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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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LAST NIGHT'S NEWS

The Striking Coal Miners of Pennsylvania Reported to be Still on the War Path.

Another Railroad Disaster.—Four Killed and Eight Wounded this Time.

The Situation in Europe far from Pacific.—More War Talk.

Further Investigation of the Broken Central Bank of Toronto, Canada.

The Metropolitan Bank of Cincinnati Suspends Payment.—Arrest of Vice-President Allen.

The Work of Death by Dynamite, Fire, Frost and the Waves of the Sea.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

Bismarck's Speech Continued.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—Perhaps Russia speculates upon a turn taking place soon in the Eastern question and desires them to act promptly and with greater weight. Perhaps Russia intends to render her diplomatic demands more effectual from the fact of having an army ready for war between them. We, however, are only concerned in the Eastern question in a secondary manner."

Bismarck proceeded to review the relations between Prussia and Russia since 1848 and showed how frequently they had assumed a menacing aspect. He said that at all times the calmness and conscientiousness displayed by the ministers on the Prussian side towards the threatening position of Russian affairs, the positions of which foreign countries had no idea, had succeeded in averting mischief. "As early as 1863," he continued, "matters were in such a position that everybody urged me to advise striking a blow. I waited quietly until we were struck. I believe we did well in this. Despite all the indications of a storm, a certain feeling of tranquility intervened, owing to the intimate relations between the three emperors. Then as now, however, we were constrained to augment and organize our forces so that in case of necessity, we might stand forth a strong nation, making its power prevail by our strength and so defending its authority, its dignity and possessions."

"To effect this purpose," continued the Chancellor, "no sacrifice must or can be too heavy. The warlike tendencies of France and Russia compel us to defense. The pike in France and Russia compel us to become carp. We are better able than any other nation to offer strong resistance to our foes. Prussia has always shown herself complacent to Russia, and has done Russia many services for which she might claim gratitude, and for which she has, in fact, received acknowledgment. Prussia has [illegible] times sought to maintain good relations with Russia, although the latter left us in the lurch at Olnetz. I say this in order to make it clear why we concluded the alliance with Austria. We were inclined to accede to the demands of Russia made upon us before last year's war in the east. Russia then turned to Austria, but in vain. We were glad the storm passed over our heads. At the congress, which I was only able to bring together with great trouble, I exerted myself to obtain satisfaction for all Russian interests and carry through all Russian wishes. I really believe I had acquired the right to Russia's gratitude, but I could not and would not give umbrage to Austria. If I had done so, we would have become isolated in Europe and completely dependent upon Russia. Some people have sought to find an ultimatum or threat in the publication of the treaty. It was nothing of the kind. The treaty is an expression of the community of the interests of two contracting parties. This we wished the world to know. Not this treaty only, but also that with Italy is an expression of common interests and common efforts to avert common dangers and maintain peace. Austria followed this thoughtful policy in 1870, in resisting the entreaties of France to come forward against the Germans. Austria is our natural ally in the dangers which threaten us from Russia and France, but there need be no fear of the hatred of Russia. No wars are waged for mere hatred, for otherwise France would have to be at war with Italy and the whole world. The strength we possess will reassure our public opinion and the nervousness of the Bourse and press. Our task is to strengthen this strength. We must, of course, have the best of weapons for the fathers of families who will have to serve under the present bills, by the aid of which we shall be able to place a million good soldiers on each of our frontiers. Behind them stand our reserves. It must not be said that others can do the same. That is just what they cannot do. We have material not only for forming an enormous army, but for furnishing it with officers. We have corps of officers such as no other power has. When we undertake war it must be a people's war, which all approve, as in 1870. If we are attacked, then the *furor Teutonicus* will flame out. No one can make headway against that. Neither consciousness of our strength nor hope of victories can restrain us from continuing our peaceful efforts. We have endeavored to maintain our old relations with Russia, but we do not run after any country. With regard to Bulgaria, we have remained perfectly consistent. Russia certainly has every reason to feel grateful for the loyal attitude of Germany to the Bulgarian question. We place our reliance on the strength of our army. If we have no cause to use it, all the better, but we must make our arrangements with the idea that we do use it. We Germans fear God and nothing else in the world. Fear of God makes us wish to foster peace. He who breaks peace will arrive at the conviction that the warlike and exultant love of the Fatherland such as summoned the whole population of Prussia to arms in 1813 is the common possession of the entire German nation, and he who attacks will find it armed to a man. Every man having in his heart the firm belief that God is with us."

The speech occupied an hour and forty minutes. Bismarck was frequently interrupted by tremendous applause, and his appeal to the *Furor Teutonicus* was particularly effective. The loan bill was referred to the budget committee, and on motion of Dr. Frankenstein, the landwehr bill in the interity passed its second reading. Bismarck left the house at the close of the sitting, and walked home, accompanied by a cheering crowd, who, in defiance of the efforts of the police, surrounded him on all sides. The chancellor seemed to enjoy rather than resent the compliment of the people. The Reichstag will resume the quintennial Parliament bill tomorrow.

General Von Schellendorf, having explained to the budget committee the manner in which the money was to be disposed of, the loan bill was then unanimously agreed to.

It is remarked that, although Bismarck in his speech in the Reichstag denied the Austro-German treaty had been published as a warning to Russia, he omitted to reveal the true motives for its publication; and further, he made no reference to the relations between Austria and Russia.

The Metropolitan Bank Suspends Payment.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, February 6.—There was more than the usual demand upon the Metropolitan Bank all day, but at the clearing house it was only $1,000 behind. The directors held another session at 5 o'clock. While bankers agree that the Metropolitan is solvent, they recognize the fact that it could not meet every possible demand in a day, so eight of the banks loaned it $25,000 each. Other offers were declined.

The objection made to Mr. Decamp, the retiring vice-president, was that he had been speculating too much in Findlay and other real estate. At Toledo today two mortgages on Toledo acre property were filed for $10,000 each by John R. Decamp and by Decamp & Means to the Merchants' National Bank of Cincinnati.

The Metropolitan National Bank directors passed a resolution tonight to suspend the bank. The bank is now in the hands of the government.

DECAMP ARRESTED.

Vice-President J. R. Decamp has been arrested. The charge against Decamp is certifying to a false statement of the December condition of the bank. The next movement will be the appointment of a receiver. The trouble is traced to the increase of stock, $500,000 to $1,000,000, the issue being to holders of stock at 20 per cent. premium, the premium being utilized as a surplus fund. A large part of the increase was paid in foreign notes. Placing this stock in various banks gave rise to a suspicion, ending in making it default. To place the stock to sustain its market status the directors were compelled to buy in considerable quantities. The light money market at the close of the year forced the Metropolitan to carry a load that was too heavy.

Another trouble grew out of the reports of the speculative tendencies of some of the officers, though there is no evidence of its being carried to any considerable extent. The cashier states that there remains about $80,000 of the $1,500,000 deposit account. It is thought the depositors will be paid in full, while the stockholders will be subject to an assessment of from 1 to 15 per cent on the par value of their holdings.

When the arrest of Decamp was made, the private watchman made a vigorous resistance to the deputy United States Marshal. He was arrested, but afterwards released. It is thought other officers of the bank will be arrested.

Another "Thistle."

GLASGOW, Feb. 6.—Watson, designer of the cutter *Thistle* has completed the design of a cutter similar to the *Thistle*, but to be built of composite instead of steel. He has also finished the design for a steel yacht which will have a centre-board.

Tom Brown.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Treasurer Billings of the Boston Base Ball Club, has received a dispatch from Tom Brown, late of the Pittsburg and Indianapolis clubs, agreeing to play right field for Boston the coming season.

The Walkers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The contestants in the walking match claim they have been cheated. Many of the walkers have protested. The following left the track before 6 o'clock. Ranhoffer, Callahan, Swenk, Guttermou, Stolp, Chariver, Muson, Winters, Hales, McLaughlin, Selin, Hosg, Paul and "No. 68."

THE SCORE AT MIDNIGHT.

The end of the first twenty-four hours was: Hart 130 miles, Albert 130, Guerrero 129, Golden 126, Panshot 125, Herri 122, Day 118, Moore 115, Hegelman 112, Box 110, Cartwright 105, Horan 105, Dillon 104, Strockel 102, Connors 102, Sullivan 101, Tilly 101, Vint 100, Sinclair 100, Taylor 100, Stout 100, Noremac 100, Lurkey 100, Johnson 100.

All the others, except Lepper Hughes who stays in by special arrangements, are barred from further participation in the contest by reason of not having an average of one hundred miles the first day. At 11:35 the English runner Cartwright was taken ill with bleeding from the lungs and was taken to the Putnam House in a critical condition.

Investigating the Central Bank.

TORONTO, Feb. 6.—The Central Bank investigation today revealed the fact that Allan, late cashier, who absconded to the United States, owes the bank $40,000. Campbell testified that Director McDonald's indebtedness to the bank at the present is about $113,000, and that he is jointly liable with another for about $22,000, from June 16 to Nov. 15, 1887. The amount due was over $330,000. From January 1 to Nov. 15, 1887, McDonald drew out about $150,000. The bank carried McDonald's checks for over $88,000, as cash, from May 31 to October, and a check for $100,000 was carried during a part of that time. On September 30th there was $120,000 of McDonald's checks being carried as cash. This would indicate a system of bogus deposits and fraudulent checks. The examination also elicited information that James Baxter, of Montreal, is in debt to the bank to the extent of $31,000. The full extent of Barnett's indebtedness is said by some to be as high as $100,000.

The Knights.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—General Secretary Litchman, of the Knights of Labor, said that reports received showed the membership was increasing. The work of organization is being vigorously pushed forward in France, Sweden, Denmark and Norway, and preliminary steps have been taken towards forming a general assembly for Europe. There are already 26 assemblies in England and 24 in Belgium and the establishment of a general assembly in England to include the continent is but the forerunner of a plan to organize the whole world into five general assemblies, which would be subordinate only to a supreme assembly, composed of representatives of each country.

The first regular session of the General Executive Board, Knights of Labor, this year was begun today. Powderly and Aylesworth were absent. The board endorses the strike of the Reading employes, both railroaders and miners, and the moral, if not the the financial aid of the order, will be brought to bear in favor of the strikers.

A Wreck.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Advices are received here today that a vessel supposed to be the British iron bark, *Abercorn*, bound from Maryport, England, to Portland, Oregon, was wrecked on Washington Territory coast on the night of February 1st. The vessel arrived at Columbia River bar Feb 1st, but being unable to get over the breakers, put to sea again. She was caught in a gale, driven northward, and in the night was wrecked on the coast near Gray's Harbor. The sea was so high that the officers and crew could not leave the vessel. They tried to do so but failed, and all died except two seamen and the apprentice. It is thought that fully 20 lives were lost. The *Abercorn's* captain was named McCullum. She had a cargo of iron ore, and the vessel and cargo were valued at $120,000.

On the 25th she sighted the Columbia bar and took on a pilot, Charles Johnson, from the tug *Astoria*, but was blown out to sea in the storm and in the thick weather which followed the pilot lost his bearings. A daylight a sea-otter hunter, Charles McIntyre and some Indians saw them, but as they had no boat could not help them. A little after noon the vessel broke up. McIntyre and eight Indians made desperate efforts to save the drowning men, nobly risking their lives time and again, but were able to save only two men and the cabin boy, who was unconscious for ten hours after being rescued.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Feb. 6.—Albert Garquez, Felix Gomez, Felicane Comtrez, Antonio Blanco Arnold and a woman, name unknown, were frozen to death on the 15th ultimo near Tampico.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—The throat of Mrs. Matthias Busch was slit from ear to ear tonight by her husband, a saloon keeper. She died a moment later at the feet of her murderer. The deed was done at their home in the presence of their child and an aunt of the victim. Busch was arrested, knife in hand, while the blood was yet spurting from the corpse a few feet distant, just as he was about to slay his little daughter. The tragedy was horribly cold-blooded and premeditated. It had its origin in the covetousness of Busch, who had been foiled in a desire to control $20,000 worth of real estate that had been willed his wife by her father.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Feb 6.—An explosion of dynamite in the works of the Hancock Chemical Company this afternoon killed J. A. Armond, John Alson and Adam Ytiasla.

The Striking Miners.

READING Pa., Feb. 6.—Not a colliery is running today except the William Penn. The miners who wanted to go to work at Kenley Run today concluded not to venture from home for fear of their lives. The colliery was ready but no workmen put in their appearance. The riotous element seems to be in complete control. The whole gang of Poles were told that William Penn was the only colliery running. They became jubilant and noisy and again took to drinking. All are reported heavily armed, having bought up all the firearms in the town. The rioters claim that they will stop the william Penn by tomorrow.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—When the non-union workmen quit work this afternoon, a large crowd of strikers and their friends gathered in the vicinity of the mill. A few minutes after 4 o'clock thirty of the negroes under protection of a squad of 25 policemen, made their appearance. They were greeted with cries of "black sheep" and "scabs," but no attention was paid to the angry crowd. Pretty soon they started down Smallman Street, followed by the mob, which steadily increased in size, until the street for a square was blocked with people. At the corner of Thirty-third street stones commenced to fly, and it began to look dangerous, but the officers promptly turned on the crowd and drove them back, after which they escorted the colored men to their homes. Three trips were necessary to get all the men from the mill and the same scenes were repeated each time. A number of persons, including non-unionists and onlookers, were slightly injured by being hit with stones and other missles, but no one was seriously hurt. Officer Friedman, whom it was alleged fired the shot that struck Kenna, was arrested to-night on the charge of felonious shooting preferred by an uncle of the boy. Friedman says he never used his revolver.

SHENANDOAH, Feb. 6.—One powerful influence in preserving the peace of the town this evening was the calling of a Polish meeting at Robinson's Opera house by Rev. Father Walauski, of the Greek Catholic church. He timed his meeting for 5 o'clock, the hour when the trouble would begin if at all, and held his audience for nearly an hour and a half, explaining to them the tenor of the proclamation issued, the results that would follow acts of violence and the future evil that would be entailed on the cause as workingmen. The priest is very popular with the men, is master workman of their assembly, the largest in town, and his words impressed the men very forcibly.

MCKEESPORT, Feb. 6.—The employes of the National Tube Works met tonight and refused to accept the ten per cent reduction [illegible] by the company, but they will not strike until a conference is held with General manager Glagler, who is now in New York. The National Tube Works Co. employ about 6,000 men.

War Talk.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The treaty between Italy and Germany stipulates if France attacks either country, the other shall send an army of 300,000 men to the French frontier.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Most of the Paris papers welcome the publication of the Austro-German treaty as likely to further estrange Germany and Russia and France. Some of the papers advocate an alliance of England, France and Russia against the triple alliance.

VIENNA, Feb. 6.—At a meeting of the budget committee, the minister of war declared an increase of the staff of Landwehr officers absolutely necessary. He would therefore ask an extra credits of $200,000 for that purpose. An equally necessary number of Landwehr recruits in training will be temporally raised. The monarchy was, above all, desirous of peace, but to preserve the interests of the treaty just published, it was necessary to follow the example of others. The powers of government only asked what was indispensible, which must be distinguished from the adoption of measures threatening to other states. He announced he would ask the delegation for credits to provide the army and Landwehr with new rifles.

On Their Mettle.

MADRID, Feb. 6.—In the Chamber of Deputies today Romero censured the government for military interference in Rio Tinto and the resultant bloodshed. An exciting debate ensued. The censure proposal was rejected. Upon hearing Romero had virtually accused the military officers of murder, General Cassola, Minister of War, hastened to the Chamber, and addressing Romero, said: "You have insulted the Spanish army, and are shielding yourself under parliamentary immunity." Romero replied: "I adhere to what I have said both inside and outside of Parliament." Cassola responded, "You shall give me reparation for this insult."

A Peculiar Suicide.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 6.—S. S. Tolman, a prisoner in Medina County jail awaiting transportation to the penitentiary to serve a sentence of seven years for shooting with intent to kill, committed suicide in a peculiar manner yesterday. He tore his handkerchief in two, rolled the pieces into balls and pushed them down his throat, choking himself to death. Tolman attempted suicide about a month ago by cutting his throat.

Dead.

MACON, Feb. 6.—Jas. N. Campbell, proprietor of the Macon *Telegraph*, died today of Bright's disease.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Mrs. Oliver Wendell Holmes, wife of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, died this morning, aged 60 years.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 7.—Dr. E. Miles White, supreme medical examiner of the Catholic Knights of America, died suddenly this afternoon of heart disease, aged 61 years.

Unfortunate Teachers.

NORFOLK, Neb., Feb. 6.—Miss Royce, school teacher, three of whose pupils died in her arms during the recent blizzard, will lose both feet and one arm as the result of exposure in the blizzard. Over $4,000 has been contributed to the teachers fund for Misses Freeman, Royce and Shattuck. The latter lost both of her limbs.

TELEGRAMS IN BRIEF.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone have arrived at Cannes.

It is stated that a French, Belgian and Dutch syndicate has agreed to negotiate a Russian loan of 200,000,000 roubles.

Among the passengers on the *Aurouria*, which came up to her wharf at New York yesterday, was Samuel Newton Brooks, father of Hugh M. Brooks, alias Maxwell.

The Spanish government, which has been acting as arbitrator between Italy and Columbia, has decided in favor of Italy, declaring Cerrito and others have not infringed the laws of neutrality.

A San Francisco dispatch says: Preparations are being made by the loyal executive committee of the National Teachers' Association for a national convention to be held in this city next July. It is expected that fully 10,000 teachers will be in attendance. The board of trade has given support to the convention and will assist in the preparations.

WONDERFUL CURES.
W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for four years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always.
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d2 6th OGDEN, UTAH.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, JOHN A. FITCHETT, BY his certain deed of trust, made and executed by him on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, and to the undersigned, then delivered, and duly recorded in the Recorder's office of the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, in Book "B," of mortgages, pages 382, 383, 384 and 385, did sell and convey to the undersigned, the party of the second part in said deed, the following described real property, to-wit: "That certain piece or parcel of land known and described as follows, to wit: A part of Lot one (1), in Block one (1), as platted in Plat D," Salt Lake City survey, and bounded as follows: commencing at the southeast corner of said lot, and running thence west ninety-seven and one half (97½) feet, thence north ten (10) rods, thence east ninety seven and one-half (97½) feet and thence south ten (10) rods to the place of beginning, situate in the City and County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah; which said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note bearing same date with said deed and in words and figures following, to-wit:

$5,000. SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, January 7th, 1887.

One year after date, for value received, I promise to pay to John E. Dooly or order, Five thousand dollars, at Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank, Salt Lake City, Utah, with interest at the rate of one per cent per month from date until paid. Interest payable monthly.

(Signed) JOHN A. FITCHETT.

And, whereas, no part either of the principal or interest of said note has been paid, excepting the sum of $50 paid and credited on said note on February 7th, 1887; the sum of $100 paid and credited on said note on April 7th, 1887; the sum of $50 paid and credited on said note May 7th, 1887, and the further sum of $100 paid and credited there on May 16th, 1887, and the remainder of said note, both principal and interest, remains now wholly due and unpaid.

Now, therefore, I, Harry T. Duke, (the undersigned) trustee as aforesaid, at the request of the payee, owner and holder of said note, by virtue of the power and authority given me in said deed of trust, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed, will, on **Thursday, the 16th day of February, A. D. 1888**, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 3 o'clock P. M. of that day, at the south front door of the County Court House, of Salt Lake County, in Utah Territory, proceed to sell and sell the above described real estate at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, in order to pay said note and interest or so much as may remain unpaid thereon, and costs of this trust, and upon such sale being made, being thereunto duly authorized by said deed, I shall make, execute and deliver to the purchaser of said property, a good and sufficient deed conveying all the interest which said John A. Fitchett had in and to said real estate on said February 7th, 1887, and which I have or hold therein as trustee as aforesaid.

HARRY T. DUKE, Trustee.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 26, 1888.
d1t

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