

## AT HOME AND ABROAD.

**GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 1.**—The new American line steamer *St. Paul*, which left Delaware Capes at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, anchored off this port at 5:30 p.m. today. During the run up the coast the ship behaved admirably and the working of her machinery was so satisfactory that for an hour the ship's two engines were run at an average of ninety revolutions a minute. One of them was speeding up to ninety-four on a spurt, which is within one stroke of the maximum capacity, and during this period the steam pressure ran up to 197 pounds, three pounds less than the maximum. An estimated speed of twenty-one knots was acquired with a horse power of about 20,000.

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.**—The monthly statement of the public debt, issued by the treasury department today, shows the public debt September 30th, less cash in the treasury; to have been \$941,089,936, an increase for the month of \$1,834,687.

**MADRID, Oct. 1.**—Volunteers to the number of 2,200 men presented themselves today for service in the island of Cuba. The chief of the Cuban reform party had an audience today with Senor Castellano, the minister of the colonies, to whom he renewed, on behalf of the reformists, his assurances of their patriotism and assistance in settling the insurrection in Cuba.

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.**—Secretary Lamont issued an order this afternoon detaching Gen. Miles to duty in Washington as general of the army, and General Ruger now on special duty in Washington, to command the department of the East, with headquarters in New York.

**MADRID, Oct. 2.**—The news of the loss of the Spanish cruiser *Cristobal Colon*, off the western coast of Cuba, received here through the agencies of the Associated Press, caused a profound sensation. The Spanish minister of marine, Admiral Beranger, has ordered a careful inquiry to be made into the causes of the disaster and all reports forwarded to Spain as soon as possible.

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.**—Thomas O'Hara, United States consul at Greytown, reports that the belief prevails in Bluefields that the Southern Pacific Railway company is about to discontinue its steamer line (Morgan) between New Orleans and Bluefields, owing to the low price of bananas and the difficulty of competing with Norwegian steamers, manned by poorly paid sailors.

**SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.**—As the result of the conferences that have recently been held by the acting Japanese minister of foreign affairs and the newly arrived minister of Spain, a declaration has been agreed upon, says the *Japan Mail*, defining the limits of the boundaries between the territories of Japan and Spain in the western Pacific. The terms of the declaration are that:

First, a line, parallel to a latitude passing through the middle of the navigable part of the Bashee channel shall, under the present declaration, mark the boundary between the terri-

tories of Japan and Spain in the western part of the Pacific.

Second, the government of Spain declares that it shall never lay claim to the islands lying to the north and northeast of the above mentioned boundary line.

Third, the government of Japan declares that it shall never lay claim to the islands lying to the southwest of the above mentioned boundary line.

**SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.**—Two large villages, Pien Cheng and Tang Cheng, distant seven miles from Ty Sami, in the Canton province, China, were recently the scenes of shocking deeds in cannibalism and wanton destruction of productive property. The *Swatow correspondent* of the *China Mail*, on August 29th, forwarded the details of the fight between the two communities, which was precipitated by a dispute over water rights.

**ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2.**—Ignatz Goldmann, a feeble and defenseless old man, was assaulted last night in a room back of his restaurant, on Twenty-third and Olive streets, where he lived alone, beaten into insensibility with a flat iron, stabbed repeatedly and cut and slashed across the face so as to be almost unrecognizable. Passers-by saw smoke issuing and investigated. A heap of burning bed clothes with the dying man in the midst was discovered. The flames were distinguished and the wounded man sent to the city dispensary, where he died. Goldmann was 65 years old, and a widower.

**CAMBRIDGE, O., Oct. 2.**—The business portion of the city was destroyed by fire this morning with a loss of over \$100,000. Alarm was given about 1 a.m. The wind drove the flames and firemen were powerless. Telegrams for assistance were sent to neighboring cities. Frank Law, employed at Davis livery stable was burned to death. The principal losses are: Lyndon hotel, building, \$25,000; Taylor block, \$18,000; Memorial hall, \$10,000; Carlisle & Grimes' warehouse and stock of hardware in the Taylor block, \$18,000.

**CHICAGO, Oct. 3.**—At Lemont Yap three men were eating their dinner in the shade of a powder box on section 5 and began to smoke. One man thrust a lighted match in a crack of the box and exploded sixty pounds of powder. The men were blown twenty feet away and frightfully burned. One man whose back was a sheet of flame plunged into a pool of water. When drawn out the flesh from his back remained in the water. The ribs of another were burned and one of the men can recover. They were taken to the county hospital last night.

**DENVER, Colo., Oct. 4.**—In some portions of the state six inches of snow has fallen today. In this vicinity it has been raining. Dispatches from Salida and Buena Vista say that considerable damage has been done to orchards, the damp snow breaking many branches off the trees.

**LARAMIE, Wyo., Oct. 4.**—Ten inches of snow has fallen here since yesterday noon. The weather began clearing at noon today. The temperature is above freezing.

**WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.**—Gen.

Miles arrived in Washington from New York this afternoon. He paid a formal call on Secretary Lamont, and then issued his first official order as follows:

## HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,

Washington, D. C., Oct. 5, 1895.

General order No. 54.—By direction of the President, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the army of the United States.

NELSON MILES,

Major General.

**ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 6.**—The special state committee of anti-woman suffragists, headed by Mrs. John V. Pruyn of this city, has issued the following address to the electors of the state of New York:

The committee of women organized in the state of New York to oppose the amendment to the constitution striking out the word "male" in the qualification of voters, address this appeal to the electors of the state. They are anxious to urge upon the voters of the state that they should take pains to secure the nomination and election to the legislature of men known to be opposed to the imposition upon woman of the unwelcome and unsuitable responsibility of the ballot. It is not thought wise or necessary to enter into any argument in this appeal against so radical and fundamental a revolution in the system of elections.

**HAVANA, Oct. 6.**—The most bloody battle of the present war was fought recently in the country between San Arrabia and San Fernando, in the Holguin district of Santiago de Cuba. The insurgents were commanded by Gen. Antonio Maceo, while the Spanish troops were commanded by Gen. Excalague. The insurgents, who numbered 8,000 infantry and 800 cavalry, lay in wait for Gen. Excalague, who put in no appearance at the head of 1,300 infantry and 300 cavalry. The Spanish troops also possessed one field cannon.

The insurgents made a desperate resistance, which lasted several hours. The charges of the insurgent cavalry upon the Spanish quarter were not as effective as in other similar conflicts. The Spanish cavalry held these attacking parties at bay and it seemed as though the Spanish artillery was more deadly to the insurgents than formerly.

Finally, Gen. Antonio Maceo, seeing his men in a critical situation, rushed to the front with his staff. He had scarcely taken a position in front of the line when he fell, seriously wounded. His followers at once placed him on a stretcher and succeeded in carrying him off the field.

As soon as it was known that Gen. Maceo had been wounded in the conflict, all was confusion in the ranks of the insurgents, who, according to official advices received here, were put to flight, leaving upon the field twenty killed and several wounded.

The following is a special to the Tribune of this city:

**IDAHO FALLS, Ida., Oct. 5.**—Report was brought here today by J. W. Wilson, who lives near Jackson's Hole, that three men were killed by Indians at the lower end of Jackson's Hole on the morning of the 3rd.

The men were shot from ambush, and one was Capt. Smith, who precipitated the Indian trouble there last July.