INVESTIGATION IS BEGUN.

(Continued from page one.)

Horne, the clerk at the drug store. I tried to see him, but failed to do so, making several unsuccessful engagements with him. Once at the store, the porter said Horne, took Horne's place behind the cellar when I called to see him, and presently I followed. They came out together and went into the prescription room. I finally told Horne that I wished to speak with him and that if he did not desire to speak to me, he might simply say so without treating me in this manner. He then said positively to speak to me, saying he had been so instructed by his employer, Hoh.

Dickson objected to the accusation against Horne, as being uncalled for, to go all this stage of the proceedings before the public. Dickson said he had no connection with Mr. McCune, and that he desired Horne put on the witness stand, without knowing what he would say, for he feared that nothing should be incriminating.

LAW'S EVIDENCE.

Representative Law was then sworn, and in response to Mr. Kraus, stated that he lives in Paradise, for age is twenty-eight; was a member of the legislature, a former, a member of the Utah Legislature; acquainted with A. W. McCune; was not sworn about the 7th or 8th of January of this year, interrogated to him by Mr. Lee; had a conversation at that time with McCune, not him in his headquarters, on the street, in the Hogan saloon, in the Victoria restaurant, and in the Wasatch drug store. First on last Tuesday night. McCune made propositions to him his vote. He had been approached prior to that time at different times by Mr. Sloan and Mr. Musser, who had talked to him about his vote, but nothing improper was said to them. At 9 o'clock or later. Witness, I was there; and McCune came in and asked me to take something. "What do you think?" asked witness. "Rye whisky," replied Law, and I think Mr. Cane did also. He tried to convince me that the Democrats didn't want the only silver party, and after some further talk invited me to dinner. We went out and up to the Tabernacle restaurant. No one was with us. We went into the back room and occupied a table together. No one was with us there. We were on the south side. Some parties were on the north side. This was about 4 o'clock or later. We discussed political topics on the silver question, and nothing else was said there. McCune ordered the dinner. We stayed there a long time, and others joined us. We then went to McCune's headquarters, about ten o'clock. Mr. Dewater and Senator Tanner walked as far as the corner with us. We were, I think, at the corner corners a few moments, and Mr. McCune invited me into his room. Other parties were in the room, Mr. Musson and Mr. Sloan, so one else was in the room. We were there twenty-five or thirty minutes. Mr. McCune asked me if I had anything against him personally. I told him no, but he had found me a hard nut to get acquainted with. Then he said that he intended to win this fight, that he had spent too much money and energy to lose it now. Then he leaned over a small table and said to me, "Law, if you will vote for me tomorrow, you can name your price." I told him I could not vote for him, as our political principles were too much opposed.

Mr. McCune's son came in and said it was time to go. I remained till about 12 o'clock. McCune shook hands and said, "Be good night." Law.

I disclosed this to Senator Howell, in a restaurant on Second South street. I think that was Friday night. I told him to Howell that McCune had told me that if I would vote for him I could name my own price. I disclosed it to Representative Johnson last Friday night at a hotel. I had bits of a conversation I had had with Mr. Dickson. Sloan thought I could as well support the Democrat as another, that I was a young man, poor, and that the thing I could do was to take whatever chances were offered; that he was shortlived to speak for Mr. McCune, and that I should let them know at 10 o'clock Saturday morning. I also disclosed this to Representative Smith on Friday evening and to Chief of Police Pratt Friday night in the Knutsford hotel. Representative Johnson had advised that we telephone to Chief Pratt. We decided a plan to expose the matter. We sent for Detective Shoots and we all went to police headquarters. We went into a room in the Dooley block, and I was in there, and met Mr. McCune to go there and make the deal. I met him in the room engaged by Shoots; next morning I went early to see my folks in the Tabernacle ward, and returned to the room and met Shoots, Chief Pratt and his aides there. It was arranged that I should telephone McCune to meet me at the Wasatch drug store. I telephoned McCune that I had considered the proposition he and his representative had made to me and was willing to accept. He said, "For God's sake don't say anything more about it over the telephone." McCune said he would come over and see him, but I told him I would not go to meet him, and he said he would come to the drug store. I met him at the Wasatch drug store. We sat down on a bench in the south east corner of the room facing west somewhat secluded. Mr. Horne was in the drug store. The Chief of Police came and went out at the south door. McCune asked me what I could do for him. I asked if he had any idea of my price, but that proposition, I named $1,000, and he finally got down to $1,500. He said he thought he would be started any way that day, but to make sure of it he would give me $1,500.

He wanted to pay me after I had voted for him. I said I wanted some down. We finally agreed that I was to receive five down and $1,000 between three and four days after the election. McCune said I can't pay you here. That man Horne is an enemy of mine. I asked him to leave the room. He wanted to go into some saloon. I told him I would not go to any public place.

I think he said, "Wait till I step to the store room and get some change." I stepped out and met Chief Pratt.

THE MEETING WITH FRENCH.

The witness was here closely questioned by his counsel as to his meeting with Mr. Pratt with Mr. French in the drug store; also as to his knowledge of the same. In reply: Mr. Kraus's interrogatory to French, he was questioned as to speech in the Legislature on Saturday when he declared that Pratt had called for him to go to Moroni two years ago, the boys, meaning they were interested brothers, and in that way had worked with each other; he also admitted he had made a speech where he said he had not met Mr. Pratt for two years, for he had met him in January of the present year. Counsel asked him if he came to make these misstatements and he replied that he did not, when asked if he was sorry for the blunder, he showed excitement and nervousness as indicated by his rub upon the floor. On cross-examination by Mr. Lee, he stated Pratt was to say during and by reason of his telephone, whenever witness asked Pratt to come, he would be right around. He denied having made any previous arrangements with Pratt, either directly or indirectly. The meeting was entirely accidental.

Attorney Evans—Why did you speak to him?

Witness—Because I thought McCune would not go to my room with me.

Attorney Evans—Why did you want him to follow you?

Witness—Because I thought McCune would insist on going to some wine-room, and I knew if Pratt would have a sharp lookout he would see what occurred and be able to testify to it.

Witness then narrated how he crossed the street with McCune. He said before starting across that McCune suggested that when they get to the next corner they make for home. Mr. McCune going west and Mr. Law south, when in the middle of the street, witness said, McCune had lost that he was $50 short, but that he would deposit $50 to his bank and pay him the remainder later.

Attorney Evans—Did you have the amount to bet in your hand?

Witness—Only his word for it.

Witness then said that McCune took his departing way towards the Knutsford corner and that Pratt stepped up to witness, who asked:

"You say that man stuck hands with you?"

"Yes."

"You saw what he left in my hand?" (opening it.)

"Yes."

Witness then asked Pratt to go up with me to my room and let the chief of police what he saw and he said all right. Witness then went to the Knutsford Hotel and another man were in the room. I explained to them what Pratt had said, and they agreed to go over to Pratt after meeting it. It was merely—five twenty dollar bills. I don't know what the amount is.

Some little discussion then followed with reference to the location of the Chief of Police headquarters, after which Chairman Sheriff announced that it was time for the joint assembly to adjourn, and at 5:30 the committee came to recession at 2:50 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Law Admits Influence of Liquor and the Possible Spotting the Montana Senators.

The committee was somewhat tardy this afternoon in getting down to work, but not directly to the center of the charges without delay. Attorney Evans might easily have made much time by not asking Chief Pratt, and he replied some last Friday night.

DICKSON'S CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Attorney Dickson immediately took witness in hand for cross-examination. He asked:

"What is your full name?"

"Alma Alder Law."

"Is not your name Shelton?"

"Law is the only name I ever knew."

"But I ask you if your proper name is not Shelton?"

"That was my father's name, but I was adopted by a family named Law and have kept their name since childhood."

"What is your occupation?"

"Mining, farming and merchandising."

"Where have you been engaged in farming?"

"Mostly in Colorado."

"Where?"

"In Cache county."

"Are you a tax payer there?"

"I am."

"What did your taxes amount to last year?"

"Something over $14."

"Your own taxes?"

"No, my mother's."

"What about your own?"

"They were really personal."

"How much did you pay?"

"I don't remember."

"Not a dollar?"

"I don't remember."

"Two dollars?"

"I don't remember."

"Merely a nominal sum?"

"That is all."

"Did it not at the thought first occur to you to disclose yourself by accepting a bribe from Mr. McCune?"

"Because I was in favor of the question, and it was changed to prohibition, and it never to you to corrupt yourself by accepting a bribe as a member of the Legislature?"

"Shall I answer that?"

Kraus—There is no objection to the question in that form.

Law—Last Friday.

Dickson—What time?

"In the joint session."

"Not before that?"

"It had not taken any depth before that."

Witness here said he did not remember having a conversation with Sheriff Tarbet in the House lobby on Thursday evening, but he did not deny that he might not for him if he received good logical reasons therefor. Didn't remember that he said to Tarbet that he had been in Idaho as Montana it would be a good idea getting long ago, didn't remember saying to Tarbet in reply that Grey admitted that McCune would never be elected, "I'll be bad a scheme that would put a stumbling block in his way."

Dickson—Were you sober?

"Yes, sir."

"You have been in this saloon frequently during the Legislature?"

"Yes, sir."

"You have been pretty full?"

"No, sir."

"Under the influence of liquor?"

"Possibly."

"But you have never been drunk?"

"No, sir."

"Didn't you say in this saloon three or four weeks ago to John A. Quinlan, the Salt Lake City Herald and Utah Tribune reporter, that you were going to vote for a Montana senator in the Utah Legislature?"

The witness said that he might have done so, but he did not say that he had sat, but he couldn't remember this for back. He was still on the stand when the "News" went to press.

The People Believe

What They Read About Hood's Sarsaparilla

Their Faith in This Medicine is Grounded on Merit

They Know It Absolutely Cures When Other Medicines Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla is not merely a simple preparation of Sarsaparilla, Dock, Mitlingia and a little Iodide of Potassium.

Besides these excellent alteratives, it also contains those great anti-bilious and liver remedies, Mandrake and Dandelion. It also contains those great kidney remedies, Uva Ursi, Juniper Berries, and Pipsissewa.

Not one these all. Other very valuable curative agents are harmoniously combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it is carefully prepared under the personal supervision of a regularly educated pharmacist.

Knowing these facts, is the abiding faith the people have in Hood's Sarsaparilla a matter of surprise? You can see why Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, when other medicines totally, absolutely fail.

"My little girl was afflicted with eczema and suffered for seven years. She was attended by physicians and tried many different kinds of medicine without relief. After taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla she was cured." MRS. EMMA FRANKLIN, Hoosgye, New York.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is Hood's that Does Cures Hood Purifies, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best in fact—the one true blood purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to operate. 25 cents.

IN JOINT ASSEMBLY TODAY

There Was Only One Ballot Taken—Two Speeches Made.

Senatorial Aberrations, but Little Change in the Relative Vote for Senatorial Candidates.

Only one ballot was taken in the joint assembly today. A large crowd was present and two brief speeches were made in relation to the timing and conduct of business, one disapproval from certain quarters from the outsiders.

PROCEEDINGS OF JOINT ASSEMBLY.

One hundred and twenty-third ballot was taken in the joint assembly today.

Cannon 2, King 3, McCune 24, Nebeker 3, Powers 1, Sutherland 10, Roberts 42.

Necessary to a choice, 28.

Roberts voted for Sutcliff, Taylor (Herriman) voted for Sutcliff, Taylor (Spanish Fork) changed his vote by voting for McCune; Robertson, who was excused from voting last Saturday, voted for Roberts; Mr. Robertson, he said, he said, that a man is innocent until proven guilty. President Nebeker voted for Roberts.

TANNER AGAINST MISSING.

Before the roll call had been proceeded with Senator Tanner arose to a point of order, and after apologies, and shake of the kissing and disappointment of disapproval in which the members had indulged, he called in opposition to the fears of those who crowded the galleries and lobbies behind. On occasions previous he had little use for the signs of either approval or disapproval. But he objected most seriously to the conduct of the crowd on Saturday last members had been greatly humiliated. One representative, and he was sorry for him, was hissed and hooted at because he had not voted in accordance with the sentiments of those who had crowded into the galleries. He was sorry that he had not voted certain who the guilty parties were but so far had failed. It was his intention, had he succeeded, to have introduced a resolution bringing them before the bar of this honorable assembly for punishment. He would do so yet, in the event of being able to ascertain who the culprits were. The man who would insult a woman at any time was a coward and a cur and his presence should not be countenanced in the Utah Legislature.

EMPLOYED THREE DETECTIVES.

Senator Cannon also rose to a question of personal privilege. She said it was not her intention to make a speech and she would have said nothing but for the remarks made by Senator Tanner. She had received a letter this morning from a lady who had been found missing her when she voted for Mr. McCune on Saturday. He declared that it was all a deceitful scheme to defeat the election of Mr. McCune. The deceased was 34 years old. She was married. Having in providing against that happening in the future. She had, therefore employed three detective boys to stand in the lobby and watch for those who should hiss in the event that any should do so. In case of detection she should ask the sergeant-at-arms to eject them bodily from the hall.

THE CHAIR FOR DIGNITY.

The president here arose and declared emphatically that the dignity of this assembly must be maintained and expressed the hope that it would not be necessary to adjourn in order to admonish the crowds so that end.

The assembly adjourned, on a motion of Senator Howell, at 5:30 p. m.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Welch Introduces a Bill Providing for a Bounty on Sugar Beet Culture.

Two interesting, if not important bills were introduced in the House this afternoon. One was by Mr. Hogan. It is an act to provide for a State Institute of Art, and prescribing its manner of procedure, powers and duties. The bill was referred to the committee on education. The other is by Welch, and is a bill to provide for bringing about a political conflict between Democrats and Republicans on the floor of the House. It is called the "Sugar Act" and is to encourage the manufacture of starch from potatoes in the State of Utah. The measure, of course, contemplates the giving of a bounty. It is brief and reads as follows:

Section 1—Whenever any person, firm or corporation within this State shall have produced starch of a standard merchantable quality, in quantities of not less than ten thousand pounds from potatoes grown within the State, such person, firm or corporation may receive a bounty of one cent for each pound of starch so produced, in the manner and under the conditions provided for in this act.

Sec. 2—Any person, firm or corporation desiring to take the benefits of this act, shall present to the State board of examiners a sworn statement, verified by such claimant or agent, showing that such person, firm or corporation has produced starch of a standard merchantable quality from potatoes grown within the State, which statement shall also show the place where such starch was manufactured and the amount of bounty claimed. And the said board of examiners are hereby authorized to examine all such claims, and if, because it may find that starch of the standard merchantable quality has been manufactured in accordance with the provisions of this act, it shall audit and allow such claim to the amount of one cent per pound for all starch so produced, and shall issue its warrant upon the State treasurer for the amount so certified to be due by such board.

Section 3—In case that different persons, firms or corporations shall present claims under the provisions of this act, the amount of bounty shall be by the board to the order in which they are presented, and whenever claims to the amount of one million dollars have been audited and allowed, as required by the provisions of this act, no further claims shall be paid.

HOME FROM MANILA.

J. F. Grant of Battery B, Utah Artillery, Reaches This City.

Joseph F. Grant, the son of Captain Grant of Battery B, Utah Light Artillery, came home this morning from Manila. Mr. Grant enlisted with his father in the Utah battery and has followed the fortunes of the Utah contingent since leaving the city last spring.

The young man left Manila just before the last trouble with the insurgents, and the rumor that reached him in the Philippines was somewhat modest, and trouble was expected at any moment. The American troops were massed on the front and had so disposed their forces as to command the city and take it with little loss of life, at a disadvantage, to realize from what quarter he attacked.

The "News" representative was at the Grant residence shortly after the young man reached home and was given an opportunity to witness a side view of the joy in the household at the return of his son and brother from the war. The young man looked well, and some of the family and the children were in a wild excitement as the soldier hunter delved into the trunk of presents he had brought them from the Pearl of Orient.

Mr. Grant says that when he left Manila that the health and spirits of the battery boys were the best that could be expected. He does not look as if the strain occasion by the campaign to him and though glad to be at home with his mother and family, yet he regrets the parting with his comrades of the rank of the command the glory the Utah boys have won in the last battle.

MRS. NELLIE S. WELLS' FUNERAL.

At noon today the Eighth ward meeting house was crowded with the family and friends of the late Mrs. Nellie Sheets Wells, who succumbed to pay her the last tribute of respect. Every seat in the building was filled and even the aisles were crowded. The speakers of the occasion were Elders Richard W. Young, Joseph F. Smith, J. H. McCallister, Chas. W. Penrose and Heber J. Grant, the couples being of a character to inspire the consolatory nature. The opening prayer was offered by Prest. Angus M. Cannon and the closing one by Bishop Orson F. Whitney. The music of the occasion was furnished by a male quartet consisting of Messrs. Parker, Wilcox, Clive and Spencer. Prof. Lund was at the piano as accompanist. The floral offerings were very numerous and unusually beautiful, and a long procession of carriages followed the remains of the loved one to their last resting place.

DEATH OF MISS A. J. GILBERT.

Miss Amelia Jane Gilbert, of the Nineteenth ward, passed peacefully away last evening at the residence of her parents, 147 North First West street. Miss Gilbert has been suffering for some time past with consumption. She was born at Lemoin, Ill., August 15, 1871, and came to Utah with her parents years ago, since residing in Salt Lake City she has become endeared to the members of the Nineteenth ward by reason of her winning manners and patience under suffering. Miss Gilbert had been with her parents during Bishop Lee and a half years ago, since which period she has been incessantly in attending others but the church.

The funeral services will be held in the Nineteenth ward meeting house Wednesday at 1 p. m., when all who knew this estimable young lady are invited to attend.

DEATH OF JACOB OLSEN.

Jacob Olsen, formerly a resident of Sandy and a Norwegian by birth, died at his residence early this morning. The cause of death was due to a complication of diseases, chief among which was lung trouble. The deceased had admitted to the Insane Asylum seven months ago. He was a sick man then from a cause from which he had been missing for when he voted for Mr. McCune on Saturday. He declared that it was all a deceitful scheme to defeat the election of Mr. McCune. The deceased was 54 years old. He was married. Having in providing against that happening in the future. She had, therefore employed three detective boys to stand in the lobby and watch for those who should hiss in the event that any should do so. In case of detection she should ask the sergeant-at-arms to eject them bodily from the hall.

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OPPOSITION TO ROBERTS.

Inspiration of the Attacks on Him Came from Utah.

Women's Societies Passing on the Case Ex Parte, and Advising Congress.

Special to the "News."

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—Following in the steps of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, the "National Council of Women" and "Congress of Mothers," the "Daughters of American Revolution," now in session here, prepared to consider and adopt a resolution against Roberts case.

The inspiration for these attacks comes from Utah. A delegate of "D. A. R." said to a "News" correspondent today: "Roberts case will surely bring the facts of a sacred discussion, although we have not yet decided on anything exposed to any discussion of the subject." Mrs. Jones, wife of the ex-representative of Utah, introduced the resolution condemning Roberts at a meeting of the national board, but it was tabled. The registrar general, Miss Helen Pierce Bishop, opposed the motion to table, and she has declared herself as being in favor of an expression of opinion against allowing Roberts to take his seat.

AMUSEMENTS

Melbourne McDowell and Blanche Walsh have arrived in the city and will appear at the Theatre this evening in the famous play of La Tosca. The adaptation she has been very lively, and they will be greeted with a fashionable audience, there being a decided curiosity to see Miss Walsh in the role made famous by Fanny Davenport.

* * *

At the Grand last night there was a big house to witness the Gilmore Band concert, prepared by the South Before the Star company; the pictures taken by the Lumiere cinematograph, but the motions demonstrated what has been shown in Salt Lake many times before. The Gilmore Band music was good, as it was a band that can not be rated as a large ensemble. Opening this evening the Grand opens the city Brothers in all Aboard, an attraction which is doing heavy business all over the Northwest.

* * *

The greatest crowd of people seen at the box office for a long time past, in fact, says Manager Pyper, the heaviest house since Richard Mansfield left the city, passed the ticket in front of the box office this morning, extending down the front steps into the street. The rush was on account of the opening sale for the Trip to Africa season, and was a very handsome tribute to the popularity of the Home company in view of the fact that the sale was going on at the same time that a big attraction like McDowell and Walsh. The demand for seats was largely for Wednesday afternoon and evening, but was well distributed over the entire week.

* * *

The Denver papers met at hand contain some very glowing notices of the performance at La Tosca of the Broadway Theatre. Miss Walsh scored a decided success and Mr. McDowell made his old times hit in the part of Scarpia.

* * *

The beautiful stands for A Trip to Africa were made by W. L. Anderson, Painter, Richards Street.

ANNUAL MEETING OF DALY-WEST.

Harmonious Throughout and Officers and Directors Elected.

WORK STARTS UP AT ONCE

And Dividends Commence in June—John J. Daly is President and Manager.

The consolidating interests of the Daly-West Mining company held their annual meeting this afternoon with a representation of 238,160 shares out of 250,000, voting. The meeting was harmonious throughout and John J. Daly, H. C. Chambers, Jesse Knight, Allen Fowler and O. J. Salisbury were elected directors. After the meeting proper the directors met together and elected John J. Daly president and manager, H. C. Chambers vice president, Allen Fowler secretary, and O. J. Salisbury treasurer.

The company will resume operations at once and it is anticipated that it will commence the payment of regular monthly dividends in June. The property was shown to be in excellent condition, and is in a position to market a large tonnage of high grade ore.

ON THE OLD EXCHANGE.

This afternoon's call on the Salt Lake Exchange found listed stocks generally firm as compared with the tenor of the morning. Eagle made a sale at ten cents, after which Four Aces was readily dealt in down to 12½. Gwynne-Madison sold at 8c cents, Galena at 54 and Lower Mammoth above and below a dollar. There was lively bidding for Northern Light and business was done around 15, while the stock remained firmly bid for at the close. Figures were bonded as follows:

LISTED MINES.

Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.
Anchor	25	
Ajax	1.40	1.45
Alliance	40	
Albion	25	30
Bullion Beck	4.00	4.50
Centennial Eureka	35.00	40.00
Chloride Point	1.75	1.85
Daly	1.12½	1.20
Daly West	9.30	10.75
Dalton & Lark	05	10
Dalney	40	51
Dexter	2.87½	3.12½
Eagle	10½	12½
Four Aces	12½	15½
Geyser Marion	80½	90
Galena	54½	55½
Grand Central	6.00	
Hecla	6	10
Horn Silver	1.40	1.75
Mammoth	1.00	2.11
Mercur	4.30	
Lower Mammoth	1.00	1.02½
Northern Light	10½	15½
Ontario	7.75	8.25
Sacramento	45	55
Sunshine	55	58
Silver King	3.50	4.00
Star Consolidated	1.17	1.25
Utah	10	1.00

TRANSFERS OF STOCKS.

Eagle, 200 at 10½.

Four Aces, 200 at 14½; 2,000 at 12; 100 at 12½; 500 at 12½; 100 at 12½; 200 at 12½.

Geyser-Marion, 500 at 80.

Galena, 100 at 54.

Lower Mammoth, 100 at $1; 200 at 99½.

Northern Light, 500 at 15c; 200 at 15½; 100 at 15; 200 at 15.

Sacramento, 1,100 at 45c.

CLEARING HOUSE REPORT.

Today's clearings	$127,205.35
Same day last year	282,592.44

ORE AND BULLION REPORTS.

Following are today's ore and bullion receipts, as reported by the institutions below indicated:

McCORNICK & CO.

Hammer Bullion	$2,800
Silver and lead ores	22,580
Total	$25,380

BAMBERGER & S'MILLAN.

Ores	$12,300

T. H. JONES & CO.

Ores	$ 3,600
Bullion	16,000
Total	$19,600

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Bullion	$12,242

THE GRIP CURE THAT DOES CURE

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets remove the cause that produces La Grippe. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. 25c.

COULD NOT SLEEP.

Mrs. Pinkham Relieved Her of All Her Troubles.

Mrs. Maude Baisch, 176 Second St., Grand Rapids, Mich., had ovarian trouble with its attendant pains and pains, now she is well. Here she gives her own words:

"Your Vegetable Compound has made me feel like a new person. Before I began taking it I was all run down, hitched and sleepy most of the time, had pains in my back and side, and such terrible headaches at all the time, and could not sleep well nights. I also had ovarian trouble. Through the advice of a friend I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it cured me of all troubles have gone. My monthly sickness used to be so painful, but have not had the slightest pain since taking your medicine. I cannot praise your Vegetable Compound too much. My husband and friends see such a change in me. I look so much better and have some color in my face."

Mrs. Pinkham invites women who are ill to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is freely offered.

ON TRIAL FOR FORGERY.

M. F. Gillen Before Judge Norrell and a Jury Today.

The Defendant's Claim—Lawyers Don't Like to Work for Nothing—Wife Secures a Divorce.

The trial of M. F. Gillen, on the charge of forgery, commenced before Judge Norrell and a jury today, with Guy Van Cott prosecuting and J. M. Hamilton defending.

The information indicates two counts and accuses the defendant of forging the name of Jos. Dedrich to a check on the Commercial National Bank, which, it is alleged, he passed off on a storekeeper named James O'Rourke.

Dedrich is a coffeeraise and was engaged in building a residence on Mercur row. Gillen worked for him and claims to have received the check from Dedrich in payment of money owing Dedrich's foreman, in payment of salary due him.

The jury had not reached the jury at press time.

Judgment For Plaintiff.

Judge Hiles today rendered a decision in the case of Frank E. McGarrahan vs. Jesse A. Tomlinson et al. finding the plaintiff entitled to judgment according.

Wife Obtains a Divorce.

Emma J. Stewart obtained a decree of divorce from her husband today in the equity branch of the Third district court today. The wife testified that she married the defendant in Denver, Colo., and that for some time past the defendant had drank heavily and had failed to provide for her and her child support. Plaintiff further stated that for some time past she had maintained herself and child by her own labor in a boarding house at Murray. Corroborative testimony was introduced and the court granted the divorce and the custody of the children, and also awarded a home and lot, together with the furniture, situated in Sandy.

Mechanic's Lien Case Decided.

Judge Hiles rendered a decision today in the case of Morrison, Merrill & Company vs Samuel E. Vance et al. report of Friday's issue of the "News," adjudging that judgment be entered in favor of plaintiff as against Samuel E. Vance, for $1,027 and interest, and in favor of defendants and intervenors, Carthy & Dowling, for $1,000 and interest, and judgment for interest; Mary Nelson, for $1,100 as demand in her complaint of intervention, and for costs of suit, several liens against the property is also ordered, the mechanic's lien of Brinkerhoff and Smith of nothing and right to Mrs. Nelson's mortgage.

NO PAY, NO WORK

Young Attorneys Object to Defending Criminals for the Glory There is in It.

The young attorneys of this city—and the older ones too, for that matter—do not like to work for nothing in the procedure in the criminal court requiring them to defend prisoners without remuneration, the reason there is no fee, which is to employ legal aid, it is the custom of the court to assign prominent members of the bar to defend the culprits and trust to luck for any compensation. Today there are over on the calendar for the present term of court the defendants claim to be "dead broke" and have called on a number of attorneys and lots of work in which there is no pay and very little glory, for such work, and have asked of ten the result. Attorneys are not some time entering the criminal court and the reason is that they are busy with paying clients. The reason for this is fear that the court will call upon them to defend an impecunious defendant. This morning Attorney George N. Lawrence asked to be relieved of a case now pending, at the same time stating that he had already defended three prisoners and felt somewhat like a young and rising attorney ought to be free from the liability of displaying his talents and ability.

Judge Norrell said he had assisted all the young attorneys in court time and time again, and felt somewhat of other case. His honor admitted, and merrily remarked that he tried to be fair and impartial, and that the duties of the patronage at his disposal would if he had overloaded anyone he could say so. Mr. Lawrence said that if Mr. Lawrence would but name him Mr. Lawrence suggested Stanley Price, very well, the court would issue an order to that effect Mr. clerk. Mr. Price was accordingly appointed to defend Charles Vivian, charged with stealing as "the man of nasty crimes," and will be so notified.

There was much talk among the attorneys today of petitioning the Legislature to provide a fund which shall be used to remunerate the time, time and services in defending prisoners suffering with the common complaint of impecuniosity.

Sentence Is Postponed.

Charles Vivian, convicted last week of the crime of burglary, appeared before Judge Norrell today for sentence, but Attorney Stanley Price, who succeeded Attorney James A. Smith action was postponed until Tuesday morning. Mr. Smith gave notice that he will file a motion for a new trial and argue in judgment, basing the same upon the grounds that he is in possession of new and material evidence and that the verdict of the jury was not in accordance with the testimony adduced at the trial. The testimony of the three men accused of burglarizing Dodge's Hardware Company, F. W. Amos, and Charles Vivian, occupied an hospital, while the case of Charles Vivian, alias Charles Anderson, another defendant, the jury disagreed.

Verdict Reserved.

The verdict issued out of Judge Cherry's court February 10th was reserved for decision today and the following named persons were examined on their war dire and accepted: John J. Tanner, Jos. Lyons, Jos. Asbell, William D. Callister, Edward Dalton, Samuel C. Rudberg, Richard Griffith, William H. Bird, John J. Gallagher, Nephi P. Holden, Stephen G. McKenna, Jos. Lyons, Jos. Cowlishaw, Alex R. Watson, John W. Farquhar.

Those failing to respond to the call of their names were: George Naylor, Byron Cummings and Charles White.

Those sworn in the case were: Samuel J. Paul, James L. Silvers, Chas. M. Wood, Peter S. Conde, and John Blomquist.

Damage Suit Against the City.

Morena Millard and Charles Millard have entered suit against Salt Lake City to recover $25,000 damages for alleged injuries received by Mrs. Millard July 11th last. The complaint alleges that on the date named Mrs. Millard had had fell into an excavation on Third east between First and South Temple streets which is said to be in the city property and carelessly left unguarded. The injuries complained of are internal.

COURT NOTES.

Hyrum Edwards and wife have filed a petition in addition in the probate court, praying that they be permitted to adopt Joseph L. Hatch, the only surviving son of Alice Hammond, as their own child. The petition among other things alleges that the mother deserted her offspring in October, 1896 and has since neglected to provide for it.

The jury in the William Morrison burglary case failed to agree on a verdict and the defendants will be given another chance. Morrison is one of the men charged with the crime of burglarizing the store of Farmer, Hardy & Co.

The motion to quash the information against A. B. Jones in the Blight disorderly house case, argued before Judge Hiles last Saturday afternoon and taken under advisement. An early decision is expected.

The Gillette Herring Manufacturing company filed an action against The Overland Construction company to recover $377.79 alleged to be the balance due plaintiff on the contract price of certain work and lime furnished the defendant in July, 1898.

ELDER WOODRUFF'S FUNERAL.

The Fourteenth ward assembly room at 1 o'clock today was crowded with the friends assembled to pay their respects to the memory of the late Joseph Woodruff, who died Friday last at the age of 72 years. The deceased and first counselor in the hall were recognized.

The Fourteenth ward choir rendered musical selections, and Elder Anthon H. Lund, one of the counselors, in remarks made was followed by President F. D. Richards, delivering his acquaintance with the deceased, which was of a character to inspire the Latter-day Saint, and as a merchant.

President Angus M. Cannon followed. He had known the deceased from the time he reared from 1857 to his death, and knew him to be a good man and a who commanded the respect of everyone. He was the Salt Lake Stake High Council for a number of years. Elder Woodruff was a man of prayer, of faith, of good habits, and was slow to avail himself of the high seat in the synagogue. He was a man