

had our agency, and though evil might abound, we need not partake of it unless we elected to do wrong. He would not stamp out evil from the earth, but would teach the young and old righteousness, and then let them choose for themselves. If men were not tried how could their faith be cultivated. The powers of darkness could only prevail so far as we yielded ourselves to evil. He dreaded the insidious effects of prosperity as tending to wean us from the ways of God much more than adversity. But we must be proved and tried in all things, and in order that in the day of choosing we may be found on the Lord's side we must strive to live by every word that proceeds from the mouth of God.

President Angus M. Cannon urged the people to avail themselves of their political privileges. In view of the growth of the Stake it was necessary to organize three new wards. He urged the necessity of calling the young to positions in the Lesser Priesthood, that they might be exercised in those callings and be prepared for the higher Priesthood, instead of waiting until they wanted to get married. Where men were not worthy of receiving the blessings of the Lord's house and wanted to get married, Bishops should marry them and then strive to teach them to make themselves worthy of the blessings of eternity. Parents should so teach their children that they would not yield to evil, and not seek to thrust them into positions for which they were unprepared.

Adjourned until 7 p. m.  
The choir sang an anthem. Benediction by Elder John Pack.

7 p. m.  
Singing: "How are thy servants blest."  
Prayer was offered by President Jos. E. Taylor.

Singing: "Though deepening trials through your way."

The Eighth Ward was represented by Bishop Elijah F. Sheets, who spoke of the importance of providing employment for our brethren and sisters who are gathering here for the purpose of building up Zion. The Seventh Ward was represented by Bishop William Thorn; the Sixth by Bishop Wm. H. Hickenlooper; the Fifth by Bishop Richard Brimley; the Fourth by Bishop Harrison Sperry; the Third by Bishop Jacob Weiler; the Second by Counselor James Leach and the First by Bishop Joseph Warburton.

Elder James H. Hart said he had formerly been a member of the High Council of this Stake. There was now but one member of that body with whom he had associated. He was now and had been for twenty years a resident of Bear Lake Stake. The Saints of that vicinity had grown from a small number to a comparatively wealthy and numerous people, and they were striving to keep the commandments of God, improving as a whole, in every good word and work. The facilities for making a living in that region were excellent, abounding in all the necessities of life, though the climate was cold. In consequence of their unity they enjoyed a political power that was not wielded by much larger counties. He rejoiced in the testimonies that we have of the power of God as manifested in our deliverance from the efforts of our enemies against us.

Elder C. W. Penrose had been interested in and encouraged by the reports of the Bishops. There were, however, many things in which we might improve. He urged upon parents the necessity of teaching their children to walk in the ways of the Lord, and unless they did this they would be held accountable for the sins of their children. Though there were many who were doing better than formerly, there was still much room for labor and example in this direction. If the children could be reared in the fear of God then would all the blessings that had been promised concerning Zion be fulfilled. Conference adjourned.

Singing: "Praise to the Man."  
Benediction by President Daniel H. Wells.

W. W. TAYLOR, Clerk of Stake.

LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL.

Friday, February 1st.

Council met at 2 p. m.

Mr. H. J. Richards presented a report from the committee on claims and public accounts, referring to the petition of A. E. Merriam, collector of Sanpete County, to the effect that the claim was a just one, and recommending that the petition be referred to the committee on appropriations. Adopted.

Mr. H. J. Richards introduced a bill, C. F. No. 13, for the preservation of domestic animals. Read the first time and referred to the committee on agriculture.

Mr. Page presented C. F. No. 11, reported back from the committee on engrossing. Placed on file, to come up in its order.

The bill C. F. No. 11, to restrain the running at large of sheep in certain cases, was next taken up on its third reading. After slight amendment, the measure was made a special order for Tuesday next.

Mr. Barton presented a communication from Mr. James Dwyer, offering to the Council the free use of such works of reference as he might have in stock. The offer was accepted.

Mr. Woolley was accorded leave of absence until Tuesday next.  
Council adjourned till Monday next at 2 p. m.

Monday, Feb. 4th, 1884.

Council met at 2 p. m. Minutes of previous session read and approved.

Mr. Heyborne presented two petitions. One from Joseph H. Wright praying that the county seat of Junction City in Piute Co., might be changed to Rashoram, in same county. They together with another from H. J. Morrill were referred, without reading, to the committee on counties.

Mr. Tuttle presented a petition enclosing a bill of costs for collection of taxes, etc., from Geo. T. Billings of Sanpete County. Received and referred to the committee on claims, etc.

A communication from the House was read enclosing H. F. No. 26, a bill for an act making an appropriation for the University of Deseret, a resolution relating to the school law, also notifying the Council of their non-concurrence in the resolution relating to clerical aid.

Mr. Barton introduced a bill, C. F. No. 14, relating to chattel mortgages. Read the first time and referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. H. J. Richards presented a bill, C. F. No. 15, to repeal chapter 15 of the laws of 1882, relating to debtors. Passed its first reading and referred to the committee on judiciary.

H. F. No. 26, a bill making an appropriation of \$28,011.88, for the University of Deseret, came up on its first reading. Passed and referred to the committee on appropriations.

The Clerk read the resolution from the House to the effect that the school law, as it may be amended, be printed with the reports of the Territorial Superintendent of Schools and the Chancellor and Board of Regents of the University of Deseret. Concurred in.

Mr. Taylor moved that the Council do not concur in the action in reference to clerical aid on the revision of the laws of Utah. The motion was lost on a division.

Mr. Grover moved that the Council do concur with the decision of the House, referring to clerical aid at the rate of fifty cents an hour. After slight amendment the motion was agreed to.

A communication was read from Superintendents E. Dickinson, W. B. Doddridge, John Sharp and W. W. Riter, tendering the President and Council, during the session a complimentary excursion to such locality as they might elect, to visit on their various lines, offering to set apart a special train for the purpose. Received.

Council adjourned to 2 p. m. to-morrow.

HOUSE.

2 p. m., February 1st, 1884.

On the reading of the minutes of yesterday, Mr. Thurman noticed that certain motions acted upon were not reported, and asked that the action of the House on a motion to reconsider H. R. No. 9 be included in the minutes.

Mr. Thurman moved to insert the ayes and nays in the minutes. Carried.

Mr. Morgan moved to expunge from the minutes the motion for reconsideration. After considerable debate the motion was lost.

A communication from the Council in relation to the passage of C. F. No. 5, and also the concurrence of H. R. No. 15, in relation to revision and compilation, was received.

Mr. Thurber presented a petition from citizens of Sevier County, asking for an appropriation for the building of a road. Referred to committee on highways.

Mr. Stanford presented a petition from citizens of Weber County, asking that provisions be made for a normal school. Referred to committee on education.

Mr. Hatch presented a petition from citizens of Ashley, asking for an appropriation of \$1,000 for the building of a road. Referred to committee on highways. Also a petition from Wasatch County, asking for an appropriation of \$4,000, for building of roads. Referred to committee on highways.

The committee on education to whom was referred the report of the Chancellor and Board of Regents of the Deseret University, reported a bill for the appropriation of \$28,011.88 and recommended that it be put upon its passage. Adopted.

The committee on education to whom was referred the school law recommended the printing of the school law together with the report of the Territorial Superintendent of public schools. Adopted.

The committee on education presented H. F. No. 26, a bill for an act making an appropriation of \$28,011.88 to the University of Deseret, to pay an existing indebtedness against the University, was read for the first time, and placed on file for its second reading.

A communication from the Council in relation to employment of clerks stated that the Council concur with House, excepting that instead of the words 50 cents per hour, it shall be \$6 per day. The House did not concur.

Mr. Thurman moved to refer H. F. No. 1, a Bill to fill a vacancy in the office of Delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States for the Territory of Utah, to a select committee having charge of the Political Code. Carried.

H. F. No. 26, a Bill making an appropriation of \$28,011.88 to the University of Deseret, was read its third time.  
Mr. Hatch moved that it pass and the motion prevailed unanimously.

H. F. No. 25, a bill to change the name of Alexander Hedquist was read the third time and recommitted to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Hatch was granted leave of absence until Feb. 5th.

Mr. James Dwyer extended the freedom of his book store to members of the House. Courtesy accepted with thanks.

Thanks from James Orton and others for the freedom of the House was received.

Adjourned at 3. 3. p. m. until Monday next.

2 p. m., Feb. 4th, 1884.

Several members reported absent.  
Mr. Creer presented a communication from citizens of Springville in relation to the erasure of names to a petition presented some time since. Referred to committee on municipal corporations and towns.

Mr. Robinson presented a communication from J. D. Smith, collector and assessor of Millard County. Referred to committee of claims and public accounts.

Mr. Cummings presented a petition from members of the County Court of Rich County, in relation to delinquent tax list. Referred to committee on claims and public accounts.

Mr. Thurman presented a remonstrance from citizens of Springville in relation to the limits of the City Corporation, etc. Referred to committee on municipal corporation and towns.

C. F. No. 5 was read the first time, and referred to committee on education with special instructions.

Mr. Robinson presented H. F. No. 29. A bill defining the duties of pound keepers. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Boyden moved that the Territorial Auditor be requested to furnish for the information of the Legislative Assembly, a statement of amount of taxes received and appropriations made to public highways, bridges, etc., in each county since 1874. Carried.

Letters of thanks from several gentlemen for courtesies extended them, were read.

Adjourned at 3 p. m.

SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.

The Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge has received a crab from Japan that measures, from claw to claw, nearly 12 feet. In some observed by Professor Ward the claws were five feet in length.

Professor Noury, director of the Museum of Natural History at Elbeoe, in hunting the grebe noticed a nesting bird push its floating nest from shore, sitting upon its side and paddling the nursery that contained the eggs, thus conducting it out of danger.

A frog discovered in Germany has an ingenious method of protecting its eggs from birds. They are deposited in a swampy place and immediately become luminous in the dark, predatory animals avoiding it, thinking it fire. The light of fire-flies has been proven a means of communication between male and female.

Electrical omnibuses, the invention of M. Phillipart, recently traveled from the Place de Nations, Paris, to Versailles, a distance of more than twenty kilometres. There was no serious hitch on the trials. Only one time there was a stoppage owing to the heating of a coil by excess of current, but the delay did not take up much time.

A vessel off Para reports falling in with a mass of spiders floating in the air. The rigging and sails were covered with the web, the long threads of which formed the balloon for the tiny aeronaufs. For several miles this spider swarm continued, the captain estimating that there were millions, which had undoubtedly been blown from land.

A gigantic jelly-fish stranded at Ceylon weighed over two tons, and at night gave out a light sufficient to read by. In ten days it had evaporated so that it weighed only a few pounds. In specimens of the genus aurela aurita there is 92.82 per cent. of water, the solid matter forming a small part of 1 per cent. In large forms of Rhigostoma there is 5 per cent. of solid matter.

Electrical science has furnished a novelty for ladies in the form of a series of luminous jewels which has been produced by Mons. Gaston Trouve of Paris. These ornaments consist of glass colored and cut to imitate rubies, diamonds, etc., and each mounted in an envelope containing a tiny incandescent lamp, which is fed from a small battery carried about the person. The light gives the glass through which it shines the brilliant appearance of the stone imitated.

Professor Elliot, of New York City, is conducting some interesting experiments to test the sensibility or insensibility of insects to pain. A dragon fly was fastened to a board and its abdomen severed from the rest of the body. The latter was then fed to the insect by peacemeal, which it ate with evident relish, the parts eaten dropped out of the severed end. Having eaten its own abdomen, it was served with six spiders and sixty flies, swallowing them all and losing them immediately, evidently suffering no pain.

A TRUE STORY OF LONDON.

The best stock story about London is that one day in that modern Babylon a merchant disappeared from his home leaving his wife and children. The papers and the dead walls blurted forth his description and the offer of a generous reward for his body, dead or alive. At the expiration of the period

allotted by law, his considerable estate was turned into money, and other merchants required the widow for the right to continue the prosperous mercantile operations. No one that knew him ever saw him again. The widow remained in the home he left her, and while her hair whitened with time her children grew to manhood and womanhood, married and had children of their own.

By and by, when the memory of the mysterious disappearance of the merchant was fresh only in the mind of the woman who had merged her life into his, while to her children it had become as a mere something told to them in childhood, lawyers notified them that the merchant had died, leaving his property to another woman and other children, and that if they desired to contest his will the chance was theirs. Then it turned out that when the merchant disappeared he merely removed around the corner, where he set up another household and reared another family behind windows through which he could see his true wife and his legitimate children moving about in his old home. He had begun life anew, built up another fortune, and finished a natural term of life, without being recognized by any who had known him under his true name. This story is true, and is a matter of court record. It is told to show how in big cities the details of village or country life are swallowed up in the greater concerns of the vast body, how one's own little circle is the most a city person is familiar with, and how where there are so many people it is as possible for a man to lose himself and be overlooked as if he were at sea in a small boat.—*Ex.*

N. S. RANSOHOFF, a well known resident of this city, and one of the early merchants of Utah, died at his home during Saturday night.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Beware of Imitations.

Imitations and counterfeits have again appeared. Be sure that the word "HORSFORD'S" is on the wrapper. None are genuine without it.

Twenty-four Hours to Live

From John Kuhn, Lafayette, Ind., who announces that he is now in "perfect health," we have the following: "One year ago I was, to all appearance, in the last stages of Consumption. Our best physicians gave my case up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could only live twenty-four hours. My friends then purchased a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, which considerably benefited me. I continued until I took nine bottles, and I am now in perfect health." d & w

Having experienced marked relief from Nasal Catarrh and Hoarseness by the use of Ely's Cream Balm, I recommend it to singers, clergymen and others afflicted.—Louis E. Phillips, 1428 N. Y. Ave., N. W. Washington, D. C. d & w

When one is sick advice is plenty, but not always the best. A good rule is to accept only such medicines as have after long years of trial, proved worthy of confidence. This is a case where other people's experience may be of great service, and it has been the experience of thousands that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best cough medicine ever used.

The Combination of Ingredients used in making Brown's Bronchial Troches is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. They are the best remedy in use for Coughs, Colds, and Throat Diseases.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The greatest medical wander of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money returned. 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 7

It is one of the peculiarities of the American people to devote all their time to business, without regard to health. In this rush for money and fame, many lives are ruined, which, with proper attention and a timely use of a proper corrective, could be saved. For this purpose there is nothing equal to the "Prickly Ash Bitters." It relieves the system of all impurities, purifies the blood, and, by assisting nature, restores original health and vigor. d & w

A STARTLING DISCOVERY.

Physicians are often startled by remarkable discoveries. The fact that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and all Throat and Lung diseases is daily curing patients that they have given up to die, is startling them to realize their sense of duty, and examine into the merits of this wonderful discovery, resulting in hundreds of our best Physicians using it in their practice. Trial Bottles free at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. Regular size \$1.00. 4

VALENTINES.

Sentimental and Comic, wholesale and retail at DWYER'S. Send for prices. d & w 3te

EXPIRED DESERT ENTRIES.

The Commissioner of the General Land office has finally concluded to hold a great many Expired Desert Entries for cancellation of which fact the respective parties will no doubt, be officially notified and that they will have ninety days to make answer and explain the reason why they have failed to make final proof within the statutory period. Any persons receiving such notice can receive all the information and advice in the premises, by writing to or calling upon the firm of T. C. Bailey & Bro. of Sal Lake City, who fully understand the status of all such entries.

HOMESTEADS.

Any person who made a homestead prior to June 15th, 1880, can make a direct cash entry of the land by paying the price per acre, without publication, residence or cultivation. This can be done whether the homesteads have been cancelled or not, provided no adverse claim has intervened. For information write or call upon the above named firm.

SCROFULA

and all scrofulous diseases, Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Boils, and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.

"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me."  
Yours respectfully, MRS. ANN O'BRIAN,  
118 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brian; also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 54th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge.

The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, S. W. BALL, of Rochester, N.H., writes, June 1, 1882:

"Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weakened vitality.

It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength, and great power over disease.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Sold by all Druggists; price \$1, six bottles for \$5.

