Sixth. The term real property includes land, land claims, and all improvements thereon;

Seventh. The term real estate includes the ownership of, or claim to, or possession of, or right of possession to, any real property in this city;

Eighth. The term writing, and written, includes printing and printed, and the term printing, and printed, includes writing and written.

Section 27. All ordinances heretofore passed in relation to assessing and collecting city taxes, superseded by or in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed; *Provided*, always, that such repeal shall not affect, or in any wise impair any right accruing or any liability, forfeiture or penalty incurred under such repealed ordinances or affect any suit, prosecution or proceeding begun or pending previous to the said repeal; but all rights, forfeitures, liabilities or penalties incurred under said ordinances may be enforced the same as if such repeal had not been made, nor shall such repeal affect the right to any office or change the term or tenure thereof; and the assessor and collector now in office is hereby authorized and empowered to assess and collect the city taxes for 1878 under the provisions of this ordinance. All delinquent taxes due and remaining unpaid on the 1st day of April, 1878, shall be collected of the persons assessed in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, by the collector.

Passed March 12th, 1878.

FERAMORZ LITTLE, Mayor.
JOHN T. CAINE, City Recorder.

Territory of Utah, Salt Lake City. } ss.

I, John T. Caine, Recorder of Salt Lake City, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to provide for assessing and collecting city taxes," passed by the City Council of Salt Lake City, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1878, as appears of record in my office.

(SEAL.) In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the corporate seal of Salt Lake City, this 14th day of March A. D., 1878.

JOHN T. CAINE, City Recorder.

DAVID JAMES, HOUSES

PLUMBER, TINNER, Steam and Gas Fitter,

Respectfully announces that he has opened the survey for the Territory of W. H. Warnock's law patents.

Steam Warming Apparatus,

Manufactured under S. J. Gold's patents. Also Gold's

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Persons wishing to warm up Churches, Public Buildings, Stores, Private residences by either Steam or hot air will find it to their interests to correspond with me on the subject.

A full line of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters' Goods kept in stock. Ramsey's Pumps and Pump Entres on hand.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE

WEST TEMPLE ST.,

Opposite City Meat Markets.

JOB WORK.

TOM BARKER,

CUTLER, LOCK AND GUNSMITH

KNIVES SHARPENED, STOVES REPAIRED, GUNS REPAIRED, STOCKED, ETC.

COMMERCIAL STREET.

BUILDING ROCK.

White Sandstone For Sale,

One and a half miles north of Warm Springs, good road, $2.00 per cord, also

Of the very best quality.

HACKETT BROS., Evanston.

SIERRA NEVADA Lumber Association

WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALERS IN

LUMBER, LATH, Shingles, Doors, WINDOW BLINDS, &c.

SUPERIOR

Wood Pumps!

KEPT IN STOCK.

OFFICE AND YARD

One-half Block South of Depot

S. J. LYNN, Supt.

DAVIS, HOWR & CO.,

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,

SUCCESSORS TO NATHAN DAVIS & SON,

All kinds of Milling and Mining Machinery, Wrought and Cast Ironwork, manufactured to order

Water Jackets, Tuyres, Sing Pots and Cards, Lattice Heads, Furnace Plates, Hoisting Machinery, Car Wheels and Axles, etc., etc.

Also Brass Work of all description.

First West Street,

Near NORTH TEMPLE ST., S. L. CITY

THE LEADING LIQUOR HOUSE IN UTAH.

WALKER BROS. & CO.,

Carry the Largest and Best Stock of

Liquor Ales, WINES, BEER & CIGARS IN THE Rocky Mountain Region.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Excelsior Lager Beer, Golden Champagne and Hoffman's Bitters.

And many other valuable and popular articles. Come and see us and you will be satisfied.

WALKER BROS. & CO.,

Opposite Post Office.

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK & TRUST COMPY,

FIVE DOORS SOUTH OF Z. C. M. I.

East Temple Street.