

**ADMINISTRATION'S
TARIFF ATTITUDE.**

Vice President-elect Fairbanks Defines It at Annual Banquet of The Home Market Club

BELIEVES IN RECIPROCITY.

Whenever Change of Schedules is Essential in the Public Interest, Alteration Will be Made.

Boston, Dec. 1.—Before an audience of more than 3,000 persons, Vice President-elect Fairbanks of Indianapolis defined the attitude of the Republican administration on the tariff question at the annual banquet of the Home Market club in Mechanics hall tonight.

Among the other guests were Gov. John L. Bates of Massachusetts; former Secy. of the Navy John D. Long; Dr. W. H. Montague of Toronto, a private counselor of the Dominion of Canada; Gov.-elect John M. Lane of New Hampshire; and Gov.-elect Henry Roberts of Connecticut. The speakers were Senator Fairbanks, Gov. Bates, Mr. Long and Dr. Montague.

Former Congressman Robert T. Davis of Fall River, president of the club, as toast-master, made the opening address in referring to the principles of protective tariff, which is fostered by the Home Market club, said that the leading members of the national house of representatives and senate would soon confer with the administration on the subject of tariff revision.

"And," he added, "we are willing to stand by their judgment as to the time and nature of such revision."

Telegrams of regret were received from President Roosevelt and the Massachusetts senator.

SENATOR FAIRBANKS SPEAKS.

Vice President-elect Fairbanks in his speech said:

"While the tariff question is an old one, it is of continual and vital interest. It must not be overthrown or surrendered either by ignorance or prejudice; it must be maintained by education, by intelligent discussion.

"The Republican party has revised tariff schedules in the past when revision was essential and it will not hesitate in the future to subject them to careful scrutiny and alteration, so that our protective system may be just in its operation.

"Whenever change of schedules is essential in the public interest the alteration will be made; it will be made adroitly, it will be made, not in response to mere sentiment, but agreeably to sound economic necessity. Any other policy is obviously unwise and disturbing in its tendency."

"The Republican party adheres to the doctrine of commercial treaties, reciprocity, which tends to expand our commerce, and to develop American industry and in interest of American labor and American capital. It holds to reciprocity which is the 'hand-maiden of protection' but not that which is another form of free trade and which is hostile to the protective system."

"President McKinley has been quoted by the enemies of protection as favoring the Democratic system of reciprocity. The text of his great speech given at Houston, Tex., clearly shows that his utterances were entirely free from ambiguity. No one could misunderstand them who did not desire to do so. He distinctly favored 'sensible trade arrangements, which will not interrupt our home productions'.

"We should take from our customers," said he, "such of their products as we can use without harm to our industries and laborers." And he further declared that "if purchase some of our tariffs are no longer needed for revenue and to encourage and protect industries at home, why should they be employed to extend and promote our markets abroad?"

"The result of the recent national election needs no interpretation. It plainly signifies that the people have unabated faith in the great principles for which the Republican party has wrought so well. It clearly signifies exceptional confidence in the soundness and conservatism of Republican administration. The power committed to us is to be used with prudence. We are to continue to adhere to and uphold the great policies which have so well served us in the past. They are not to be derided or subverted; they are to be upheld and maintained with wisdom and resolution."

CANADA FOR PROTECTION.

Dr. Montague said that the Dominion had in all forms of trade relations, from reciprocity to free trade. All these have been dropped in favor of protection. Since the time when protection was firmly established the country has seen more prosperity than ever before.

Mr. Long said: "The simple key to the whole puzzle of the protective tariff, constraining its principles not narrowly nor with partiality, but liberally and for the general welfare, is in the one word 'adjustment'—the adjustment of the schedule to the needs of the time, shifting at reasonable intervals as they shift."

ANTI-SHOOT RESOLUTIONS.

Adopted by Women's Christian Temperance Union.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.—President Roosevelt was today requested by the Women's Christian Temperance union, in convention here, to see that Congress observes the existing treaties with the Indians, prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors before granting statehood rights to Indian territory.

The resolution was presented by Mrs. Margaret Dye Ellis of Washington, chairman of the executive committee.

The report of the committee on resolutions was considered and final action on it will be taken tomorrow. The resolutions, among other things, re-affirm the position of the union on the canteen question, protest against Reed Smoot retaining his seat in the United States senate, request that the pending bill for the admission into the Union of

Don't have a falling out with your own hair

It might leave you! Then what? Better please it by using Ayer's Hair Vigor. The hair stops coming out, becomes soft and smooth, and all the deep, rich color of youth comes back to gray hair. An elegant dressing. Sold for 60 years.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Arizona, Oklahoma and Indian territories and New Mexico should be so amended as to give a franchise to women and to further the organization of temperance societies. One of the resolutions follows:

"We deplore the tendency of modern writers of fiction to assume that the bottle and the pipe are necessary adjuncts of many of their characters, and we recognize the statements of Dr. Caruthers, the well known author of 'Inebriety,' that the use of alcohol is 'injuring literature of the day.'"

The executive committee announced that the convention of 1905 will be held in Los Angeles.

THE CLOSED SHOP ILLEGAL.

Appellate Division, N. Y. Supreme Court, so Decides.

New York, Dec. 1.—That the "closed shop" is illegal was decided today by the justices of the appellate division of the supreme court, sitting in Brooklyn. The contract entered into between the firm of Morris Cohn & Sons and Protective Coat Tailors and Pressers' local No. 55 of the United Garment Workers of America, whereby the firm was prohibited from employing labor not belonging to the local, and also from employing even a member of the union unless such member held a card signed by the business agent or the local, was declared by the court to be contrary to public policy. Presiding Justice Hirschberg wrote the court's opinion. Justice Bartlett dissented.

SENATOR BURTON'S CASE.

Arguments in U. S. Supreme Court Continued.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Solicitor Gen. Hoyt, of the department of justice, made the opening argument for the government in the case of United States Senator James R. Burton of Kansas in the supreme court of the United States. Mr. Hoyt contended that this was an ordinary criminal case, and the questioning of the jurisdiction of the court which tried Mr. Burton could not be successfully maintained. Replying to a question from Justice White, Mr. Hoyt said Mr. Burton's name appeared on the Kialto company's circulars, but at what time he could not say. Justice White replied that as the department was investigating the case the time seemed very material.

Mr. Hoyt argued that Senator Burton knew just what he was doing when he accepted service with the Kialto company. He said it was questionable whether a senator should perform such services as was requested of the defendant by the company, but that when he accepted a fee "he linked the fatal chain."

Mr. Hoyt discussed the claim of the defense that the charge was an "innocent crime" instead of a "misdemeanor," and therefore that the defense should have ten instead of three challenges. He alleged that the contention of the defense was not valid. Justice White asked if he did not realize that the penalty carried a disqualification of citizenship and forever put a stigma upon him. Mr. Hoyt maintained that the statute made the offense a misdemeanor.

TRANSIT FEES.

Ministers at Peking Make a Protest Against Them.

Berlin, Dec. 1, evening.—The foreign ministers have lodged with the government a joint protest against the levying of additional transit fees as being contrary to the treaty under standing. Heretofore the Chinese authorities levied 2 1/2 per cent on goods sent to and from ports, but latterly additional amounts have been levied under the plea of working expenses. The joint document of the ministers is most emphatic in tone and unusual in form. The diplomats considered the occasion an urgent one and their decision to enter a protest was unanimously arrived at. No answer has yet been made.

THE KAISER'S SHOOTING.

Brought Down 910 Pheasants in a Single Day.

Peking, Dec. 1.—Emperor William did some remarkable shooting at Alawentz, Silesia, yesterday. From daylight to 4 in the afternoon he brought down 910 pheasants, 15 other birds and two hares. The guns of the party bagged 21 head of game. The emperor and his party shot 10,442 birds in two days last week on the estate of Count Von Tiel-Winkel, which were sent to market in Berlin, which city receives almost every day several thousand pheasants, besides larger game, as a result of the imperial party's forays.

DRANK POISONED BRANDY.

The Result is Twenty People Are Dead.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Kieff, Russia, announces that 20 persons have lost their lives through drinking poisoned brandy.

Pittsburg Brokers Fails.

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—Richmond & Co., incorporated brokers, closed their doors today and issued the following notice: "On account of financial embarrassment no further business will be transacted by this company until further notice."

NISSAN'S BODY FOUND.

On Shore Seven Miles from St. Paul.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—A bulletin to the Journal from Stevensville, Mich., seven miles from St. Paul, says that the body of Peter Nissan has been found in his boat on the beach.

Schooner Sea Witch Missing.

Everett, Wash., Dec. 1.—The 36-foot schooner Sea Witch of Ballard, Wash., left Everett last Friday with seven passengers on board. They were expected to return Saturday. It is feared the craft may have gone down in a storm of Saturday night. Those on board were Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Pritchard and

FORGEVING LAND FRAUD CASES.

Expert Penmen Point Out to Judge and Jury Peculiarities in Handwriting

SIGNATURES WERE ALL BOGUS.

Defendants Are Charged With Signing Papers—Two Signers for Maud Witt.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 1.—All forenoon in the land fraud trials expert penmen pointed out to judge and jury the peculiarities in the handwriting contained in various papers connected with the alleged fraudulent land deals which the prosecutors of McKinley, Watson, Ware, Puter and others declare go to show that they had conspired together to defraud the government.

Having, to its satisfaction, established the fact of association and business intercourse between the alleged conspirators, the prosecutors for the government today continued their efforts to show that those who were so associated wrote the names of the various entries to the papers by which the land finally passed from the United States to those who pretended to have been the applicants for a portion of the public domain.

John P. Marshall and J. F. Sherman, handwriting experts, testified that the signature of Thomas Wilkins and Joseph Wilson were written by Horace G. McKinley. The body of the relinquishment of the George A. Howe lands was written by McKinley. Miss Marie Ware and H. G. McKinley between them forged the signatures of John R. Foster, George A. Graham and George L. Pettis. Guy Huff wrote the signature purporting to be that of W. K. McKelvey. That if the signature of W. K. Tarpley on his bond is a genuine one, he wrote the second series of signatures purporting to be those of Maud Witt.

For Maud Witt there appears to have been two different persons acting as signers, for as shown by the enlarged photographs of this signature, three of the six specimens were written by a different hand. The testimony of the expert, Sherman, was that it is very improbable that the same person wrote both sets.

Mr. Marshall said in regard to the papers in the George A. Howe lands, P. Foster and Pettis cases, that they were written by Horace G. McKinley and Miss Marie Ware. The witness further said that he believed they imitated the handwriting of Miss Mid McCoy, of the Linn County Abstract company, in writing out the names and deeds. The government at this juncture attempted to introduce the handwriting of Miss McCoy, but upon the objection of the defense withdrew the offer without a ruling from the court.

Mr. Marshall swore that in his opinion the relinquishment of George A. Howe to the United States was written by Horace G. McKinley and signed by him. Evidence was offered by the government in the matter of a letter from S. A. D. Puter to Edwin Hobson, the government witness, tending to show business relations in past between Puter and McKinley was objected to by the defense. The objection was sustained.

Marshall testified that in his opinion the final proof papers of Maud Witt were written by S. A. D. Puter; also that Emma Porter's final proof was written by Puter.

He believed Horace G. McKinley wrote the signature of Thomas Wilkins the affidavit taken before Special Agent C. E. Loomis, and that the signature on the affidavit of Emma Porter, taken before C. E. Loomis, was written by the same person that wrote the name of Emma Watson as witness.

J. F. Sherman, deputy clerk of the United States court at Wichita, Kas., had filed that position for 20 years, and had made an exhaustive practical and theoretical study of handwriting. His testimony corroborated that of Marshall.

J. A. Wilson, the manager of the Denison News company, testified concerning the identity of Tom R. Wilson, the name newboy who was claimed, under a slightly different initial, by Frank H. Wolgamot as a witness in his final affidavits. The object of this testimony was to prove to the jury that a false name had been used.

Al Jacobs, of Springfield, testified that he had been mistaken in the integrity of Special Agent C. E. Loomis and had signed false affidavits at his suggestion, thinking them genuine. Mr. Jacobs told of having been the proprietor of a general merchandise store at Detroit five years ago. He had met Tarpley five years ago at Detroit, Ore., and about that time had also made the acquaintance of C. E. Loomis, special agent, and signed affidavits for the latter.

"Loomis came into my store at Detroit one day and asked me if I would sign affidavits for persons who held claims in township 11 south, range 7 east. He said that he had held the land for several years and wanted to prove up on their claims. He called the names of several men whom I knew, and I told him that I would help him in any way I could. I signed the papers, but in the bundle was a lot of papers with names I did not know, which I signed by mistake. I found out afterwards."

"Did you know S. R. Ormsby?" "Yes," said Mr. Jacobs. "He came in to the store one day with Dan Tarpley and asked me if I would sign affidavits for the people living there I had known. I made another mistake and signed a lot of papers I did not know anything about."

When asked if he had not been aware that it was a serious thing to make a false affidavit, Jacobs replied "Under those circumstances I thought I was helping justice. In the way Loomis and Ormsby got me into it I thought I was helping those deserving people get their lands."

The remainder of the day was consumed by the government's endeavor to prove that Dr. Frank H. Wolgamot had lived in Portland continuously for the past 11 years. None of the witnesses examined were willing to say positively such had been the case.

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Are Your Lungs Weak?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery CURES Weak Lungs.

\$3,000 FORFEIT

Will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"When I commenced taking your medicine, eighteen months ago, my health was completely broken down," writes Mrs. C. L. Sanderland, of Chaneyville, Calvert Co., Md. "At times I could not even walk across the room without pains in my chest. The doctor who attended me said I had lung trouble, and that I would never be well again. As I had consulted Dr. Pierce's medicine, I thought I would try your Golden Medical Discovery, and lo! I am now almost entirely well, and do all my work without any pain whatever, and can run with more ease than I could formerly."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse and regulate the bowels.

their three daughters, R. Starks, owner of the boat, and a man named Sprink, a marine engineer. Millie Pritchard, a sister of the three girls, says none of the party were prepared to be away more than a day.

FOR WEST POINT.

President Will Name a Grandson of Stonewall Jackson.

Washington, Dec. 1.—President Roosevelt today indicated his intention to appoint Stonewall Jackson Christian, a grandson of Gen. Stonewall Jackson, the confederate chieftain, as a cadet to the West Point military academy. The young man is a student at the Georgia military academy.

Dunsmuir Will Case.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 1.—The hearing of the appeal in the \$2,000,000 Dunsmuir will case suddenly seems to be at an end today, when a strong point was scored by the plaintiff, Edna Wallace Hopper.

Idaho's Official Vote.

Boise, Ida., Dec. 1.—The state board today canvassed the returns of the election. The figures are as follows: Roosevelt, 47,753; Parker, 18,480; Debs,

which sends the parties back for further evidence. This point is that the plain Alexander Dunsmuir's signature to his will did not know that the document was a will. Under the California law this would make the will null and void. The appeal will be continued at the next full court.

WORLD'S FAIR FINANCES.

Authoritatively Stated that Company's Debts Have Been Paid.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 1.—While it will be impossible to obtain the actual receipts and expenditures of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company before the middle of December, Secy. Walter E. Stevens of the board of directors, in the following statement to the Associated Press tonight:

"From reports that have been submitted to the admissions to the grounds up to 9 o'clock tonight we estimate that the attendance on 'French day' will be a few thousand in excess of 200,000, and that the attendance for the exposition period will be in the neighborhood of 15,000,000."

"In round numbers, the exposition company has expended \$22,000,000 since the inception of the world's fair project, and the expenditures of the revenue and the expenditures have reached a total of \$30,000,000. The receipts since the opening day, April 30, have amounted to about \$10,000,000, consisting of admissions and concession royalties. In addition to these receipts were the funds, amounting to about \$12,000,000, raised by subscription and appropriation to build the exposition."

"While it is impossible to state exactly the financial condition of the exposition company on this, the closing day, it can be authoritatively announced that all debts against the company have been paid, with the exception of a few current accounts, salaries, etc., and this, it is thought, will consume nearly all the surplus, so that there will only be a very small amount left for the stockholders."

"From the amount of royalties collected by the exposition company it is estimated that the excesses on the Pike and other parts of the world's fair grounds have taken in at least \$10,000,000."

Immediately upon the closing of the gates a large force of men began the work of packing and shipping the exhibits. There are more than 300 officials of the United States customs service on the grounds, and they will remain on duty until the last exhibit has been shipped to the home address of the exhibitor or to such other destination as may be selected.

Beginning tomorrow the exposition grounds will be open to visitors between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. An admission fee of 25 cents will probably be reduced to 15 cents within a few days. All persons entering the grounds will do so at their own risk, and none of the exhibit places will be open to visitors. It was also announced that all of the Pike attractions will be permanently closed tonight.

TEA

Let us have your confidence; we are entitled to it.

So is our tea.

Shilling's Tea is a good footnote to measure your grace with.

\$60.00 Sewing Machine \$17.50

All new, with latest improvements. Only a few left, and we are closing out this line of machines. They are fully warranted and have latest attachments. This offer will draw you to our new store and we invite you to inspect our entire new stock of Pianos and Musical Instruments.

Young Bros. Company,

23 W. FIRST SOUTH ST.

A few doors west of the Utah National Bank.

R R Prescriptions Our Specialty.

Our personal attention paid to the accurate compounding of all Prescriptions.

WILLES-HORNE DRUG CO.

Deseret News Building, BY THE MONUMENT. Both Phones, 374.

R R

READ WHAT MISS LINDBECK SAYS:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has greatly benefited me. I will tell you how I suffered. My trouble was painful menstruation. I felt as each month went by that I was getting worse. I had severe bearing-down pains in my back and abdomen."

"A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. I did so and am now free from all pain during my periods."—JESSIE C. LINDBECK, 1201 6th Street, Rockford, Ill.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it. Her advice has restored to health more than one hundred thousand women. Why don't you try it, my sick sisters?

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CONCERNING GOOD BREAD

What's the use of taking chances on anything like this when you can have good bread always if you use

SMITH'S FLOUR

4,949; Swallow, 1,013; Watson, 353. Roosevelt's plurality, 23,363. For Congress—French (Rep.), 44,813; Clay (Dem.), 20,144; French's plurality, 24,667. For Governor, Gooding (Rep.), 41,877; Heffer (Dem.), 24,129; Gooding's plurality, 17,748. Gooding ran about 4,000 behind the remainder of the state ticket.

DESERTED HIS WIFE.

Boise Man Arrested in Chicago On That Charge.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—On charges that he deserted his wife and little son in Chicago three years ago, David Mackenzie, of Boise, Ida., a wealthy mine operator, has been arrested in Chicago by order of Judge Dunne.

Mackenzie declared to the deputy sheriff that he is in Chicago attending court proceedings, and through previous operations of the courts has been placed beyond reach of the writ of ne exeat issued by Judge Dunne. Orders were given the deputy to keep Mackenzie in sight until there can be an adjustment of his claim to exemption from the new arrest.

Paris Takes Half of Russian Loan

Paris, Dec. 1.—The bankers here expected that the new Russian loan of \$200,000,000 will be issued this or next month. A syndicate of French banks will take approximately \$100,000,000, and the German banks \$100,000,000.

Fire in Grand Junction.

Grand Junction, Colo., Dec. 1.—The Currie building, occupied by the Shellenberger-Miller company's department store, half a dozen other business houses, and the Elks' lodge were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$60,000; insurance, \$43,000.

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