

The 24th of April, at 12 o'clock meridian.

"Very respectfully,  
"Your obedient servant,  
"GEO. W. MCCRARY,  
"Secretary of War."

General Sherman having left his office early this afternoon, he did not become acquainted with the action of the Cabinet until evening. The letter of the Secretary of War will be transmitted to him early in the morning, and he will then telegraph it to Lieutenant General Sheridan, commanding the military division of the Missouri, who will give the necessary order for the removal of the troops as above, to General Augur, in command at New Orleans.

It can be asserted, on good authority, that the work of the Louisiana commission has been more successful than was anticipated in official quarters, therefore it cannot be said that the President intends to withdraw the troops from New Orleans because of failure on the part of the commissioners, but, on the contrary, the determination to-day to issue an order for that purpose was owing to the satisfactory result of their labors. Last night they telegraphed the President that after careful examination of the condition of political affairs, they come to the conclusion that the time had arrived when the troops could safely be withdrawn.

On hearing of the imprisonment of the consul at Acapulco, Mexico, last month, by the revolutionary authorities, President Hayes ordered a man-of-war to proceed to that port to demand his release. Dispatches received from the naval commander report that the consul has been released.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—An Oroville press dispatch says H. T. Jones, the first of the Chicgo gang, was put on trial, to-day, and found guilty of arson in the first degree. The prisoner was not implicated in the murder of the Chinese.

An Oroville press despatch says on the conviction of Jones, to-day, Pleasant Slaughter, whose case was next called on, on a charge of arson, pleaded guilty to arson in the second degree. Great satisfaction was expressed at the prompt verdict in the Jones case. Other trials will proceed at once.

A Chicgo despatch says incendiaries are apparently still at work. The valuable barn and contents of Mr. Garner, in the vicinity, having been burnt last night. Several attempts have previously been made to fire the premises.

The Argonaut, Frank Pixley's new weekly, will publish the following—

"We understand from a source which we believe to be thoroughly reliable, that there is now in the possession of a Senator of the United States, at present in this city, a paper of the utmost political importance to the country, and one which, if all that is said about it be true, will create such a sensation as the country has not known since the days of the electoral tribunal.

"The paper is nothing more nor less than a copy of a set of resolutions, which it is the purpose of Mr. James G. Blaine to introduce in the Senate at a meeting of Congress in June. The resolutions, after setting forth that there exist grave doubts in the minds of a large proportion of the American people as to the legality and final settlement of the presidential question which resulted in the inauguration of Mr. Hayes, go on to say that it is due to the American people, and particularly to the millions who, while believing that Mr. Hayes had been fairly defeated, yet accepted the decision in his favor in good faith, to submit the question of final arbitration to the highest tribunal known to the constitution—the Supreme Court of the United States. That inasmuch as the propriety of such proceedings may be held to be a matter of doubt, because of the fact that five members of that court were members of the late electoral tribunal, therefore the resolutions propose a grand court of arbitration, created especially to consider all questions that may be brought before it relating to the legality of Mr. Hayes' tenure, whether in the nature of a quo warranto or otherwise, and that said court be composed of the chief justices of the Supreme Court of each State in the Union—thirty-eight judges in all. That portion of the resolutions which propose this court takes the form of a bill, to which is added a provision that any person other than the defeated

candidate may bring an action to dispossess the present incumbent.

DERBY LINE, Vt., 21.—Three young ladies have been drowned in the St. Francis River at Sherbrook, Canada.

CINCINNATI, 21.—The Commercial publishes crop reports from 200 points in Ohio, Indiana, and Kentucky, showing that the wheat crop is generally in an unusually good condition, and the prospects good for more than an average yield.

CHICAGO, 21.—The Times has nearly seven columns of crop reports from the great wheat growing section of the Mississippi and Ohio valleys. Concerning the condition of winter wheat, a larger acreage than usual has been sown in all quarters, with fine prospects of abundant harvests. The southwest is especially hopeful, and the north-west has no fears except from the grasshoppers, which it is thought will be less destructive than heretofore. The Kansas farmers think they have hatched so early that they will not be able to await the coming crops.

WASHINGTON, 21.—Ex-Governor Kellogg, in reply to a question admitting that Packard is the legal governor of Louisiana, says, "The force against him is so great that he will not be able to hold out longer. I cannot say just what will be his course. Under the circumstances, I think he will quietly withdraw without provocation of battle or bloodshed."

Gen. T. H. C. Smith has been appointed Appointment Clerk of the Treasury, and will assume the duties of the office on the first of May.

BOSTON, 21.—Ed. S. Rand, Jr., to-day, transferred his property for the benefit of the Trust Fund Creditors, and on taking the poor debtor's oath, was released from prison.

TRENTON, 21.—The United States grand jury indicted Thomas P. Somerville, of Washington safe burglary notoriety, and Gottlieb Engl, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government of \$250,000 by utilizing cancelled bonds.

NEW ORLEANS, 21.—In the Nicholls legislature, Messrs. Demeris and Gault, of St. Landry, Cole, of St. John, Simmes and Dickinson, of St. James, and Snell, of Iberia, were sworn in, making seventy-three returning board members in the House.

CHICAGO, 21.—The following was sent from the headquarters of the military division of the Missouri to Gen. Augur, to day:

Chicago, April 21.  
To General C. C. Augur, New Orleans.

By direction of the Lieut. General, the following telegraphic order from the General of the Army is forwarded for your action and guidance. Please report by telegraph the execution of the order.

Washington, April 21.  
To General P. H. Sheridan, Commanding the Division of the Missouri, Chicago, Ills.

You will please order the troops now posted at or in the immediate vicinity of the State House, New Orleans, to the United States barracks, on Tuesday, April 24th, at twelve m. precisely, and report the fact to these headquarters. Copies of the order of the President and Secretary of War will come to you by mail, and another copy will be sent to General Augur direct.

(Signed) W. T. SHERMAN,  
General.  
R. C. DRUM,  
Assistant Adjutant General.

NEW YORK, 21.  
Information is received here of the murder, at Lance, on the Labrador Coast, of the Moravian missionary, W. Balfe, his son, and two daughters, on February 8th. The object of the murder is believed to have been plunder.

PHILADELPHIA, 21.—John Krippe died of hydrophobia. He was bitten in the thumb by a dog three months ago.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 21.—A mass meeting of the people of the Black Hills was held here, to-day. A memorial to Congress was adopted urging the formation of a new Territory, embracing the Black Hills region, to be called Lincoln. A resolution was adopted, accrediting Hon. J. B. Chaffee, senator from Colorado, as representative to urge their claims in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, 21.  
The Commission closed their labors, to-day, and left for Washington via Mobile. The results achieved by them are more complete than could have been anticipated. The special feeling, even among the in-

telligent republicans, is that these results will be of immense advantage to the State. The Commission have been more than ordinarily circumspect, and have devoted themselves in the most laborious manner to their work, and in their innumerable interviews with delegations and committees and individuals of both parties, they being cautious and patient. They understood that an ovation was tendered them by the people of this city, but this they declined with thanks.

CAMP ROBINSON, Neb. 21.—Eight lodges of Cheyennes, under Dull Knife and Standing Elk, surrendered to General Crook at eleven a.m. to-day. The village comprises about 550 persons, eighty-five of whom are fighting men. They turned in 600 ponies, sixty guns, about thirty pistols. They are completely destitute of all the necessaries of life, having lost everything when their village was destroyed in November last. They have no lodges, but simple shelters of old canvas and skins, very few blankets or robes, no cooking utensils. Many are still suffering from frozen limbs. It is surprising that they have been able to hold out so long under these circumstances, and their doing so proves the fertility of the American Indian under privation and hardship. This makes 780 Cheyennes who have surrendered here since the first of January. The latest advices represent Crazy Horse still en route for this agency.

NEW YORK, 21.—An order has been granted requiring ex-Mayor Lambert, of Brooklyn, to show cause why he should not be attached for breach of trust in the management of Rufus Cook's estate.

A number of Turkish army officers arrived, to-day. They come to inspect the arms, are ordered to learn the American method of manufacturing arms, and to witness the working of the machinery employed in their manufacture in the United States.

Information has been received of the terrible slaughter of the Moravian missionary and family at the settlement of Lance, on the Labrador Coast, during the absence of the younger ministers from the mission house, and while the only occupants were two feeble clergymen, the son of one of them, a paralytic, and his two sisters. The names of the victims were Rev. W. Balfe, who has spent thirty years in Labrador, Ernand Balfe, his son, and Charlotte and Annie, his daughters. The bodies were frightfully mangled, and a large quantity of English and Canadian money stolen. The murder is believed traceable to four Esquimaux who have been refused rum at the mission.

Purser Wildman, of the steamer Leo, which was burned early on the morning of April 3rd, eighty miles south of Tybee Island, tells a graphic story of the disaster to the reporter of the Times. He says, about three o'clock, while a terrible sea was rolling, it was discovered that some freight between decks had got loose and was pitching about. The hatches were opened to secure the freight, when, to the horror of the crew, forked tongues of fire shot out. The hose was at once brought, but the fierceness of the gale, fanning the flames, which had already obtained considerable headway, rendered it useless, and Captain Daniels ordered the life boats lowered. The captain, with several officers, hurried to the forward deck to secure the life raft which was in the captain's cabin, and despatched aft another gang, under command of the chief engineer, to assist in lowering the boats. The fire had increased fearfully, and breaking out fiercely amid ships entirely cut off all communication between the two parties. In the cabin were two middle aged ladies, the two Misses Farrington, natives of Nassau, and members of a wealthy and prominent family, on their way home after a visit to the north and Savannah. They were both in feeble health, and efforts were made to get them out, but owing to the sway and fearful rolling of the ship and rapidly with which the flames spread, all efforts were unavailing. It is almost certain that they perished. The other passenger was Ernest Pappendeck, of New York, who, aroused by the commotion on deck, came up and got into one of the life boats. Capt. Daniels, with his party, who were forward, managed to lower the raft, when twelve of the crew, besides himself, succeeded in getting aboard. The stewardess, who was on deck, was

told to jump into the raft, and in attempting it, fell into the sea and was drowned. The persons on the raft were huddled together in a cramped position, nearly naked, and shivering. One heavy sea capsized the raft, throwing the occupants into the sea. They scrambled on it again, except Martin McQuade, who was lost.

After a most horrible time, drifting at the mercy of the waves, a vessel bore down upon them, and in a short time took them all off. Owing to the darkness and terrible surroundings, the rescued party saw nothing of those who got into the life boats. There is a possibility, however, that they may have been rescued, as the disaster occurred directly in the course of vessels coming to Savannah or Dobby.

BOSTON, 21.—Wool has been quiet and steady during the past week. The demand has been principally for California fall and spring, and superior and X pulled. Fleece-wool has been comparatively quiet. Sales of Ohio and Pennsylvania 78,000 pounds, XXX Pennsylvania 50; XX Ohio 46; X Ohio 46 @ 46; Michigan fleeces steady at 37 @ 38; 18,000 pounds were sold in this range. New York, New Hampshire and Western fleeces range from 35 @ 38; but sales have been in small lots. The transactions in combing and delaine fleeces are confined to small lots, but stocks are small. Pulled wools are in fair demand; sales 211,000 lbs for the week; Eastern and Maine superiors from 40 @ 46 down to 30; for low superior and X pulled 37 @ 40; combing pulled in request and has been selling at 44 @ 46; in California there has been an increased trade, the sales of the week comprising 753,000 lbs. at from 15 to 25 for spring, and 22 for fall, but mostly fall wool at 16 @ 18.

Dudley Kimball, six years old, shot Stephen Cox, seven years old, this afternoon, while playing in the street on account of a juvenile quarrel. Both are the sons of prominent business men.

BOSTON, 22.—The case of Stephen Cox, the boy of six years, who was shot and killed yesterday by Dudley Kimball, four and a half years old, not six as at first reported, is the general theme, to-day. It is conceded that young Kimball fired the fatal shot with a well-defined motive to do injury, but it seems incredible that he could have realized the full extent of the act.

NEW YORK, 22.  
The Times furnishes the following letter, written by Ex-Senator Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio, in condemnation of President Hayes' southern policy, and which is now published for the first time:

"Jefferson, Ohio, April 9th.  
"Mr. U. H. Painter, Washington.

"My Dear Sir—Your letter of the fifth is duly received. You ask whether I remember what I said in favor of President Hayes, in my endeavor to procure his nomination at the Cincinnati convention. I do remember it, after what has since transpired, with an indignation and bitterness of soul that I never felt before. You knew with what untiring zeal I labored for the emancipation of the slaves of the South, and to procure justice for them before and during the time I was in Congress, and I, supposed Governor Hayes was in full accord with me on this subject, but I have been deceived, betrayed, and even humiliated by the course he has taken, to a degree that I have not language to express it. During the first month of his administration we find him closeted with two of the worst and most malignant enemies of the colored race that can be found in all that slave-cursed region, and there consulting with those malefactors how best he can put these colored people under the iron heel of their most bitter enemies, and reduce them to a condition infinitely worse than before they were made free. I feel that to have emancipated those people, and then to leave them unprotected, would be a crime as infamous as to have reduced them to slavery when they were free, and for Hayes to do this to men who had, at the hazard of their lives, given him their votes, without which he never could have had power to do this terrible injustice. No doubt he meditates the destruction of the party who elected him. A contemplation of all this fills me with amazement and inexpressible indignation. My only consolation is, that history informs me that better men than I ever pretend to be, have, in like manner, been deceived. Some have attempted to ex-

cuse him by saying that he means well, but hell is paved with just such good intentions.

"Truly yours,  
"B. F. WADE."

WASHINGTON, 22.

The charges of maladministration recently preferred against B. F. Potts, Governor of Montana, coupled with an earnest appeal from the chief republican authorities of the Territory for his removal from office, were supplemented by additional strong papers and placed in the hands of the President, yesterday. Among these is the sworn deposition of J. R. Alden, clerk of the supreme court of Montana, charging Potts with withholding the fees collected and long due to D. W. Middleton, clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States; also a letter of Potts, copied from the records of the Department of Justice, stultifying Potts' endorsement of Jas. H. Mills for Secretary of Montana, whose appointment was recently made, but afterwards withdrawn by the President. In this letter Potts characterizes Mills as a mud-slinger at the administration and as abusing the Attorney-General roundly. Potts further remarks: "I think it bad enough to be abused by our political enemies, but when men, who live by the favors of the administration, abuse us, they should be compelled to draw their sustenance from some other quarter." It is believed that Governor Potts will be suspended or notified that his resignation would be accepted.

ST. LOUIS, 22.—Thomas R. Williamson, formerly a stockbroker of San Francisco, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head at 9:30 this morning. His wife was divorced from him seven years ago. He came here about a week since from the Hot Springs, where he had been for his health. He attempted to effect a reconciliation with his wife with a view to remarriage, but failing, blew his brains out.

SAN FRANCISCO, 22.—A Portland press dispatch says last Thursday morning, Lieut. J. E. Knapp, of the United States Army, post-surgeon Dr. Andrews, and post-sutler J. S. Moore, left Fort Canby, at the mouth of the Columbia River, to cross to Astoria in a small sail boat. On their return a fresh wind sprang up and the boat failed to reach the fort that night. Next day Captain Miller, the commandant, ordered the lighthouse steamer Shubrick, and two tugs to cruise in search. After a long search the boat was discovered capsized, but no trace of the missing men. No doubt all were drowned.

Hong Kong, March 15, Shanghai, 17.—The Chinese authorities have offered active assistance to Japan in suppressing the rebellion in the latter country, but it was declined with thanks.

There is a distressing famine in the provinces of Chihli and Shantung; thousands are dying daily. great efforts towards relief are being made by the natives, and foreigners, but these are only partially successful in checking the calamity.

An insurrection has broken out in the army of Si Hung Chang, near Tien Tsin. Three thousand troops, driven to desperation by deprivation of pay and rations, mutinied, murdered the officers, and scattered throughout Chihli and Shantung, adding to the sufferings already caused by the famine.

NEW YORK, 23.—The Post says at the Stock Exchange demoralization rules supreme. So thoroughly has confidence in the corporate management been undermined that the investors, as well as speculators, have taken fright, and to a greater or less extent are sacrificing their property without much regard to value.

Senator Blaine, in reference to the San Francisco Argonaut's story that he has prepared resolutions to present to Congress, for a new inquiry into the late presidential election, telegraphs to the Associated Press that there is not the slightest foundation for the story. It is the invention of a lunatic or an idiot.

Done His Best.  
Dr. Price has done his best to make his Unique Perfumes superior in sweetness, freshness and permanency of odor to those made in this or any other country, and ladies of most exquisite taste have decided that his intentions have been successfully carried out.