

were chosen, including several women. Adjourned to 10 a. m. to-morrow.

Pittsburg, 19.—The Allegheny County colored men in convention to-night passed resolutions inviting the colored men of Pennsylvania to hold a convention in this city on Tuesday, August 12th, to consider the political situation and to adopt measures to improve the condition of the colored people of this country.

St. Louis, 19.—A large delegation of business men of this city, chiefly, perhaps wholly composed of Democrats, will go to Chicago during the sitting of the Democratic National Convention. The object is to promote the commercial interests of this city by personal contact with the leading men of different parts of the country and the South and incidentally to exert a political influence on the delegates to the Convention, but whether in the interest of any particular candidate has not transpired. The delegation will charter a special train for the occasion, appoint it the style, invite the Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas delegations to accompany them, and maintain regular headquarters in Chicago during their stay in that city.

Bloomington, Ill., 19.—J. B. Hobbs, ex-president of the Chicago Board of Trade, was nominated by the Prohibitionists for Governor. A full State ticket was also nominated. A resolution expressing a sentiment as to the nominee for President, in favor of ex-Governor St. John, was carried unanimously with cheers.

Boston, 19.—Gentlemen composing the national committee to notify Blaine and Logan of their nomination, have nearly all arrived here. They meet to-morrow morning for organization, and at four go to Augusta by special train.

Rochester, 19.—Wm. Parcell, editor of the *Union and Advertiser* had a great reception to-night, upon his return from the democratic State convention. He was known there as against Cleveland and was made an elector at large. In a speech to-night, he said the national delegates were uninstructed and he felt sure no one had them in his pocket. Some man not now prominently named will probably secure the nomination at Chicago.

OTTAWA, 20.—On behalf of the cattle ranchers of Montana, the Canadian Pacific Railway authorities represented to the minister of customs the propriety of allowing the cattle of the Western States to be carried through Canadian territory in bond for export. Montana ranchers propose entering the stock at Fort Walsh, driving them to the Canada Pacific R. R. for shipment. An effort will be made at Montreal to market the cattle of Montana and other western States. The minister has agreed to the relaxation of the customs regulations so as to bring this trade to Canadian ports.

NEW YORK, 20.—Cornelius K. Garrison to-day filed assignment in the county clerk's office to John J. Terry, preferences \$681,000. The details of the assignment provides for payment of a certain sum to Letitia W. Garrison, and sums to his lawyers, also to pay Geo. K. Forest, indebtedness for management of his affairs; the remainder is due on notes secured by stock bonds and realty.

The Commodore C. K. Garrison, who made an assignment to-day, is well known as formerly deeply interested in Pacific Mail, the New Orleans and West India steamship lines, and is a large stockholder in profitable gas companies of this city in St. Louis, New Orleans and other large cities; was principal owner of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, but sold out a few years ago to Jay Gould. He has been interested largely in numerous railway schemes. Was formerly a resident of St. Louis. He made the bulk of his fortune prior to the rebellion.

Boston, 20.—The committee appointed by the National Republican Convention to notify Blaine and Logan of their nomination, met to-day and decided to take a special train for Augusta at 10 o'clock, and will remain at headquarters until to-morrow morning. The committee will wait upon Blaine with nomination, which will be tendered by Chairman Henderson. After speeches and other exercises, the committee will leave for Portland, where a reception will be tendered by the citizens. They will reach Boston on Monday and then return home.

NEW YORK, 21.—The Independent Republican Organization Committee appointed yesterday by George William Curtis, met to-day and chose Mr. Curtis Chairman. It was decided to name the Committee the "Independent Republican Committee." The following document was approved and will be circulated throughout the country for signatures:

"The undersigned, protesting against the nomination of Mr. Blaine and Mr. Logan, propose to join their fellow Republicans and Independent voters in sending representatives to a General Conference to be held immediately after the Democratic National Convention, which Conference shall consider, in case the Democratic nominations do not justify the support of the protesting Republicans, what further action may be necessary to secure candidates who will appeal to the interest of clean and honest policies, and the sober, honest sense of the American people."

Chicago, 20.—The American (Prohibition) party held another session this morning, and appointed a committee, with ex-Senator Pomeroy as chairman, to formulate a platform, after which they adjourned until 2 o'clock. At the afternoon session the platform was adopted. It declares the God of the Christian Scriptures is the author of civil government; favors the use of the

Bibles in schools; asserts God requires and man needs a Sabbath; demands strict prohibition laws; the withdrawal of all charters to secret lodges and their oaths be prohibited by law; opposes prison and imported contract labor; favors a revision of the patents laws; pledges the party to vote for woman suffrage; asserts that civil equality granted by the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments should be extended to the Indians and Chinamen; that international differences should be settled by arbitration; that land and other monopolies should be discouraged; that the Government should furnish a second currency; that the tariff should be reduced as fast as the necessity of the revenue and vested business interests will allow; that polygamy should at once be suppressed; that the republican party is censurable for its long neglect of duty in respect to this evil; demands a direct vote for President and Vice-President of the United States. The preamble adopted by the National Christian Association was also adopted.

The convention then proceeded to nominate for President of the United States. S. C. Pomeroy, of Kansas, Governor St. John, of the same State, and Rev. J. Blanchard, of Illinois, were named. Of the 77 votes cast, Pomeroy received 72. His nomination was made unanimous. For Vice-President, J. A. Conant, of Connecticut, was nominated by acclamation. A national committee by States were then appointed.

A meeting was held in the evening, which was addressed by Senator Pomeroy and others.

Augusta, Me., 20.—A special train bearing the committee appointed by the Chicago Convention to notify Mr. Blaine of his nomination, arrived here a few minutes before 10 to-night.

The committee will make the official notification to Blaine to-morrow. He has accepted an invitation to be present at the commencement of Bates College at Lewis next Tuesday. Henderson, Rawlins and Foraker called on Blaine to-night, but beyond exchanging greetings, nothing was done besides to arrange that Blaine should formally receive the committee at his residence to-morrow. The committee will leave for Portland to-morrow, where in the evening they will be tendered a reception, at which addresses will be made by Henderson, Foraker, Lynch, Goodloe, Filley and others.

NEW YORK, 20.—Wm. C. Rhinelander, who shot John Drake, was arrested to-night in Brooklyn, where he was found in a boarding house, and was locked up in police headquarters. He told Inspector Byrnes he shot Drake because he had alienated his wife's affections, and that he intended to kill him.

Galveston, 20.—Samuel League, aged 13, was shot and killed by his brother, Clinton, this evening, while playing on the grounds of the family mansion. The boys are sons of T. J. League, deceased, once a prominent citizen and lawyer of Galveston. The League family was one of the most influential and wealthiest in Texas, and are extensively connected in Maryland. It is not known whether the shooting was accidental or not, as the brothers were alone.

WINNIPEG, Min., 21.—A dispatch from Battleford, says: The Indians on Pindmakers reservation, seized and beat the Government officials, and broke into the Government store and stole provisions. About 15 mounted police sent from Battleford to arrest them were set at defiance and a fight was expected. The people of Battleford are alarmed. They have organized and armed themselves for self-defense. No arrests.

AUGUSTA, 21.—Early this morning the streets began to assume a lively appearance, and long before the time for the committee appointed by the National Convention to notify Blaine of his nomination, a considerable crowd had collected around Augusta to gaze with curiosity upon the members of the committee. A circus being also in town, brought out large numbers of people, who, with the allied attraction of the National Committee and the sawdust ring, seemed disposed to make the day a general holiday. Promptly at 11 the committee proceeded in a body to Blaine's residence. They were received by Mrs. Blaine. It was suggested that the presentation of the address be made upon the lawn. Accordingly the committee and guests proceeded to a well-shaded portion of the grounds, where a semi-circle was formed and all present stood with uncovered heads, making an impressive scene. The rustling of the spreading branches of the great elms and the buzzing of insects were the only sounds to disturb the stillness. When all was in readiness Blaine was escorted to the lawn, where he stood within the semi-circle. General Henderson then stepped forward and presented the address of the committee. He spoke as follows: Mr. Blaine your nomination for the office of President of the United States by the national republican convention recently assembled at Chicago, is already known to you. The gentlemen before you constituting the committee composed of one member from each State and Territory of the country and one from the District of Columbia, now come as the accredited organ of that convention to give you formal notice of the nomination and to request your acceptance thereof. It is of course known to you that, besides your own, several other names among the most honored in the councils of the republican party were presented by their friends as candidates for this nomination. Between your friends and the friends of others so justly entitled to respect, and

confidence of their political friends the contest was a generous rivalry free from any taint of bitterness and equally free from the reproach of injustice. At an early stage of the proceedings of the convention it became manifest that the republicans, whose aid must be invoked at last to ensure success to the ticket, earnestly desired your nomination. It was equally manifest the desire so earnestly expressed by delegates from those States was but a truthful reflection of the popular demand.

It is not thought nor pretended that this demand had its origin in any ambitious desires of your own or in any organized work of your friends, but it was recognized as what it truthfully is, the spontaneous expression by the people of love and admiration of your virtues. It is not claimed that the nomination would give satisfaction to every member of the party. This was not to be expected in a country so extended and so varied in interests. Henderson subsequently reviewed the platform adopted at Chicago.

AUGUSTA, 21.—At the conclusion of Henderson's speech Blaine said: "Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the National Committee: I receive, not without deep sensibility, your official notice of the action of the National Convention already brought to my knowledge through the public press. I appreciate more profoundly than I can express the honor which is implied in the nomination for the presidency of the republicans speaking through the authoritative voice of their accredited delegates. To be selected as a candidate by such an assemblage from a list of eminent statesmen, whose names were presented, fills me with embarrassment. I can only express my gratitude for so signal an honor, and my desire to prove worthy of the great trust reposed in me. In accepting the nomination, as I now do, I am impressed, and I am also oppressed with the sense of the labor and responsibility which attaches to the position. The burden is lightened, however, by a host of earnest men who support my candidacy, and the cheer of personal friendship to the pledge of political fealty. A more formal acceptance will naturally be expected, and will in due season be communicated. It may, however, not be inappropriate at this time to say that I have already made a careful study of the principles announced by the National Convention, and in whole and in detail they have my heartiest sympathy and meet my unqualified approval. Apart from your official errand, gentlemen, I am extremely happy to welcome you all to my house. With many of you, I have already shared much public service, and have enjoyed your most cordial friendship. I trust your journey from all parts of the great Republic has been agreeable, and during your stay in Maine you will feel that you are not among strangers, but among friends. Invoking the blessings of God upon the great cause which we justly represent, let us turn to the future without fear and with manly hearts."

NEW YORK, 21.—The committee appointed by the republican county committee to make arrangements for a monster Blaine and Logan ratification mass meeting, have decided to hold the meeting two weeks hence. The speakers will be Senator Hawley, Secretary Lincoln, Governor Oglesby, Secretary Frelinghuysen and Secretary Teller.

Sedalia, Mo., 21.—The Democrat of this city will to-morrow publish letters from 75 leading democratic editors of Missouri, called forth by a request for their preference for President. The opinions thus expressed probably represent the sentiment of the democrats of this State better than anything yet published. A compilation of the preferences gives three-fourths in favor of the nomination of Cleveland; 10 want Bayard, while the others were scattering in their choice. All but two or three believe that Tilden's letter is a positive declaration, and that he is out of the race. One editor, however, declares himself for Tilden forever, dead or alive. For Vice-President over half favor McDonald, while Hooley, Palmer, Cleveland, Morrison, Slocum, Butler and Rosecrans are mentioned favorably.

Pittsburg, 21.—Prominent labor leaders have received letters from leading Greenbackers, urging the workingmen to mass at Chicago prior to the meeting of the Democratic National Convention, and join in a Ben Butler demonstration which will be made during the time this convention is in session.

NEW YORK, 21.—The Tammany committee organization has decided to send 600 members to the Chicago Democratic Convention on the 5th of July. SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—Captain Maury of the steamer *City of Tokio*, was arrested to-day for neglecting to report a case of small pox. Mexico, 21.—At Leon, at 8 o'clock last night, when Wells Fargo's express was returning from the depot it was fired upon by fifteen masked men, who sprang from a side street in the central part of the city, and company's agent, an American, escaped unhurt. The Mexican driver was killed and \$500 stolen. There was little other expressage.

NEW YORK, 21.—Ex-Policeman Patrick Casey, who shot Sergeant Cumiskey dead in the Long Island City station house, was found guilty of murder in the second degree and sent to the State prison for life.

W. M. Rhinelander, who on Thursday shot John Drake, a lawyer, was arraigned to-day. Drake was unable to leave his bed. The detectives said Rhinelander admitted his guilt. Rhinelander, however, denied that he acknowledged anything, and said he was not going to convict himself in this affair. He told a reporter this evening he was married to Miss Mary McGuire in 1876, and had two children. Immediately after the marriage Drake began to use every effort in his power to bring about a separation, following them to Canada, where they resided, and threatening Rhinelander with incarceration in a lunatic asylum if he did not give up his wife. By and by he succeeded in making Mrs. Rhinelander jealous and quarrels between the wife and husband followed. When he married his wife he forfeited \$500,000.

Mountainburg, Ark., 21.—Sheriff Chandler, of Linn County, Kansas, with two deputies, has been tracking Lewis Wampler, who murdered the Anderson family of six persons, near Pleasanton, Kansas, three weeks ago. Yesterday the party came upon Wampler in the mountains near this place. He fired two shots at the sheriff, and then fled. The pursuers gained on him and when within 45 yards, Wampler placed a pistol to his own head and fired. He died in a few minutes. The body was brought here and sent to Pleasanton.

Vicksburg, 21.—Robert Hunt and Daniel Parker are sentenced to be hanged July 18, the former for the murder of Burnell Bess, the latter for killing a nephew. All are colored.

NEW YORK, 21.—Florindo Angelo, Chinaman, probably fatally stabbed his wife to-night and then cut his own throat.

NEW YORK, 21.—Sixteen sunstrokes to-day in this city Brooklyn; five fatal.

Bradford, 21.—During a heavy thunderstorm this afternoon, the tank of the transit Co., containing 35,000 barrels of oil was struck by lightning, and is now burning. The tank is at Colgrove, and is in the midst of about 100 tanks. A cannon ball being fired into the tank let the oil escape. The tank is located a short distance from the others. It is expected the fire will succumb before morning. None of the others are regarded as in danger. Three wooden tanks containing 1,600 barrels each, the property of the Tide Water Co., Indian Creek, were struck this afternoon, and are now burning. The fire does not endanger adjoining property.

LIMA, 22.—El Comercio states that the towns of Pisco and Ica have been occupied by Caere's forces. Half the town of Pisco including the business portion is burned.

EAST TAGINAW, Mich., 22.—Company C of the Michigan State troops of this city, received orders this morning to take a special train at 8 o'clock to-night for Oscoda, the scene of the labor disturbance. Reports from Oscoda are to the effect that all is quiet there, but trouble is apprehended to-morrow.

ROME, N. Y., 22.—The powder mills at Fontenelle exploded to-day; 30 were killed and 17 injured.

DENVER, 22.—The Republican's Silvertown Flat says: Cain and Billy Wilson while out horseback riding to-day undertook to settle an old feud. Both drew revolvers and commenced shooting at each other while sitting on their horses. Cain succeeded in killing Wilson, also the horse he was riding. Cain was unhurt.

A severe hail storm accompanied by lightning visited Central City this afternoon.

At the game of base ball in progress on Academy Hill, the lightning struck and killed Nicholas Neumayer and probably fatally injured Jas. Lick. Frank Osborn, at Mountain City, was also struck, but will recover. The engine house of the Prize mine near Central City was demolished and five miners at work were badly stunned. It is thought they will recover.

NEW YORK, 22.—A disastrous fire occurred to-day in the large wholesale bakery establishment of A. D. Hase-man, in Williamsburg. The wall of the burning structure fell into an alleyway where the firemen stood, and three were killed. Loss by fire \$100,000.

Peter McCormick, a wealthy resident of Hunter's Point, was shot and killed to-day by Patrick Kearnan, one of his tenants who kept a liquor store, on a dispute about rent.

CHICAGO, 23.—The secretary of the board of trade on 'Change this morning stated that the firm of C. J. Ker-shaw & Co., one of the largest exporting and commission houses in Chicago, had given up all their trades and would settle all differences at their offices. It was rumored that the firm had failed, but they assert their ability to meet all demands in full.

PHILADELPHIA, 23.—Capt. Drisco of the schooner *A. V. Drisco* from Cardenas, reports that his vessel was fired upon by a Spanish gunboat while she was entering Cardenas harbor. The attack was made on May 21st. The captain says he cannot account for the firing which was unexpected and unwarranted. A passenger on the schooner *J. J. Collins* witnessed the alleged outrage and his affidavit has been taken. The facts were forwarded to Washington by the American Consul at Cardenas.

WASHINGTON, 23.—The impression prevails to-day that Congress will finally adjourn about July 5th.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, 19.—An article in the divorce bill abrogating the law of 1816, which abolished divorce, was adopted by the Senate by a vote of 158 to 115. Figaro's correspondent at Rome says President Arthur has instructed the

American Minister there to act in concert with the Ministers to England, Austria and Spain in an effort to obtain from the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs a mitigation of the decision of the Court of Cassation in regard to the properties of the Propaganda. According to the same authority Minister Mancini has promised to regulate the question in a manner satisfactory to the Vatican when the subject of the general reorganization of ecclesiastical property in Italy shall come before the Chamber of Deputies.

Cairo, 19.—There was an exchange of shots to-day at Suakim.

The Governor of Dongola asks for reinforcements.

The report that Kassala has fallen is doubted in military circles.

Col. Wood has been instructed to echelon the whole Egyptian army between Assouan and Wadyhalfa by the end of the present month.

LONDON, 20.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says: Stephen's Fenian head-centre has forwarded to an active member of the brotherhood at Chicago a manuscript circular summoning an early meeting at Chicago of the prominent Irish-Americans willing to join the new movement in favor of a military organization on the line proposed by the late John O. Mahony. Stephens declares the services of several distinguished European officers have already been placed at his disposal, and he is sanguine that he can secure others. No definite plan of action can be proposed until the convention of Irish patriots, which is expected soon to be held in Paris. To this convention the Chicago conference is invited to elect delegates. After the convention an address will be issued to the Irish at home and abroad expounding the aims of the new movement. Among the plans of operations mooted is a scheme to dispatch balloons manned with dynamiters over England to drop explosives upon townsites below. Captain McCafferty is commissioned to examine plans of the apparatus. Several Fenians of Paris have volunteered for these aerial expeditions.

Cairo, 20.—El Mahdi has again written to the Mudir of Dongola summoning him to espouse his cause. If he acquiesces he will be made governor of the province and allowed to keep all the taxes; if he refuses a lieutenant of El Mahdi's will kill the Mudir and all belonging to him.

SYRACUSE, 20.—An attachment was this afternoon filed in behalf of Ward and Mackay of Newbury upon the West Shore property or an Onondago County claim for two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for contract work in the construction of the road. The schedule attached foots up to \$40,000.

NEW YORK, 20.—Failures for the last seven days in the United States 182; Canada 23. Casualties continue to be numerous on the Pacific Coast and in the South. Decrease of 23, failures compared with last week. This is due to a falling off in other sections.

LONDON, 20.—In the Commons, to-day, the Under Foreign Secretary stated the last news from General Gordon was of the date of April 12th. He said 20 messengers had been sent to Gen. Gordon by different routes. One passenger who went up the Nile by boat succeeded in entering Khartoum. On his return bearing Gen. Gordon's answer to the government he was pursued by the rebels and killed.

Dublin, 20.—Earl Spencer, replying to the address of a deputation of Presbyterians, said Ireland had passed through a turbulent period, but there were good grounds for hoping for a better time near at hand. The terrorist's power for evil had been curtailed, and the tyranny they had exercised had passed away, order was restored and Irishmen could now devote themselves peacefully to their pursuits without outrages. Earl Spencer met with a chilling reception en route to Dublin, especially at Portadown.

PARIS, 20.—The Senate adopted to-day by 87 to 82 the amendment to the bill re-establishing divorce, and permitting a wife to demand a divorce on proof of adultery by her husband, even if the act was not committed under the conjugal roof, and rejected the amendment by 136 to 131 demanding that cruelty only constitutes a cause for separation and not for divorce.

Berlin, 20.—Bismarck entertained to-day at a parliamentary luncheon the Cabinet ministers and members of the Bundesrath and Reichstag. Princess Bismarck at the same time entertained the ladies of these gentlemen. It was noted that Bismarck conversed privately with Windthorst, the well-known Ultramontane leader.

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