

ent, he will declare the whole district affected in a state of insurrection and take possession of the road, and to that end, if necessary, call out the whole military force of the State.

Springfield, Mass., 11.—Five hundred persons belonging to the Lyman family, representing a dozen States and Canada held a family gathering yesterday at Mount Tom. The Rev. Dr. Lyman Coleman, of Lafayette College, Eastern Pennsylvania, delivered a genealogical discourse, and Henry Ward Beecher sent a characteristic letter.

Baltimore.—A woman named Eliza Johnson died suddenly in the office of Nathan Bingham, of this city, to-day; the evidence before the coroner's jury is such that Dr. Bingham has been arrested on a charge of causing her death while attempting to perform abortion.

The *World* says Paul S. Forbes of this city has been sent to Madrid by the Administration as a Government agent to associate with Gen. Sickles. A place for which his former intimacy with Prim especially qualifies him. Full private directions were given Mr. Forbes and formal instructions to Sickles. Both aimed at a single point in endeavoring to induce Spain to concede political sovereignty to the Cubans, on condition of the latter pledging themselves to pay Spain a certain sum of money to be in some manner guaranteed by the United States. The plan was heartily approved by Lemus, the Cuban agent in this country. A special from Washington says that Sickles has telegraphed Fish that his proposition has been rejected.

It is believed by the friends of Bowers, Beckman & Co. that they will be able to pay a hundred cents on the dollar.

Chicago.—The Turnfest continued yesterday. The programme consisted of gymnastic exercises, leaping, etc. At night a grand *commers* was held at the Turners' Hall, a fine collation was spread and an abundance of lager provided. Everybody gave themselves up to enjoyment; a number of brief speeches were made. To-day will close the feast of Turn Teachers and Turnevarts.

Two cases of suicide occurred in this city yesterday. The one an insane prisoner hung himself in the county jail, the other a German store keeper, took laudanum on account of pecuniary difficulties.

A *Tribune* Washington special says, that Sidney Clarke of Kansas declares that the pretended speech of his published in the Kansas papers is an entire forgery gotten up in the interest of the Jay party.

General Jordan of the Cuban army owes the Government twenty-two thousand dollars, unsettled account while an officer in the regular army before the war.

The National Labor Convention meets at Philadelphia on Monday. The eight hour question, the Chinese and apprenticeship questions will be discussed.

The cargo of the steamship *Germania*, valued at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars will probably be a total loss.

Peaches are selling in New York City for fifty cents a bushel. Sixty thousand bushels have been daily received from Delaware.

A special from Nashville says that Boville, one of the editors of the *Tennessee State Journal* the Stokes organ, has received a written notice to leave within twenty-four hours: He went to Gov. Senter arrived yesterday; he was escorted by a procession to the public square. Neil Brown made a speech of welcome. Governor Senter replied, jubilating over the recent election as the triumph of liberal principles over proscription.

San Francisco 10.—The Western Pacific railroad is completed between Sacramento and Stockton. Regular trains commence running to-morrow.

Fires continue to rage in the woods in Washington Territory, doing immense damage to the growing timber. Owing to the dense smoke the navigation of Puget Sound is difficult.

Washington.—It is understood that the Government will take no action in the case of Thaggerty, as consul at Glasgow, the Fenian question having assumed a complexion that the Administration have no desire to further complicate the subject.

Albany.—A Pacific express car on the Central railroad was robbed early this morning between Fonda and Albany. Three men entered the car seized the messenger and baggage agent, gagged and bound them and took the key of the safe from the messenger and robbed it of its contents.

Columbus, O.—The Democratic State Central Convention met to-day, and

nominated Geo. H. Pendleton for Governor. Mr. P. accepted.

Albany.—The particulars of the express robbery on the Central road last night, show that the robbers got on the train, entered the baggage car and attacked the baggage man and express messenger saying there were eight of them and that resistance was useless, they made a stout resistance however, as their condition shows. They were almost suffocated by gags and chloroform. The robbers left at West Albany. It is a very heavy loss.

New York.—It is understood that the American Express robbers obtained one hundred and forty thousand dollars.

Boston.—The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad, from May 10th, the date of completion, to June 1st, in round numbers are \$412,475. During the month of June, the amount earned was \$679,987, in July \$653,729. This statement is taken from the books of the Company. There is a large amount of freight now starting over the road, induced by the lower rates just offered, which will largely increase the receipts the present month.

Hartford.—The State Temperance Convention, held here to-day, adopted resolutions favoring the formation of an independent political temperance party, the Convention pledging that it will not vote for Legislators or Executive unless they will favor and sustain prohibitory legislation.

Cincinnati.—The Chamber of Commerce held a meeting this evening and appointed commissioners to arrange for an excursion to San Francisco, via St. Louis, starting about September 1st.

Montgomery.—A petition from some of the Republicans at Mobile was sent yesterday to Governor Smith, asking him to place the city under martial law. Delegations of the citizens of Mobile arrived to-day, and had a satisfactory interview with the Governor, resulting in his declining to put the city under military authority.

Specials from New York say that 140 Mormon families started west last night.

FOREIGN.

New York.—A private cable telegram from England, to-day, reports bad weather and injury to the growing crops in Great Britain and France. Higher quotations in the English grain markets than reported by the press telegrams caused great animation in the Produce Exchange, and stimulated a sharp upward movement in prices. Exporters appeared in force and took 250,000 bushels of wheat and 25,000 bbls. of flour at an advance of 8 to 10 cents per bushel on the former, and twenty-five cents on the latter, on the latter. The markets were swept of all stuff offering.

Halifax.—There has been recently an interesting discussion among the party in the Province, favorable to annexation to the United States, as to the best policy to be adopted to obtain the desired end; the party consists of two divisions, one of which advocates immediate annexation, the other approves of the previous movement for independence, as certain to lead to annexation. No decision as to the policy to be adopted has been arrived at. The original annexationists complain bitterly of the policy of independence as certain to lead to no desirable result; they are determined to stick to the banner of complete severance from Great Britain. The temporising policy of some of the repeal leaders does not meet the approval of many of their political friends.

Prince Arthur is expected to arrive here in the steamship *City of Paris*, on or about the 22d inst.

J. Meredith, Jun., has received from the French government his *exequatur* as Consul General of the United States at Paris, in the department of the Loire.

Sixty-two miners, who took part in the late riots at St. Etienne and its vicinity have been tried, convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

By French cable:

Madrid.—A recent decree of the Spanish government with regard to the part taken by some of the clergy in the Carlist conspiracy, calls upon the bishops to report what steps they have taken to restrain such disloyalty and to furnish the government the names of the conspirators. The bishops are required to issue their pastorals, requiring obedience to the laws within eight days.

By English cable:

The decree concerning the conduct of the clergy gives universal satisfaction. Up to the present the bishops have maintained silence on the subject.

A large number of circulars, issued by Don Carlos, addressed to the bishops

and clergy, inviting their co-operation, have been seized by the authorities.

Balazetiqua, a Carlist chieftain, after making a desperate resistance, was captured, tried by Court Martial, and shot. A band of Carlists were defeated last week at Mortillego; nine were taken prisoners and shot on the spot by order of the officer commanding the government troops. This act causes great sensation here. Several parties of Carlists, led by priests, have been defeated and dispersed.

Mr. Valtz, a relative of one of the U. S. Consuls in Cuba, who was recently arrested and sentenced to four months' imprisonment, has been released at the intercession of Consul General Plumb, and has sailed for New York in the steamer *Columbia*.

Official reports state that there are now few rebels in the jurisdictions of Los Tunas and Holquin.

Madrid.—A fresh conspiracy has been discovered in this city; numerous arrests have been made. At Burgos a leader of the Carlist band named Leon had been taken prisoner and shot.

Madrid.—The *Impartiale*, newspaper, in its issue of to-day, says that reinforcements of twenty thousand men will be sent to Cuba in September. The Cortes will assemble October 1st. Several Carlist agents were arrested in this city last night.

Madrid.—The Spanish consul at Bayonne telegraphs that the Carlists are gathering again on the frontiers and intend to make an eruption into Spain to-morrow. The Government is fully prepared to meet them all along the line.

Vienna.—Baron Von Beust, in a speech before the delegations yesterday, defended the publication of the red books. He said all their contents contradicted the assertion that he had interfered with the affairs of the German States or exercised a pressure upon the South German Confederation. He reiterated the assertion that no alliance existed between Austria and any European power, but said pointedly that France had always shown sincere friendship, and entertains a kindly feeling towards the people of Austria.

Queenstown.—The American yacht *Sappho* arrived last evening, making the voyage from New York in twelve days, nine hours, and thirty-six minutes; all well.

London.—Gladstone is again quite ill, his condition has caused anxiety among his friends.

There have been some further failures of firms in the cotton trade at Preston.

The Royal assent has been given to the bill for the purchase of the telegraph lines by the government.

Lisbon.—A French company has offered to construct a telegraph line from Lisbon and Gibraltar to England and America on a twenty years concession without subsidy.

Paris.—The *Patrie* says large bands, composed of officers and soldiers and members of the clerical party, have assembled in the northern district of Spain, well armed and organized. Reports say the great Carlist demonstration has been fixed for the fifteenth inst.

London.—The *Times* to-day in a long article on Spain and Cuba, says, the former is better off without Cuba than with it, and as she cannot hold it any way she may think herself particularly fortunate if she gets paid.

Jas. Milleken, of Philadelphia, has obtained Lord Clarendon's sanction, for instructions to be issued by the Admiralty, to the British fleet in the Chinese waters to co-operate with the Asiatic squadron of the United States in laying and protecting the telegraphic cable along the coast of China. This is an American enterprise in which some English capitalists have also invested.

Montreal.—Hon. John Young has returned from England; he is said to have been successful in starting a company in Copenhagen, to lay a submarine cable from northern Europe to America via the Faroe Islands, Iceland and Greenland.

London.—Mr. Motley, the American Minister, has appointed Mr. Eastman, of Queenstown, United States Consul pro tem. at Glasgow.

The Harvard crew were out in their new boat to-day. The time regularly made, was 40 strokes a minute. Wednesday, the 25th of August, is finally agreed on as the day of the race.

The Austrian papers publish an account of a nun confined in a cell at Cracow for twenty-one years. She was subjected to tortures, and when found, was fearfully emaciated, the superior and confessor of the convent have been arrested. The citizens attempted to destroy the building but the authorities prevented.

Paris.—It is generally understood here that Baron Von Buest, in alluding to the sincere friendship of France, so pointedly, desired to convey the impression that he did not not consider Prussia a sincere friend.

London.—An inquest has been held on the body of Cornelius Grinnell of New York, who fell from the window of a club House in the Isle of Wight yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death. James Gordon Bennett, Jr. and Shepard Yeomans, who were with him a short time previous to the accident testified that he was perfectly sober.

Vienna.—The dispatch between the Sultan and the Viceroy of Egypt inspires no serious anxiety here.

Montreal.—An evening paper says it has positive information that preparations are progressing for a Fenian raid in September next from the direction of Matone and Buffalo.

London, 11.—Parliament has been prorogued by Royal Commission. The following message from the Queen was read by the Commissioner "we are commanded by the Queen to dispense with your further attendance in Parliament. Her Majesty announces to you with pleasure that she continues to receive from foreign sources the strongest assurances of a friendly disposition. Her confidence in the preservation of peace has been continually confirmed, during the present year. The negotiations in which her Majesty has been engaged with the United States have been by mutual consent suspended. Her Majesty earnestly hopes the delay may tend to maintain the relations between the countries on a durable basis of friendship. The Queen has lively satisfaction in acknowledging the untiring zeal and assiduity with which you have prosecuted the arduous labors of the year. In the act for putting an end to establishment in the Irish Church, you have carefully kept in view the several considerations which at the opening of the session were commended to your notice. It is the hope of the Queen that the measure may hereafter be remembered as a conclusive proof of the paramount anxiety of Parliament to pay reasonable regard in legislating for the three kingdoms, to the special circumstances by which they may be distinguished and to deal with principles in impartial justice with the interests of all portions of the nation. The Queen firmly trusts that the act may promote the work of peace in Ireland and help unite all classes of the people in that fraternal concord with their English and Scottish fellow subjects which must form the chief source of strength throughout this extended empire. The Queen congratulates you on having brought your protracted labors on the subject of bankruptcy for debt to a legislative conclusion which is regarded with just satisfaction by the trading classes and the general public. The law framed for the better government of endowed schools in England will render the resources of those establishments more accessible to the community and efficient in their important purposes. In the removal of duties on corn the Queen sees a new evidence of your desire to extend industry and commerce and enlarge the supplies of food which our insular position encourages and requires. The Queen trusts the measures for the purchase and management of telegraphs by the state may be found to facilitate the great commercial and social object of rapid, easy, and certain communication and prove a not unworthy sequel to the system of cheap postage which has passed with such advantage into many countries of the world. We are commanded to state that the Queen thanks you for the liberal supplies which you have granted for the service of the year, and the measures by which you have enabled her Majesty to liquidate the charge of the Abyssinian expedition.

London.—The *Times* in an article on the abolition of the Irish Church establishment says whatever the practical result may be the measure is the boldest and greatest act of modern legislation. The Catholics accept the triumph of the measure with gratitude.

Dublin.—At Tubberneath, Sligo Co., a party of twenty-five men attacked a dwelling and captured some fire arms; six of the marauders have been arrested, two or three of whom have been identified as persons formerly imprisoned for Fenianism.

Madrid.—A party of five hundred Carlists have appeared on the frontier of Catalonia.

Gen. Prim has gone to Paris. Before his departure he left orders, which have just been promulgated, that all rebels captured with arms in their hands be shot on the spot.