

Corn has been somewhat unsettled and prices have declined. Operators seem disinclined to take hold.

Oats have been the leading feature of the market. August deliveries have fluctuated considerably within the range of 3 to 5 cents per bushel, and the market closes quiet. Strongest something below the prices of a week ago.

In the lard and pork products fresh lard has been in very fair request for export, but the general tendency of the market has been downward. Prices in all descriptions of pork products have somewhat declined and the market closes easy with speculators not much inclined to operate.

Transactions in cotton for the week have been dull and moderate in amount. The prices are quiet with fluctuations within the range of 5 to 7 points, the widest range being in August deliveries. Later months have been very steady.

Stocks of wool are generally accumulating and choice selections are in fair request. Prices are fairly well maintained, otherwise nothing of interest.

The petroleum market has been comparatively quiet with fluctuations within a very narrow range and the volume of business is quite moderate.

In freights, owing to the lack of tonnage, grain room has advanced so much as to restrict shipments. This applies to petroleum as well as other descriptions. Rates are high and the volume of business moderate.

In the tea trade there is nothing to note. Business is dull and values are somewhat irregular.

Transactions except for small immediate supplies are insignificant. There is a fair inquiry for raw sugar, and the price of fair refining is quoted at about 7 3-17, though it is thought concessions to induce business have really put the price lower. Refined sugars are in small demand at prices a shade less firm. Ordinary cargoes of Rio are quoted at 8 1/2 to 8 3/4, but business is quiet, without any large transactions.

Low qualities of coffee are in plentiful supply, and prices favor buyers. Mild coffees are in steady, light demand, at regular rates.

The receipts of butter are moderate, and about sufficient to supply the local trade requirements. Creamery is quoted at 26c. Speculative transactions are light and small concessions are being made to induce sales.

In cheese the market is dull, with little improvement noticeable. Shippers are disinclined to pay the quoted rate of 11 1/2 cents as the price for fancy lots.

The boot and shoe trade is satisfactory and there is considerable receipt of large orders with good prices. Jobbing houses report an increasing trade and are crowded with orders. The demand this year is for the best kind of goods, and poor and cheap work seem to be neglected. The leather trade is active in all lines. Prices are firm and stocks light, and just about enough to supply current demands.

Prices of American pig iron continue firm, although transactions are not large. Deliveries on old contracts are rather heavy, which prevents any large accumulation of stock. In Scotch pig there is very little doing and a light business is reported in new and old rails.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., 18.—The republicans of the Fourth District have nominated J. C. Burrows for the fourth term to Congress.

NEWTON, N. J., 18.—Henry S. Harris, democrat, was nominated in the Fourth Congressional District. Sedalla, 18.—The democrats of the Sixth District to-day nominated John Cosgrove for Congress on the 310th ballot.

WINNEMAC, Ind., 18.—The republicans of the Ninth Congressional Convention nominated Mark L. Dematt.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 18.—At Camden to-day Congressman James K. Jones was renominated by the Second District democratic Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., 18.—The Readjusters republican Coalition Convention of the fourth district nominated B. S. Hooper (republican) for Congress. A letter from Joseph J. Jorgensen was read, charging gross frauds in the primaries, the details of which he will submit in the near future to the republican voters of his district.

FREDERICKSBURG, 18.—Robert M. Mayo was nominated for Congress in the first district by the Coalition Convention of republicans and readjusters.

Alexandria, Va., 18.—The Read-

justers' Convention of the eighth district nominated R. R. Farr for Congress.

RICHMOND, 18.—Geo. D. Wise was nominated for Congress by the democrats of the third district. The readjuster republican coalition convention nominated J. B. Owen for Congress from the ninth district. He is a son of ex-Congressman B. Owen of the same section.

WASHINGTON, 18.—From the Interior Department a circular has been issued to registers and receivers of the United States Land office, calling attention to a provision in the sundry civil service bill, restricting the application of certificates of deposit issued on account of surveys to land situated in the district embracing townships, the surveying of which is paid for out of such deposit. When this provision was put in the bill it was after a hard fight, the discussion showing that the old law, which permitted the application of these certificates to the taking up of land anywhere in the public domain had been subversive of abuse, and that they had been swindled out of hundreds of thousands of dollars by persons who had deposited money for little or no value and then used the certificates of deposit to take up valuable land in their section of the country. It is now claimed owing to an error in the bill which makes it an amendment to section 24, volume 3, instead of section 2401 of the revised statutes, that the law will be declared inoperative. Assistant Secretary Joslyn, who caused the issue of circulars mentioned above, claims that an error in the bill does not militate against its application in the direction intended, but the matter is to be laid before Secretary Teller on his return and it is thought he will decide against the Assistant Secretary and rule that the law is involved. It is known that he opposes the provision of the bill in question.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 18.—In response to an appeal for aid from Bethune and Smith on the Springfield and Memphis railroad, stating that their negro laborers had been threatened with death from a white mob disguised as Ku-Klux, Governor Churchill telegraphed the sheriff of Craighead county to investigate and protect the laborers. No further particulars received.

NEW YORK, 18.—The *Herald's* Paris special says: A correspondent of *La Petite Marcellais* professes to have had an important interview with De Freycinet, in the course of which the ex-President of the Council is reported to have said that he believed the Egyptian question would be speedily settled by England, thanks to the assistance she would receive from the Sultan and the powerful Sheikh El Lanousix. De Freycinet speaks confidently of Alexandria again becoming the rival of Marseilles, and expresses the opinion that France will do well after the restoration, to bring about an amicable understanding between England and Turkey, and also endeavor to get that feeling in the Red Sea and Abyssinia, though, he says, he is skeptical as to the policy of international friendship generally. He thinks the policy of egotism on the whole is best for the nations now-a-days. He advocates a parallel alliance of the Latin races. In conclusion he doubts whether Blumark has cause to be delighted with the result of the Egyptian policy.

TUCSON, A. T., 18.—The *Star* special advice from San Carlos says that S. B. Wilcox, the newly appointed Indian agent, has refused to assume charge as he found affairs in a frightfully confused condition. The commissary and sub-agent have suddenly turned up missing. The evidence of gross fraud and speculation under the Seffany administration is alleged to be overwhelming. The Tonto Apaches are very restless. Last Friday night they had prepared to make a break, but one of their squaws gave the whites warning, and the Mohere Apaches, who are the enemies of the Tontos, armed themselves and turned out and prevented trouble.

DENVER, 18.—The Iowa State Press Association of 150 arrived this morning and spent the day at the Exposition. They were much pleased with the exhibits. They were met by a delegation of the Leadville press, and will go to Leadville to-morrow to spend Sunday.

SAN FRANCISCO, 18.—A Portland, Oregon dispatch to-day says: Mrs. Mary Petch, while driving along the highway, with her son, in Yamhill County, was shot in the back and instantly killed. The deceased

had some difficulty some time ago with a neighbor named Smith, who is accused with the deed. A few weeks since Mrs. Petch was shot at by a concealed party, but missed. Intense excitement prevails.

CHICAGO, 18.—A serious collision between two freight trains, one following the other, on the Illinois Central railroad, occurred at the crossing of that road and the Michigan Central, south of here, this morning. The engine, caboose and about twenty-five freight cars were smashed. An unknown man asleep in the caboose was fatally hurt.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 18.—This afternoon a gravel train on the Iron Mountain road was derailed near Benton. The locomotive and fifteen cars are a total wreck, and Conductor Mogart is killed.

CENTRAL CITY, Col., 18.—A miner named John Corroll was instantly killed in the Bobtail mine this afternoon, by a mass of falling rock. Another miner named George Tuttle was badly injured by falling down a shaft in the Dunkirk mine.

BOULDER, Col., 18.—The body of James Barter was found floating in Cane's Lake this morning. It is supposed he was accidentally drowned. He has been missing since Saturday.

PITTSBURG, 18.—It is reported on reliable authority that one of the Amalgamated Association lodges, at a meeting last night, after a very heated session, passed a resolution to submit the old scale to manufacturers for their signatures, provided the President of the lodge would give his consent. If the report is true, this will have an important bearing on the strike.

PITTSBURG, 18.—The most important break yet in the ranks of the striking miners took place to-day, when 60 miners left the strikers, and proceeded to the works of the Mansfield Coal and Coke Company, and offered their services at the three and a half rate. This is regarded by operators as a forerunner of a general break which will follow in a few days and end the strike.

CUMBERLAND, Md., 18.—About forty old miners of the Georges Creek Company applied for tool, having concluded to resume work on the company's terms. A number of the American Company's miners immediately followed, and the men of other mines are expected to resume to-morrow.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., 18.—In consequence of a reduction in the hours of labor from 10 to 9 hours a day, nearly all the laborers in the Chicago & Alton machine shops quit work to-day. They ask an advance of ten per cent, in order to make the wages the same as before the reduction.

The Wampanoag mills at Falls River, Mass., have closed on account of a strike yesterday.

The spinners of the Westamoe mill struck yesterday owing to dissatisfaction with their work and wages.

One hundred and eighty weavers are at work in the Harmony mills, New York under a ten per cent. reduction.

It is likely that the strike of the driver boys and runners of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre companies will become general.

CHICAGO, 19.—About two o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the Walton House, 32 East Washington Street, a not too reputable locality, and from room No. 45, where the smoke was the thickest, the agonized screams of a woman were heard. The firemen broke into the room, extinguished the flames and found Mrs. Frank Flynn lying on the bed, burned out of resemblance to the human form and barely alive. She appeared to have upset the kerosene lamp in an insane or drunken frenzy. She was taken to the county hospital to die. Her flesh was soaked and burned to a crisp.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy announces the following reduced rates to Iowa points, to go into effect Sept. 1st: Iowa City \$6.80, Grinnell \$8.80, Des Moines \$10.45, Griswold \$13.35, Oskaloosa \$8.75, Pacific Junction \$14.40, Omaha \$14.90, and to others. Corresponding reductions will be made to all points on the Pacific Coast. All the points named compete with the Rock Island road and a war may be the result.

WASHINGTON, 19.—A post office has been established at Fyfield, Eldorado, California. Oswald Hardie Postmaster.

Two men were badly scalded and four others received injuries that may prove fatal by the breaking up of the boiler of the steamer *Kater-stall* this morning. The walking beam broke and jammed the piston

rod into the boiler. The passengers were all badly scared.

PITTSBURG, Pa., 19.—The drivers and breaker boys at the Heidelberg colliery struck because they were not allowed full time.

MINNEAPOLIS, 19.—A fire this morning gutted the wholesale hardware place of F. & J. A. Ferguson. Loss \$70,000, insurance \$52,000.

LONG BRANCH, 19.—The tariff commission will sit at Cleveland August 31st, Detroit September 1st, Indianapolis 2nd, Cincinnati 4th and 5th, and Louisville 6th, Chicago the 7th to 9th.

OMAHA, 19.—Agent McGillicuddy has telegraphed here from Pine Ridge that the Indians have voted to crush out the Red Cloud rebellion and that all he requires is authority.

WILKESBARRE, 19.—The Empire mine has shut down; the suspension will last until the boys conclude to resume work.

KEY WEST, 19.—It is reported at Blenheim that the English steamer *Nasau* to Balize was lost on the 11th; passengers saved.

CHICAGO, 19.—The arbitration committee of the board of trade to-day fixed the settlement price of July oats at 60. The last sales July 31st were made at 62 to 63.

NEW YORK, 19.—This morning fire destroyed the piano factory of Hartman, Dowling and Peck, 10th Avenue and 57th Street. The loss is estimated at \$375,000, partially insured. The fourth floor of the factory was occupied by Oakley and Dealing, manufacturers of washing machines. Their stock and machinery were destroyed; loss \$30,000, partly insured.

Later estimates place the loss by fire at \$250,000, and 400 men are out of work.

ST. LOUIS, 19.—N. C. Burch, editor of the *State Journal* of Jefferson City, publishes a card to the republicans saying that since the chairman and secretary of State on committee are determined to prevent the calling of a State convention he asks the republicans who favor one to send him their names and he will call a convention if at their meeting on the 24th the state committee do not.

B. Gratz Brown is out in a letter in favor of submitting the prohibition amendment to a vote of the people and saying that prohibition has in it every element of right and justice and common sense.

FOREIGN.

ALEXANDRIA, 17.—The transports *Egyptian*, *Monarch* and *Nevada* have arrived. Reports continue to assert that a combined land and sea attack on the forts at Aboukir is imminent. According to the latest account the attack will be made Sunday morning.

The Duke of Connaught goes on board the transport *Orient* without delay.

The 68th, 46th and 60th Regiments are breaking camp at Ramleh and preparing to embark.

Major-General Sir Edward Hamley to-day assumed local command of Ramleh. Majors Wood and Allison have taken command of their respective brigades. Col. Methven is appointed censor of press messages.

Arabi Pasha is said to be negotiating for his escape, in case of need, to the residence of a fanatic Mohammedan dignitary on the borders of Tripoli. A deserter from Arabi Pasha's forces gives a graphic description of the misery prevailing in the latter camp where the wounded are crawling about, their sufferings unheeded. They present a sad picture of distress and neglect. Some of these poor creatures are said to have been shot by comrades to free them from agony.

Many Egyptians are called against their will to fight.

MALTA, 17.—The transports *Duke of Argyll*, with pontoon, telegraph and railway companies of engineers, and the *Grecian* with a battery of artillery arrived on their way to Egypt; also the transports *Lusitanian*, *Ludgate*, *Greece* and *City of New York*.

GIBRALTAR, 17.—The transport *Prussian* passed to-day on its way to Egypt.

PARIS, 17.—The following telegram dated at Ismailia was received from De Lesseps:

The Governor asked me to-day whether the Egyptians could legally cut fresh canals from Cairo to Ismailia. I replied in the negative. I shall communicate my opinion which has the sanction of legal decisions to Arabi Pasha who has always scrupulously respected the rights of the Suez Canal Co.

Marseilles, 17.—Riaz Pasha has embarked for Alexandria in obedience to a request of the Khedive.

Two 6 1/2 ton guns were mounted within the British lines at Ramleh, Thursday.

BERLIN, 17.—A correspondent of the *Cologne Gazette* expresses the opinion that Russia is preparing for war with Turkey by way of compensation for England's occupation of Egypt.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 17.—The report that Said Pasha has resigned is false.

LONDON, 17.—The *Standard* says: General Wolseley's parading was for an ostensible purpose, and may have been the best way of concealing his real intentions. Before now an enemy has been deceived by means of the press.

It further says: The ironclad may increase the deception by the bombardment of the forts, and at night the full fleet of transports may steam back to Alexandria again and disembark troops, and the entire British force may fall upon Arabi Pasha's depleted entrenchments in front of Ramleh. It is almost certain that the reports of the landing at Aboukir are spread to throw dust in the eyes of Arabi Pasha.

The *Times* is quite silent regarding Gen. Wolseley's intentions.

The *News* draws attention to the fact that when Gen. Wolseley wrote the first edition of the *Soldiers' Pocket-Book* he regarded special correspondents as modern curses of the army in the field. Subsequent events no doubt induced him to modify his views.

LONDON, 17.—Gray telegraphed the Speaker and Gladstone informing them of his committal and the refusal of Judge Lawson to grant him an adjournment of his case.

Sexton read telegrams reciting affidavits sworn to to-day declaring that several jurymen who convicted Hynes were drunk, and repeated the accusations of jury packing in Ireland. Sexton said that so long as the lives of the Irish people were at the mercy of legal chicanery, no minor reforms would satisfy them. Gray's imprisonment was a scandal and disgrace to justice.

Wm. John, Attorney General for Ireland, stated the details of composition of juries, with his views of the accusations. He declared nothing could be worse than Gray's conduct. The Attorney General added: Now that the statement relative to the drunkenness of the jury that convicted Hynes has been repeated in Parliament that Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, would investigate it with regard to carrying into effect the capital sentence passed on Hynes.

Mr. Plunket, conservative member for Dublin University, supported the government. He considered that in consequence of Gray's high position it was right that his punishment should be exemplary. The debate continued until the suspension of the afternoon sitting. The Irish members repeating Sexton's accusations relative to the sentence of Gray was not resumed owing to the total absence of Irish members.

Mr. Gladstone moved the adjournment of the House from to-morrow until October 24th which was carried with a division. The House was counted out at 9.20 p. m.

A Berlin dispatch says: In Germany, although damaged in a few districts, the grain crops as a whole are fully up to the average. In Russia the crops in the central and southern provinces, which suffered greatly from rains, insects and blight, are considerably under the average. In Finland Court and Livonia, Rostoff and the valley of the river Don a medium harvest has been secured. Throughout Hungary the yield is good, especially in Southern Hungary where the rye and maize crops are excellent. In European Turkey they are superior to any since 1872. In Sweden and Norway there is a fair average. Rains ruined two-thirds of the harvest in Bohemia. The potato crop in Galicia and Bohemia is destroyed and the beet roots have suffered severely.

The *Times* concluding a seven column review of the work of Parliament says: The government does not now present the strength they showed two years ago, but Gladstone's energy and spirit are apparently unshaken either by reverses or by defections.

The *Standard* says: The government Irish supporters are making strong efforts to obtain a reconsideration of Gray's case.

PORT SAID, 21.—The transport *Catalonia* is aground in the canal but does not stop the traffic.