

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XI.

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NO. 1.

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Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 20.—Whyte, from the committee on printing, reported with amendments the resolution to print 2,500 copies of the narrative of the north polar expedition by the United States steamer *Polaris*. Agreed to.

Thurman submitted a resolution that the committee on elections be discharged from further consideration of the credentials of M. C. Butler as Senator from South Carolina.

Conkling suggested that the resolution be withheld until tomorrow morning. The motion to discharge the committee was unexpected, and several Senators who would like to be heard in regard to the matter were absent.

Thurman agreed to this, saying that it would be unfinished business to-morrow. He reluctantly offered the resolution, knowing that the committee would regard it as a reflection, but South Carolina had had only one Senator since the 4th of March, and the committee had no report had been made on Butler, yet the Corbin-Butler case was easily determined, there being no contest about the facts. This day was a reproach to the American Senate.

Wadleigh defended the committee, and said that one of its members would accuse it of tardiness. The committee had been working hard on the case of Kellogg and Spofford, as having the priority.

Thurman said that he understood why the committee ought first to consider the Kellogg case before the Eustis case.

Mitchell said that because, when the committee first met, a motion was pending in the Senate to discharge the committee from consideration of Eustis' case, and, therefore, the other was taken up.

Thurman said he himself made and withdrew the motion in one session of the Senate, and it could not, therefore, have been pending when the committee took up the case.

Saulsbury of the committee verified this statement, saying that the motion was made on October 16th, and the committee first met on the 19th.

The resolution was laid over till to-morrow.

The Vice-President appointed Davis (W. V.), Beck, Allison, Ingalls and Cameron (Pa.) to examine the Treasury accounts in accordance with Davis' resolution.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 20.—After reading the Journal of the House, the committee of the whole, Springer in the chair, on the Exposition bill. The amendment allowing \$5,000 to the commissioner general and \$1,000 each to twenty assistants was rejected.

Luttrell's amendment, providing that the governors of each State should nominate, and the President appoint two honorary commissioners, and the President appoint twenty-four additional honorary commissioners, was rejected.

The committee agreed to the resolution ordering the commissioner of agriculture to prepare specimens of the productions of the various States and Territories for exhibition.

The motion to raise the appropriation to \$200,000, to reduce it to \$50,000, and others were rejected.

It was ordered that the debate on Hamilton's substitute cease, and Hamilton's substitute, allowing representation, but making no appropriation, was carried, 164 to 4.

The object of this was to defeat Cox's amendment, for which Hamilton was a substitute.

Cox's amendment was then rejected, 119 to 134. This disposed of both propositions. The committee then reported the bill to the House, and Munroe moved the previous question, which, against Cox's proposition, was carried, 125 to 99.

The amendments adopted in committee of the whole were adopted, and the bill passed, 130 to 124. It is as follows:

Whereas, the United States have been invited by the republic of France to take part in a universal exposition of productions of agriculture, manufactures and fine arts, to be held in Paris in 1878; therefore,

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives, that the governors of the several States and Territories are hereby requested to invite the people of their respective States and Territories to assist in a proper representation of the products of industry and of the natural resources of the country, and to take such further measures as may be necessary in order to secure to their respective States and Territories the advantages to be derived from this beneficent undertaking.

Section 2.—That the President be authorized to appoint a commissioner general to represent the United States in the proposed exhibition, and under the general direction of the Secretary of State, to make all needful rules and regulations in reference to the contributions from this country, and to the proper installation and exhibition thereof, and to the preparation of reports on the exhibition; and that the President may

also appoint twenty additional commissioners, provided, no two be appointed from one State, of whom three shall be practical agricultural experts, three shall be skilled representatives of commerce and manufactures, four practical agriculturists, nine scientific experts, corresponding to and specifically assigned to report upon the nine groups into which the exposition will under official regulations be divided, and one to report upon the general results thereof; that the allowance of salary and personal expenses, shall not exceed \$5,000 for his whole term of office, and the allowance of the twenty additional commissioners, for salary and personal expenses, shall not exceed \$1,000 each, not including such clerical service as may be allowed by the commissioner general; and the governors of the several States shall nominate and the President may appoint two honorary commissioners from each of the several States, and the President may appoint twenty-four additional honorary commissioners, among whom there shall be at least one resident of each Territory; that said honorary commissioners may report on special subjects, and shall receive no salary or honorarium, and, further provided, that in case the authorities of any State or Territory shall appoint a commissioner or commissioners to represent the interest of such State or Territory at said exhibition, said commissioner or commissioners so appointed shall have the same status in the commission as the honorary commissioners provided for herein, but shall not be entitled to either pay or compensation out of the money hereby appropriated for the purpose hereof, no person appointed by virtue of this resolution shall have pecuniary interest in any article exhibited for competition, or act as agent for any exhibitor; and no more than one of the commissioners entitled to compensation, nor more than five of the honorary commissioners, shall be appointed from any one State or Territory.

Section 3.—That the President be authorized, in his discretion, to assign one or more of the public vessels to transport to and from France, free of cost, articles which may be offered for exhibition by the citizens of the United States, and that the several departments of government which contributed to the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia, may place under the control of the commissioner general for exhibition, such articles as shall be deemed desirable to make a proper collective exhibit on behalf of the government of the United States, and said commissioner general shall cause the same to be returned to the several departments at the close of the exhibition, and the expenses thereof shall be defrayed out of the moneys herein appropriated.

Section 4.—That, in order to defray the necessary expenses above authorized, and for the proper installation of the exhibition and the expenditures of the commissioner general, under the direction of the Secretary of State, and with his approval, and not otherwise, there be, and hereby is, appropriated out of the Treasury of the United States, the sum of \$150,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose herein specified, which sum shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, and the commissioner of agriculture shall collect and prepare a stable specimen of the agricultural products of the several States and Territories for exhibition.

Section 5.—That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to transmit to Congress a detailed statement of the expenditures which may have been incurred under the provisions of this resolution, together with all the reports called for under section 2, which reports shall be printed by the Government, with a view to concise statements and convenient reference.

O'Neill presented a petition of all but one Philadelphia national bank, and of certain trust and savings fund companies, against the unlimited circulation of silver coin; referred.

Adjourned.

Section 6.—That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to transmit to Congress a detailed statement of the expenditures which may have been incurred under the provisions of this resolution, together with all the reports called for under section 2, which reports shall be printed by the Government, with a view to concise statements and convenient reference.

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Adjourned.

Mrs. ROMANIA B. PRATT,

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