

To make difficulties of trifles is the common tendency. Want advertising enables one to make trifles of difficulties.

THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

To take almost all of the sting out of shopping and to put an amazing amount of interest and zest into it, read and consider the ads. before starting.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

GRAVE CHARGES AGAINST JEROME.

Accused of Entering Into a Conspiracy to Allow Law Breakers to Escape.

MADE BY WILLIAM N. AMORY.

Says He Will Ask Governor Higgins to Remove the District Attorney.

Declares He Has Used Power of His Office to Protect Rather Than to Punish Bad Criminals.

New York, Feb. 15.—A special to the Tribune from Albany, N. Y., says: Charges, including subornation of perjury, bribery of lawyers, misconversion of millions of dollars and the enlistment of Dist. Atty. Jerome in a conspiracy to whitewash the offenders were made against the Metropolitan Street Railway company and its officials at a hearing before the assembly committee on ways and means yesterday.

William N. Amory of New York, formerly treasurer of the Third Avenue surface railway, and who has been fighting the Metropolitan for several years, made a virulent attack on Dist. Atty. Jerome yesterday. Amory said that he had proved that frauds amounting to millions of dollars had been perpetrated by the officers of the Metropolitan system on its stockholders and the public. The company, he charged, bribed judges, juries and witnesses. Information of this in many cases and especially in one case where he himself furnished the material, had been sent to the district attorney, said Mr. Amory, but instead of setting to convict the offenders, he had entered into a conspiracy to let them escape. Because of this, Mr. Amory declared he intended to ask Gov. Higgins to remove the district attorney.

The Peckler resolution asking for a legislative investigation of the street railways of New York City, and particularly the recent merger of traction interests in New York, brought out these charges. A legislative investigation, Amory said, would force Thomas E. Ryan and his associates to disclose \$20,000,000 or \$40,000,000. Still the Metropolitan was so rotten financially because of its frauds that not even a combination with the financially sound and honest New York City street car system could save the system long.

Saying that financial statements issued by the Metropolitan company and its representatives and filed with various state and city departments were false and misleading, Amory went on:

"Somebody made \$1,500,000 profits in 1903 on discounting \$5,000,000 of the 2 per cent notes of the New York City Railway company, owned by the Metropolitan Securities company."

In another instance, in 1903, Mr. Amory charged that President Ryan had obtained \$11,000,000 from the stockholders of the Interurban "to pay for the Third Avenue stock," which had been paid for years before. Proof of this, which he laid before Jacob H. Schiff, he said, enabled Mr. Schiff to secure restitution of \$5,000,000 from Thomas E. Ryan in 1903. Of \$12,000,000 collected at the same time for electric light, the road about \$3,000,000 was spent for that purpose, he said. He added:

"I think I can furnish information tending to show that on a certain occasion Thomas E. Ryan put up \$10,000 of stockholders' money as a part of political contributions needed for the nomination of a supreme court judge."

The district attorney of New York was as honest and fearless as he himself has so often declared. It would not be necessary for me to appear before this committee. If he had been paid enough to fulfill his campaign pledges of 1904, and follow the trails of wrongdoing and corruption into the office of the Metropolitan Street Railway company—if he possessed the most courageous, the most vindictive and the most powerful influence at work in the community—I quote his own words—the necessity for investigation by the legislature of the acts of this band of heartless criminals would not exist today.

"But because the chief criminal prosecutor has put a premium on power of his office to protect rather than punish bad criminals, and because the civil courts are inadequate to supply the remedy, I appeal to this committee."

I declare that Jerome is fully advised of the guilt of the Metropolitan managers. I declare that he has in his possession legal evidence sufficient to clear them of grave crimes. I declare that he told James W. Osborne their guilt, and that the evidence was sufficient to convict. I declare that Jerome subsequently entered into a conspiracy to allow these criminals to escape. I declare that in furtherance of this end he suppressed facts and deliberately issued an official statement which is proved by the records to have been wilfully false.

No action was taken on the resolution. Another hearing will be held Wednesday, at which William M. Ryan, recent Republican candidate for mayor, and many other New Yorkers will argue against the merger.

"WELFARE WORK" DISCUSSED.

New York, Feb. 15.—The National Civic Federation held a reception and dinner at the Park Avenue hotel last night, at which "welfare work" was the topic of discussion. Employer and employee met on a common ground and the employer providing for the physical, mental, moral and social well-being of his employees in such matters as housing, health, and entertainment.

FREDERICK W. SEWARD.

Knocked Down by an Automobile on Broadway.

New York, Feb. 15.—Frederick W. Seward, 70 years of age, who was third assistant secretary of state under President Garfield, was knocked down by an automobile while alighting from a Broadway car last night.

The wheels of the automobile passed over his legs. He was severely bruised about the body and he sustained a cut over the left eye. He refused to make any complaint against J. C. Kline, who was driving the automobile.

It was said that the exact nature of Mr. Seward's injuries could not be ascertained until this morning.

Mr. Seward is the son of William B. Seward, who was secretary of state in President Lincoln's cabinet.

GEN. FRED WALSEN DEAD.

Denver, Feb. 15.—Gen. Fred Walsen died of dropsy at his residence in this city today. He was 65 years of age and was a Colorado pioneer. He founded the town of Walsenburg and served one term as state treasurer.

KAISER'S PRESENT FOR MISS ROOSEVELT RECEIVED.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The personal gift of Emperor William of Germany to Miss Alice Roosevelt has just arrived in Washington. It is a fine watch of rare value and will be presented to Miss Roosevelt today or tomorrow by Ambassador Speck von Sternburg.

Atty.-Gen. Moody will present to Miss Roosevelt a pair of silver candlesticks, beautifully chased and of elegant design. Secy. and Mrs. Shaw will present to her a chocolate set of rare Worcester ware inlaid with silver.

EXTRA SESSION OF PENN. LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 15.—The Pennsylvania legislature today completed the business for which it was called in extra session and adjourned. All of the reform legislation enacted by the governor in his official call was enacted with the exception of civil service for the state offices.

Among the important bills passed were consolidating the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny City into greater Pittsburgh.

CONVICT ESCAPES. MURDERER REFUSES TO GO.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 15.—Burton Jarrell, convicted murderer of W. C. King in Warren county, escaped this morning from the Wake county jail where he had been placed for safe-keeping, while David Hicks, who was sentenced to death for being implicated in the same crime, refused to flee. There is some doubt as to Jarrell's guilt and the supreme court was considering his appeal.

J. A. McCALL'S CONDITION REMAINS UNCHANGED.

Lakewood, N. J., Feb. 15.—Little change in the condition of John A. McCall, former president of the New York Life Insurance company, was reported today by his physicians.

A DOUBLE HANGING.

Cambridge County, Pa., Had Its First One Today.

Edensburg, Pa., Feb. 15.—The first double hanging in Cambridge county occurred here today when Jacob Hauser and Stephen Fellows were executed. On the night of Jan. 4, 1906, Hauser murdered his wife and her mother, daughter, and son. He was sentenced to death and attempted to kill his father-in-law because his wife had left him.

Stephen Fellows was his wife and wounded his young son at Barnesboro, Cambridge county, Sept. 15, 1904, because she had left him. The son recovered.

ALGERIRAS CONFERENCE.

Franco-German Controversy Remains Unchanged.

Algiers, Spain, Feb. 15.—The situation of the Franco-German controversy over the vital points of the proposed Moroccan reforms remains unchanged. A feeling prevails among the delegates that some decisive step is not far off.

The Franco-German controversy shows that the critical stage has not yet been reached and that the adjournment yesterday of the sessions of the conference until Saturday gives an opportunity for an active renewal of the efforts to reconcile the French and German ambitions.

JAPANESE OFFICERS ARRIVE.

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—Lieut. Commander H. Kanada, Lieut. Commander K. Abo and Capt. S. Tachibana of the Japanese embassy in London and the others will study British naval methods.

Capt. Schichmareff, who commanded a Russian transport during the recent war, is also here, en route to St. Petersburg on sick leave.

FIRE IN INDEPENDENCE, MO.

Independence, Mo., Feb. 15.—Fire today destroyed the Clinton hotel, on the public square here, occupied by seven firms. Loss \$85,000. George W. Clinton, owner of the building, may die from excitement and over exertion in trying to save some of his property.

ANTI-DRUG STORE CRUSADE.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 15.—A general crusade against drug stores alleged to have violated the prohibition law was begun before the State Anti-Saloon league today, when a score of injunctions were secured prohibiting the dealers from continuing the alleged illegal sale. The crusade is to be extended throughout the state.

FIRE IN ST. JOHN, N. B.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 15.—Fire that originated in the business district at 2 o'clock this morning, had, before it was under control an hour later, done damage estimated at \$100,000. The fire started in the jewelry store of J. H. McDuffy, on King street, and spread to the stores of the American Clothing company and Brook & Patterson, wholesale milliners. The loss was about evenly divided between these three firms.

PAT CROWE'S TRIAL.

Omaha, Feb. 15.—Judge Sutton's court room was crowded to its capacity today, when arguments were begun in the trial of Pat Crowe, charged with the Cudahy kidnaping. Crowe, dressed in the height of style, took an unusual interest in the address of the U. S. P. English, his chief counsel.

It is probable that the arguments will not be concluded until some time tomorrow.

CHARGES AGAINST CHICAGO POLICE.

Citizens' Association Says Intended Raids on Policy Players Are Tipped Off.

CHIEF COLLINS COMES BACK.

Declares "Tipping Off" Was Work of Person Connected With Reformers.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—The most serious charge directed by responsible persons against the police department since the Damm administration began, was made yesterday by the Citizens' association of Chicago.

In a letter to the mayor that reform organization announced that the playing of "policy" has been resumed and is conducted openly in Chicago without interference and that a company is operating extensively on the west side, asserting that "matters have been arranged" at the city hall so that they can operate unmolested, "until after the spring election."

The association also declares that when an attempt was made recently to raid several of the policy agencies, the gamblers were warned by detectives from the Des Plaines street station, although Chief of Police Collins and five of his detectives were there. Only ones who knew of the intended raids.

Within 10 minutes after the letter was made public, Chief Collins asserted that he knew of no such thing. The reform organization was called to the city hall today and then ordered to make his charges "good." Furthermore, the chief declared, during the last year he had sent a policeman or detective to act under instructions of the Citizens' association.

The "tipping off," Chief Collins declared, was the work of some person connected with the reform organization, who had been drawing a salary from two sources. When told that Mr. Singleton claims to know of 15 policy shops in operation in Chicago, coupled with a clearing house on the West Side, the chief said he would demand that the addresses of the resorts be given to the police. He refused to believe in the existence of the places.

GIVEN UP FOR LOST.

British Bank Drumraigh Hundred Days Overdue at Manila.

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—The British bank Drumraigh, which sailed from Portland on Sept. 22 last for Manila, and is now 100 days overdue at that port, is given up as lost, having been advanced to the rate of 50 per cent on the overdue list. She was commanded by Capt. Neil McCallum, whose wife accompanied him on the voyage. The Drumraigh was a four masted bark, 1875 tons register, built in Barrow in 1878. She was owned by the Barneson-Hibberd company of this city.

She had a crew of 30 men on board, whose names are as follows:

F. W. Cheekler, first officer; R. Gilles, second mate; J. Terry, carpenter; J. E. Safford, W. Heime, Missuffo Nagata, Herbert Potter, J. McClelland, George Butler, H. Thompson, O. N'El, O. H. Lamm, Frank Lutter, John McConnell, Julius Hess, F. Fredricks, T. Strelenbert and Guy Duckett, able seamen; also N. Barry, cook and steward and C. T. Cooke, cabin boy.

METHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

Establishments Controlled by it to be Run on Open Shop Plan.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 15.—At a meeting of Methodist editors and publishing managers of the United States here yesterday it was decided that every printing establishment controlled by the Methodist Book concern shall hereafter be run on the "open shop" plan, making no distinction between union and non-union workers. It was declared that since the open shop plan had been introduced there had been better service in every way, and that would be the result of the plan, restoring the alliance with the unions.

PRE-NUPTIAL DINNER TO CONGRESSMAN LONGWORTH.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says:

President Roosevelt will attend a pre-nuptial dinner tonight for his prospective son-in-law, Representative Nicholas Longworth. Secy. Taft and Speaker Cannon of the house of representatives will be guests of honor. This dinner will be one of the most notable state dinners ever given by a bridegroom in this country. The party will consist of President Roosevelt, Secy. Taft, Speaker Cannon, Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Thomas Nelson Perkins, Boston, beer man; Quincy Adams Shaw, Jr., Francis R. Bangs, Guy Norman, Larz Anderson, Viscount de Chambrun and Frederick Winthrop.

THE CHRISTIAN MINISTRY.

Dr. Hewitt of the Chicago University Says Graft Has Taken Hold of It.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Graft has taken hold of the Christian ministry, according to Dr. Charles E. Hewitt of the University of Chicago divinity school. In an address to the theological students here yesterday Dr. Hewitt declared that ministers neglect their religious duties and use their positions for financial gain by questionable methods.

Charges of illegitimate connections with insurance companies, advertising agencies and other business enterprises were made against the preachers by the university rector. Money schemes, in which members of the church congregations are oftentimes used as vicarious, are indulged in by many ministers as a side line to their pulpit work, he told the students.

Dr. Hewitt declared the prevalence of graft among religious leaders as a chief cause for the deficiency in the ministry of today and a menace to the spread of religion.

He urged his students to avoid temptations to graft, which he declared they would meet at every hand.

PRESIDENT MAY CONSENT TO AMEND TARIFF BILL.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, Feb. 15.—Major Richard W. Young left for home yesterday. Before leaving he expressed the opinion that the hearing on the Philippine bill now nearing its end before the senate committee would result in a very close vote. If the committee recommended the bill favorably, which was doubtful, he still thought there was good reason to hope that it will be defeated in the senate, or so materially amended that it would not vitally affect western sugar interests.

In line with this dispatch the following article from the New York Herald is of interest:

WILL AMEND THE PHILIPPINE BILL.

The president will have to submit to an amendment to the Philippine tariff bill, which will make the duty on sugar and tobacco 50 per cent of the Dingley duties or else do without legislation on this subject for at least a year. It will be impossible to pass the bill reducing the duties to 25 per cent, while Secy. Taft says the reduction to a 25 per cent will be of no benefit to the islands.

The joint statedhood bill, in the form in which it has been recommended by the president, is dead. Senator Foraker introduced today an amendment providing that New Mexico and Arizona shall not be admitted as one state until after the question has been submitted to a vote at a special election at which no other question shall be considered.

President Roosevelt and the friends of joint statedhood, led by Senator Beveridge, will oppose the amendment, but it will in all probability prevail. There is said to be a solid Democratic vote for the amendment, except Senator Clark of Arkansas, and there are 17, and perhaps 18 Republicans who will vote for the amendment. Messrs. Aldrich, Carter, Elkins, Fulton, Heyburn, Perkins, Russell, Kett, Clapp, Gallinger, Flint, McCumber, Platt, Burrows, Clarke of Wyoming, Foraker, Hansbrough and Nixson, and possibly Spooner and La Follette.

The Santo Domingo treaty will receive all the votes of the Republican senators. They have made up their minds to vote for it since the Democrats have made it a party measure, but all the Republicans voting for it will still leave the treaty lacking four or five votes. It is not likely it will get the necessary votes from the Democrats. But this is no matter for Republican worry. If the president can get the Democratic votes the treaty will be ratified. No one in the administration believes the president can get four Democratic votes, and they think the treaty is dead.

FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

Delegation of Utah Ladies Appear Before House Judiciary Committee.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Senator Smoot today introduced Mr. L. L. Nunn of Provo to the president.

Mrs. A. H. Snow of Salt Lake is here as a delegate to the divorce congress which is being held in Washington.

Mrs. F. S. Richards, Mrs. Howell and Mrs. Snow of Utah appeared before the house judiciary committee this morning with the delegation which argued in support of a universal suffrage amendment to the Constitution.

UINTAH WATER RIGHTS.

Rep. Howell Making Good Progress in Securing an Appropriation.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Representative Howell has made considerable progress in his efforts to secure an appropriation to preserve and distribute water rights on the Uintah reservation. He appeared before the Indian affairs committee yesterday in advocacy of his amendment providing for \$500,000 to be expended in the Uintah. It is announced that the Indian committee will favor the project. But the appropriations committee has still to be heard from, and greater difficulty will be experienced there. Still, with the aid of both the Utah senators, Mr. Howell has reason to hope something can be accomplished before the end of the session.

OPERATORS AND MINERS TRYING TO ARRANGE MATTERS.

New York, Feb. 15.—The conference between the coal operators and union mine workers of the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, which was to be held in Philadelphia, has been postponed until after the 15th inst. when the men to go into effect April 1, when the award of the anthracite strike commission expires, will be held this afternoon. All the coal companies will be represented and the interests of the employees will be looked after by the special scale committee of 36, which is made up of three anthracite district boards of three anthracite districts. Mitchell is chairman of this committee. Among those who will attend the meeting are President George F. Baer, of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company; W. H. Truesdale, president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company; T. P. Fowler, president of the New York, Ontario & Western railroad; F. D. Underwood, president of the Erie railroad; E. D. Thomas, president of the Lehigh Valley railroad; David Wilcox, president of the Delaware & Hudson company. The independent operators will be represented by Frank Farlee of Hazleton, Pa., and J. C. Calk, of Pittston, Pa. W. L. Connell of Scranton, Pa., an independent operator who is president of the anthracite board of conciliation, will also be in attendance.

The Pennsylvania railroad will not be directly represented, it not having been invited to the conference, but will abide by any action taken by the presidents of the other carrying railroads. In case a technical discussion shall ensue after the miners have formally made known their grievances the operators will call in officials of the various coal companies who have a practical knowledge of the mining conditions. Among them are A. E. Law, manager of the Temple Iron company; General Manager Bryden, of the Scranton Coal company; W. A. May, superintendent of the Erie railroad; Col. R. A. Phillips, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad; C. C. Rose, of the Delaware & Hudson railroad; S. B. Warriner, of the Lehigh Valley and W. J. Richards, general mining superintendent of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron company. Messrs. Warriner and Richards are members of the anthracite board of conciliation.

THE DEVONIAN STRIKES A LEDGE

Great Leyland Liner Run Over Her Distance in Heavy Snowstorm.

MAKING FOR BOSTON HARBOR.

Lies About Five Hundred Feet From The Shore and in Immediate Danger.

Scituate, Mass., Feb. 15.—Over running her distance in a heavy snow storm, the Leyland line passenger and freight steamer Devonian which sailed from Liverpool on Feb. 5, with four passengers and a crew of 82, struck on the ledges at this place about 1 o'clock this morning. The officers of the Devonian had been trying to sight Minto's ledge lighthouse before entering Boston harbor, but missed it by four miles and brought up on the rocks. At daylight she was lying among the rocks and about 500 feet from the shore.

A volunteer crew headed by Capt. Stanley, of the Third Life saving station, his own men being off duty, rowed out to the steamer.

Capt. Rysley, of the Devonian, informed the life savers that his steamer was light and in little danger, though hard on the ledge and he asked that tugs be summoned from Boston.

The volunteers returned to the beach to telephone for the tug assistance. Later they went back again to be near the Devonian in case of emergency. The passengers were not taken off during the forenoon, the snow storm changed to rain. There was no immediate danger of the ship breaking up.

The Devonian is one of the largest and newest trans-Atlantic liners.

The steamer grounded early today during a thick snow storm and high wind and seas. Since daylight both sea and wind have abated considerably.

Capt. Stanley of the Third Life saving station and a volunteer crew who put off to the steamer early this morning reported that the vessel seemed to have suffered little damage, and that the captain had decided to await the arrival of tugs before making any move towards landing those on board.

As the tide receded it left the liner about 600 feet from the shore, and not high and dry in a nest of rocks. The inferences were that it would be necessary to remove part of her cargo in order to float her.

The passengers on the Devonian are J. D. W. Page, wife and daughter, and W. C. Gillibrand.

The Devonian is valued at about \$1,500,000 and it is estimated that her cargo is valued at from \$150,000 to \$200,000.

The place where the steamer struck is said to be four or five miles off the usual course of in-coming liners. It is about 10 miles southwest of Minto's ledge, a locality abounding in dangerous ledges. It was thought that tugs from Boston would reach the scene in time to make an attempt to tow the vessel, where the water runs were promptly dispatched from Boston to the scene of the wreck and were expected to reach there by noon.

The vessel, where the water runs were promptly dispatched from Boston to the scene of the wreck and were expected to reach there by noon.

ROOSEVELT-LONGWORTH WEDDING REHEARSAL.

Washington, Feb. 15.—A rehearsal of the Roosevelt-Longworth wedding will take place at the White House late this evening. Every detail of the ceremony to be performed on Saturday next will be gone over to the end that there may be no hitch in the formal proceedings.

In addition to the bride and groom, President and Mrs. Roosevelt, the ushers and military attaches who will participate in the formal ceremony, will take part in the rehearsal.

The east room and the lower rooms of the White House, which ordinarily are open to visitors are closed to the public for the remainder of the week. The east room, in which the ceremony is to be performed, is being prepared for the wedding. Already the platforms for the wedding party is in place, and the decorations will be completed by tomorrow evening.

Carriages and automobiles bearing close personal friends and relatives of the bride have been driving up to the White House throughout the day. These fortunate ones were given a peep at the wedding presents that have arrived already. The collection was on view in one of the upper apartments of the White House, and presented a dazzling display of jewelry, ornaments and bric-a-brac.

WILL RIGIDLY ENFORCE STEAMSHIP REGULATIONS.

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—Collector Stratton has just received notification from the treasury department that he is to carry out with extreme rigor the laws regulating accommodations on passenger steamships, and that any violation is to be reported to the department.

The regulations provide for 100 cubic feet of air space for each passenger occupying a berth, and that there must not be more than three tiers of berths in any cabin.

BIG FIRE IN SIOUX CITY.

Sioux City, Ia., Feb. 15.—Six business concerns in the Cohen Magdon block, between Douglas streets and adjoining buildings, were damaged \$75,000 by fire today. Mrs. Nellie Sautes, a milliner, and Mrs. L. Shindele were nearly suffocated when rescued by firemen.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

Campbell-Bannerman and Asquith in Sympathy With Move.

London, Feb. 15.—While declining to make rash promises Premier Campbell-Bannerman and Chancellor of Exchequer Asquith this morning declared themselves in entire sympathy with a

EMPEROR GOES TO ATTEND KING'S FUNERAL.

Berlin, Feb. 15.—Emperor William started today from Berlin to attend the funeral of King Christian of Denmark. He will embark on the battleship Preussen tonight for Copenhagen.

LAND OFFICE POSITIONS.

Messrs. Hobbs and Thompson Both Comment Upon Proposed Changes.

Register Hobbs of the land office was seen this morning, relative to his prospective appointment as Receiver of public moneys in the Salt Lake land office, and the recent opinion from the secretary of the interior advising the abolition of the office of receiver.

Mr. Hobbs said he knew nothing beyond the recommendation of the secretary, and it remained to be seen whether Congress would carry out that recommendation. The term of office of the receiver in this city expired on the 10th inst. and if the secretary's plan prevailed, the office of receiver would expire July 1 next.

Mr. E. D. R. Thompson said the recommendations for register and receiver had not been sent to the senate for its ratification as yet, but were likely to be transmitted at any time. He did not anticipate any delay in confirmation of the appointments, and furthermore, did not believe that Congress would pass any legislation abolishing the office of receiver. Mr. Thompson remarked that the number of land offices in the country is being gradually reduced, and that the offices are taken up for settlement and occupation, and he did not know of a land office east of the Mississippi river.

NOBLE WOMAN GONE.

Mrs. Ann Bramall of Springville Answers Final Summons.

(Special to the "News.")

Springville, Utah, Feb. 15.—After an illness extending over a period of four weeks, Mrs. Ann D. Bramall, wife of William Bramall, died at her home here at 8 o'clock last evening. The end came peacefully and without the slightest sign of pain. The funeral will take place on Sunday at 2 p. m. from the Springville tabernacle.

Mrs. Bramall was in her eighty-fifth year. She was born in Canterbury, Kent, England, in 1831, and was a daughter of Charles Drayson. In 1853 she came to Utah with her husband, and they settled at Springville, where they resided continuously to the present time.

In the early days they endured patiently all the privations incident to pioneer life, and at one period of her life in Utah, Mrs. Bramall struggled for many years to care for her family while her husband was away. In last evening's "News," answered a call from President Brigham Young to become a member of the 70 missionaries sent on missions.

Mrs. Bramall had a host of friends, who will be pained to learn of her demise, and undoubtedly they will be at the funeral to pay their respects to her.

MORE RAIN PREDICTED.

Heavy Showers This Morning May be Followed by Cold.

The city was visited by heavy showers this morning, which added to the muddy condition of the streets in the residential sections of the town. But the skies cleared partially by noon, letting the sunlight through. While the atmospheric prospect seemed promising, the weather office predicted rain or snow and colder tonight, owing to the prevalence of the low barometric area over the Pacific slope.

There is quite a heavy flow of water from the north hills, a goodly share of this finding its way on to east South Temple street, where the water runs down the street car tracks in small creeks. As the cars rush through these the heavy spray is thrown out like that before the prow of a vessel, and makes something of a display. The street car people remark in this connection, that had the city laid the north roadway a little lower, as the company suggested, and provided better conduit facilities for the water, the water would have been carried off without running over onto the car tracks.

FUNERAL AT ELK'S CLUB.

Services This Afternoon Over Remains of William R. Rampton.

The remains of the late William Rampton of Pocatello arrived here this morning, accompanied by five members of the order of Elks, two of the Eagles and two of the Knights of Pythias. With the above were also Mrs. Rampton, Mrs. Peterson and Mrs. Case, the parties registering at the Elks. The remains were taken at once to the lodge room of the Elks' club in this city, where they lay exposed to view until 3 o'clock this afternoon, the casket being covered with many handsome floral tributes. The obsequies were held at 2 p. m., under the auspices of the Elks, assisted by the other orders, with interment in the family plot at the city cemetery.

MAY GET INTO TROUBLE.

Saloonman Said to be Preparing for Business, But Has No License.

Upon the petition of numerous citizens living on the west side, the city council recently refused to grant a license to one Matthew Donn, who had previously been given permission to conduct a saloon on west Second South street. The building would have been passed daily by large numbers of school children going to and coming from school, and the good people of the neighborhood strenuously and successfully opposed the opening of the premises as a saloon. Notwithstanding the fact that the license has been withheld, it is said that the proprietor is getting right ahead, putting in fixtures and paraphernalia, as though he expected to open for business. It is said that the city council has taken no action on the matter.

When spoken to regarding the matter today, Chief of Police Sheets said that he had no objection to the saloon opening, but that no liquor house would be opened there unless a license were duly and regularly taken out.

REPORTS ON ANTI-AMERICAN BOYCOTT

Two Issued by the State Department Make no Mention Of Violence.

IS STRICTLY A TRADE AFFAIR.

The Student Class Has Done its Best to Keep the Issue Alive.

To Some Extent Has Succeeded—If Called Off Tomorrow Would Take Years to Recover from Injury.

Washington, Feb. 15.—From the many reports received by the state department from its representatives in the east relative to the anti-American boycott, its extensive prospects of its continuance and the amount of injury it has inflicted on American trade, two selected at random from the north and the south, have been made public. In neither is there any hint of violence and the movement, it is stated, is confined strictly to trade limits.

The report from North China brings the history of events up to the close of 1905. At that date the boycott movement had been "nearly all talk" in the principal cities, says the correspondent, who adds:

"The student class, as the willing workers of the boycott organization, has been employed to keep the issue alive and to some extent has succeeded in making the boycott a serious matter to the business affairs related to American products. There has been timidity in buying and in some instances cancellation of orders under the spur of threats, but despite denials of some Americans, it is well known to the majority that such conduct upon the part of Chinese buyers has not been the rule. This statement, however, does not apply to the product of the Standard Oil, which has been opposed in many places outside the principal cities in northern China. As to the condition in only be said that thorough investigation will prove that trade competition has as much to do with it as Chinese antagonism. That underhand methods have been employed against the Standard Oil company and the British-American Tobacco company is becoming plainer every day. At present the attack on these two companies is apparently confined to orders under the spur of threats, but there is no evidence of any obscene circulars have appeared and also many evidences of unfriendly intent. But at Soa Chow, Chinkiang, Chang Chow, Wu Hu, Kiukiang and other places, there is no evidence of any more or less antagonism of late. The merchants are against the boycott, but under the lash of the guilds they must give a half-hearted assistance at least. If the officials so desire they can squelch the recrudescence of the movement in this section and by so doing will gain the support of the merchants. But the boycott is a powerful student class, which, under the teachings of foreign educated Chinese and perhaps others not friendly to American interests, where they conflict with their own, is developing an influence recognized by officials, guilds, merchants and laborers."

From south China and in fact, clear down to the Straits settlements, comes the report that there is no improvement in the boycott situation; that trade is badly affected in most lines and there is little or no business outside the small union trade. American sewing machine companies report that the Chinese are afraid to go into its places. Although some are likely to buy, they are not willing to have a machine in their possession. The authorities claim there is no recognition here."

The report concludes:

"If the boycott is called off tomorrow it will take many years to remove the ill effect from the injury done. At Peking American firms could not move any goods in their godowns and Chinese refused to take the goods which they had already ordered."

BEAVER FOREST SUPERVISOR.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—William Hurst, formerly assistant forest ranger on the Dixie reserve, Utah, has been assigned to duty as forest supervisor of Beaver forest reserve, same state.

TOOK TIME TO PLEAD.

Men Accused of Burglary Brought Before Judge Diehl.

James Wilson and William McGinn, the two men arrested early Tuesday morning, on suspicion of having burglarized the home of N. Liebenstein, Monday night, and upon whom part of the plunder was found, were arraigned in the criminal division of the city court this forenoon. The defendants, through their attorney, Soren X. Christensen, waived the reading of the complaint, and asked for the statutory time in which to enter their plea. Saturday, at 10 a. m., was the date set by the court, and the men were taken back to the county jail, in default of \$50 bonds, fixed in each case.

DEMURRED TO COMPLAINT.

This Action Taken by Defense in Case Of Roland H. Chase.

The case of the State of Utah against Roland H. Chase, charged with forgery, was called before Judge Diehl this morning. His attorneys, Hamer and Buckle, demurred to the complaint filed against their client, on the ground that more than one offense was charged in the document. Assistant County Attorney represented the prosecution, and his honor will pass upon the demurrer tomorrow.

Roland H. Chase is alleged to have forged the name of C. B. Credi to a check for \$10, and to have passed the same, after having endorsed thereon the name of C. Buer, in whose favor the check was drawn.