

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 16.

**FINED.**—The owner of the horse which ran away with a buggy from the front of Wagener's saloon yesterday was fined \$10 for the carelessness displayed in the matter.

**CLAIMS.**—Those having claims against the U. C. and U. S. Railroad Companies for damage to stock or land should present them, as per Secretary Swan's notice, which will be found in another column.

**GRADING.**—Several men and teams are at work with plows and scrapers, on South Temple street, west of the U. C. depot making the grade of the Salt Lake, Sevier Valley and Pioche Railroad.

**THE NEW OFFICE.**—The new office, in Reid's Building, of the Deseret Telegraph Company, is a model of neatness and convenience, and besides being handsome it has a much better entrance than the one recently moved from.

**TIPPED OVER.**—A team with wagon loaded with hay ran away on Jordan street at noon to-day, and when opposite the Temple Block, team, wagon and hay tipped over and landed in the aqueduct. Scarcely a day passes now without some such occurrence happening.

**STRAIGHTENING UP.**—Supervisor Groo has done a good thing, so far as he has gone, in grading, filling the hollow, and fixing up generally South Temple street, between Fifth and Sixth East streets. It is a good work begun, but considerable more labor and filling up will be required before that part of the street is properly graded.

**LEFT.**—We learn, from the Junction, of yesterday, that Bishop Lester J. Herick intended leaving Ogden this morning, on his way to England, to which country he was appointed to go on a mission, at the late Conference. He purposes visiting a number of his relatives and friends in the States, and reaching New York in time to cross the Atlantic in company with the balance of the missionaries.

**DOING WELL.**—Mr. John Gerber, of West Jordan, who had a portion of his right hand shot away last Thursday while he was engaged in duck shooting, called at our Office to-day. On the day on which the accident occurred Dr. Anderson amputated the first finger, between the middle and first joint, and the second finger at the middle joint, and extracted some shattered pieces of bone from the little finger. The hand is healing up as fast as could reasonably be expected.

**NOT QUITE CORRECT.**—Mrs. E. W. Condie, the lady who picked up the child in the Sixth Ward as the U. S. train was proceeding southward on Monday, as stated in yesterday's News, tells us that our informant was somewhat inaccurate in his statement. The child was not asleep upon but had just crossed the track as the train came along, and she picked the little one up in case it should re-cross and get run over. The child's mother had been absent only a few minutes.

**THE SOUTHERN SETTLEMENTS.**—Brother William Willes, now traveling through the Southern settlements, writes, April 11th, as follows:

"It is quite consoling to find that the majority of the people in these southern settlements are on the side of truth and righteousness. As for the young they fill the school houses on the Sabbath, looking bright and happy with their faithful teachers, both male and female; sing the songs of Zion with great gusto, and show in many ways, that we need feel no fears for the future of Zion."

**TERMINATION OF PROCEEDINGS.**—Major Carmon and a woman, named Pauline, were arrested last night for a breach of the laws relating to lascivious cohabitation.

This morning they were brought before Justice Clinton for examination, when the affair culminated in the marriage of the parties to each other, the Judge performing the ceremony.

The complaint in the case was made by Mrs. Ewing, the keeper of the house where they boarded, and was alleged to have been preferred because they had failed to pay some little bills which had become due, and Carmon and Pauline threatened to retaliate on Mrs. Ewing by charging her with keeping a house of ill fame.

**FROM ENGLAND.**—We have been permitted to peruse a letter just received by Bro. Robert L. Campbell from Elder H. S. Gowans, now on a mission in England. From it we learn that the writer, on reaching England, was appointed to the presidency of the Bradfordshire Conference, in place of Elder J. V. Robinson, who was released to return to Utah, on account of ill health. The health of Elder Gowans is excellent and he feels well in performing the labors of his mission. Towards the conclusion of the letter he expresses himself as follows:

"I never realized the extent of the blessings enjoyed by the Saints in Utah till I came on this mission, notwithstanding that I was raised in the old country. I regret to think, when I look back, that I did not strive to render more assistance towards gathering the poor. However, I trust my present experience will be profitable to me in this direction in the future."

**MORONI.**—Here is how "S. C." writes from Moroni, Sanpete, April 6th—

"Of 110 cases of smallpox we now have only seven or eight left, and they are getting better as fast as could be expected. The Board of Health under Capt. E. Curtis, as foreman, has proved a success. By the imposition of two or three lines, they now have the monster at bay. We have lost three cases only of the 110. The best remedies for this disease, as proved here, are sulphur and whiskey, buttermilk, and any other simple article that will help to drive the disease to the surface and keep it there. The patient should not be taken through a course of medicine, and should never be bled, as this has a very bad effect. Mrs. Syme and Mrs. Slater, two experienced old ladies of this place, have proved to be our best doctors for smallpox, as neither have lost a case yet."

"The Co-operative Institution have completed the roof and cornice to their new and commodious brick store." S. C.

**BEING REMOVED.**—From fifteen to eighteen soldiers were engaged yesterday and to-day in removing the cannon, and gun and ammunition carriages from the depot to Camp Douglas. An attempt was made to move one of the guns from the railroad car by running it down to the ground on three pieces of plank two inches thick and about fifteen inches wide. The men, who were holding back on the wheels of the carriage showed considerable discretion in that they all kept in the rear of the gun. This seemed a wise precaution, but it did not seem to coincide with the ideas of a Dutch corporal, who seemed to have charge of the concern, for he yelled out: "Vy dond you ged alongside of de veels?" The "boys in blue" still hesitated, however, and the second in command, an Irish corporal, who also stood on the ground, said: "Shure an phat are yeas afraid uv? D—! a bit will the planks break." As he was uttering the last word crash went one of the planks, away flew Pat to a safe distance, and down came the gun and carriage, with a thud, and rolled over, wrong side up. Considerable time was spent in getting the carriage righted, for instead of turning the trail right over end ways, the wheels were taken off and it was turned over from the side. After considerable trouble the gun was also placed on the carriage.

**THE WOMAN'S EXPONENT** for April 15 is to hand. While it might be printed a little better, it is as full of interesting matter as an egg is full of meat. The editor says:

"Two numbers after the present will close the first year of the *Woman's Exponent*. So far its success has been gratifying, the subscription list having grown encouragingly through the assistance of the friends of the paper in different parts of the Territory. Yet it is desirable that it should be still more widely read; and improvements which we have contemplated making in it cannot be made without a still larger list of subscribers. We would like to see the printing of the *Exponent* done in an office owned by and used for itself, supplied with all the necessary appliances; where young women could learn the 'art preservative'—printing—and qualify themselves for some other of the duties and employments referred to by President Young at Conference. But a printing office, to be self-sustaining, in connection with the *Exponent*, would require to do more work than this paper now demands, and a larger amount of capital. We therefore ask the ladies throughout the Territory to kindly use their endeavors to send in clubs before the 1st of June; for the second volume of the *Exponent*; so that the paper may commence its second year with increased patronage, in every sense self-sustaining and capable of accomplishing more good than it is at present; and with brightened prospects for the future. A list of premiums will be found on the last page of the paper; and to that list we would add, that any person, or Society, sending in a hundred names, with two dollars a name, will receive a sewing machine valued at seventy-five to ninety dollars, as we can make arrangements. This we offer not as a prize, but holding that those who exert themselves in this respect should have their exertions substantially recognized, while we can procure machines on more advantageous terms than perhaps any of our subscribers could do."

"We would like to receive club-lists as early as possible, so as to know the number of papers to have printed, for it is not wise nor economic policy to print off a large number on speculation, and probably have them left on hand—waste paper."

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 17.

**A NEW POSTOFFICE.**—A postoffice was opened yesterday, in Sugar House Ward. W. C. A. Smoot, Esq., postmaster.

**SCARCE.**—The scarcity of good butter in this market, situated in a superior agricultural and stock raising country, is something surprising. A good article is being sold at fifty cents a pound.

**DEAD.**—Another child of Mr. James Bourne died of smallpox to-day. This is the third death within the last two weeks in Mr. Bourne's family by this disease—his wife and two children. Another of his children is now down with the disease.

**MULE STEALING.**—Last night a man named Smith was brought from Little Cottonwood by G. L. Turner, and lodged in jail, for present safe keeping, there being a charge against him for stealing mules. The case was to be heard this afternoon, before Justice Clinton.

**JUDGE EMERSON.**—This gentleman appeared in the Third District Court this morning, and the oath of office was administered to him by Chief Justice James B. McKean, and he can now be said to have entered upon the duties of his position as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory.

**LOGAN, April 17.**—Last night, about ten o'clock, the train coming from Mendon to Logan, ran over an Indian, who was lying on the track, instantly killing him, his head being entirely crushed, and brains protruding. Those on the train noticed that something was run over, and they turned back and found the Indian dead, and brought him to Logan.

**WANTS RELIEF.**—A gentleman who is exceedingly fond of reading and study labors under great difficulty on account of his eyesight failing him. After reading a couple of hours, at a time he has to stop on account of not being able to distinguish the letters. Under ordinary circumstances his eyesight is clear, and he is able to distinguish objects as well as the generality of people, even at a long distance. Spectacles are a great aid to him, enabling his eyesight to hold out longer than it would without, but he desires us to ask through the News if any of our readers could suggest any simple remedy that would be likely to afford him relief.

**MATCHES.**—The name of D. M. Richardson of Detroit has become very famous as a manufacturer of matches. His matches are, without exception, the best made. He makes the Telegraph, Round and Parlor matches, each of which are most excellent.

cellent. We have used and tested his Parlor match, and find it all it purports to be. When ignited it throws off no disagreeable smell of sulphur or other odor, and burns brightly and steadily until all the wood is consumed. There are matches which we have used that ignite freely and burn until the preparation on the end is consumed, then they die out. This is never the case with the matches manufactured by Mr. Richardson. The wood is thoroughly dry, and is then prepared in such a way as to insure a bright blaze until it is entirely consumed—a quality which those who have had their patience tried by the other kind of matches can well appreciate. Mr. H. W. Durant is the agent for these matches at Chicago; they are sold in this city and Territory by Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution and its branches.

**A FIRST CLASS RAILROAD.**—Chicago is one of the great railroad centres of the continent. Lines concentrate and diverge at that city from and to all points of the compass. To secure traffic and passengers there a railroad must be first-class, for the competition is so sharp that a poorly built, or managed, or equipped road cannot prosper. When these facts are understood it will be perceived that it is no trifling praise to say of a railroad running out of Chicago, as we can of the LOUISIANA, MISSOURI, SHORT ROUTE, that it is in excellent condition and makes the quickest time between that point and its other terminal. On this line quicker time is made between Chicago and St. Louis than over any other road. It is in every respect a first-class road, and is the only road on which a Dining Saloon car is run in connection with the regular trains. The Pullman Sleeping cars on the road are also of the best and latest improved style. Mr. James Charlton is the General Passenger and Ticket Agent at Chicago, and passengers who may make his acquaintance will find him a courteous gentleman, admirably fitted for the position which he holds and a thoroughly experienced railroad man. We can speak understandingly of this road, for we have traveled over it, and know it to be all it is represented. As the season for visiting the east has again arrived, our citizens will do well to bear the name of this road in mind. Should they desire to go from Kansas City or St. Louis and intermediate points to Chicago, they will find it to their advantage to go by this line.

**A SUGGESTION.**—Here is what appears to be a sensible suggestion from Brother Charles N. Smith, of Rockville, Kane Co., which he forwards under date of April 7th.

"The appearance and probable increase of small pox in our settlements is calculated, more or less, to fill the public mind with anxiety. The healthy altitude of our mountain home and our free access to an abundance of fresh air will undoubtedly render the effects of the disease less fatal than in the densely populated cities of the Old World. Yet it is the manifest duty of all the citizens of the Territory to use every means in their power to guard against this contagious disease and, at the same time, prevent any unnecessary alarm."

"For want of a correct understanding of the nature and unmistakable symptoms that attend smallpox, many are liable to be misled, and treat the real disease with indifference, or, through false alarm, spread excitement through an entire settlement."

"I have no doubt, if the quarantine physician of Salt Lake City or county, or other intelligent writer would publish in the DESERET NEWS, and Salt Lake Herald, for the benefit of the general reader, a few plain rules, adapted to the condition of isolated settlements, who have no access to such experience, distinctly setting forth the leading characteristics of this disease, together with such precautions as are necessary to be observed, accompanied by such simple remedies as may be brought within the reach of all, its fatal effects might be materially checked, and much unnecessary disquiet avoided."

**SPRING AND SUMMER DISEASES.**—As the hot season is approaching it may not be out of place to offer a few suggestions with regard to the diseases generally prevalent at that time of the year. W. W. Hall, M. D., of New York, publishes a work entitled "Health by Good Living," which contains as much sound sense on the subject of how to attain to and maintain good health as any book of a similar character we have ever seen. Here are a few words from it about Summer diet:

"As the object of eating is to sustain strength, and to keep warm, carbonaceous or warming food is not as much needed in Summer as in Winter, any more than as much fuel should be burned in warm weather as in cold. And as carbonaceous foods comprise fats and fat meats, and sugars and starches, in the form of buckwheat cakes and molasses, butter and oil, reason dictates that these should be sparingly used in summer time, and nature, by her instincts, blind though they be, yet unerring, prompts to the same abstemiousness in the use of these articles, and, as if afraid to leave us to ourselves, she takes away our appetite for them, and craves in their stead, more yearningly, as the heats of midsummer come on, the cooling vegetable, and spinach, and fruit, and berry, and melon, and not only so, but has, in her parental beneficence, arranged that these shall succeed each other in their season with their delightful variety."

The author shows also the evil results of over-eating, especially in the Spring and Summer seasons, when the quantity of food should be lessened as well as the quality changed from that of Winter, and he advocates that the closest attention be paid to keeping the skin in a cleanly condition.

This is a book that should be in the hands of every dyspeptic. The author is opposed to medicinal treatment in cases of dyspepsia, claiming that attention to diet, and exercise in the open air will do more towards a cure than all the drugs in existence.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 18.

**THOROUGHbred STALLION.**—Parties desirous of improving their breed of horses might find it advantageous to visit the stables of Willard and Jackson, of this city, where they will find Mr. Rigby with his thoroughbred stallion "Wagoner," just imported from Kentucky. He is nine years old next June, 16 hands and 3 inches high, has taken premiums at several fairs in

Kentucky, is a descendant of the famous English horse, "Sir Peter Teasle," is good for either wagon or buggy, and his owner asserts that for all the qualities which go to make up a first-class animal, gentleness included, he is without a rival. Go and judge for yourselves.

**FOR WEAK EYESIGHT.**—Here is an answer to the gentleman troubled with weak eyesight, who inquired, through the News, for information concerning the best mode of treatment:

SALT LAKE CITY, April 18, 1873.

Editor Deseret News:

The gentleman who "wanted relief" for his eyesight, has weak eyes, and is not near-sighted—so his writing indicates. He should select spectacles (with convex glasses of course) that will allow perfect reading of common print at from ten to twelve inches distance from the eyes, and he should not expose his eyes to the sun or lamplight. He should use the spectacles all the time, except when asleep.

C. L. ERICSON.

**APPARENT NEGLIGENCE.**—Mr. Thomas G. Lewis, of this city, inquired at this office if we knew whether anything serious was the matter with the post office department of this city. He said his reason for asking the question was that he recently called four times, in as many successive days, at the post office, and asked for a letter, which he knew had been mailed to him and was due, and was each time told there was nothing for him. On the day of the fourth call the letter appeared in the published list. He called again next day and was told the letter was not there, and that somebody must have called and got it. He called again the following day with the same result. The third day after it was advertised Mr. Lewis got his letter, and on inquiring as to "how and why such things were," he was told that the letter must have been overlooked. "Overlooked" seems to be made to cover a good deal of ground, but it comes with a very bad grace, especially when frequently used, from those who are the servants of the public.

**MEETING OF HOME MISSIONARIES.**—A meeting of the Salt Lake County Home Missionaries was held in the west wing of the Fourteenth Ward Assembly Rooms yesterday afternoon, commencing at 1 o'clock. The meeting was presided over by Apostles Orson Pratt and John Taylor, besides whom Elders Lorenzo D. Young and Reuben Miller and nearly all of the Home Missionaries of this county were present, also Elders A. Call and other Missionaries of Davis County, who had been invited to attend.

Excellent instructions were given by Elders Orson Pratt, John Taylor and L. D. Young, with regard to the nature and duties of the missionaries, and several resolutions were adopted relating to the future method of proceeding with the labors of the latter.

A resolution was passed, expressive of approbation of the way in which operations had been conducted during the past year, Elders L. D. Young and Reuben Miller, with the assistance of Elder R. F. Neslen, as Secretary, having made the appointments, which had been generally promptly filled by the Elders. It was also resolved that the Home Missionary operations of the county continue under the direction of Elders L. D. Young and R. Miller, the whole under the supervision of Elders Orson Pratt and John Taylor.

It was resolved that the Presidency of the Salt Lake Home Mission consult with Elder Call, of Davis County, with regard to occasionally combining the labors of the missionaries of the two counties, when deemed advisable.

The following is the complete list of this quorum of Home Missionaries, of Salt Lake County:

Orson Pratt, John Taylor, L. D. Young, R. Miller, R. F. Neslen, John Van Cott, Milo Andrus, Isaac Groo, W. G. Young, David Candland, S. A. Woolley, N. H. Felt, J. P. Freese, G. B. Bywater, A. Smith, Thomas Taylor, George Teasdale, John Nicholson, H. W. Naibitt, George Swan, S. W. Sears, David McKenzie, John Needham, Charles R. Savage.

The meeting was opened and closed with prayer.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 19.

**TOOK THE WRONG BUNDLE.**—Henry Simmons, of Lehi, writes that he was one of the singers at Conference, and that he took, from the Tithing Office, by mistake, a white sack, containing a linen coat, shirt, comforter and other articles, and left his own white sack, linen coat, shirt, &c., and is desirous, of re-exchanging with the party who has his. If this meets the eye of that party, he will understand all about it.

**DILAPIDATED BRIDGE.**—The bridge across the main ditch, in Chestnut St., just south of the city wall, is in a very dilapidated condition, and as many teams cross it during the day, there is danger of a mishap at any time, no matter how careful the teamster may be. If the gentleman whose business it is to attend to matters of this kind would see to this and have it speedily repaired he would do the public a service. The bad state of the bridge has been the cause of two accidents already.

**LINDSEY'S GARDENS.**—Mark Lindsey announces, through our special notice column, that his gardens are now open for pleasure seekers. As is usual during the warm season many of the citizens, young, old, and middle aged, will probably seek this pleasant resort, where they can spend a few hours in agreeable recreation and amusement, and in discussing the good things Mark provides for his visitors in the shape of ice cream, cooling beverages, fruits, candies, &c. It is a good place for gala days for school children.

**A POST OFFICE DEFAULTER CAUGHT.**—A man named Rufus King, alias Seth R. Jones, formerly postmaster of Silver City, Idaho, and who is alleged to be a defaulter to the tune of about \$7,000, was captured, at Ogden, yesterday, by Marshal W. N. Fife, and brought to this city. Here is an account of his arrest, &c., from the Junction, of yesterday:

"Last evening Mr. J. Hall, postmaster of this city, received a dispatch from Colonel Wickizer, special mail agent, to take measures for the detention of one Rufus King, alias Seth R. Jones, concerned in some transactions which the United States objected to. Colonel Wickizer came up himself on the U. C. train and engaged the as-

sistance of Marshal Fife, but could not give a sufficient description of the man wanted to secure his identification. This morning the marshal received the description by telegraph, as follows:

"Rufus King, alias Seth R. Jones, is about fifty years old, large man, and fleshy, weighs two hundred pounds, very florid complexion, smooth shaved."

"Marshal Fife was immediately on the alert, and, stepping into Low's news store near the depot, he saw a respectable-looking person buying a paper, whom he felt sure was his man. He went straight to him and said, 'You are my prisoner; your name is Rufus King.' The man replied, tremblingly, 'You are mistaken, my name is McGuffey.' The Marshal was satisfied he had 'struck it,' and told his man not to touch his pistol, but to hold up his hands. He surrendered, and the Marshal took his prisoner to the city jail, where he examined him, and took from him the following property: Post office orders on different offices in Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois, for \$1,050; a fine gold watch and chain; a buckskin purse containing some small coins and a bar of silver; money purse containing \$5.50 coin and \$42.25 currency; a new revolver, some letters, etc."

King was in this city a short time since, when he presented a money order on the Salt Lake office, for \$150, payable to Seth R. Jones. The clerk, however, refused to cash the order, unless Jones should be identified. King then bought a quantity of goods from a merchant in this city, for which he paid the P. O. order, endorsed "Seth R. Jones," and which was presented and cashed.

Meanwhile Col. Wickizer received intimation from Washington that there was a suspicion of something being wrong at the Silver City P. O., and that gentleman authorized the Boise City P. M. to visit Silver City P. O. and investigate, when large defalcations were discovered.

It is alleged that King has been doing a big business in making out post office orders on various offices, payable to himself, under numerous aliases. Fortunately he was cleverly captured at Ogden, by Marshal Fife, and was thus prevented from carrying on his nefarious business eastward of this point. He was brought to town last evening and lodged in the city jail.

King was brought before Judge Emerson, for examination, at 10 o'clock this morning. The investigation was postponed, however, till a week from to-day, to give time for witnesses to arrive from Idaho. Meanwhile the prisoner in default of finding \$10,000 bonds was committed to the custody of the U. S. Marshal.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, APRIL 21

**ARRIVED.**—John W. Young, Esq., arrived from the east last night, in good health and spirits.

**ARRIVED.**—By private letter from Liverpool, we learn that Elders Erastus Snow, W. C. Staines and Joseph Birch, and Sisters Little and Schettler arrived at that port April 3rd.

**SANDY STATION ON FIRE.**—We learn, as we go to press, that Sandy Station, on the Utah Southern Railroad, is on fire. The steam engine and a number of members of the Fire Brigade have gone there, by train, from this city.

**JUDGE BOREMAN.**—This gentleman has entered upon his duties as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory, the oath of office having been administered to him, on Saturday, by Chief Justice McKean.

**UNIVERSITY TERM.**—Another term of the University of Deseret commenced to-day—the last term of the present academic year. At this season the number of students is generally smaller than at other times, which gives those who do attend a proportionately larger share of the attention and services of the faculty.

**SALT LAKE CITY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.**—The members of the Salt Lake City Teachers' Association and acting teachers of this city generally, are requested to attend a meeting of the Association, Wednesday, April 23rd, at half past 7 p.m., at the University building, as business of importance will have to be transacted. KARL G. MAESER, President.

**CONCERT.**—The programme of a concert, to be given at the Nineteenth Ward Literary Institute, for the benefit of the Ward Sunday School, has been handed to us. The pieces to be rendered are well chosen and we presume those who attend will have an interesting time.

Prof. Beezley will be conductor and Mr. John Chamberlain organist on the occasion.

**MIGHT HAVE BEEN WORSE.**—There was quite a commotion and no little excitement in the neighborhood of East Temple, First South, and Commercial Streets at about 11 o'clock, to-day, caused by the fire bell, at the City Hall, being sounded, and a large number of individuals shouting at the same time. Firemen ran from every direction and the steam fire engine and the hose carriage were brought out of the engine house in double quick time, when several persons arrived at the Hall and said the fire was extinguished.

The alarm arose from a quantity of old straw and other rubbish, at the rear of "Cheap John's" establishment, taking fire, the flames reaching a height of from eight to ten feet. Fortunately they were extinguished by Mr. Robert Patrick and some others, by the application of a few buckets of water.

Had the flames not been extinguished in their incipency it is difficult to imagine the amount of destruction that might have ensued. It is supposed that somebody had thrown a quantity of hot ashes on the pile of rubbish which took fire.

It may not be amiss to mention, incidentally, the condition of the lane where the fire started. Heaps of straw and other inflammable material, and any amount of filth are there from one end to the other. Besides the wretched condition of the locality in a sanitary point of view, it would be the easiest thing imaginable for an immense fire to originate there from the careless casting aside upon the inflammable rubbish of a lighted match or partially consumed cigar. This matter certainly needs looking after.