TELEGRAPHIC.

WHEAT AND OATS.

Latest Reports of the Condition of the Winter Crops.

BUT DAMAGE DONE BY FROST.

Reseeding Necessary in Many States.—In Other Places the Prospects are Encouraging.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Reports have been received from the special correspondents of the *Farmer's Review* in twelve states on the condition of winter wheat and oats.

WINTER WHEAT.

In Illinois a great deal of damage was done by the hard freeze of the latter part of March but this has been neutralized by the good growing weather of the present month.

In Indiana the permanent damage was not great except in a few counties, and the general reports are favorable for the crop.

In Ohio the condition is not as good as before the freeze, but no great damage has been sustained. The condition is fair to good.

In Michigan little reference is made to the cold weather in March as injuring wheat. In some counties it was suffered from dry weather, while in others it needs rain. It is better in most places than it appears to be.

From Kentucky comes reports that the wheat did little harm. In places where the plant had apparently been killed by cold, the warm weather has brought it out if its protection—grass and a fair crop is looked for. The general condition in the state is good.

In some counties in Missouri the late freeze and dry weather have considerably reduced the condition of the crop, but recent conditions are more favorable, and are bringing up the average. The average for the state is fair.

In Kansas the damage done by the freeze was not great, but the damage done has not been recovered by later conditions, and the average as a whole is low.

In Nebraska the condition is no more than fair, and in some localities the crop is in bad shape as a result of drought.

In Iowa the crop in certain counties is badly damaged and seems to be deteriorating.

In Wisconsin not much change is reported over last month. The general condition of the crop is good.

OATS.

In Illinois the early sown oats suffered severely by the March freeze and the land had to be quite generally reseeded. The oats that were late sown generally escaped injury. On account of the reseeding it is by no means certain that the disaster will cut down the size of the final crop.

In Indiana oats were widely injured, in some places the estimate being that one half were killed by freezing. As in Illinois, reseeding has been quite general, but some of the fields will be put into other crops.

In Ohio the crop is only fair, the fields that froze out having been mostly reseeded, but some of them have not yet started to grow. Some counties report them very backward.

In most places in Michigan seeding of oats has not yet been completed, and at the time of the March freeze not enough fields were up to make the sow great.

In Kentucky the loss of oats was very great. Numerous reports are received of the entire killing of the crop over wide areas, and there are no accompanying reports of seeding. Many of the fields will be given up to other crops.

The loss was great in Kansas and a recovery does not seem probable.

In Nebraska the outlook is fair, as the oats were not developed enough at the time of the blizzard to destroy them.

In Iowa the general condition for oats is good, though some localities where the crop was early suffered severely.

In Wisconsin the prospects are good.

FALSE AND MISLEADING.

Cole Dalton Se Designates Certain Newspaper Reports.

BOUND PORK, O. T., April 24.—Cole Dalton, brother of the notorious Bill Dalton, Bob and Grant Dalton, was in the city today. To a reporter he said many of the newspaper reports concerning himself and others were totally false and misleading. He positively asserts none of the Dalton gang were concerned in the attempted robbery, which took place near this city on April 9th, in which one of the gang was killed.

Gasoline Explosion.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.—A terrible explosion caused by gasoline took place at the home of Casimir Nagy, one mile below Carondelet, this afternoon, in which two children were burned, two adults totally injured and one seriously burned. The gasoline can broke open while being carried through a stuffed kitchen and becoming ignited. The vapor caused an explosion that shook houses for some distance around. The house was burned and two children perished in the flames before they could be saved. Casimir Nagy and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Vogel, were totally injured while trying to rescue the little ones.

IN CONGRESS.

Proceedings in the Houses of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—In the House the Senate joint resolution authorizing the erection of a bronze statue to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the Capitol was passed.

The pleuriffic appropriation bill was then taken up. The pending amendment was that of Mr. Kyle (Dem.) of Mississippi, to strike out the appropriation for the last southern mail which was defeated.

An amendment providing a limitation of ten years on the payment of Bussey orders, and for the destruction of money orders files at the end of that time, was adopted. The committee then rose.

By arrangement, after the bill was reported to the House, Mr. Quigg was given three quarters of an hour to oppose an amendment adopted in committee of the whole, making all publications purporting to be issued periodically and to subscribe, for which are mailed books or pamphlets, or more than one copy of any publication, whether they be issued regularly or irregularly, and to be issued in parts, bound or unbound, and by subscription or otherwise, subject to postage at third-class rates where transmitted through the mails.

The amendment was voted down by a vote of 78 to 118. The bill was then passed.

At 5 o'clock the House adjourned.

AN EDITOR IN JAIL.

Edward Rosewater of the Omaha "Bee" Sentenced.

OMAHA, Neb., April 24.—Edward Rosewater of the Omaha *Bee*, was today sentenced to imprisonment for thirty days and to pay a fine of $500 for alleged contempt of court. Without being given an opportunity to appeal, Mr. Rosewater was ordered below to jail at once, and for six hours he was behind the bars of Douglas county jail. At 7 p. m. the state supreme court granted a supersedeas and Mr. Rosewater was released until the case can be reviewed by the higher court.

The alleged offense committed by Mr. Rosewater was allowing to be printed in the *Bee* a local article, in which it was stated that there was evidently some partiality shown to certain criminals in the district court, as of two men caught robbing a railroad car, the poor man was sentenced to prison and the son of wealthy parents was given his liberty without the case coming to trial. Mr. Rosewater made a short talk after his sentence, concluding with the words:

"I shall cheerfully submit to this ordeal. It will not hurt me. If there is anything I am guilty of, if I have been guilty of any contempt at all, it is the contempt of my fellow citizens for helping Colonel Scott to be my judge of this district." At the conclusion of Mr. Rosewater's talk, Judge Scott ordered the sheriff to hurry the prisoner to the county jail to serve out the sentence of thirty days. It is the general belief of lawyers that the finding of the court will be overturned by the supreme court when the case comes up for review.

England's Lawmakers.

LONDON, April 24.—Mr. Labouchere today introduced in the House of Commons a bill providing that it will be passed by the Commons and sent to the Lords and not returned to it in two months it shall become a law, the same as though the Lords had acted on it.

Sir Edwin Gray, in the House of Commons, answering a question as to whether New Zealand had proposed to undertake the administration of Samoa, and whether the United States and Germany had been consulted on the subject, said: I think that such proposal will be deemed inconsistent with the provisions of the Berlin agreement.

The president of the board of agriculture, Sir Herbert Gardner, replying to questions in regard to the importation of cattle from America, said that infected animals had been detected in such numbers in cargoes landed in this country during the past few years to prevent him from being satisfied that reasonable precautions were taken in the United States.

THE COXEY MOVEMENT.

The "Home Reserve" is a New Feature of It.

DENVER, April 24.—The first regiment of the Coxey home reserve was formally organized at Lincoln park this afternoon. There were present about 1,000 men and 100 women, and it is stated that 500 more have already signed the roll, which is expected to reach 2,000 within the next few days.

Speeches were made by several prominent Populists and labor leaders, who stated federal and state officials for opposing the armies.

Resolutions were made which, after recalling the deplorable condition of the unemployed of the country, and declaring that the industries are lawless citizens, exercising a right possessed by every citizen in Colorado to present their petition to Congress, conclude as follows:

"Resolved, that we, the home reserve of the Coxey army, do hereby publicly declare ourselves in sympathy with the purposes of General J. S. Coxey in his living petition to Congress for help to alleviate suffering humanity; and be it further

"Resolved, that we condemn, without qualification, the acts or utterances of any governor or judge or other persons who may do or say anything to interfere with the peaceable moving of any large body of men now on their way, or who may hereafter start to the national Capitol for the same or kindred purposes hereinbefore mentioned; and that it is the duty of the Congress of the United States to give them such a hearing, and we demand at the hands of Congress fair and proper treatment of the industrials and to give heed to their demands, in so far as they are in conformity to the laws of our country; and to this end and to their protection we industrials, we now assemble together to aid, support and assist them."

General Coxey said: I was based to night. I am in the (illegible)

"To all law-abiding and patriotic citizens of the United States of America:

"You are requested to proceed without delay to the organization of a Coxey Home Reserve, to petition the Congress of the United States and demand of the authorities in all towns and cities through which we are to pass, that we be fed and protected while we are tramping from east and west and south.

[Signed] F. H. HOUGH,
Colonel Commanding.
By Adjutant W. J. L. Clark.

A CORDUROY BANDIT.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Washington has quarrels of the corduroy in Rechabite hall, were represented today with the chest of a gorgeous silken banner, made by the supporters in Kansas City. It is fifteen feet long by seven feet wide, and the red and white stripes of the United States flag were lost in the center of an immaculate field, with a dazzing emblem surrounded by seven girls each bearing the letters of the word "Liberty."

THE SIOUXS TRAIN.

HELENA, Mont., April 24.—The Sioux contingent of Coxey's army is sailing towards the national capital over the Northern Pacific railroad at the rate of forty miles an hour, and unless stopped or some accident happens, they will arrive in St. Paul tomorrow afternoon. And yet a northern Pacific engineer, who was discharged from service some time ago, is the engineer and he sent the train over the mountains at a high rate of speed. On arriving at Bozeman, the army found there was a move in the Bozeman tunnel. The regular passenger train due in this city at 8 o'clock this morning, was on the side of the track, waiting for it to be repaired, but the army did not waste any time. They went into the tunnel, and without looks as they had placed the track as the train could get through. They sent out of the tunnel at the speed of an express train, and the last heard of them, they were well on their way to Miles City.

CHANGE OF POLICY IN JAPAN.

Indian Silver to be Spared Again at That Time.

LONDON, April 24.—The Times, in its financial article this morning, says that evidently some speculation has been commenced in connection with the rumored opening of the Indian mints. In Wednesday's cables it is expected the mints will be closed in June. In other quarters the probability of a change is denied, yet the Times adds it is hard to believe that further accumulation of currency can be permitted in the Indian treasury, while money is so much needed for Indian purposes here.

THE TARIFF BILL.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—After the morning hours the tariff bill was taken before the House, and Senator Mills of Texas, recommended it. There was a good attendance, this being the last day of debate on the bill as White-Senator Mills spoke at length saying the bill did not entirely meet his approval, but was necessary a matter of compromise. He might offer some amendments. But if they are rejected he should vote for the bill. It was a parliamentary measure and every Democrat should sink his own preferences. Then far he could, he said, forbearing a duty on coffee, tea and sugar. The Democratic theory was that the government should insure to every man the enjoyment of every inherent right. He would have put on the free list all articles that require manufacture from raw material. It was not sufficient he would have put a lot on manufactured wealth. All incentive to the way of employment of labor should be stricken down. The policy of protection, he argued, had aided in building a barrier for aristocracy.

A Presidential Nomination.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The President has nominated Fay Director Edwin Stewart to be chief of the bureau of supplies and accounts and paymaster general with rank of commodore.

To Settle the Pacific Complications.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The final settlement of the government's long standing complications with the Pacific railroads is confidently expected as a result of the activity in Congress, in the courts and in the executive departments. The revised policy by the House committee has brought out the fact that all parties to interest are generally marching toward a common ground of settlement, although they are still separated on details. The government's proposition has already been completed by Attorney General Olney. It was in party drawn by ex-Secretary Hoadley, who will appear before the committee on Friday to explain its merits. On Tuesday the Union Pacific committee its representatives will present a settlement. Thus the government's plan and the road's plan will be side by side for comparison.

Report of Failure.

KANSAS CITY, April 24.—The report comes from Enid, O. T., that the Merchants' bank has failed and that a bank ran the cashier to North Enid where he took the train. The president's life is said to be in danger.

Incendiary Fire.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., April 24.—Miller's Saranac Lake house was burned today. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary. The loss is $30,000.

Paint Explosion.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., April 24.—A fire mill exploded at Markle today, killing several employes and injuring others.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms 40 to 46 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE,
Attorney at Law,
Rooms 50 to 56 Constitution Building.
Cor. E. C. M. I.

I. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law and Land Attorneys,
207-210 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

RICHARD R. SHEPARD,
Lawyer,
Hall Commercial Block.

YOUNG, YOUNG & MOYLE,
Le Grande Young. Richard W. Young.
Oscar W. Moyle.
Attorneys at Law,
Deseret Nat. Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City.

J. E. CORKER, PATENT ATTORNEY
Patents secured, caveats, etc. Patents sold on commission. Office, 61 East Second South, Salt Lake City.

J. R. WALTER,
Attorney at Law.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.
Room 5, 124 West Second South, Salt Lake City.

CHERRY & CHERRY,
Lawyers.
Rooms 8 and 10, Walker Bros. Bank Building, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON,
Dentist.
Rooms 506-7 Constitution Building.

DR. J. H. KEYSOR & BRO.,
Dentists.
Rooms 1 and 2 Dooly-Auerbach Building, 1st floor, 102 Main Street.

DR. J. THOMAS,
Surgeon Dentist,
14 Main St. All work guaranteed. Anesthetics Administered.

HAPPY HOUR DENTAL CO.,
169 S. State Street, Salt Lake City
Office hours day and Night.

MRS. LYDIA CROWTHER, WIFE OF E. CROWTHER, A PROMINENT THEATRICAL MAN.

WOMEN

ARE OFTEN TREATED FOR THE WRONG DISEASE.

Drs. Shores & Shores CURE Their Patients—$5 a Month For All Diseases—Medicines Free.

Many times women call on their family physician, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, one from heart disease, another from liver and kidney trouble, another from nervous exhaustion; the symptoms are all present alike to them, and their easy going, probably doctor-ous, doctor gives them some nice pill or bottle of medicine, tells them to go home and call again in a week. The patient consequently gets no better, but worse, cured from the doctor and seeking treatment. Drs. Shores & Shores give a thorough, scientific and systematic course of treatment; the patient comes to the office twice a week, and the doctors can carefully watch the progress of the patient; they do not give any medicine that comes to hand, but carefully prepare each medicine especially for the case.

Mrs. Crowther, who resides at 308 Ninth South and Third West Streets, says:

"I cannot begin to describe my symptoms, for I had so many. For five years I was a cripple. I had terrible pains in my back and in the pit of my stomach; they were so severe that at night I could not sleep for more than two hours. My head would ache and a constant hawking and spitting I was so foul I could not bear to ordinary conversation. I had a wretched cough; no appetite. I was very weak and did not have strength enough to do my housework. I lose in flesh, and my friends began to imagine I would not live long.

"In this condition I was advised to go to Drs. Shores & Shores, as they were the only specialists who gave evidence of their skill, and I am very glad I did. I have now been under their treatment seventeen days, and I can say I have no more pain, I have not had headache, is a duty to other sufferers to make my testimonials can public."

Mrs. Crowther resides at 308 Ninth South and Third West street. Go and see her she will tell you how she was made well and happy.

NO A MONEY, NO MATTER WHAT YOUR TROUBLE MAY BE, ARE REFUSED TREATMENT OR CARE.

IS FEES FOR YOUR TREATMENT, EXAMINATION, LOCAL TREATMENT IN THE OFFICE AND ALL MEDICINE REQUIRED IN THE CURE OF YOUR TROUBLE.

IF YOU CANNOT COME TO SALT LAKE

Write for the mail treatment. Consult the physicians in personal energy essentials the mail department and by a system of your correspondence contents those out of the city quite as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom blank. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

DRS. SHORES & SHORES,
Specialists,
Zion Medical and Surgical Institute
54 E. Second South Street.

Specialties—All Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs, Nervous, Social and Private Diseases. Our treatment for Piles is painless, safe and certain. Our one method.

Office hours—9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

20 BARS SOAP FOR - $1 00
1 CAN OYSTERS FOR - 10c
9 1-2 CANS SALMON FOR $1 00
10 lb RAISINS FOR - - 1 00
10 lb CURRANTS FOR - 1 00
6 lb OATMEAL FOR - - 1 00
5 lb PACKAGE JAPAN TEA, 50c
TRY OUR ENGLISH BLACK TEA, 25c lb
Our 50c CARPET WARP, $1.25 bunch

AT

Salt Lake Equitable Co-op.,
Cor. First South and Richards Sts.

TEASDEL & SONS.

For Over 40 Years Have Largely Helped to Encourage

HOME INDUSTRIES.

We Have Home-Made

TRUNKS and VALISES.
Rocky Mountain CHURNS.
Rag CARPETS.
BROOMS of Webster & Scovilles makes.
WASHBOARDS.
Inland, Inter-Mountain and Whitewater Table and Dairy SALT.
Gentertown's AXLE GREASE.
Utah HOPS.
Home Made SYRUPS.
Bailey's and other Good Brands of HONEY.
VINEGAR in Salt and White Wine.
CRACKERS—Butter, Soda, Lemonade, Ginger Snaps and Fancy Crackers.
Extracts of JAMICA GINGER, Extracts of LEMON and all fancy flavors.

Denver and Provo Mills Red FLANNELS, Plain and Twill.
White FLANNELS, Plain and Twill.
Stocking YARNS, White, Black and Colored.
HOSIERY, Misses' and Ladies', Cheaper than Eastern makers.
Windsor TIES and BOWS in Elegant Styles.
Silk Perfect HANDKERCHIEFS, Plain and with Temple Mountain.
Gents' Half Hose in Wool and cotton of all shades.
OVERALLS and JUMPERS.
OVER-SHIRTS—various kinds.

DRIED FRUITS.

DRIED FRUITS in Apples, Peaches, Pears and Apricots.

Dealers in Produce.

Smith's, Kandoso's and Mount Pleasant FLOUR; also Corn Meal, Germain, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Pearl Barley, Hominy, Etc.
Horse Radish and Pickles in Kegs and Bottles.
Butter in Dairy, Farmer and Ranch Makes.
Grants Celebrated SOAPS in Bee Hive and Toilet and all other makes of Utah manufacture.
HOME-MADE CANDIES in Stick and Fancy.

All Prices stand of Eastern and Western Goods. Call and examine and you will be satisfied.

TEASDEL & SONS.

The Siegel Clothing Co.

61, 63, 65 MAIN ST.

THE ENTIRE BANKRUPT STOCK OF THE LATE FIRM OF COLDSMITH & CO.

MUST BE SOLD FOR CASH

Our prices are the lowest ever offered in this Territory. It will pay you to visit our establishment. . . . .

THE SIEGEL CLOTHING CO.,

61, 63, 65 MAIN.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

UNAPPROACHABLE VALUES FOR THIS WEEK.

THE ENORMOUS THRONG OF CUSTOMERS DAILY VISITING OUR MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT IS SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE THAT OUR PRICES CAN NOT BE EQUALLED IN THE CITY. . . . .

SPECIALS IN—

WASH GOODS AND DOMESTICS.

AT 4½c YARD—
Amoskeag Matting Prints, Aprons, Check Gingham, 4-4 L. L. Sheeting, 4-4 Bleached Sheeting, White Indian Head Linen. These goods are at special great values and not offered by any other house.

AT 6½c YARD—
Dark Colored Outing Flannel, Cream, Lace Striped Nainsooks. Goods worth 10c yd.

AT 10c YARD—
36 inch wide Tics and White Striped Percales. Extra fine Checked and Striped Outing Flannel. Solid Cream Dress Satines, Striped and Figured Colored Satines. Russian Cambrics in all new shades.

AT 12½c YARD—
Irish and English Double Fold Figured Lawns. 36 inch Plain and Striped White Organdies. 32 inch American Fancy Percales.

AT 15c YARD—
32 inch White and Tan Colored HOSES, the very latest weave styles of the season. An elegant line of Sea Island Cotton Lawns, Cambrics. These are worth 20 yd. everywhere.

GENTS' KID GLOVES AT SPECIAL PRICES.

Gents' Tan Seals in all sizes, fancy stitch, at 50c
All Silk or Lisle Seams in all the newest colorings 50c, 35c, 25c
An elegant assortment of Gents' Silk Windsor Ties at 25c, 15c
Suspenders of good ties at 10c pair

BOYS' SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

Boys' Knee Pants 35c, 25c, 22c up
Boys' Waists 12c, 20c, 25c up
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, single breasted, in Blue and Gray Twills, all sizes, $1.65
Boys' Knee Pants in plain Gray and plain Brown, single breasted, patch pockets, all sizes, at $2.00
Three lines of odd Suits sold from $5 to $7, at $3.00
Boys' long pants Suits in striped Ballard at $3.00
Youths' long pants Suits in stylish light plaids at $3.75
Boys' all-wool Jersey Suits at $1.75, $2.50, $3

CLOTH FOR CAPES, JACKETS, ETC.

36 inch all-wool Ladies' Cloth in black and colors, suitable for Boating Capes, worth $1, at 65c yd
A full line of Broadcloths, spring weight, in black and all popular shades, worth $1.50, our price, $1

GRAND SALE OF HOSIERY.

See our window.

10c PAIR—Ladies' Black Seamless Cotton Hose, extra good quality, worth 15c.
12½c PAIR—Ladies' fast Black Seamless Cotton Hose, a special bargain, worth 20c.
20c PAIR—Ladies' fast Black Seamless Cotton Hose, three thread heel and toe, worth 25c.
The PAIR—Children's Black Ribbed Cotton Hose, extra length, worth 15c.
12½c PAIR—Children' Black Ribbed Seamless Cotton Hose, worth 20c.
25c PAIR—Gentlemen's Tans and plain black Ribbed Seamless Cotton Hose, double thread, worth 35c.

CONTINUATION OF OUR BLANGHTER SALE OF SPRING CLOAKS.
OUR PRICES ARE LOWER THAN MANUFACTURER'S COST.