

EDITORIAL NOTES.
 The number of cattle reported in Texas for 1881 is 4,464,000 head valued at \$38,640,320.
 It is said that notwithstanding the frosts of the past season, Florida will send 50,000,000 oranges to market this year.
 There were 121 failures throughout the United States and Canada, reported to Bradstreet's, during the week ending Oct. 26th, a decrease of one as compared with the preceding week. There was a considerable increase in the New England and Western States, the most numerous failures being among the grocers and general traders.
 The Chicago Times says: "The canned goods trade all over the United States has, this year, been characterized by the failure of heavy contracts made by the packers to sell at low prices, as in anticipation of a plentiful crop of fruit and vegetables, and the fact that in many cases the crops were the reverse of abundant, so that the packers were in many cases plucked."
 The New Orleans Democrat says that the people of Florida are enthusiastic believers in the theory that almost any and every plant, tree and shrub, will find a congenial soil and climate in their State. They have tried the cultivation of Sisal hemp, jute, ramie, the Agave Americana, coffee, tea, bread fruit, chili, yams, ivory nuts, and in some cases, have met with marked success. They now propose to turn their agricultural talents to the production of coconuts.
 The discussion at the Paris Congress of Electricians on the question as to whether the telegraphic and telephonic meshes which are now stretched over most large cities increase the dangers of thunderstorms or not, was chiefly characterized by the divergence of the opinions of the many eminent men present. Professor Helmholtz, amongst others, declined to express too positively a reassuring opinion, and Sir William Thomson and Mr. Preece said that the time honored lightning conductor itself is dangerous under certain circumstances. The Congress finally referred the question for decision to an international statistical commission.
 Two of Professor Max Muller's Japanese pupils at Oxford have recently made a curious discovery of Sanskrit manuscript in Japan. The work is the text of the celebrated "Diamond Sutra," forming part of the Sacred Canon or Bible of the Buddhists, but hitherto known only through Tibetan or Mongolian translations. It has been believed that Professor Max Muller, the Chinese Buddhists brought back Sanskrit manuscript on their return from pilgrimages to the holy places of their worship in India, and Dr. Edkins's discovery of a manuscript of the "Kalachakra" confirmed this conviction; but it was quite unexpected that such manuscripts should be found in Japan.
A FORCIBLE RETORT.
 The New York World having asked the question "Where in all the world are paupers worse treated than in the West?" the Cincinnati Star replies with caustic truth: "Well to specify, they are treated considerably worse right in the city of New York, where poor people frequently starve in the midst of plenty, and where the city fathers are permitted for years to practice brutalities upon homeless children in the very shadow of metropolitan churches in spite of all the wealth piled up in that great city there is no doubt more suffering among the poor, through the negligence of the rich, than in any western territory including an equal population."
 This is a buffet upon the cheek of New York Journalism well delivered and well deserved. It becomes the writers and orators of that city to find fault with the social condition of other places in this country. The outcry raised by Gotham papers against Utah are made with a sublime oblivion to the corruptions existing in their own neighborhood, and it is amazing that they should make such an incessant din about the imaginary evils in the marriage relations of a portion of the people in a Territory numbering a hundred and fifty thousand, while the actual evils of New York are so immense and indispensible as to overshadow entirely the supposed wrong-doings of Utah. There is probably no part of the Union where there is so much wealth and at the same time so much grinding poverty as New York; no place where there is so much "religion" and so much vice; and no place where there is so much boasting of itself and fault-finding of others with so many reasons for humiliation and self-reproach when viewed as others see it.
DON'T BITE.
 It is not generally known that there is some resemblance between a human bite and the bite of a serpent. Rabalais declares that human saliva is poisonous and science has recently determined the fact by experiment. In a communication to the Paris Academy of Medicine, M. Gantier relates the result of his observations on this subject. He took twenty grammes of human saliva, and after mixing and purifying it, injected the substance, in solution under the skin of a bird. Immediately the bird was seized with trembling, and soon staggered and fell to the ground in complete stupor, and death ensued in half an hour. The phenomena resembled fully those produced by the bite of a venomous

serpent. The poisonous matter of the saliva is thought to be an alkaloid similar to the cadaveric poisons called putrescines, which MM. Brouard and Boutmy have isolated. Like them, it produces a Russian blue when mixed with ferrocyanide of potassium. The facts stated throw some light on the question of virulent maladies. "The present case," it is pointed out, "is not that of a true virus; for at high temperatures a virus is destroyed, but when the salivary alkaloid is heated to more than 100°, its poisonous property is not affected." M. Gantier studied comparatively the poison of the cobra (one of the most formidable of Indian serpents). This injected in a dose of one milligramme in a quarter of a cubic centimeter of water, under the skin of a small bird, such as a chaffinch or a sparrow, kills it in five to twelve minutes.
 The difference between the poison of serpents and that of human saliva is thus shown to be rather in the intensity of its effects than in its essential nature.
 Moral.—Be careful not to bite anything but what you intend to eat.

TOO BIG FOR ANYTHING.
 This homely adage about "biting off more than one can chew," is illustrated in the history of the vessel known as the *Great Eastern*, or as it was first called the *Leviathan*. It is the largest vessel afloat and, according to the figures given in Genesis, is bigger than the great ark which preserved so many animals with Noah and his family from the flood. Although a seaworthy and strong, immense in its capabilities and vast in its carrying capacity, it has only brought financial ruin to each successive company which has come into possession of the monster craft.
 One good work was performed through her agency, that was the laying of the first submarine cable from Europe to America. She once carried ten thousand soldiers, with their horses and provisions, from England to Canada. But many misfortunes have attended her and her cost was so great that the returns were inadequate to make any compensation, and she was handed over from company to company with similar loss to all.
 She was sold a short time ago for \$150,000, when her cost was about \$3,750,000. Her builders overreached themselves. And what the present purchaser will do with this ocean elephant is a question that time will have to answer. The trouble with this marine monster is that she is too big for anything.

BY TELEGRAPH.
 THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.
AMERICAN.
 LATEST DISPATCHES.

Reported Battle.
 TUCSON, A. T., 6.—Information is just received of a fight between hostile Apaches; under Chiefs Vav and Dravo and United States cavalry in the Apache country, in which four bucks were killed and five women and some children captured. The Apaches were scattered by the engagement, and are making towards the San Carlos agency.

Ocean Graves.
 BOSTON, 6.—The schooner *Delta* Hoekstra, captured in a squall off Nantucket, and the crew took to the boats and pulled all night without making any progress. After being in the boat 24 hours without food and proper clothing, the mate and four men died from exhaustion and fright, and then were thrown overboard.
Railroads and Stocks.
 New York, 7.—The foreign buying of stocks and bonds has become an important source of strength to the market. If the 3 per cent are not tendered by government at par and interest. Another call will be likely to be made soon, and it is believed it will be for continued 6's. Insiders believe the secret of Erie will become public property this week. The open secret is likely to be the fact that English holders of Central in Erie have requested Gould to take the presidency of the company and name ten directors. It is said among the 10 will be Gould, Sage, Humphrey, Dillon and four members of the present board on friendly terms with Vanderbilt and with the Pennsylvania company. The Pennsylvania company are said to be ready to make a satisfactory agreement with the Erie combination. It is stated semi-officially that the Huntington syndicate has bought 60 per cent of the stock and bonds of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago line in the interest of the Chesapeake and Ohio system. A road is being built to give the Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago a direct connection with the Rock Island road and establish a great trunk line from the northwest to Newport.

Fire at Hoboken.
 This evening a fire broke out on the Eagle Dock at Hoboken. The flames raged so furiously and became so threatening that the authorities of Hoboken telegraphed to New York for aid, and several fire engines were sent over, and fire ladders ordered to the scene. The fire was given up as follows: The fire in Hoboken started at the Eagle Dock, owned by the Hoboken Dock Company of Hamburg, and leased by the Wilson and Eagle Steamship companies. Two full cargoes of merchandise were just unloaded from Wilson's line. The steamer *Rialto*, plying between Hoboken and Hull, England; the other in readiness for the National line steamer, to sail in a few days for London and Liverpool. Most of the merchandise, including a large quantity of cotton and steel rails, was owned by the New York merchants. The stock was fully insured. The dock was constructed eight years ago at a cost of \$250,000, and was 710 feet long and 80 feet wide. Several barges and lighters in close proximity to the fire, were also destroyed, and the steamer *Rialto* but for the arrival of a tug would have been destroyed. One origin of the fire was given as follows: The watchman had applied as a lighting contrivance a small tin kerosene lamp attached to a pole to light the gas in the dark, and on ignition, almost instantaneously the cotton and steel rails, and a quantity of loose oakum strewn around were ablaze. The disastrous consequences are accounted for in this way. The Hoboken fire department and city authorities have been for some time at logger heads, the latter, according to the firemen, refusing to furnish proper supplies to the department. Furthermore, recently, the authorities designated the engine house at places of registration for voters; an action which the firemen loudly protested against. The result was that when the fire alarm was sounded, the fire apparatus was

found with the tongues turned to the wall, and only one of the seven engines comprising the department responded. The chief refused to order the men out, until he received certain assurances. These guarantees were given by the mayor, and the engines reached the scene of the conflagration at six o'clock, more than an hour after the first alarm was given and too late to prevent the conflagration. The mayor of the city being informed of the condition of affairs, telegraphed to New York and Jersey City for aid, and the two cities promptly responded. A large storehouse that stands on the shore end of the dock and is used by all the steamship companies whose vessels land at Hoboken, was on fire at one time, but the flames were extinguished before any material damage was done. The loss is placed at half a million.

Stocks.
 The *News* says: London was a large buyer of Erie on Saturday, one firm purchasing 20,000 shares. Louisville, N. Y. Albany and Chicago stock is reported as being sold.

Saved from the Sea.
 The Portuguese ship *Marianna*, which arrived at this port in quarantine on Sunday, brought Antonio Crisoleo, an Italian sailor, and the sole survivor of the bark *Rosina*, which left Catania for this port in September. Captain Pereira, of the *Marianna*, related to a *Times* reporter, the story of his rescue and the loss of the *Rosina*, the latter told him by the saved seaman. October 23th, in mid ocean, Captain Pereira sighted a bark drifting at the mercy of the waves. He made all towards the stranger, and soon a man was seen gesticulating wildly. Captain Pereira ordered a boat lowered. The boat made its way to the side of the bark, which was found to be the *Rosina*. The man on board jumped into the boat, which he had eagerly watched from the moment it left the ship's side. He could not speak the language of his rescuers, but he showed by signs that it would be useless to hunt for any more human beings. The deck of the bark had been swept perfectly clean. Everything had been carried away, and the hold, loaded principally with sulphur, was nearly full of water. The waves were making a complete breach over the wreck fore and aft. The *Rosina* was left to her fate and the boat's crew returned to the *Marianna*. The shipwrecked sailor then told the story of the loss of the *Rosina* to Captain Pereira. He says that during the night of Oct. 20, the sky became overcast, and the waves and motions of an approaching storm of considerable severity. Next morning it was blowing briskly and some light sails were taken in. Cresoleo says he heard his captain remark they were in longitude 43, but he did not learn the longitude. As the morning advanced the wind became fiercer and at noon it was blowing a hurricane. The bark was under reefed topsails, keeping her head as near the wind as possible. The sea was terrific and rolled up from asternward, appearing like small mountains as they approached. The bark however rode them, without shipping any great quantity of water. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the tempest was terrific, the wind howling furiously through the rigging and the uneven sea making the vessel violently about. The captain was then heard to call out to the man at wheel to cling to his post, and those who were below hurried on deck. One enormous wave obscured the horizon, and windward and rolled toward the bark. She was about to rise with the huge billow, but tripped and fell before it. The wave broke and rolled its vast volumes over her. It seemed to Cresoleo that he had been engulfed by torrents, which coated over him as he crouched in the hatchway which went down into the lower decks. The water slowly passed away and the bark emerged from under the surface.

The President's Visitors.
 President Arthur remained in his home to-day, and was called upon by Grant, Horace Porter and others. In the evening the President had a conference with Secretary Blaine, in the 5th Avenue Hotel.
Arctic Current—Captured Whales.
 Capt. Perry, of the relief steamer *Redoubt*, is reported by the captain of the schooner *Golden Plover*, as telling Capt. Hickmott, of the *Dawn*, that he found Wrangel Land to be about 60 miles long, with a current at the northern end running northwesterly about six knots an hour. The following is the catch of the whaling fleet for the season up to October 31st: *Steamer* *Seal*, 17 whales; bark *Helen*, 18; half bark *Rambou*, 13; bark *Progress*, 13; bark *John*, 10; bark *Coral*, 14; bark *Pleasant*, 11; bark *Star*, 9; bark *Star*, 9; bark *Breeze*, 9; bark *Pacific*, 11; bark *Sapho*, 4; bark *Hidalgo*, 4; bark *Northern Light*, 10; bark *Thos. Pope*, 11.

St. Louis, 7.—The River Convention of St. Louis, publishes an open letter saying that the convention was already an ovation to Capt. Davis to create a sentiment to Congress to appropriate money without consideration, for the Jetty system in the north portion of the river.

Murderous Mob.
 Tiffin, O., 7.—The jail officers and police, repelled a mob of several hundred who would have lynched Madden for killing Phoebe Bonard. The militia are ordered out and warrants issued for the ring leaders of the mob.

Ditched.
 PLACESTONE, Mass., 5.—Ten heavily laden freight cars of the New York and New England road were ditched by a piece of machinery falling from the platform of a car, and demolished.

Opera House and Big 4 Opened Out.
 JOPLIN, Mo., 6.—The Opera House was burned last night. The building is an entire loss. Several merchants occupying the ground floor were heavy losers.
 The "Big Four" minstrel troupe which played in the house last night lost 19 trunks and their musical instruments. The total loss will reach \$25,000. The building was insured for \$9,500.

Murder on the High Seas.
 BOSTON, 6.—The captain of the steamer *Victoria*, from Liverpool, to-day, handed over to the police Michael Reagan, of Roscommon, Ireland, who probably shot David Turner, an Englishman. Both were steerage passengers. On Reagan's person at the time were found a murderous looking knife and a large number of cartridges. It is thought he is insane.

FOREIGN.
A Gloomy Picture.
 BERLIN, 6.—A diplomat who has just arrived from St. Petersburg gives me a very gloomy description of the situation in Russia. Affairs are growing more and more critical daily. Riots are feared in consequence of the increasing dearth of provisions. The nihilists are distributing circulars exhorting the Czar with being the cause of all the trouble, and declaring that he is sending all the gold of Russia to Denmark. The truth is that a small part of the nihilists in Russia are Imperial cells after the assassination of Alexander the second, was forwarded to Denmark at the time of the recent royal marriage. High Russian officials are advising landlords

to leave the country for the city if they do not wish to be assassinated. Great anxiety prevails at Gatchina, near St. Petersburg.
Bismarck was sued for slander by Vanbunnen, secessionist, for remarks in a speech to his constituents.
Fearful Mortality.
 DARGELING, India.—Deaths from the epidemic cholera fever amount to 3,000, or ten times the rate of mortality for the past few years.
Lord Byron.
 ATHENS, 6.—The statue of Lord Byron has been unveiled at Missa-lough, where he died. The ceremony was attended by great popular enthusiasm.
Anniversary.
 At the anniversary of the battle of Montana, celebrated at Milan and Montana, two speakers at Milan and one at Montana were silenced by the police.

Westminster.
 LONDON, 6.—Rev. Geo. Granville Bradley, new Dean, in his inaugural sermon at Westminster Abbey, yesterday, laid great stress on the common inheritance in the Abbey, which citizens of the great republic across the sea might claim could they forget divided counsels and unhappy memories.

Acting through the pores upon the sources of inflammation, Glenn's Sulphur Soap promptly relieves the burning, itching and other annoyances caused by Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Impetigo, Erysipelas, and other skin diseases and ultimately removes every vestige of them. HILL'S Instantaneous Hair Dye is safe as well as speedy. d & w

What Eminent St. Louis Physicians Say.
 Preventive of Malaria.—Colden's Liable's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic is a very agreeable article of diet, and particularly useful when tonics are required, being tolerated when other forms of animal food are rejected. In diphtheria, Ague, Malaria, Typhoid Fever and every depressing disease, its use will be attended with great advantage. We have prescribed it with excellent success. J. H. Leslie, M. D.; G. P. Copp, M. D.; S. B. Parsons, M. D.; R. A. Vaughn, M. D.; Drs. S. L. and J. C. Niedelet; Wm. Porter, M. D., and many others. (Remember the name, Colden's, take no other.) Of druggists generally. d & w

Facts that We Know.
 If you are suffering with a severe Cough, Cold, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, loss of voice, tickling in the throat, or any affection of the throat or lungs, we know that Dr. King's New Discovery will give you immediate relief. We know of hundreds of cases it has completely cured, and that where all other remedies have failed. No other remedy can show one-half as many permanent cures. Now to give you satisfactory proof that Dr. King's New Discovery will cure you of Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Consumption, severe Coughs and Colds, Hoarseness, or any Throat or Lung disease. If you will call at Moore, Allen & Co. d

DR. W. H. SEARLES.
 Oculist and Surgeon, Salt Lake City. Office 173 Main Street, Romney Block. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m.

DIED.
 In the 21st Ward, November 7th, 1881, MARK, son of Mark and Mary Ann Hench, aged 7 months and 8 days.
 Funeral to-overcome, at 2 o'clock p. m., from residence. Friends are invited.
 In the 11th Ward of this city, November 6, 1881, of whooping cough, LIDA PEARL, daughter of John and Mary Ann Hench, aged 1 year and 8 months.
 Funeral from residence of parents, 11th Ward, to-overcome (Tuesday), at 2 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

ST. JACOBSON'S
 TRADE MARK

 THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
 FOR
RHEUMATISM,
 Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
 Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Rheumatic and Aching Pains.
 No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobson's as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial will convince you of its superiority. It is a household necessity, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its value.
 Directions in German Language.
 SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
 Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

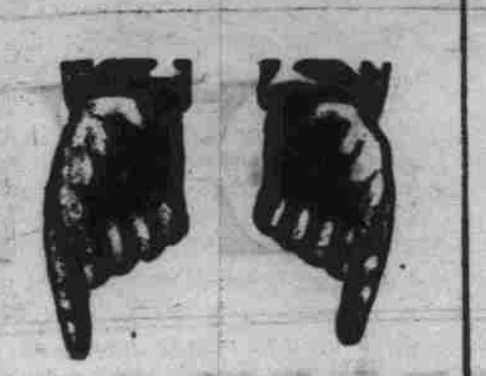
MASONS.
 WANTED GOOD ROCK MASONS. APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
 I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
 One gray MARE, about 9 years old, branded O on right hind, and taken away within ten days from date, will be sold at auction at the law office of the Deputy Sheriff, on Monday, November 14th, at 10 a. m.
 GEORGE T. COTLAND,
 District Poundkeeper.
 St. George, Nov. 4th, 1881.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
 I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
 One small black COIT, about eight months old, hind legs and feet white, white spot in neck.
 If the above described animal is not claimed and taken away within ten days (it will be sold at public sale at the highest price, at the city estray pound, Washington street, Salt Lake City, on Wednesday, Nov. 17th, 1881, at 2 o'clock p. m.
 JAMES SHERRILL,
 City Poundkeeper.
 Salt Lake City, Nov. 7th, 1881.

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HEADQUARTERS
 FOR
TENTS

—AND—
Railroad Contractors' SUPPLIES!
 I have the only Good Supply of
TENTS
 In UTAH, Constantly in Stock.

7x7 and 7x9
WEDGE TENTS,
 9x9 and 10x10
 10x12 and 12x14
 —AND—
 14 by 16.
WALL TENTS.

All Wall Tents are made of 10 oz. Duck, Triple Sewed, Ropes Sewed in Eaves, Two Extra Long Guy-Ropes from Top of Ridge Pole. Front and Rear, and all complete with Poles and Pins.

Which Contractors say are worth double any other.
 Send for Circular.

Besides my Usual Supply of
 Plows, Wagons,
 Barb Wire,
 Wagon Stock,
 And Other Goods, I have a Large Supply of
SPRING WAGONS
 —AND—
BUGGIES,
 Which I will sell for the next 30 days, Cheaper than ever before, to close them out before Winter.

J. W. LOWELL,
 Salt Lake & Ogden.

WALKER BROS.
 36 & 88 EAST TEMPLE STREET.

WALKER BROS.
 36 & 88 EAST TEMPLE STREET.

Z. C. M. I.,
 INVITES A PUBLIC INSPECTION OF THEIR
IMMENSE STOCK
 OF
WINTER CLOTHING!
 COMPRISING ALL THE
 Newest Styles for MEN, YOUTHS and BOYS.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT
 Has had Special Attention this Fall, and we feel confident we will be able to suit the most fastidious both as regards
QUALITY and PRICE!
 WM. JENNINGS, Superintendent.

NEW GOODS
 ARRIVING DAILY AT
THOMAS W. JENNINGS,
 36 & 88 EAST TEMPLE STREET.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
 I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
 One dark brown HORSE, 5 or 6 years old, star in forehead, hind feet white with small black spot on each hind foot down against the hoof, branded W on right thigh, also R on left thigh.
 Not claimed on or before Nov. 8, 1881, will be sold at my court at 11 a. m.
 H. J. MCCOLLUGH,
 District Poundkeeper.
 Fillmore, Millard Co., Oct. 28, 1881.
JOS. H. PARRY,
 Newsdealer, Bookseller & Stationer
 FIRST SOUTH STREET,
 Half Block East of Deseret National Bank.
 Supplies his Customers with all the popular Newspapers & Magazines, Library Books, Church Works, Stationery, ETC., ETC., ETC., AT LOWEST PRICES! GIVE HIM A CALL.

WALKER BROTHERS.
 RETAIL DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!
 WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF LADIES TO THE FOLLOWING GREAT
SPECIALTIES:
 MISSES' AND LADIES' Cloaks, Dolmans, Jackets, Ulsters and Circulars.
 BOYS' AND YOUTHS' Suits, Overcoats, Ulsters, Hats and Caps.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO OUR
Silk Department!
 OUR ASSORTMENT OF
 IS VERY COMPLETE.
 OUR STOCK OF
CARPETS
 IS UNEQUALLED BETWEEN CHICAGO AND SAN FRANCISCO.
WALKER BROS.

WALKER BROS.
 36 & 88 EAST TEMPLE STREET.

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