DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEE.

Wednesday, June 24, 1896.

CHICAGO CONVENTION FOR SILVER.

Unless there be a considerable rebellion in the ranks of the silver Democrats when the Chicago convention, there can be no longer any doubt that that body will declare for the free coinage of silver. With the new strength that comes with the accession from Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, there are 470 of the elected delegates who are instructed to vote for a free coinage plank and a silver candidate. It is a certainty that nearly 50 more silver delegates will be elected, making about 520 in all. The contention majority is 556, so it is a mere question that the silver element will be in full control. Just what influence the "sound money" Democrats will have in letting delegates from their instructions may not be easy to determine; but on the face of things it does not look as though it could be very extensive, and therefore that the Chicago convention will declare for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Adding in the percentage of "sound money" strength the votes of Wisconsin and New York, the number of delegates not pledged to silver is 325, with not more than 75 others to be added to states yet to elect, even if the gold men win wherever they claim to be able to. This makes the Chicago convention approximately 3 to 1 in favor of free coinage of silver, so far as the count of delegates is concerned. It is safe to believe, however, that after the fine Italian hand of the gold Democrats has got in its work the ratio of majority will be materially reduced; or, if the platform silver all should be unequivocally for free silver, that the gold men will be able to effect the nomination of a straddler to stand upon it.

FROM SLAVERY TO A THRONE.

A telegram from Pekin in the beginning of this week announced the death of the dowager empress of China, the adopted mother of the present emperor.

Empress Tsi Thai has had a remarkable career. Originally she was but a slave, the daughter of a poor family in the suburbs of Canton. It appears that during the Ming rebellion her parents were reduced to the verge of starvation, and it was finally decided to sell the girl, then 15 years of age. She was bought by a wealthy family in Canton, whose head was a Tartar general, a distant relative of the then ruling emperor. The wife of the general was pleased with the girl and gave her the position of favorite maid, and after a while she was adopted as a daughter. A tutor was appointed for her education, and the rapid progress she made in learning exceeded all expectations.

After the close of the rebellion the general received exceptional honors at the hand of the emperor, and in his romance with Chinese custom, he had to bring his sovereign some gift as an acknowledgment of these favors. He presented his adopted daughter to the ruler, and the tutor was included with the gift. The young girl was immediately married. She was the talk of everybody.

In due course of time the good fortune became a sad one for her. She was taken to the court of emperor. Before the emperor died he appointed for her the minister, and she was influenced the board of regents appointed for her, but only seven years old, the ruler of the celestial kingdom. The board herself of the reins and rulers on the government accordingly.

In 1875 the young emperor died and was succeeded in the throne by Kwang Su, son of Prince Kung. In the meantime so few, however, will be government was wholly carried out by the empress.

Those who have followed the events in China during recent years say the success of the new regent emperor has been phenomenal. The dynasty which she assumed control of the government was in a very bad state. In when she left it China had risen to a prominence in Asia unknown in the history. Probably her greatest work was her successfully policy which prevented China from becoming down in surrounding walls and spending it in wasteful rebellion—a folly that was demonstrated in the late war with Japan. But with Kwang Su the Tsi Tsai's name will shine on the pages of history as that of one of the remarkable women of this age. It is know more than favorable circumstances to lift a little slave girl to the throne of a mighty empire.

LEAN'S FRUIT.

The early shackward spring and heavy late frosts were causes of anxiety and great suffering. Fruit, not alone for the cottage more thrifty, and there were many knowing ones who asserted that the fruit crop was practically killed—especially the small fruit. The crop this is coming in now, however, makes a remarkably good showing for a bumper crop. The early is quite so good as in ordinary years, and plums are not a little than connected with the bloom. In parts of the State the falling off in the fruit crop has been considerably, and altogether it is doubtful if the total figures will be very much from the average in normal years. There is one good point to be specially any discouragement that may be mentioned, and that is that any change necessary to qualify is for the future. If Utah fruit growers work as prompt in giving good care to the marketing of their fruit as they are accurate in having good fruit to market, there would be less reason than now to complain.

SAVED THEIR NARROOS.

The St. Louis Post Dispatch pays the following tribute to the men who killed the Illinois convention at that place:

The little band of patriots who refused to go on the rolls of Wall street and the gold syndicate, preferring to serve their constituents with a party which is no longer the party of liberty but of aggression, deserve the hearty admiration of a free people. They are more than a party of principle.

What have these men done? For the sake of principle and of the people whom they represent, they have turned their backs upon a party—once grand, but now debased by a thirty years' reign of error—whose very organization, backed by the money of interests of the country, was able to reward them for wavering and treachery by wealth and position.

They have turned their back upon powerful patronage and trading associations. They face the future, not knowing if it has in store for them anything but labor and harm. They prefer the esteem of consistency and the consciousness of being honest to comparative ease in staying in a party whose entire traditions have been reversed, and which has been sold out, body and soul, to the Shylocks of the world.

They have done a more heroic act than the Twenty-one Democrats who, when revolted in a body, coming indoors and refuse, to take the world as the people's champion.

SPRINKLING AND ASPHALT.

There has been considerable discussion pro and con as to the effect of sprinkling upon asphaltum-paved streets, and it has been freely asserted that the reason why some of the asphalt pavements in this city have been throwing so much wear is because of the excessive amount of water put on them. It is explained by those who take the position that sprinkling wears out the asphalt pavement, that a moderate amount of water, sufficient to lay the dust, does no injury, since it requires a considerable quantity of the liquid to soften the asphalt; but when a large quantity is applied the pavement is not only softened and made more susceptible to the wear of heavy vehicles, but the asphalt is sometimes rotted and destroyed.

The city of Los Angeles, Cal., seems to be having an experience that verifies the description of the case. In consequence thereof the street sprinkling superintendent has reported to the city council his finding that more street sweeping and less sprinkling in that city would be money in the treasury. With the streets well swept and moderately sprinkled, he says the pavements are kept in good repair and in better condition so to dust and dirt than when reliance is placed on a large quantity of water to require the street road. The report points out that while the streets swept every night, and the pavements kept as dry as possible by having them merely dampened instead of saturated by the sprinkling, better service to the people and greater economy to the municipality are attained than is the case where plenty of water are allowed to soften the pavement, rolling the pavement and retarding them to every wheel.

The cost of having the streets kept dry and free from the expense of keeping them in repair is not the sum of actual money. Only a few years ago the Tribune called and spreading the street and road on the asphalt-paved streets could be reduced to a minimum and be used to full satisfactorily, the matter is worthy the attention of the good city fathers.

JURY FOR SOMETIMES.

Judge C. C. Parks, of the United States district court of the western district of Arkansas, will be remembered by some who have resulted in the trial of the Cherokee of the North American Indians, in which he suggested a remedy for the evil of the increase of homicides in the United States. The criminal statistics show that there have been in the country 6,000 homicides during the last six years—an average of 1,217 per year. In the same time there have been 120 legal executions and 1,118 lynchings. In the last year 10,500 persons were killed, or 875 per month, while in Ireland, during the same period, there were 1,000, or one for each month. This shows a fearful increase of the crime which changes life, and it is in it shows the increase that Judge Parker makes his suggestions.

In looking for a chief reason for the increase of crime, the Arkansas judge commits the same error made as Judge Anthony in Dakota and Judge Dooliver Field, I believe, in that he lays the responsibility of the law effecting the civil rights of the colored, the property rights growing out of adjustments between man and man upon contracts, has proved to be regarded as of much more importance than the enforcement of the law which protects the life of the citizen, and that the criminal law and its administration has rather fallen into disgrace, especially in the large cities of the country. You, he says, all must agree it is more important to protect a man's life than it is to a property. If the man's life is destroyed, if the assassin lies into his house and takes away his life, it is a greater deprivation than to deprive him of his house or whatever, or even of all the other property which he possesses. But the administration of law that upholds this position has fallen into disgrace largely because of the correct methods resorted to to defeat the law's administration, and because minute of justice lies in the chasm in the stage of indictment, rather than in the entrance to the stage of crime.

To cure this condition, Judge Parker would have a more rapid vindication of the law through the courts, and in so doing he believes it can be accomplished otherwise. He believes one of the great abuses that leads to the condition complained of is the negligence of courts in not crowding the cases of cases to an early adjudication; and that another is the action of appellate courts which which grant new trials on purely technical grounds, thus practically conspiring with unscrupulous attorneys for the escape of men guilty of the most wicked murders. On this latter point he says: "The action of appellate courts upon cases where crimes have been committed is, in my judgment, of all others the most fruitful cause of the increase of crime. I'm not so much the severity of punishment as it is its certainty which is effective. Let capture be sure and punishment certain, and crime is in a measure destroyed."

As a remedy for the condition, and to check the survival of murder that is developing in a sort of fury for double, treble and quadruple killings, Judge Parker offers the following:

I would remodel the appellate court system. I would organize on the circuit and in the various courts of criminal appeals, made up of judges picked from the criminal bar, and governed by a dozen for its speedy and vigorous enforcement. I would have sent to these courts a full record of the trial, and they should be empowered to pass upon the case as soon as possible, according to its merits, and sentence the guilty or innocence of the accused from the trial and the law in the case decided on the record. I would treat with all indemnities the and not allow the guilt or innocence of the accused. I would not permit doubt as to a trivial record, or any technical plea suggested by cunning minds. I would provide by law against the reversal of cases unless upon their merits thereafter was handled. The guilt or innocence of the jury should be the guide. I would require prompt action on the part of these courts. By the establishment of courts of this kind petty technicalities, in a great measure lost at the present time, would be precluded, and the people would again be taught to depend upon legal protection against crime, and in that way a vigorous support to the courts and juries would be given by the masses of the people looking toward the law's vindication.

There is no question but that the judge's suggestions would be a very effective weapon in securing the desired effect. The general means to advance has been urged over and over again by the western press particularly, but the law that has stood in the way still is likely to do so, viz: the apparent inefficiency which civil selection a great many of those who hold judicial positions and who seem to think that the sense of perfection has been reached in the present system, and therefore disclaim the idea that the courts themselves, by their dilatory procedure, are largely responsible for the increase in heinous crimes.

THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

As figuring on which way the wind that date will go at the November election is coming into vogue, we give a list of the votes which each state is entitled to in the Electoral College. Those interested in politics will find it convenient for reference in their mathematical calculations on presidential possibilities:

Alabama	11	Nebraska
Arkansas	8	Nevada
California	9	New Hampshire
Colorado	4	New Jersey
Connecticut	6	New York
Delaware	3	North Carolina
Florida	4	North Dakota
Georgia	13	Ohio
Idaho	3	Oregon
Illinois	24	Pennsylvania
Indiana	15	Rhode Island
Iowa	13	South Carolina
Kansas	10	South Dakota
Kentucky	13	Tennessee
Louisiana	8	Texas
Maine	6	Vermont
Maryland	8	Virginia
Massachusetts	15	Washington
Michigan	14	West Virginia
Minnesota	9	Wisconsin
Mississippi	9	Wyoming
Missouri	17	
Montana	3	
Total	447	

Necessary to a choice, 224.

It cannot accept the challenge of Hon. Benjamin Harrison for a debate upon the political issue of the day, which would take place in the city of Chicago, if the victory is gained the superiority of his platform strength. In the former part he will find alternative for Harrison as the champion who and he entirely in a party in the latter case he will be entitled to the distinction of a Wilson—another Democratic name for a political.

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE

PRICE SAVING PRICES

50 PE... OF THE

Great American Importing Tea Co.

MONDAY EVENING, STUDIO.

Pinafore at 8 o'clock sharp, Sunday Friday.

EXCURSION RATES EAST

Via the Union Pacific

To Buffalo, N. Y., and return, July 2-3, only $60.55.

To Washington, D. C., and return, July 1-2-3-4, only $47.75.

To Chicago and return, July 1-4-5, only $47.50.

To Milwaukee and return, July 13 14 15, and August 22 and 29, only $45.95.

To Omaha and return, August 13 17-18, only $35.

To St. Paul and return, August 29-30, only $37.

For particulars call at city ticket office, 201 Main street.

Pinafore, Pinafore, Sullair, Friday.

Ayer's Pills produce the natural motion of the bowels, without which there can be no regular, healthy operation. For the cure of indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache, constipation, jaundice, and their consequences, these pills have no equal. Every dose effective.

As many business houses in these United States can boast of fifty years' standing. The medicine of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., whose incomparable Sarsaparilla is known and used everywhere, has passed its half-centennial and was never so vigorous as at present.

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out and premature baldness, is to use the best preparation known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

Opera Pinafore, Sullair, Friday.

Take all your Prescriptions to the old reliable Grove Pill Drug Co.

Pinafore at Sullair, Friday.

Lyceum,

WEEK OF JUNE 22nd.

The well known Dick Ferry comedy in three acts entitled

MULDOON'S PICNIC.

Prices 10c and 20c.

Matinee 10c.

Mid-Summer Carnival

Program now on at the Edison Phonograph and Kinetoscope Parlors, 124 Main street.

The latest instrumental and vocal selections by noted musicians and singers of the world.

10 Captain March ..... Sousa's band
Joan Tell Them That You Love Me ..... Mademoiselle Quarella
Ma Angeline (song) ..... Lois Saunder
One Hour Into Spain Mind Masurka ..... De Jo's Orchestra
She Sigh, Fine With Silence (song) ..... Miss Gaskin
Blessed Crazy at the Circus ..... Russell Hunting
Confession of H. H. Holmes ..... Russell Hunting
She Always Dressed in Black (song) ..... Saint-Germain
Schubert's serenade ..... Jessie's Orchestra
Told Them That I Was You (song) ..... F. W. Myers
Hook Is Off at the Lime Kiln Club ..... Lew Dockstader
Cissy Coating Ha Ha! Russell Hunting
Carmencita, Spanish dancer, in kinetoscope.

Spaying Stock between Corbett and Courtney, in kinetoscope exhibited at Salt Lake Branch Phonograph Parlors.

Weather open—daily selections to show from.

New subjects arriving daily. Any selection on the Phonograph only 5c each.

Main Parlors, 124 Main Street.

Branch Parlors Salmer Block.

Hours 9 to 10 p. m.

ADELLA TUTTLE, Manager.

The Difference

between fresh-roasted tea and stale roasted tea is not tremendous. It is a matter of taste, and it affects health only as far as tastes affects health.

But roasted tea is healthgiving.

Schilling's Best is the only uncolored Japan tea, that we know of in the United States. It is the only tea roasted in the United States.

It is the only money back tea we know of.

Pinafore at Salmer, Friday, Don't

Pinafore at Salmer, Friday, Don't

A Well Dressed Woman

1/3 OFF -ON- LADIES' CAPES -AND- JACKETS. -AND- SILK WAISTS. FOR ONE WEEK

Z. C. M. I.

is receiving and offering daily, all of these:

LADIES' LINEN SUITS. All effects.
LADIES' LAUNDRIED WAISTS. No end to these sizes.
DRESDEN RIBBONS. In Persian effects.
NEW LINE FT. D'LIENE LACES. In Native color.
RUSSIAN CRASH SUITS. Are the latest fad.
SEPARATE LINEN SKIRTS. All shades.
NEWEST SAILOR HATS. For all ages and sizes.
LATEST IN TAN ROLLERY. Plain and fancy.
2-CLASP CHAMOIS GLOVES. White and natural.
LADIES' CANVAS SUITS. Neat, stylish, comfortable.

NO LOWER PRICES EAST OR WEST.

Z. C. M. I.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

Special in Home Made.

15 oz. Light Weight Cloths for Summer Suits Made to Order for

$14.00 FIT GUARANTEED.

Most of the Cloth made into ready-made Clothing is made from Shoddy. We keep a stock of Mens', Youths' and Children's ready-made Clothing, made from Provo Mills all-wool Cassimeres, at cash prices you pay for shoddy goods.

CUTLER BROS. CO.,

36 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

WANTS.

Twenty words for 5 lines inserted under this heading, once for 10c, twice for 20c, one week for 50c, one month for 100c per line. No ad taken for less than 10c. Words of more than 5 lines same proportionate rate. Advertise and get results.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

GOOD GENTLE FAMILY HORSE, 403 West Second south street.

A CHAMBERMAID AT ONCE. APPLY Young's Hotel, 251 Main street.

500 NEW TO BUY HORSE MADE ... Williams, 234 Main street.

CONVERSATION DESIRED TO EXCHANGE ... Address Box 302 Weekly Herald, Salt Lake.

MEN ON SALARY, FORMER EXPER... Address Advertisement, Box 1, Herald Co.

WIDOW CONFECTIONERY AND ICE ... Your patronage solicited.

DON'T FORGET THE UTAH QUEEN 4 ... Temple.

TOURISTS TO GET BOURON TEMPLE ... Salt Lake City.

A GOOD RELIABLE MAN TO TAKE ... Herald.

EVERYBODY TO BUY THE BEST ICE ... Wasatch.

WANTED—ADVERTISERS TO ORDER ... Herald.

500 LACES IN ORAYON AT H. S. ... Herald.

GENTS CLOTHING CLEANED, PRESSED ... Herald.

CHEAPEST, BEST PLACE TO BUY AND ... Herald.

A GIRL FOR NORTH SOUTH CAST ... Herald.

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN TO ... Herald.

EVERYBODY TO BUY THE BEST ICE ... Herald.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNI... Herald.

EVERY OWNER OF A HORSE TO PU... Herald.

MONEY DRILLS TO MAKE AND ... Herald.

WANTED—HELP.

PRETTY & HERRELMAN'S EMPLOYMENT Agency, Rm. 215, Main Street, Opposite Clifton House and Postoffice. Office hours, 7 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Any business matter in life.

WANTED—AN AGENT

IN EVERY SECTION, TO CARVASS, SOLIC... Herald.

A GENTLE FAMILY HORSE, AGE SIX ... Herald.

GOOD FOLKS TOP DESK, GUTAP, H... Herald.

QUIET, DECENT GIRL IN NICE ... Herald.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS IN EAST ... Herald.

EXCUSE DOGGER AND FOUR DE... Herald.

PEATS WALL PAPER CO., 10 SOUTH ... Herald.

GENUINE FRENCH FRONT TO FIT ... Herald.

ENGINE LATHE, IRON PLANER AND ... Herald.

GOOD WORK AND FOUR-SEATS ROOMS ... Herald.

GOOD STANDING HORSE AND GOOD MO... Herald.

FOUR TREES, ASPEN, TO EACH PERSON ... Herald.

GOOD FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AT 10 E. ... Herald.

MUST BE SOLD.

A NICE 4 ROOM HOUSE ON SIXTH ... Herald.

WANTS.

Twenty words for 5 lines inserted under this heading, once for 10c, twice for 20c, one week for 50c, one month for 100c per line. No ad taken for less than 10c. Words of more than 5 lines same proportionate rate. Advertise and get results.

AUCTION SALES.

WE WILL SELL AT PRIVATE SALE ON ... Herald.

OPTICIAN.

PERFECTLY FITTED GLASSES RELIEVE ... Herald.

STEAM HEATING.

P. A. MORAN—STEAM AND HOT WATER ... Herald.

REPAIRING.

PUNCTURES 25c, SINGLE OR DOUBLE ... Herald.

UTAH CLEANING & TAILORING CO. ... Herald.

ALL KINDS OF STOVE REPAIRS AT A. ... Herald.

FOR RENT.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AT 224 ... Herald.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN THE ... Herald.

FOUND.

LADIES BLACK LACE CAPE. INQUIRE ... Herald.

REMOVALS.

COAL KINDLING, FIRE HOOK SOUTH ... Herald.

PERSONAL.

UTAH STATE DETECTIVE AGENCY ... Herald.

MONEY TO LOAN

GOOD 2 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN ... Herald.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S "Malt-Nutrine"

The food drink. To be had at all druggists. Prepared by

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASSOCIATION, St. Louis, U. S. A.