MASSACHUSETTS' MODEL SCHOOL OF SEAMANSHIP

and recovered the second contract and a contract an

The Only Training Ship Maintained by an American Commonwealth - The Spirit of Oldtime Seafaring Not Extinct-Usefulness of Nautical School Limited By Lack of Merchant Marine,

Special Correspondence.

OSTON, Feb. 1, 1905.—A suggestion of the anomaly there is in giving to American boys adequate education for service in the American merchant marine when as a fact we haven't much of a marine anyway, appears in the annual report just made to the Massachusetts legislature by the commissioners of the state nautical training school. This board, composed of John Read, late U. S. N.; Robert B. Dixon, M. D.; and N. M. Dyer, rear admiral, U. S. N. (retired), makes the

"Through its graduates the school is perpetualing to some extent that race of New England seamen whose skill and courageous work have done so much for the prosperity of the country in the past. In the promotion of a in the past. In the promotion of a who want to make seafaring their call-country's foreign commerce and in the ing. American navigation laws have

monument of the second of the maintenance of national honor abroad they are all important. The great advantage to a nation of men with a sea training has been well illustrated in the present Russo-Japanese war. The hundreds of competent and well trained young men from this school who are now serving in all parts of the world can be called upon if they should be needed in the hour of the nation's per-

> All evidently that is needed to add to the national usefulness of such an in-stitution as the Massachusetts Nautical Training school is a larger fleet of American-manned ships, for the com-missioners add that in 1861 our tonnage was greater than that of Great Britain, and nearly equal to that of the British empire, being 5,539,913 gross tons. Today our foreign commerce is represented by the enormous figures of \$2,500,000. 000, and yet the tonnage of American ships in the foreign trade is only 879,-000. Fortunately for the ambitious lads

coast-wise marine.
Limited though the usefulness of such a school as the Massachusetts Nautical is to a certain extent by this national misfortune which has left us in tional misfortune which has left us in the pight of having a vast commerce carried almost exclusively by foreign ships, the institution, which is the only one of its kind maintained by an American state, though two cities, New York and Philadelphia, have similar training ships, has abundantly justified its right to exist. It was started in 1891 by an appropriation of \$50,000 from the Massachusetts legislature, which has since then spent yearly sums for maintaining it, the ordinary appropriation being

then spent yearly sums for maintaining it, the ordinary appropriation being \$55,000. The national government in 1892 turned over to the commonwealth for the use of the school the naval sloop Enterprise—a vessel which bears a good old name, for she is the successor of the famous craft which, in the war of 1812, captured the British sloop Boxer off the coast of Maine.

The training ship, which is in charge of Commander William F. Low, U. S. N. is moored during the winter term at North End Park, Boston, where it may be visited at proper hours every day. The popular appreciation in which it is day. The popular appreciation in which it is held is shown by the immense numbers of applications for admission that come from every part of the United States—letters which prove that the old-time spirit of American box is still every proven that boys is still very much alive. As the school is maintained by Massachusetts, it is, of course, obviously impossible to consider the applications that are sent from other states. Candidates sent from other states. Candidates are expected to be between the ages of sixteen and twenty years. They must be physically fitted for the sailor's life. good character, have either a parent guardian residing in Massachusetts

and possess an inclination for a sea-faring life, entering the school of their

been so formed as to build up a large own free will. They must also pass coast-wise marine.

Limited though the usefulness of such them to one of the high schools of the

must provide himself with clothing, must provide himself with clothing, bedding, personal necessaries and expensive text-books, besides making a deposit of \$80 for his uniforms during the first year, only \$30 being required for this purpose the second year. He faces two years of hard work. If not industrious, obedient, resolute and able to bear labor, wet, cold and the various unavoidable privations of the seaous unavoidable privations of the sea-man's calling, he will find himself sadly out of place. But, given these quali-fications, an interesting opportunity opens to him.

opens to him.

The school year is divided into a winter term, beginning about Nov. 1 and ending about May 15, and a summer term lasting from May 15, to Nov. 1, including two weeks' leave from Oct. 15 to Nov. 1. During the summer term the ship makes a cruise in foreign or domestic waters. Thus last year the Enterprise sailed from Boston, June 23, with 92 cadets on board, and after touching at Provincetown, visited Fayal, Lisbon, Alglers, Gibraltar, Madelra, returning to her mooring place Oct. 3.

manship, navigation, engineering, English, hygiene and electricity. The boys were formerly divided into a seaman and an engineer class, a distinction which has now been abolished, for it is purposed to turn out a graduate who is both a seaman and an engineer, qualified to serve as an officer in either branch. The instruction is, of course, practical as well as theoretical, and the cadets learn while making the annual cruise to perform the duties in all sta-tions aboard ship.

The cadet's day, whether in winter cr in summer, is a busy one. During

6 a. m., and from then to tattoo at 0 p. m. the time is well filled up with study, drill and exercise. Sunday study, drill and exercise. Sunday leave is given. When they are at sea all hands are divided into the usual two watches, one of which must be on deck at all times, save the engineer cadets, who are divided into engine-room watches while steaming. The sea day is even busier than that just mentioned, every hour, half hour and quarter hour having its

than that just mentioned, every nous, half hour and quarter hour having its duties. In port there is naturally much less to be done, and liberty parties are allowed ashore from 2 p. m. until the "sunget boat" takes them aboard again. Every cadet is sent over the mast-head daily, as a symnastic exercise.

cise.

There is nothing mean about Massachusetts' manner of feeding her sailor boys. In the first place the ship's rules expressly state that "quantities are unrestricted; each cadet to have all he wishes to eat." Then, the bill of fare furnishes as excellent and varied a selection of plain, hearty food as anybody could desire, and the meals are fully equal to those which the average American family in comfortable circumstances enjoys each day. Canned vegetables and canned meats are used only when fresh vegetables are used only when fresh vegetables are used only when fresh vegetables and fresh or salted meats cannot be obtained. Even at sea this dietary is adhered to as far as possible.

adhered to as far as possible.

Discipline aboard the Enterprise is guided by a special code, adopted by the commissioners of the school, Gross offences, such as theft, drunkenness, leaving ship without permission, refusing to obey orders or leaving the lookout while on watch may be punished by summary dismissal; but only on recommendation of a board of inquiry after approval of such recommendation by the commissioners. Inattention to studies, or at drill, failure to send in studies, or at drill, failure to send in

note or sight books, lying, prevarica-tion, persistent neglect of regulations, or leaving the deck while on watch may be punished by confinement in the brig (the ship's prison) on bread and water, not to exceed three days.

At graduation the cadet receives a certificate and diploma showing his character and qualifications. The commissioners are always glad to render aid to these young men in securing positions. The law compelling subsidised steamers to carry one cadet for every 1,000 tons burden provides many of them with employment. It appears every 1,000 tons burden provides many of them with employment. It appears from the records that about two-thirds of those passing through the school continue to follow the sea. Out of 460 graduates or ex-cadets, only 75 have obtained employment on shore, and failed to spend any time at sea. Of the 372 graduates, 310 have become masters, first, second and third officers, quartermasters, engineers and machinists, on board coastwise and transatlantic steamers as well as on transatiantic steamers as well as on steam and sailing vessels of various nationalities in many parts of the world. Not a few are found on the United States coast survey steamers, the lighthouse steamers, naval colliers,

the lighthouse steamers, naval colliers, pilot boats, yachts and in the army transport service. Four are commissioned officers in the United States revenue marine. Of the seaman class of graduates, numbering 207, 68 have served as quartermasters, 58 as cadets and seamen, 51 as officers, and six have become masters. Of the engineer class, numbering 226, 55 have been employed as enginer cadets and ollers, 44 as electricians, 42 as eugineers and assistant engineers of the four lower grades, and six have risen to the post of chief engineer. grades, and six ha of chief engineer.

Of course, if our merchant marine were in more promising shape the op-portunities for these graduates would be still better.

DOUBT CANNOT EXIST

Investigation Will Only Strengthen The Proof We Give In Salt Salt City.

How can doubt exist in the face of such evidence? Read here the endorse, ment of a representative citizen of Salt Lake City:

Mrs. Sarah Pearson, rear of 542 Elizabeth street, says: "I honestly think I inherit liver and kidney complain attacks of which I have had for year I had a sister who died of kidney from ble, and many a time I have been over anytous about my own condition for ble, and many a time I have been over anxious about my own condition for the persistent aching just across the loing which radiated toward the shoulders which hurt when I stooped or lifted anything, often kept me in misery. When there was added to it backache, trouble with the kidney secretions and dimness of vision, I knew my kidneys required attention. I had used a great many remedies for kidney complaint and liver trouble, some of which may have had a slight effect, but from none did I obtain half the satisfactory results as from Doan's Kidney Pills are sults as from Doan's Kidney Pills, peured at the F. J. Hill Drug Co.'s st This remedy acts directly neys. You can tell that from the havior of the kidney secretions. T are first affected, and when they be come normal the aching across the lon ceases. In hopes that my testimonial may induce to use Doan's Kidney plain all who have kidney trouble, I unbeitatingly allow it to be published."

For sale by all dealers. Price to cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffale N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and the name-Doan's-and

take no other.

Multitudes Are Interested This Store's Great Values!

OLLOWING closely upon the heels of Our Great Muslin Underwear Sale of last week -which brought women here from every point of the compass-A TREMENDOUS VOLLEY OF BARGAINS IN NEW SPRING GOODS will be fired at Salt Lake Buyers Monday! What we said we'd do last week-we did.

THIS WEEK PARTLY SPEAKS FOR ITSELF IN

THE FOLLOWING OFFERINGS.



UR NEW GOODS have been arriving carload after car-load, for the past 10 days, and these Daily Arrivals of Spring Goods for 1905 are clamoring for an introduction to the Salt Lake public. Tomorrow, to start the selling with a rush, we place on

sale several big lots of this season's newest and prettiest fabrics at prices no other house can match, Never before at the beginning of the season could you buy as savingly as you can while this chance is yours.

MONDAY

NO OTHER DAY.

ZEPHYR GINGHAMS!

,000 mill ends of fine Zephyr Gingham's all new patterns, styles to suit all tastes, goods that will wear and wash splen-didly, cheap at 10c. Monday, didly, cheap at 10c. Monda while they last, at (per yard)-

MONDAY ONLY-NO OTHER DAY.

HOUSE WRAPPERS.

We place on sale our entire stock of heavy flannelette house Wrappers, all trimmed with braid and made with deep flounce skirts, the waists have separate pers worth up to \$3.00, Monday's

79c

MONDAY ONLY-NO OTHER DAY.

Gents' Furnishing Dept.

GENTS' ALL WOOL UNDER-WEAR, in natural grey and salmon color, all sizes, regular

79c

French Madras, sizes 14% to 17, price

AMERICAN and IMPORTED WASH FABRICS for the Season of 1905. A Most Varied and Beautiful Collection. A Veritable Garden of Wash Goods Delight.



EMEROIDERED CANVAS - Entirely CANVAS—Entirely new; it has a cream mesh on which designs are worked in shaded tints. The Ground effect is very pleas 30c ing. A yard

SILK ORGANDIES-Sheer and beautiful, one of the most exquisite French Ideas. Exclusive styles in white grounds with exquisite floral designs,

SILKETTES—A French wash fabric of exquisite shadings and very brilliant surface—used for Street and Evening Wear—All solid shades—a 40c

PONGETTAS—Made in France. A soft material of high finish; could fitly be compared with the finest silk foulard, but in even newer designs; a 17½c

ARNOLD CREPH MARQUISE cannot fail to appeal to the artistic preconception of the refined woman. Its daintiness and beauty are seen at a glance; 35c

duction in our exhibit of material for 1905; a yard , 30c ARNOLD GRECIAN VOILE-In all the plain colors and novel-ty suiting effects—the only real satisfying washable Volle that will wear and look like expensive worsted Volle; 20c

a yard 20c ARNOLD MOHAIR LUSTRE-A most stylish and serviceable Fabric. It's wiry, lustrous, crispness gives it a perfect Mohair effect which is lasting as the 20c fabric itself; a yard 20c

PRINTED BATISTES-Organ FINE DIMITIES—The neatest styles you ever saw, the prettlest of this season's make: 1623 c a yard

confined to Auerbach's for this market. They're all in, waiting for you, secure in their loveliness and charms; they're all priced to create enthusiastic buying from the very beginning. Of particular interest are: FLAKE ETTAMINES-Marvelous assortment of beautiful fancies—20 styles to choose 16 2/3 c from, at, a yard 16 2/3 c

SILK DOT MOUSSELINE—In every conceivable evening and street shade; a beautiful 30c sheer fabric; a yard 30c

MADRAS AND DRESS GING-HAMS—A bewildering profusion of new spring styles, in mixed as-sortments; a yard—

25c, 12½c, 10c, 8½c,

And Percales—Galore—French
printings on the best cloths, at, a
yard

12½c and 10c

Not at all likely to be dupli cated this season, if ever,

Cloak Department Doings.

Another Wave of Reduction has swept over the COAT SECTION. If you want to know what's going on in this dept., just cast your eyes over this list of facts and figures.

Every Ladies' and Misses' Coat in 27. and 30 inch, Kersey, Frieze and Melton Cloth, semi-fitting, loose or belted back, all sizes, 32 to 44; colors navy blue, tan, castor, red, brown and black, values \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00. Monday and Week at

\$2.00 to \$3.75. Broken sizes Monday and Every Velvet and Nunsveiling shirt walst that sold from \$3.75 to \$6.00. Bro-





NEW SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

New Tidings of New Fabrics, with other Important Arrivals, now coming every day. The following materials are here, and will be placed on sale Monday.

wool voile in all colors, incleream and black, 38 inches

in blue, brown, green and black, with neat figured effects, 40 inches wide, worth 65c, at, per yard ... 50c NEW CHECK SUITINGS-A Big as-

sortment of all the latest styles, in checks and plaid novelties, in dark and light colors, 38 to 40 inches wide, 60c at, per yard IMPORTED MOHAIR NOVELTIES

-A complete assortment of the latest designs, in blue, brown, green, gray, etc., 45 inches wide, at,

NEW MIXED SUITINGS-in assort-15 pieces of newly arrived Satin foul-New

uring they were cheap at 70c per yard, but business at the busy silk depart-ment must be active. We will sell them Monday and while they last at 56c Special price, per yard

75 pieces of newly arrived black Jap-anese Habutai silks, 24 and 27 inches wide, take notice that these silks are perspiration or water-proof and per-fectly washable and while they are not Habubai a heavy silk, they are for comfort and coolness, and will give wear equal to any heavier silk. Special Monday and while they last:

24 inch wide, regular price 70c, 56c Special price

and wash silk turn overs and "Buster Brown" collars, the newest spring styles, white ground embroidered in white, pink, light blue, navy or red, nobby 25c and 35c values, the sale price for Monday only each-

NO OTHER DAY.

White

India Linon.

DIA LINON, made of fine Com-

bed yarn, a quality that is sheer

and yet strong enough to wear, worth 18c. Monday only at (per

11c

MONDAY ONLY-NO OTHER DAY.

A Neckwear

Offering

at 15c each.

Elegantly embroidered linen

INCH WIDE WHITE IN-

MONDAY ONLY-NO OTHER DAY.

15c

Our Shoe Dept.

LADIES' heel, all sizes, POSITIVELY \$1.75 VALUE. SPECIAL PRICE—

Men's Spring HOSIERY and SHIRTS

The kind we can endorse, and conscientiously advise you to buy, the kind that will give you the satisfaction only to be found in reliable makes-and we are pricing the same very low-

GENTS' FANCY COTTON HOSE. A large assortment of fancy stripes and plaids for spring, 1905, sizes 91/2 to 11, price per GENTS: FINE COTTON HOSE in fancy grey and brown mix-tures, double heel and toe, sizes 9½ to 11, price, per pair............20c GENTS' EXTRA FINE IMPORTED COTTON HOSE, in fancy

GENTS' SOFT FRONT DRESS SHIRTS, in fancy patterns of

The Great Sale of MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and INEANTS' WEAR Continues Next Week

The Unprecedented success of this Great Sale lies in the fact that the values offered were and are unprecedented. Never in the history of this ever popular store have such vast crowds visited this great shopping center. The magnificent sale is still in progress, while some of the many of last week's great offerings have been sold out entirely, there are hundreds of others equally as good, equally as interesting in store for next week's shopping.

200 DOZEN LADIES' DRAWERS, which we expected in time for last week's selling, but were delayed on the road, are now here and go on sale at 25c and 50c a pair. They are well worth double the price.



Our Shoe Section.

Advance Showing in Latest Styles, Best Makes of Reliable Footwear.

IN OUR LADIES' SECTION, we show the best \$2.00, \$2 ad\$3.00 shoe in America, for the money.

IN OUR GIRLS' SECTION—We show Unequalet Values at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

IN OUR CHILDREN'S SECTION, We show the best values ever shown at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50. OUR RUBBERS ARE BEST AND CHEAPEST.

IS NOW IN. The March Delineator gives you 70 new styles; seven spring styles in full color; ten special articles in dress topics; thirteen pages devoted to the kitchen; forty-one pages to woman's home interests; twenty-four pages to GET YOUR the child. No woman who cares for her own appearance or that of her family, no man who cares for the ap-NEXT WEEK. pearance of any woman, no home with a child in it can afford to miss the March Delineator.