

NEWS OF THE DAY.

President Grant going joyfully to Long Branch.
The escaped Fenian prisoners arrived at New York.
A man buried in a well twelve hours, and exhumed alive.
A negro murderer hung.
Secretary Chandler has appointed a commission to treat with the Sioux.
A thousand Pawnee scouts are to be raised for the Indian war.
The Mare Island court martial sentence.
Bank suspension at Lisbon, financial crisis.
Made declines to serve on the Chinese investigation committee, leaving Piper alone with \$35,000.
Sunday mail service to be continued from Chicago to Omaha.
Gen. Sherman thinks the Indians are armed and supplied through divers traders.
Speaker Kerr in intense agony, and still declining. His death only a question of a short time.
The Indian war. No fight. Terry joins Crook. Five hundred Crow join Terry. What Sitting Bull says.
Hilton and Libby, Stewart's successors, branch house in Chicago.
The Hawaiian treaty proclamation.
The great Wagner Nibelungen banquet.
Innocent fire at Midway, Mass., \$30,000.
French prosecution of a newspaper.
Jesse James denies that he participated in the Ottumwa train robbery.
The South Pass jetty report, 20 feet x 140 feet channel.
A Savage Communist duel in Belgium, the combatants carved each other freely and faintly.
Serbia - Turkish war news. Turkish defeat. Serbian reprisals upon Bash-Hazouks, shot without mercy. Russian sympathy increasing.
Fire at Rondout, N. Y., \$20,000.
Heavy failure at Boston.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Heavy frosts are said to fall every night in the Black Hills, cutting down the hardest vegetables.
The Montana *New Northwest* says, "in two months from now the Black Hills stampede will all be out of the country."
Hon. Decatur S. Wade, Chief Justice of Montana, amuses himself during his leisure hours by writing novels.
A New Hampshire tramp said he would rather walk two weeks than work one day.
Queen Victoria, though a woman, is at the head of the English army, navy, church, and state.
Maryland is accorded an unpleasant notoriety for the prevalence of lynch law.
There are large numbers of grasshoppers at Sioux city, and in various parts of Iowa.
There are ten bridges over the Thames in London proper, and the eleventh is to be built just below the Tower.
Emigration has caused a dearth of domestic servants in England, and wages have materially risen.

THE INDIAN WAR.

During the week past, the most startling rumor concerning the Indian war has been that of a severe engagement between Terry's forces and Sitting Bull in various shapes, but to the effect that the Indians were badly whipped, with severe loss on both sides.
There does not seem much room for probability of the truth of the story. The Indians led Terry and Crook sit still in camp, ever since the Custer and Reno fighting, and recruit their commands. If the Indians had been anxious for a fight in force, they would have attacked one or other body of the troops, as the Indian camp must have been within two or three days forced march of the troops much of the time. If the troops do not know of the whereabouts of the main body of the Indians, there is reason to believe that the Indians have known the location of the main bodies of the troops all the time.
As the Indians did not make any attack in force, that is ground for thinking that they did not want a fight of that kind. If they did, they could have had it, and they must have known very well where to find it at any time since the Custer slaughter.
A late report, that may be considered trustworthy, is in our dispatches to-day, to the effect that on the 10th inst. Terry and Crook formed a junction, and the combined forces were following a large Indian trail toward the Powder River. Scouts from Terry's column, two days out, arrived at Fort Buford on Monday the 14th, which would make the latest from Terry the 12th, two days after his junction with Crook, and one week from to-day (18th). Terry's intention is reported to have been to follow the trail and force a fight if possible. But if these reports are true, then there is no truth in the recent reports of a great battle, particularly di-astrophic to the Indians.
Taking all the circumstances into consideration, the situation appears to be that there has been no battle or engagement of importance since the Custer and Reno fight; that the Indians do not desire, but are seeking to avoid, a great or general engagement; that the troops do desire and are endeavoring to bring on a heavy and decisive battle; that if such a collision is effected, the advantage is likely to be with the troops; that rather than risk such a conflict the Indians will

break up into divers small bands and scatter over the country; that in such case the troops will be almost certain to come across some of these bands, but that if they do the conflict will be slight, in the nature of a running and skirmish fight, and the result comparatively insignificant and indecisive; that if a great battle is effected, it will be by surprise or accident.
It may also be stated that it appears that the Indians are not anxious for a continuance of the war, but that the Government is sending all available troops to the support of Terry and Crook, and is decidedly determined to push hostilities as energetically as possible until it shall be considered desirable for the troops to retire into winter quarters. It is very unlikely that the war will end this year, if it has to be fought out to the bitter end.

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

President going to Long Branch.
New York, 18.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says the President will leave for Long Branch tomorrow, and remain at the sea side much later than usual. He complains to his friends of great fatigue, and he has long been anxious to get away from the Capitol.
Commissioners Appointed to Treat with the Sioux.
WASHINGTON, 18.—Secretary Chandler has appointed the following gentlemen as commissioners to treat with the Sioux, as provided for in the Indian appropriation bill passed by Congress: H. C. Ball, Iowa; Geo. W. Money, Pennsylvania; A. G. Boone, Colorado; Newton Edmunds, Dakota; Bishop P. B. Whipple, Minnesota; A. S. Gaylord, Michigan; assistant Attorney General of the Interior Department, S. D. Hinman, interpreter; Charles M. Hindley, Washington, Secretary. Gaylord will act as legal adviser to the commission and represent the Interior Department. The committee will start at once, and will meet at Omaha on the 25th inst.

Pawnee Scouts to be Raised.

The commissioner of Indian Affairs has given permission to Gen. Sheridan to raise one thousand Pawnee scouts for the Sioux war.

The Chinese Commission: Meade Declines to Serve—The Sunday Mail.

Representative Meade, of New York, has notified the late Speaker of the House that he will not go to California to serve on the committee to investigate the Chinese question. The reason is privately given that Representative Piper, who has charge of the department to defray expenses, would not advance to Mr. Meade \$800 for expenses. The funds in Piper's hands amount to \$35,000. He refused to advance Meade more than \$100. This leaves Mr. Piper alone on the House committee.

The Superintendent of the Railroad.

The superintendent of the railroad service says that he has recently and adversely decided in favor of the officers of the railroad companies carrying the mails between Chicago and Omaha, and he is satisfied they will agree to continue the Sunday mails between those places, notwithstanding the failure of Congress to provide extra compensation for the carriers.

Where and How the Indians Get their Arms and Supplies.

An officer of the Interior Department, to-day, had an interview with Gen. Sherman on the subject of the complaints of the public to the effect that hostile Sioux obtained supplies of arms and ammunition from Indian traders at the agencies or reservations. Gen. Sherman was asked whether he believed it was true that supplies of arms and ammunition were being obtained from the agencies or reservations, and he replied that he did not think it was true, but added that the Indians no doubt would be able to procure arms from other traders as long as they had buffalo robes and furs to sell. It is generally understood that men not connected with the agencies or reservations are selling arms to Indians at various points on the upper Missouri and north-western Territories in exchange for furs, and selling by such means enormous profits, as the Indians are willing to pay large prices for arms.

Speaker Kerr Still Declining.

ROCK BRIDGE, Alum Springs, Va., 18.—Mr. Kerr suffered most severely up to midnight last night, but thereafter rested more comfortably. His death is now only a question of time, and that a short one. His mind is still clear and active; his will firm and resolute as ever. S. S. Cox and wife have just arrived to pay their tribute to the declining speaker. He converses with them as freely as his fast failing strength will allow. Montgomery Blair had, to-day, quite a lengthy conversation with Mr. Kerr. Dr. Pope says he cannot last much longer. In a dispatch to his law partner at New Albany, after telling of his intense pain, he says, "The end of it all is near at hand. I wish it could be painless, but I fear not. When the news comes to you at home, bear it bravely, and resignedly, for I will. My heart still turns to you with warmest love."

The Indian War—The Squaw St. Croix Not Confirmed—Terry and Crook at Fort Buford—Following the Indian Trail—Sitting Bull Wants Peace—The Whites Must Abandon the Black Hills, etc.

ST. PAUL, Minn., 18.—Capt. Collins of the 17th Infantry, arrived at Bismarck from Fort Buford last night. He fails to confirm the squaw reports of the recent battle between the Indians and Terry's forces. Scouts from Terry's column, two days out, arrived at Buford on Monday evening.

Couriers who arrived at the supply depot at the mouth of the Rosebud on the 11th inst. report that Terry's command met the head of Gen. Crook's command on the 10th. Crook's men were following a large Indian trail in the direction of Powder River. On a short consultation of officers, Terry and Crook, the command were united and proceeded on the trail Crook was following.

The 5th Infantry was detached from Terry's column and ordered back to stockade, with instructions to take 40,000 rations and embark on the steamer *Far West* and patrol the Yellowstone river as far as the mouth of Powder river, and ascertain whether the Indians had succeeded in crossing the Yellowstone; if not, they are to prevent them. In the mean time Terry will come down on them with the combined commands and force a battle.

It is not positively known whether the Indians are on Tongue river or Powder river. Five hundred Crows volunteered to join Gen. Terry; they were once rationed at Fort Buford, and will be sent down to the mouth of the river with Gen. Miles' command, the 6th Infantry.

A Bismarck special to the *Pioneer Press* says the steamer *Far West*

was fired into a few miles below Fort Buford on Tuesday by a party of fifty Indians, without material injury. A large number of horses run off a herd of 400 beef cattle from the Black Hills, killing all but one. A large number of horses have also been run off. The boys killed one Indian, and his head was preserved in alcohol, and will be sent to Washington when opportunity presents.
Grey Eagle's scalp, taken by Dave Campbell, was sent to the Bismarck *tribune* by the steamer *Josephine*.

Medicine Cloud and his party, belonging to the Fort Rock agency, whom Maj. Mitchell, the Indian agent at Fort Peck, sent to Sitting Bull with a message on the 27th of May last, has returned to the agency. The message sent by Maj. Mitchell to Sitting Bull was to the effect that he desired him to come and visit Fort Peck, hoping such a step would result in his retiring upon the reservation and ceasing hostilities against the whites.

Sitting Bull replied on July 27: "Tell him I am coming before long to his post to trade. Tell him I did not commence the war; I am getting old; that I did not want to fight, but the whites rushed on me and I am compelled to defend myself; that but for the soldiers stationed on the Rosebud I, with my people, would have been there before; that if I was assured of the protection of the Great Father, I would go to Fort Peck for the purpose of making peace. I and the other chiefs want the Black Hills abandoned and we will make peace."

Medicine Cloud numbers the hostiles as consisting of Brules, Uncasapas, Tetons, Minnecejas, Sarasas, Ogallalas, Cheyennes and Blackfeet; of the latter but thirty lodges. He says he does not remember the names of many of the leading chiefs. Four Horns and Black Moon are Uncasapas. Each nation has two or three chiefs pressing out, and they all insist that they did not intend to fight the whites, but the Santas commenced the trouble some years ago, and the whites crowded them back on them, so they took it up. He says also that there are no Yanktonites now with them. He estimates the hostiles as consisting of from 8,000 to 10,000 fighting men. The Santas and Cheyennes are the most numerous. There are no white men co-operating with them. They have plenty of guns and pistols. He thinks they get their ammunition from a place called "The Burning Grounds," beyond the Black Hills. They captured many horses during the fight and but few mules. The Blackfeet Indians made many presents, consisting of horses, etc., to the warriors, in order to induce them to retire from the conflict, but after accepting the offering the request was not allowed. They watch continually for whites, not intending to attack them, but to fight hard in their own defense. They are living entirely on meat, which they find it very hard to procure, owing to the close proximity of whites. The hostile camp is now on Tongue River, south of the Yellowstone, one and a half days ride. The Indians are in a constant state of alarm; there is no sleep in their camp. In the fight of the Little Big Horn, the total number of Indians killed was thirty-one, and his estimate of our loss corresponds with what has before been published. He saw five dead Indians in camp dressed in citizens' clothes. The horses sacrificed around the tent were the property of the dead men, and were killed in accordance with their religion. The letter concluded: "While I am writing, a large party of hostile Indians has just arrived upon the opposite bank of the river, including the sons of the chiefs, Four Horns and Black Moon, and the two chiefs, who are telegraphing across the river by signs to the Indians on this side, but what the object is has not yet transpired."

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Shaking Tool.
LONDON, 18.—A Paris special to the *Standard* reports a savage duel fought in Belgium between MM. Rimdy and Chardon, two well-known Communist refugees, with knives. One of the combatants received six gashes, the other eight. The flesh was sliced from their faces, both fainted from loss of blood. The cause of the quarrel was that the parties accused each other of robbing the Communists.

WAR NEWS.

The *Daily News* dispatch from St. Pauli says the report of the Turkish defeat at Eriksland on the 8th is confirmed. The Turkish loss is estimated at 1,100.

Gen. Tchernayoff is reported to have issued an order that all Circassians and Bash-Hazouks be shot without parley when captured.

The *Times* Belgrade special says that Russian sympathy with the Serbian cause is becoming most ostentatious. Russian officials in uniform are at the capital. Many Russian States of Charity are seen in the streets and hospitals.

GERMANY.

Increase of Specie in Bank.
BERLIN, 18.—Specie in the Imperial Bank increased 4,000 marks during the week.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Bullion Withdrawn—Stocks.
LONDON, 18.—Amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to day is £20,000. Bonds, 65's, old, 100; 10 40's, 107; new fives, 107; Erie, 13.

PORTUGAL.

The Financial Crisis—Bank Suspensions.
LISBON, 18.—In consequence of the financial crisis there was a general run on the banks here to-day, and they were compelled to close their doors. Several will suspend payment. The Bank of Portugal also closed. All the suspending banks have assets in excess of their liabilities. The present embarrassment is solely due to the scarcity of silver coin, supplies of which are expected from London, and on its arrival the crisis will terminate as it is expected.

An official decree will be published to-morrow granting a delay of two months for the payment of commercial bills.

TURKEY.

Resolved to Push the War to the Last Extremity.
BELGRADE, 19.—Dispatches from General Tchernayeff to Prince Milan report that his army is perfectly reorganized and ready to resume the offensive. An extraordinary cabinet council was held yesterday, Prince Milan presiding, at which it was resolved to continue the war to the last extremity.

FRANCE.

Another Newspaper Prosecution.
PARIS, 19.—A fresh prosecution has been commenced against the *Droits de l'Homme* newspaper for publishing an article of an insulting character to the deputies.

THE CIRCUIT.—It is not always that the first is best, but it certainly is a fact that Cooper, Bailey & Co's circus that appeared in Galena yesterday is the best circus that ever visited the city. The street parade was perfect, and the entertainment under the canopy

complete in every respect. The exhibition of animals was very fine, and attracted great attention from the thousands who visit the mammoth tents. Every animal advertised as belonging to the manager was exhibited and there was no humbug about it. The gentlemanly attaches were kind and answered the thousand and one questions put to them affably and pleasantly. In the ring the performance was excellent. Little Miss Lee appeared perfectly at home on her beautiful horse, and the performance of Gorman, the daring horse-man, could not be surpassed. The clowns were all funny, and the gymnasts very fine, but the best part of the show was the riding of James Robinson and his son. The poetry of motion, the daring acts and beautiful posing called forth the loudest enthusiasm from the vast audience, and everybody present was highly delighted. One point worthy of notice during the whole performance was, that no word of vulgarity or obscenity was uttered, and the most fastidious could not have been in the least offended at a word or act. —*Galena (Ill.) Republican*, June 3d.

MINING STOCKS.

STREETS.

San Francisco, Aug. 19, 11:50 a. m.

Jacket, 32 1/2 b, 33 a
Union, 14 1/2 b, 14 a
Savage, 19 b
Belcher, 22 b, 22 1/2 a
Ophir, 24 a, 24 1/2 b
Justice, 23 1/2 b, 24 a
Exohr, 10 1/2 a
Con Va, 53 1/2 b
N. Bitter, 25 b
Mexican, 25 1/2 b, 25 1/2 a
Cala, 50 1/2 b, 50 a, 50 1/2 a
G & C, 14 1/2 b, 15 a
B & B, 50 a
C Point, 11 1/2 b
Utah, 23 a

MORNING BOARD.

San Francisco, Aug. 19, 1876, 1:30 p. m.

755 Ophir, 52 1/2; 52 1/2
2370 Mexican, 33 1/2; 33 1/2; 33 1/2
275 G & C, 14 1/2; 15
795 B & B, 49 1/2; 49; 49 1/2
770 Cala, 50 1/2; 50 1/2
2175 Con Va, 53 1/2; 53 1/2; 53 1/2; 53 1/2
53 1/2
5 Chollar, 9 1/2
305 H & N, 10 1/2; 10 1/2; 10 1/2
290 Point, 11 1/2; 11 1/2; 11 1/2; 11 1/2
695 Jacket, 32 1/2; 32 1/2; 32 1/2; 32 1/2
20 Point, 11 1/2; 11 1/2
1290 Imp, 54 1/2; 54 1/2; 54 1/2
210 Alpha, 38 1/2; 38 1/2; 38 1/2; 38 1/2
60 Kentuck, 13 1/2; 13 1/2
40 Alpha, 48 1/2
120 Belcher, 22 1/2
145 S Nevada, 14 1/2; 14 1/2
160 Bullion, 10
20 Utah, 23 1/2; 24
595 Exchequer, 17 1/2; 17 1/2
10 Confidence, 17 1/2; 17 1/2
160 Overman, 23 1/2; 23 1/2; 23 1/2
280 Justice, 23 1/2; 23 1/2
200 Sucker, 60; 62 1/2
990 Union, 14 1/2; 14 1/2; 14 1/2
550 Dry, 23 1/2; 23 1/2
85 Julia, 8 1/2; 9 b
285 Caldenia, 7 1/2; 7 1/2
138 Klucker, 7 1/2; 7 1/2
200 Idaho, 2 1/2
400 Valley, 25
95 R & E, 7 1/2; 7 1/2
280 Eureka (Con), 11
800 Bitter, 25 b
75 Savage, 14 1/2

DIED.

In 14th Ward, on Friday night, Aug. 18th, of inflammation of the bowels, left an infant son of Mrs. H. B. CLAWSON, 14th ward, aged 11 months and 10 days.

Funeral from residence of parents, 14th ward, to-morrow (Sunday) at 11 o'clock.

14th District School.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fall term of the Fourteenth District School will commence on Monday, September 1st, 1876, at 9 o'clock, A. M., at the residence of Mr. Geo. J. Taylor, on Sunday, 18th inst.

Thomas Taylor, August M. Cannon, Trustees.

George Crismon.

ENTRANCE NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession a red and white spotted cow, about eight years old, blind in right eye, piece of horn broken off, brand on right hip resembling Y, and it on left horn, which if not claimed will be sold on Tuesday, Aug. 29, 1876, at 2 p. m., at the estray pound in this city. District Poundkeeper, S. L. City, Aug. 19, 1876. dsaw

LIBERAL INSTITUTE!

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Aug. 18 and 19.

CHARLES VIVIAN

Has the honor to announce to his well known

Parlor Entertainments

As above, when he will be assisted by

IMOGENE HOLBROOK

In a choice selection of readings, and

Mr. HARRY F. LASK,

The eminent Pianist.

VIVIAN'S NEWEST SONGS, SKETCHES, ETC.

Will be illustrated by

Laubourne & Kirkham's Panorama.

SEE PROGRAMMES.

Popular Prices of Admission, 50c.

Reserved Seats, 75c.

Conducting may be ordered at Ten.

2225

JENNENS & GRANT,

General Insurance

AGENTS,

No. 65 East Temple St.,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HOME FIRE COMPANIES.

Phoenix Insurance Company, \$1,000,000

Or of Hartford.

Home Insurance Company, 8,007,321 00

Of New York.

Insurance Company of North America, 5,300,000 00

Of Philadelphia.

Niagara Fire Insurance Co., 1,400,000 00

Of New York.

Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company, 1,500,000 00

Of Philadelphia.

Home Insurance Company, 525,000 00

Of Columbus, O.

FOREIGN FIRE COMPANIES.

Liverpool and London and

Globe Insurance Co., 825,425,100 00

London and Lancashire Insurance Co., 5,000,000 00

Scottish Commercial Insurance Company, 2,250,000 00

British American Assurance Co., 900,000 00

New York Life Insurance Co., 30,000,000 00

Total Capital and Assets, 397,825,425 00

Call the Attention of the Insuring Public of Salt Lake City and vicinity to the above List of First Class, Old and Reliable Companies.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
SUMMER GOODS AT Z. C. M. I.
Commencing Monday, July 17th.

RARE BARGAINS IN SUMMER FABRICS!

These Goods are to be Closed out at Cost, in order to make room for Fall Purchases.

Organdies Lawn, 15 Cts.,
Corded Jaconet, 15 Cts.,
French Lawns, 35 Cts.,
Figured Lawns, 12 1/2 Cts.,
Percales, 12 1/2 Cts.,
Grass Cloth, 15 Cts.,
Grenadine, 18 to 45 Cts.,
Dress Goods, 15 to 95 Cts.,
Lancaster, Renfrew

and Bates' Gingham, 13 Cts.,
Chambray, all Colors, 25 Cts.,
Newmarket R R Sheeting, 11 1/2 Cts.,
Awning Stripe, 32 Cts.,
Camel's Hair Dress Goods, 17 1/2 Cts.,
Horse Dusters, 50 Cts.,
Linen Pants, 75 Cts.,
Boys' Hats, 50 Cts.,
Paper Collars, 10 Cts. per Box,
Linen Coats, 75 Cts. to \$1.50,
Prints, 12 yards for \$1.00,
Prints, 14 yards for 1.00,
Cassimere, 1.25,
White Shirts, 1.00 Each,
Scotch Tweed, 1.00,
Ladies' Straw Hats, Trimmed Hats, Children's Caps and Bonnets, Real Lace Sets, Artificial Flowers, Ladies' Fans, Lace Curtains, Satchels, Parasols.

H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.

WALKER BROS.

Have a Large and Well Selected Stock of All Kinds of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES.

Our Goods are of the Best Quality, and we GUARANTEE to sell as low as any other house.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

TAYLOR & CUTLER,

UNDER TAYLOR'S HOTEL.

TEASDEL'S

EAGLE HOUSE.

Is Fully Supplied with

DAIRY UTENSILS.

6 qt. Milk Pans, \$3 per doz 8 qt. Flaring Pans, Manched Churns, Butter Moulds & 1 lb size

Upright Wood Churns, Julien Churns, Lightning Churns, Milk Strainers, Dairy Salt, Milk Buckets, 10 qt. Pressed Pans, Butter Pads & Ladles, Milk Skimmers, Wood Pails.

As Low as Any House Will Sell.

Also Plenty of Good, Fresh Butter and Eggs at Lowest Market Prices.

THE DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT,

Boots, Shoes and Clothing

IS FULLY ASSORTED with every SEASONABLE VARIETY.

AT LOWEST PRICES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. P. TEASDEL.

WOOL. WOOL.

WASATCH WOOLLEN MILLS.

WANTED 100,000 lbs. of WOOL!

For which I will pay the Highest Price in Cash, Store-pay and Home-made Cloth, consisting of Duckings, Tweeds, Jeans, Flannels, Linens, Blankets, etc. Also, Yarn, plain and fancy.

Having made special arrangements with some of the best Tailors in the City, I am prepared to furnish Suits to order, in any style, costing from \$20 to \$50.

Office of the Mills—First South Street, opposite Townsend House, and at the Factory, three-fourths of a mile East of Perimeter.

JAMES McGRIB, Lessee.

IMPORTED GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND, INCLUDING

Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Catsups, etc.

Gelatine, Oatmeal, Coleman's and other Mustards, Spices, etc., in Great Variety.