EVENING NEWS.

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted,

AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE

DESERET NEWS COMPANY.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Friday, - March 30, 1888.

GENERAL ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

THE Fifty-eighth Annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will commence at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, April 5th, 1888, in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City.

The officers and members of the Church are respectfully invited to attend.

WILFORD WOODRUFF,
In behalf of the Council of the Twelve Apostles.

THE NEW CONDITION.

IT seems from a lengthy and numerously signed announcement that has appeared for some time in a local cotemporary that:

"It is the belief of representatives of the various Christian denominations in this inter-mountain region that the Christian church, which ought to take the lead in all moral reforms, needs just now to come unitedly to the front in this new commercial, civil and moral era which has just dawned upon us."

It is presumable that the "new commercial, civil and moral era in question is the "boom," which has been in progress for some time. How this class of reformers can take the "lead" and step into the front of a process that has been traveling for some time is somewhat enigmatical. The present phase of the new era, as it is designated, has a balloonish aspect and it would seem as if those who have not already embarked in the aerial ship of supposed progress must assume a position similar to that which a tail holds to a kite.

However, if the sectarian fleet are disposed to throw their sails to the breeze and lead in the alleged reform there should be no strenuous objection, as it may not be out of harmony with the eternal fitness of things. As they plunge nobly onward in the race of supposed progress a motley array of various crafts will constitute the main body of the procession and bring up the rear. Dashing forward endeavoring to reach the goal is a cloud of real estate gamblers eager to obtain options on the outcome of the race; vessels gaudily bedecked, with rakish aspect, representing the social evils common in all the larger cities of the world, multiplied here by the alleged progressive era; crafts with bows ornamented with the suggestive skull and crossbones, indicating the prevalence of suicide and other common peculiarities prevalent in the world at large, and so the cortege might be prolonged. Leaky boats with torn sails dangling around broken masts, with melancholy crews dejectedly engaged in bailing with tin cups to prevent foundering, as indicative of those who have been deluded into participation in the incipient process of self-expatriation, would appropriately bring up the rear.

The announcement in question is in the nature of a call for a convention to be in session three days, beginning April 3d, and it states that Christian men and women need their attention to be directed to the responsibility the "new era" brings, and the subjects to be considered are:

1. What are the special objects confronting and the special duties devolving upon the Christian church in this region?

2. What are the best means of removing these obstacles and arousing the churches generally to energetic action?

We should say that a special obstacle in the road is the utter and indisputable inconsistency and uncharitableness of these pre-eminent reformers, most if not all of whom leave their eastern homes where they are surrounded with pestilential immorality, squalor, misery and infidelity comparatively unknown in Utah, and come here under the pretense of regenerating the "Mormons." In religion and morality they have nothing to offer the Latter-day Saints that comes within a long distance of being as good as they already possess.

The taking of a mammoth dose of charity by each reformer might accomplish something in the way of removing obstacles in their path, but the imbibing of medicine of that quality is too much to expect. The publication throughout the land of floods of falsehood concerning the "Mormons" in order to impress the country with a stupendous idea of the character of the labors of the evangelical regenerators is not a successful process for catching "Mormon" converts. Even the call for the convention is bigoted and contemptuous, impliedly designating the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints as not Christian, when the fact is that on all doctrinal points no sectarian denomination can hold its own in comparison with it, so far as unison with the teachings of the Divine Master is concerned.

To our way of thinking this is a subject that should take the attention of the Latter-day Saints. In this so-called new era, what is their duty? Shall they take a turn and stand as an unbroken phalanx, for truth, honor, consistency and moral purity, that the heavens may co-operate with them, or shall they not? This question goes directly home to the individual heart as well as striking the community in an aggregate capacity.

THE STRIKE.

THE first outbreak in connection with the C. B. & Q. strike has occurred. It was an unfortunate affair, but it should be noted that the parties who ditched the cars and drove off the train men were not former employes of the "Q" road, but workmen of other lines, associated with a promiscuous mob.

They must have been a determined crowd or they would not have undertaken to disarm and put to flight the Pinkerton men, who showed their heels to the assailants. While such scenes will detract from the degree of sympathy directed to the C. B. & Q. strikers, none of that sentiment will be transferred to the armed private detectives hired by the corporation. They are not received with popular favor, being considered in the light of a sort of fungus growth upon the civil official authority whose duty it is to protect the lives and property of citizens and corporations when violently or illegally assailed. The personal assault made by the mob upon the official of the road who was on the train was cowardly and wholly inexcusable.

We have from the beginning entertained but little doubt as to the ability of the C. B. & Q. corporation to hold out and emerge at the large end of the horn in the main struggle, and indications are beginning to point decisively in that direction. Comparatively impecunious labor cannot successfully cope with capital when the latter is determined, especially when labor operates against itself in the contest, as in the present issue. The Knights of Labor are constantly going to the rescue of the corporation involved and it is, according to present appearances, but a question of time when the trains of the road will be fully manned and the strikers left out in the cold.

Since the foregoing was written intelligence by telegraph shows that the struggle has assumed a serious, not to say alarming aspect. Arson and violence have been resorted to. Already there has been destruction of property, and personal attacks have been made upon the new engineers. The recently installed switchmen demand that they be armed to protect themselves against attacks from the strikers, and a large number of them have already been furnished with weapons. It looks as if there would be some bloody work before long.

THE SUICIDAL MANIA.

THE crop of suicides in this Territory during the past ten days is appalling. The number within so short a time is unparalleled in the history of this region. Should Jacobsen, who took morphine last night, succumb to the influence of the poison, he will make the fourth successful case in this city alone, within a few days, besides another at American Fork, with several attempts at self destruction not counted.

Is it the result of imitation—one morbid-minded and weak person hearing of another committing self-murder and brooding over the incident until impelled to follow suit? Or is there something in the air of a destructive character — a subtle, sinister influence that urges people to destroy themselves rather than struggle on through a full mortal career?

An Omaha paper stated recently that a resident of that city was so imbued with the suicidal mania that he placed himself under treatment of a physician for two years as a preventive. He did not wish to commit the deed but when in close proximity to poison he found it almost impossible to resist an impulse to take it. This singular condition remained with him two years and then departed as suddenly as it came.

Some people imagine that it requires courage for a man in possession of his senses to commit self-murder. No greater mistake could be made. It is the acme of cowardice. It is an ignominious surrender to the circumstances of life that courage is capable of surmounting. It is the flight of the craven before the obstacles to be encountered in the battle of life. A courageous man will not resort to it.

QUESTION OF DIVISION.

THE Eagle Rock *Register* states that a citizen of Idaho—Mr. J. C. Anderson—has received from a U. S. Senator a copy of a map of the Territories with the division lines obliterated, and accompanied by the following communication:

"That political supremacy is fast pushing westward is a well known fact. Another remarkable thing is the great size of the western states, such as Texas, California, Dakota and Montana. The larger the state the more people it will hold and the greater the population the more votes for the president. Before long there will be a race to see which of these great western commonwealths will take the rank that New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and other states hold in the east. Among the many plans for division is one that interests Idaho. It is to annex all of Idaho north of Salmon river to Washington and call that State Idaho. Then run a north and south line from about where the west boundary of Lemhi county crosses Salmon river, clear through the territory and annex to Oregon the western part of the country thus divided. The eastern part to be made into a state by adding to it all of Wyoming and the counties of Box Elder, Cache, Rich, Weber, Morgan, Davis and Summit from Utah; the new State thus made to be called Uinta and to be under Idaho's laws.

It is also proposed to divide the remainder of Utah between Nevada, Colorado and Arizona and thus blot out mormondom.

It is for the people of Idaho to say what they wish done in the matter, but if the division be made as above it is likely that the new state of Uinta would be the Pennsylvania of the west and the completion of the Vanderbilt lines to Oregon seaports will make Oregon the New York of the pacific."

Nothing small about that kind of a scheme.

Elder B. H. Roberts is using his pen in vigorous style in Great Britain in defense of the Latter-day Saints. Some of the English papers are liberal enough to open their columns to him in repelling scandalous assaults made through the public journals upon the "Mormon" people.

A California exchange says: "Many centuries before Moses led the children of Israel out of Egypt into the Promised Land, Arizona was thickly peopled by a civilized race who dwelt in their walled cities, had their system of municipal government and priesthood, and cultivated large areas of fertile lands. Numerous relics of this mysterious race, whose origin nobody knows, are scattered through the territory, and their great water courses, which they used for irrigation, may still be traced for miles through what is now a dry and deserted expanse of mesa, covered with cactus, greasewood and straggling mesquite. The engineering science of this prehistoric people is proved by the fact that in several instances, when modern surveyors have followed the route of these old canals, it has not been found necessary to deviate a foot from the line which they had adopted."

Says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*: "Noticing the death of a prominent citizen of Hartford from a piece of peanut shell, the *Times* of that city takes occasion to again warn people against swallowing the seeds of grapes, oranges, etc, because of the danger of such substances getting into a small intestinal bag, or cul-de-sac, called by doctors the appendix vellormis. This is a receptacle formed at the junction of the large and small intestines, but its use or object no physician knows. It has been thought to be a rudimentary or incomplete formation, or, possibly, some meaningless survival of a lost anterior type. At any rate, the existence, while presenting no apparent 'reason for being,' as the French say, is, on the other hand, a positive and constant source of danger, because of the liability of its becoming the receptacle of some undigested seed or other indigestible substance. In that case it produces a state of inflammation, which in nearly all cases, proves fatal. Fortunately few seeds among the great number so heedlessly swallowed seem to get into this little death-trap, although any one seems likely to lodge there.

When a tree is to be transplanted never leave more branches than are wanted for mains, four or five at most; never grow a mass of unnecessary limbs to be crowding, which must be cut out afterward, much to the injury of the tree; remove them from the head at first.

FUNERAL OF PRESIDENT THURBER.

Impressive Manifestations of Esteem and Affection.

RICHFIELD, March 25th, 1888.

Editor Deseret News:

Believing that it will be of interest to a great many of your readers, we furnish you herewith an account of the death and burial of Albert King Thurber, President of Sevier Stake of Zion, who died on Wednesday March 21st, 1888 at 7:40 a. m. of cancer in the stomach, at the home of President Canute Petersen, at Ephraim, Sanpete County, who in connection with his family, had for several weeks nursed and cared for President Thurber, in a most kind and loving manner.

On Thursday March 22nd, his remains were conveyed to Gunnison en route to Richfield, his home. Bishop C. A Madsen kindly entertained the funeral party, which consisted of President Thurber's family, Counselors Seegmiller and Clark, and Peter Peterson. The Bishop also placed watchers over the corpse during the night. At 8 a. m. on the 23d the journey was resumed, and at 11 a.m. the party was kindly received and entertained by Counselor Gottfriedsen at Salina. After a short stay, the journey continued and

THE PARTY WAS MET

within about three miles of Richfield at 5 p. m. by a large party of friends and the brass band from Richfield. The remains were taken to the residence of our late President and placed in the charge of the Elders' Quorum until 6 p. m. on Saturday, when the Seventies took care of the same until 12 m. on Sunday.

The Richfield Hall was modestly yet most beautifully draped by the teachers and students of the Sevier Stake Academy, of which Brother Thurber was the president. They also furnished a very fine floral tribute, representing a cross and wreath, of live flowers. The Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement Association of Richfield furnished a very neatly worked banner suitable for the occasion, and the Primary Association of the Second Ward of Richfield a beautifully framed token of respect.

The remains rested in a neat coffin made of our mountain pine in the Manti Temple, and were in a well preserved condition, presenting more the appearance of one having gone to a peaceful rest, than of a corpse.

On Sunday, March 26, from 10 a. m. until 1 p. m. the body laid in state in the hall, and was viewed by several hundred people who had come from their esteemed president, among them were some of the Lamanite brethren from Grass Valley.

The High Priests' quorum took charge of the remains from 12 m. until they were interred, and six members of the High Council acted as pallbearers.

At one p.m. the

FUNERAL SERVICES,

conducted by Counselor William H. Seegmiller, were commenced by the choir singing the hymn, "Unveil thy bosom, faithful tomb."

Prayer was offered by Patriarch William Morrison, after which the choir sang "Nearer my God to Thee.,"

On the stand were William H. Seegmiller and William H. Clark, counselors to President Thurber; Bishops C. A. Madsen, of Gunnison, and Peter Peterson, of Ephraim; many of the Bishops in the Stake, and members of the High Council. In the hall were many hundreds from all parts of the Stake.

Bishop Paul Poulson, Elder Theo. Brandly, and Bishop C. A. Madsen spoke words of consolation to the bereaved and the Saints, exhorting the people to emulate the great and good example which our beloved President had always set before us.

Brother Peugh and company rendered Brother Thurber's favorite song "Wandering Home" very beautifully, after which Counselor William H. Clark, Bishop George W. Bean and Counselor William H. Seegmiller offered words of peace and consolation, and spoke on the great and faithful labors performed by President Thurber in civil, military and ecclesiastical capacities, showing also that the departed had been an incessant worker, a most faithful servant of God, a true husband, father and friend, and an eminent defender of the Lamanites, who say that in him they have lost a father.

The procession was then formed and led by Brothers Clark, Coon and Wright. Ninety-eight vehicles filled with the family, relatives and friends followed the remains to the grave in the Richfield cemetery, accompanied by the Richfield brass band, whose sweet music was much appreciated. After the remains were deposited, Bishop Jos. S. Horne

DEDICATED THE GRAVE

and its contents to the care of God; then the procession moved back to town in the same order as it had gone out. It was the largest funeral cortege ever seen in Sevier County.

Thus were laid to rest the earthly remains of one of God's noblemen, who, through his unflinching integrity to the cause of truth and right, through his unselfish labors among his fellow men, his devotion to God and the welfare of humanity, his honest and upright course in life, had erected to himself an undecaying monument in the hearts of all who knew him.

The Saints of Sevier Stake of Zion, the people of the county and of the Territory lose in him a prominent lawmaker, and a wise counselor, and the world a champion of human liberty.

May we, who mourn his departure from earth, obey the counsels and instructions so often received from him, and emulate his worthy example, and thus secure to ourselves the happy privilege to meet and greet our beloved President and brother in the realms of eternal joy, is the prayer of your humble servant.

THEO. BRANDLY,
Stake Clerk.

IT IS NEEDED.

The Salt Lake Stake Library a Necessity.

SALT LAKE CITY,
March 29th, 1888.

Editor Deseret News:

The Salt Lake Stake Library is a commendable and long-needed institution, and it is struggling for an existence. This fact, in a city of this magnitude, containing a large majority of people professing to be liberal in their views and desirous of obtaining and imparting correct knowledge, is, to say the least, open to grave comment.

It is not only desirable but necessary that

A GOOD LIBRARY

should be established and placed on a solid self-supporting basis in our city.

It is much to be regretted that a feeling of indifference exists among some, while a positive opposition is manifest among others, to the accomplishment of this laudable enterprise. Some say: "It is not in our ward, therefore I am not interested." Others say: "I object to sending my children down town to read books. I want them at home," etc. To a liberal and philanthropic person how small-souled these excuses sound.

What is the object of our mission on the earth? Is it not to benefit our fellow men? The world is "our ward" and humanity are our brethren and sisters.

What we need is a general library, extensive in character, having books containing every kind of useful information. It is impossible to have libraries of this king in each ward, or by any single association. It requires

A UNITED PUBLIC EFFORT.

It is something which would be easy for a community like this to accomplish, and every man of intelligence ought to assist to the utmost. We want no "one horse" affair but something we can be proud of.

Persons need not send their children to the library named, as by paying a trifle (50c per quarter) they can take home a book to read to the family; while those of mature years can spend their leisure reading at the library, if preferred, free.

What is more desirable than useful intelligence? What more ennobling? Then by all means let us have a general library—one that will be a credit to our city. Such an institution could be utilized by our Mutual Improvement and other societies.

Let it be cosmopolitical in character, and accessible to both stranger and citizen. ADOLPHUS.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS

Burlington Switchmen Arming Themselves for Defence Against the Strikers.

Fighting the New Hands with Fire—Their Hotel Burned to the Ground.

The United States Express Company Secures Control of the New New Jersey Central.

The Situation on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.—Disastrous Fires in Hungary.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

The New Hands Burned Out.

AURORA, Ill., March 30.—One half of the Burlington paint shop building which burned last night, had been fitted up as a hotel for the new engineers and firemen, over one hundred of whom were in their beds when the fire broke out. They had just time to grasp their clothes and get out before the building was a mass of flames. Those burned out were quartered in other buildings for the night. Several of them were assaulted by unknown parties as they rushed about the yards seeking shelter. Burlington officials say the fire broke out in two or three places simultaneously and that indications point strongly to incendiarism.

Enthusiastic Strikers.

CHICAGO, March 30.—The St. Paul yardmen who started to go to work last night at 10 o'clock, had but begun to get their engines started, when a message came to the western avenue round house that all the men should wait until assistant general superintendent Erling had seen them before resuming work. Erling stated the case briefly to the men as he understood it and then said:

"We have submitted to many acts that we have considered unjustifiable on your part. This afternoon men in our employ deliberately derailed and wrecked a number of cars that are our property. We will consent to overlook this and you can go to work but the first thing that is done will be to replace those cars upon the track." This the men positively refused to do, as the cars were pulled by a "Q" engine. The strikers hung around for a while and one by one went home and the strike was on. The men who struck last night embraced 24 switching crews, a total of 120 men. The strikers held a big meeting in the hall adjacent to the round house, lasting until late this morning. They were enthusiastic in the position they have taken.

Convention of the Knights.

BOSTON, March 30.—The State executive board of the Massachusetts Knights of Labor has issued a call to all district and local assemblies not attached to the district to elect delegates to the State convention of the organization to be held in Boston April 15.

The German Floods.

BERLIN, March 30.—At Posen, military barracks have been opened as a refuge of persons who have been made homeless by the floods. At Cologne several quays have been submerged and those who inhabit houses near the banks of the Rhine are leaving them. By the capsizing of a boat near Bertzemberg nine persons were drowned.

Big Blaze in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 30.—A fire early this morning in the large block corner of Lake and Peoria streets gave the firemen great trouble. Soon after two o'clock the fire spread to a couple of residences west of the burning block and soon after the row of wooden tenements across the street began to blaze and it is believed a man was burned to death. A large section of the Lake Street wall of the burning building fell out, and two or three firemen were seriously injured. Just before this Marshal Murphy with thirteen men were knocked down and badly bruised by an explosion of hot air. The losses on the building and contents will aggregate three hundred thousand dollars. Davis and Rankin, dairy supplies, Zummerman Refrigerator Co., Linn, Weaver & Co., tin ware and Goss Printing Press Co. were the principal losers. Insurance small.

Asked to Explain.

SOFIA, March 30.—Bulgaria has asked the Porte to explain the presence of Turkish troops at the town of Mustapha Pasha on the frontier.

Took a Drive.

BERLIN, March 30.—The Emperor and Empress drove in a half open carriage from Charlottenberg to Berlin today and paid a visit to the Dowager Empress Augusta. They received enthusiastic greetings alongithe road. The imperial family attended morning service in the castle chapel at Charlottenberg.

A Big Scoop.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Considerable excitement has been created in railroad and express circles since it became known that the United States Express Company had closed a contract with the Central Railroad of New Jersey for a five years' lease of all their lines. This new acquisition, taken in connection with the Lackawanna, and Baltimore and Ohio roads, will enable the United States Company to cover valuable express territory which has heretofore been monopolized or controlled by the Adams Company. On May 1st the United States Company will control 25,000 miles of road and will be able to forward business for the west as far as San Francisco and the Pacific coast and south to New Orleans.

Claus Spreckles.

BALTIMORE, 30.—There is a feeling among business men that Claus Spreckles will not establish here a large refinery which he talks of erecting on the Atlantic sea board. He says that if Baltimore will furnish one half or two-thirds of the capital for a minor refinery and give him control, one can be established. His conversation indicates preference for Philadelphia, but he says he will not determine whether Baltimore or Philadelphia will be his choice until he again goes to the last named city. He will leave for Philadelphia today.

Switchman Quirk.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Switchman Quirk, who figured so largely in the St. Paul riot yesterday and was arrested for beating a "Q" engineer, was dismissed this morning with $5 and costs. A "Q" fireman named Thomas, was knocked senseless this morning by a coupling pin thrown by a switchman on a Pan Handle engine; otherwise there has been no serious trouble on account of the strike today.

Demand Arms for Self-Defense.

CHICAGO, March 30.—The switchmen, engineers and firemen of the St. Paul road, assembled at the yards this morning, but none of them went to work. They are reticent and refuse to talk of their action or outline their demands, but were unanimous not to return to work. Superintendent Collins said that the company would at once begin preparations to secure new men to take the places vacated by the strikers. The riot of yesterday had its effect on the new switchmen in the employ of the Burlington. Only those whose duties kept them within "Q" yards were on duty this morning. Those delegated to work along the tracks between different points refused to so to work unless given arms to defend themselves if set upon by strikers. Ninety-eight switchmen from the Reading road arrived last night. They were warned by strikers not to go to work on the "Q," and a quarrel ensued in which the Reading men drew their revolvers and declared they would protect themselves if interfered with. This morning they were escorted to the "Q" yards by Pinkerton men. Twenty-seven more switchmen arrived this morning.

The Situation of Milwaukee & St. Paul.

MILWAUKEE, March 30. — Manager Miller, of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road, this morning said: There is no truth in the statement of the switchmen at Chicago that the St. Paul company has been secretly aiding the Burlington company. The trouble is that Chicago switchmen have combined to make a thorough boycott against the "Q" company, and in sympathy with the movement our men refused to handle some of the new cars brought to us by the Burlington from the factory of the Wills French Company, which is on the Burlington road. We told the men that if they did not handle these cars they need not handle anything, and we propose to maintain that position. No other point will be affected. Freight trains held in this city this morning will be sent out before night. We are using our road men in place of the striking switchmen, and they will stay there until we can get new gangs. The strike occurred only last evening and we have been able to make no permanent arrangements as yet. We will continue to receive and deliver freight at Chicago, but will request terminal agents to ease up a little on us for a few days. We do not apprehend any serious trouble, and we are not fretting much over the matter.

There were no freight trains moving on the Chicago division of the St. Paul road this morning.

Approved.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The President has approved the urgent deficiency bill.

The Victims at Rich Hill.

RICH HILL, MO., March 30.—Only 35 men were in the shaft when the explosion occurred yesterday. Thus far five have been taken out dead and 15 alive. Most of the latter have suffered intensely from fire and suffocation and their recovery is very doubtful. Fifteen now remain in the mine, and it is believed that most of them will be taken out dead. The work of rescue proceeds very slowly, being attended with great danger.

The Flood Subsiding.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 30.—The Tombigbee at Columbus, Miss., is still rising. The lower portions of the city have been abandoned. The water is several feet deep in many houses at Evergreen, and no trains have passed since Tuesday. The water is falling and it is thought all the roads will be open by Sunday. The dispatches show that four persons have been drowned and great damage has been done to roads, bridges and farms. The street cars here resumed regular trips yesterday.

Argument for the C. P.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Counsel Tweed, of the Central Pacific, this morning made an argument before the House committee on the Pacific railroads in favor of the pending bil to extend the time given the company within which to pay its indebtedness to the government. His argument was similar to that made by Huntington. Tweed favored the submission of the whole matter to the court of claims.

Pardoned.

ANNAPOLIS, March 30. — Governor Jackson last night pardoned the 7 democratic judges and clerks of election who were found guilty of having perpetrated frauds at the polls two years ago. They were sentenced on June 27 last to two years imprisonment.

Will Pay Depositors.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—The receiver of the Metropolitan National Bank announces that on April 16 he will pay in full all depositors who have proved their claims prior to April.

Fatal Fires in Hungary.

PESTH, March 30.—A number of fires occurred in Hungary during the prevalence of the gale. At Kikinda 1,500 persons were rendered shelterless and are camping out in the snow. Thirty-eight houses were burned and many lives were lost at Mezobereux.

The Olive Branch.

ROME, March 30.—King John of Abyssinia has proposed terms of peace to General San Marzeno, commander-in-chief of the Italian forces in Abyssinia. General San Marzeno has communicated the proposals to the government.

The Republican Convention.

PETERSBURG, Va., March 30.—The Republican State Convention will be held on May 17.

A Steamer Lost.

BOSTON, March 30.—The steamer *Canonburg* was wrecked at Nantucket. It was valued at $156,000, and is a total loss.

King John Wants Peace.

ROME, March 30.—It was officially announced last night that an Abyssinian officer applied at an Italian outpost for permission to speak with Gen. San Marzeno. The officer delivered a letter from King John asking for peace. The government has instructed Gen. San Marzeno to facilitate a settlement. Overtures made by King John are said to be in a measure due to a great scarcity of provisions amongst his people.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Go to Webb & Feveryear, Deseret Bakery, Main Street, for your Hot Cross Buns to-morrow. d107 1t

PARTIES desiring to sell first mortgage paper can be accommodated by calling on M. H. Sloman, care Salt Lake Land & Trust Co., corner 3rd South and Main Streets. d1w.

WANTED, First Mortgage paper on city property, M. H. Sloman, care Salt Lake Land & Trust Co., corner 3rd South and Main Streets. d1w.

CASH.

Nine cents per pound for re-cleaned Lucern Seed, sacked in seamless sacks, at Idaho Store. J. W. SNELL, Agent. d38t

NAUVOO LEGION ATTENTION

Fall in and buy your Frames, Books, Albums, Views and Bric-a-Brac at Savage's Art Bazar. Bring all your cousins, uncles, aunts and babies and have your *purties* taken, with a high forehead and smiling. Satisfaction given. C. R. SAVAGE, d2w 12 & 14 East Temple Street.

DR. POWELL REEVES,

Who is now at the Clift House, Salt Lake, for a few days, has made some wonderful cures in this country and all through the East. His success is wonderful, and all who suffer with Eye or Ear, Catarrh, Throat or Lung diseases, and all diseases peculiar to women, will do well to call on the great Surgeon while here. Consult him free, at the Clift House, Room No. 8, Salt Lake, Sunday included. d103

HEFFER & SON have removed their Barber Shop from Main to No. 23 E., Second South Street, where the Old Pioneer Barber has lit up with electric light. d95

The "Exposition Universelle de l'art Culinaire" awarded the highest honors to Augostura Bitters as the most efficacious stimulant to excite the appetite and to keep the digestive organs in good order. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, and beware of imitations.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. G. Smith & Co.

Colic.

Persons, and especially children, are subject to this agonizing complaint, which often comes on suddenly in the night and without any previous warning. Simmons' Liver Regulator should always be at hand. A single dose will generally allay the pain. It never fails in giving relief. It is harmless, and can be given with safety to a child of the tenderest age.

If you Would enjoy your Dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for Lucern Seed, at Bailey & Son's Grain Store. 199 tf

The reason Why Acker's Blood Elixir is warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it. For Sale at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

DR. ELLIS R. SHIPP has removed her office to No. 26, West Temple St., two doors south of Valley House. Telephone No. 349. tf

BROWN'S COUGH BALSAM

and Tar Troches are invaluable in every family for Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat.

BROWN'S ARNICA SALVE

is every box warranted for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Old Sores, Piles and Sore Eyes. No cure no pay.

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

has no equal. Stands alone as the *Great Blood Purifyer* and cure for Rheumatism. All Wholesale Druggists sell Brown's Family Medicines. Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, General Agents.

CATARRH IN THE HEAD.

Ely's Cream Balm has done me more good than anything I ever tried. I had the catarrh very bad in my head. It had become chronic and falling into my throat, left bad taste in my mouth. Since I have used two bottles it has stopped all of that. Am ever ready to recommend it very highly.—Wyatt Hoffman, Sergeant Co. G., 25th Inf'ty., Fort Sisseton, D. T.

I cheerfully add my testimony in favor of Ely's Cream Balm as a sure cure for catarrh or colds in the head. ELIZA EDSTROM, Ferndale, Cal.

For strengthening and clearing the voice, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches."—"I have commended them to friends who were public speakers, and they have proved extremely serviceable."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.*

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Manufacturer of Fine Havana Cigars 171 & 173 S. Main Street.

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SALT LAKE THEATRE.

H. B. CLAWSON, Manager.

Two Nights and Saturday Matinee.

Friday & Sat'y, Mar. 30 & 31

Extraordinary Announcement.

Engagement of

EDWIN BOOTH — LAWRENCE BARRETT.

And their Excellent Company.

FRIDAY NIGHT, March 30,

OTHELLO!

Mr. Booth, Iago, Mr. Barrett, Othello.

SATURDAY MATINEE,

HAMLET!

Mr. Booth, Hamlet, Mr. Barrett, Laertes.

SATURDAY NIGHT, March 31,

JULIUS CÆSAR.

Mr. Booth, Brutus, Mr. Barrett, Cassius.

Sale of seats commence Thursday, March 29th.
Prices: Parquette, $3.00; First Circle, $2.00; Second Circle, $1 00; Third Circle, 50 cents.
No extra charge for reserved seats.
Performances to commence at 8 o'clock, sharp.

EXHIBITION.

H. B. YOUNGER,

Will give an exhibition at his Dancing School, at the

Walker Opera House,

TUESDAY EVE. APRIL 3, 1888.

The following will be the programme of dances:

Flower Dance, (arranged expressly by H. B. Younger) danced by Sixteen Couples.
Polka Quadrille, - Twelve Couples.
Highland Fling, - Lucille Young, Afton Young and Alma Katz.
Sailor's Hornpipe, - Chas. Simpson
Scotch Dance, - Katie Williams and Bessie Glendenning.
Fisher's Hornpipe, - Emily Katz.
Highland Fling, - Julia Conklin, Millie Bowman and Jean Groo.
Coquette Pastorale, - Margaret Park, Nellie Beattie and F. W. Noble.
Cachuca, - Florence Simpson.

ADMISSION:

Parquette and First Circle, - 50 cents
Second Circle, 25 cents.
Tickets on sale at the box office, Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock April 3d.
No extra charge for reserved Seats.
H. B. YOUNGER, Dancing Master.
d1w

NOTICE.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, will be held in the Social Hall, in this City, on Thursday, April 5th, 1888, at 2 p. m., for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting.

THOS. G. WEBBER,
Sec'y. and Treas.

Salt Lake City, March 26, 1888. d105 9t

GRAEFENBERG PILLS.

These PILLS act with great mildness, and may be taken at any time with benefit.

They cure all forms of Malarial Diseases and Fevers, and should be used to stimulate the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action. They are invaluable for Headache, Biliousness and Bowel Complaints.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, 25CTS. PER BOX.

Graefenberg CHILDREN'S PANACEA.

Best Medicine for Children. 25 cents per bottle.

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STOVES, RANGES & HEATERS!

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Of Insertions, Ribbons, Parasols, Lawns, Dress Goods, Etc., for SPRING WEAR.

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DAILY ARRIVING!

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NEW GOODS! NEW STOCK and LOWEST PRICES!

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R. K. THOMAS.

Eagle Emporium!

EXTENSIVE ARRIVALS FOR EARLY

SPRING TRADE!

Shirt Sale!

75 WHITE UNLAUNDRED FOR 50c.
100 " " " 75c.
125 " " " $1.00.

BOYS' SHIRT WAISTS, 25c. EACH.

50 PIECES FRENCH SATEENS,
25c. REGULAR PRICE 40c.

500 Pieces Choice Lawns,
5c. PER YARD.

3000 Pieces Embroideries.

R. K. THOMAS.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS
DIAMOND BRAND
SAFE, ALWAYS RELIABLE. LADIES ASK FOR CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND IN RED AND GOLD METALLIC BOXES, SEALED WITH BLUE RIBBON. TAKE NO OTHER. ASK DRUGGIST FOR CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND. TAKE NO OTHER. INDISPENSABLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. OR INCLOSE 4c (STAMPS) FOR PARTICULARS IN LETTER BY RETURN MAIL. NAME PAPER. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 2,000 SELECTED WRITTEN TESTIMONIALS AND OVER FROM LADIES WHO HAVE USED CHICHESTER ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND PENNYROYAL PILLS WITH SUCCESS. THE ORIGINAL. THE ONLY GENUINE. BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. SEE SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX.

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