

# DESERT EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XX.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1887.

NO. 191.

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Three months, .75

## DESERT NEWS:

Published every Wednesday.  
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Six months, 1.25  
Three months, .65

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THE DESERT NEWS CO.,  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HENRY WAGNER,  
SALT LAKE CITY,  
CALIFORNIA BREWERY.

LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER,  
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.  
Second South Street, Three Doors East  
from Main Street.

J. W. SIMPSON,  
Pioneer Calculator.

BROS LEAVE TO INFORM HIS  
friends and the public generally, that  
he still carries on the calculating business  
at his old place, No. 129 W. Temple  
street, just west of Valley House. All work  
entrusted to his care will receive prompt  
attention. Satisfactory work guaranteed.  
Prices to suit the times and patronage de-  
sired.

ANOTHER SHIPMENT  
OF OUR  
Celebrated  
Nudavene  
Flakes.

JUST ARRIVED AT  
G. F. BROOKS',  
No. 26 First South St.

GEO. SAVILLE  
AT  
No. 21 E. Second South St.,  
KEEPS ON HAND  
The Best and Cheapest  
ASSORTMENT OF  
MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES  
IN SALT LAKE CITY.  
ALL HIS OWN MAKE.

LOOK AT THIS:  
M's CALF and KIP BOOTS, made from  
\$6.00 upwards. All Full Stock.  
Men's CALF and KIP SHOES, from \$3.00 up.  
See 1 make a Specialty of REPAIRING,  
Soleing and Heeling Men's Boots and  
Shoes, from \$2.00 up. Other Repairing  
work, such as, all work guaranteed First  
Class, and with dispatch.

STEP IN AT THE  
"PARAGON"  
at One door West of the old  
COUNCIL HOUSE.

THE CHEAPEST, BEST AND  
QUICKEST  
Boot and Shoe Repairing  
IN THE CITY.

DONE WHILE YOU WAIT.  
CENTRAL BRANCH HOUSE  
OF THE  
STUDEBAKER BR'S.

MFG. CO.  
—BUILDS OF—  
FINE CARRIAGES,  
BUGGIES & SPRING WAGONS,  
FARM, FREIGHT,  
Ore and Traveling Wagons.

Fine Harness a Specialty.

ALSO REPRESENTING  
J. I. Case Threshing Machine,  
Steam Engines, Saw Mills  
and Horse Powers,  
McCormick Steel Harvesters,  
and Twine Binders,  
Mowers and Reapers,  
South Bend Chilled Plows,  
Wells Plow Plows,  
Sulky Plows and Harrows,  
Mollingsworth Hay Rakes,  
MACHINE EXTRAS.

33 and 35 Main Street,  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

## NEW YORK TRADE.



This powder never varies. A marvel  
of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More  
economical than ordinary kinds, and  
cannot be sold in competition with the mul-  
titudes of low test short weight, alum or  
phosphate powders.  
Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POW-  
DER CO., 10 Wall Street, New York.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,  
109 Duane St., New York.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON  
SAIL DUCK, "Woodbury," Brand BUL-  
"WOLFE" and other favorite brands, all  
uniform—Hunt, Medium and Soft.

BUCK FOR OVERHAULS, OIL, GROW DOWN IN THE GARD  
COTTON, ANY SIZE, all numbers—14 to 15  
inches wide for Deck, Car, Truck and  
Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and  
for other purposes, constantly in store and  
made to order.

Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and  
"Eagle," by the Case or less quantity.  
These goods can be obtained at Z. C. M.

HAZARD POWDER  
Office, 63 Pine St., New York.

Constantly on hand a complete stock of this  
well known and justly celebrated  
GUNPOWDER!  
Blasting, Kentucky Rifle,  
Sail Lawns, Duck, Electric Fuse

For sale at wholesale and retail by all the  
leading stores in the Territory, and by  
wholesale only by J. W. Sanders & Co.,  
Agents, Salt Lake City.

The Halber & Schoen Furn. Co.  
PARLOR FURNITURE & LOUNGES,  
205 & 207 S. Central St.,  
CHICAGO.

Send for Catalogue and Price List  
For sale at the principal stores throughout  
the Territory.

KIRK'S  
WHITE  
RUSSIAN  
SOAP

The only brand of Laundry Soap  
awarded a first class medal at the  
New Orleans Exposition. Guaranteed  
absolutely pure, and for general  
household purposes is the very best.

WATSON BROS.,  
Stonemasons and Builders.

Tomstones, Monuments, Mantels, Iron  
Mantels, Grates and Hearth Stones.  
278 & 1290 SOUTH TEMPLE ST.  
Opposite Assembly Hall.

PHYSICIANS.  
MINISTERS, VOCALISTS, PUBLIC  
speakers and the professions gen-  
erally recommend SANTA ABIE as the best  
of all medicines for all diseases of the  
THROAT, CHEST, LUNGS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.  
See that the Trade Mark SANTA ABIE is  
on every bottle. Satisfaction guaranteed or  
money returned by all druggists.

BETTER THAN GOLD!  
GREEN'S  
LUNG RESTORER

THE  
KING  
OF  
CONSUMPTION

\$5000 REWARD \$5000.  
For a cure of more than 100 cases of  
the CATARRH, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS,  
Tramp, Whooping Cough and Asthma.  
Frothing the LUNGS, the CATARRH,  
DOUGHER COUGHS. Not a Secret Compound.  
Furnished to the public at 25¢ per bottle.

GOOD FAMILY.  
aged about 32, and engaged in busi-  
ness. He had quarreled with his wife  
and she left him, going to the home of  
her parents, who were living there, and  
on her refusing to return to him, he  
shot her dead. She was kneeling with  
her hands in her arms imploring him  
not to shoot.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 7.—Simon Coy, a  
local politician, was one of the  
served by the indicted grand jury  
in connection with the tally-sheet  
fraud at the late election, was to-day  
arrested by the police and placed in  
jail. This action is understood to be  
part of a plan adopted by the  
indicted men to have the law applied  
to Judge Graham for a release on a  
writ of habeas corpus.

RIOTOUS DOINGS.  
Uniontown, Pa., July 7.—At 5  
o'clock this evening a report reached  
here from the sheriff at West Leisen-  
burg that a riot had occurred and  
four strikers had been killed and  
others badly injured. The news  
was given out and the excited Hun-  
garians went wild. There being no  
wire to the West Leisenburg, it was  
necessary to send a special mes-  
senger, and when he returned with  
the news that no trouble had occurred,  
it was too late to send word to the  
outside where the Hungarians  
were ready to take the warpath. They  
will, it is feared, cause trouble to-  
night or in the morning as they think  
that fighting has begun. They are par-  
ticularly incensed at the presence of  
the Pinkerton men and say they will  
fight to the death before being evicted  
from their homes.

Baden Beats the U.S.  
New York, July 7.—Judge Wallace  
to-day in the United States Circuit  
Court gave a decision in the case of  
the United States against General

## GENERAL NEWS.

A Few Items of Importance from  
the Capital.

A TERRIBLY SEVERE EXPLOSION.  
Badeau Beats the Government in  
a Lawsuit.

A CONDENSED CHAPTER OF CRIMES AND  
CRIMINALS.

CHINA AND JAPAN NEWS—THE RAIL-  
ROADS, ETC.

By Telegraph to the News.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The State De-  
partment has received no information  
regarding the reported massacre of the  
Chinese in Idaho Territory. The  
Chinese legation is equally ignorant.

The civil service examination  
in regard to the reported massacre of the  
Chinese in Idaho Territory, has been  
ordered for Wednesday, July 13th,  
next. There are ninety-three  
clerks of these grades to be examined.

The Assistant Secretary of the In-  
terior to-day rendered a decision.

DECISION.  
In the Fort Boise (Idaho) Military  
Reservation case, which is important  
as involving the question of the right  
to reserve land for military purposes,  
public lands not authorized by an  
act of Congress. The case briefly  
stated is as follows: In 1873, the  
President made a reservation of 640  
acres for Fort Boise, Idaho. After-  
wards, on September 15, 1874, he put in  
the reservation 180 acres adjoining for  
the purposes of said fort. On April  
19th, next, there was a discovery of  
gold on the latter tract and applied to  
the control of the Secretary of the Interior  
for disposal. In 1880 certain settlers  
located on the latter tract and applied to  
take it up under the homestead laws.  
The commissioner of the general land  
office rejected their claims on the  
ground that the land was held in reser-  
vation. Secretary Lamar in his

DECISION REVERSES  
that decision and awards the land to  
the settlers. The decision is based on  
the act of February 14, 1883, which  
limits the amount that may be re-  
served for a fort to 100 acres. The  
President had no authority to put in  
the reservation of 180 acres greater  
than that fixed by Congress; that the  
excess over that amount is subject to  
the disposal of the general land laws,  
notwithstanding the order declaring  
the reservation.

A valuable collection, numbering  
more than 10,000 objects illustrating  
the habits and accomplishments of pre-  
historic man, and the progress of the  
open to public exhibition in the  
Smithsonian Institute to-day. They  
were gathered from the debris of the  
residence abroad, by Thomas Wilson, ex-  
Consul at Nice, and by his wife.

File.  
DENVER, Colo., July 7.—A Lamar  
special to the Republican: The whole-  
sale drug house of M. S. Pearce was  
destroyed by fire last night. Loss, \$150,000.  
Insured \$80,000. Spontaneous  
combustion.

Terrible Explosion.  
ARLINGTON, N. J., July 7.—An ex-  
plosion occurred in the Celanese Man-  
ufacturing Company's works this  
morning. A Swede, named August  
Ornala Munchore, was instantly  
killed. About twenty others were in-  
jured, none fatally. The works were  
destroyed. Loss \$50,000. A number of  
stores and houses were damaged and  
the people thrown in the house. The  
force of the explosion. The loss in  
town cannot be estimated yet. Two  
persons were killed and several others  
wounded. The company makes col-  
lars, cuffs, knives and other articles  
of iron. The explosion was caused by  
the careless handling of gun  
cotton by one of the employees. Dis-  
cussion to-day was torn and thrown  
into a neighboring field. Miss A. S.  
Mitchener was another victim. She  
was pinned down by the debris of the  
demolished building and burned to a  
crisp by the fire which followed the  
explosion. Fifty or more other  
employees were more or less seriously  
injured but not fatally.

Criminal Cases.  
HUNTSVILLE, Ala., July 7.—This  
morning, when Jim Anderson, colored,  
assistant jailer, went into the cell of  
Reed Townsend to carry him his  
breakfast, Townsend sprang to the  
door, seized an iron bar and struck  
him, and beat him to the ground. The  
convict had a grudge against the keeper.

PORTLAND, Or., July 7.—Oscar M.  
Kitty, who shot and killed his wife at  
McCoy, Folk about and six weeks  
ago, was taken from jail at the Dallas  
at 2 o'clock this morning by a mob  
and hanged. There were threats of  
lynching and

A STRONG GUARD  
had been placed on the jail, but the  
sheriff, thinking the excitement had  
died out, disbanded the guard. The  
mob came and forced their way  
into the jail, taking about half an  
hour to do so. They killed the guard  
and took him to his cell, when they  
took him out and hung him to a tree  
near by in the court house. They  
then went to the jail and took out  
Kitty and hung him to a tree near by  
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THE CHINESE VALLEY FLOODED FOR  
FIFTY MILES.  
A dispatch dated Tombstone, A. T.,  
July 1, says: Captain Coy, a well  
known Tombstone miner, who re-  
turned yesterday from a prospecting  
tour in the Santa Ritas, reports a ter-  
rible waterpout on the Valley ranch,  
near the Santa Ritas. Coy says he  
saw the waterpout and saw his horse  
and cow being carried away by the  
water. Monday afternoon a violent  
thunderstorm came down the Chino  
Valley, which at this point is fully  
one-half mile in width, and Captain  
Coy says the water was fully 15 feet  
deep.

This terrible ocean was the result of  
a cloudburst high up in the mountains  
and was sweeping along in its  
remorseless embrace everything in its  
wake. The valley is covered  
usually with cattle, which were taken  
by the rush of water and borne  
down by the water. Some were  
upon the high banks. Immediately after  
the water had ceased to be danger-  
ous, Mr. Coy and his men went forth  
to see the damage done to their herds  
and the first day they discovered over  
200 animals had been killed. Coy  
assured that his loss will reach 200  
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have come upon the valley from the  
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hausted itself.

This is the second waterpout that  
has occurred in that section this sea-  
son, both of them doing great  
damage.

Patient—"Why do you watch the  
thermometer on the wall so closely?"  
Nurse—"Because the doctor said if  
the temperature rises, I should give you  
the quinine."

"Why are poets called bards?"  
asked Mr. Swillings. "Really, I don't  
know," replied Squibb; "do you?"  
"No," replied Swillings. "I have  
productions are so often barred out of  
the papers."

A German went into a restaurant,  
and as he took his seat, an Irish waiter  
came up and bowed politely. "Will  
you please," said the waiter, "order  
some food?" "What do you want?"  
asked the German. "I want the Ger-  
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lucky if you get three."

## SCARCITY OF WATER.

No Sprinkling Allowed Between  
Eight in the Morning and Six  
in the Afternoon.

To the Water Takers:  
The extremely low stage of water in  
City Creek renders it necessary that  
special attention be given at this sea-  
son to the following provisions of the  
ordinance in relation to waterworks:

Sec. 11. If any water taker shall  
waste water, or allow it to be wasted  
by negligence, such as imperfect stops,  
or valves, or leaky joints, or pipes, or  
allowing tanks to leak or to overflow,  
or wastefully run it through basins or  
other apparatus, or use the water for  
purposes other than those for which  
they have paid, or in violation of the  
rules and regulations for controlling  
the water supply, and the provisions  
of this ordinance, he shall be liable to  
a fine of not to exceed twenty-five dol-  
lars for each offense, and the water  
may be cut off from such water taker,  
and all payments forfeited, unless such  
persons shall promptly pay such addi-  
tional charges as may be imposed by  
the superintendent.

Sec. 12. If any water taker shall  
use only for the purpose paid for,  
and no sprinkler shall be used for  
the purpose of watering lawns, or  
sidewalks, streets, or windows, or  
for any other purpose, except between  
the hours of 6 p. m. and 8 a. m. during  
the months of July and August. No no-  
tice for sprinkling shall be larger than  
one-fourth of an inch in diameter, and  
no sprinkling shall be allowed except  
in connection with other water service.  
The efficiency of the water service  
demands that these provisions shall be  
strictly enforced. Notice is hereby  
given to all water takers.

GEORGE M. OTTINGER,  
Superintendent of Waterworks.

THE PARCEL ESTATE.  
CINCINNATI, July 7.—Judge Goehlot  
in the Probate Court to-day an-  
nounced the result of his investigation  
into the estate of J. B. Mann and his  
bondsmen, assignees of the es-  
tates of Bishop Parcell and his brother,  
Father Edward Parcell. He found  
that Mann had invested in bonds and  
stocks for his private benefit and not  
for the benefit of the estate; that he  
was entitled to no compensation for  
services as assignee, and that he and  
his bondsmen, Messrs. John Holland,  
Charles Stewart and Michael Walsh,  
owe to the Edward Parcell estate \$18,000,  
and that Mann and his bondsmen  
owe to J. B. Parcell's estate \$236,500.  
Judge Hoadley, one of the sureties, has  
been released on the payment of \$25,000.

China and Japan News.  
SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—The steam-  
ship City of Sydney, arrived to-day  
from Hong Kong and Yokohama, hav-  
ing sailed from the latter point June  
21st. Her mail advices show that all  
the German officers in the Chinese  
service with their exceptions, will re-  
turn on the completion of three years'  
service.

The Japanese government has de-  
cided to build three new  
war vessels.

WAR VESSELS.  
of round shape, to cost \$2,000,000 each.  
These are in addition to the seven  
masted-of-war to be built in France and  
England, and to be completed before the  
year 1890.

The Japan Gazette publishes advice  
from London that the Chinese  
party is practically in the ascendant in  
the cabinet, and that the Chinese  
party is demanding that the country be  
closed to foreign intercourse, and  
that western innovations, includ-  
ing telegraph, electric lights,  
mills, powder factories, and the  
college for the study of the English  
language, be abolished. It is added  
that the government is so weak that it  
has no influence and is unable to en-  
force its policy, and that a hundred or  
so miles outside the capital.  
So long as China affects to hold  
sovereign rights.

OVER COREA.  
the claim is made that peace and pros-  
perity cannot exist, as such a con-  
nection is certain to cause jealousy  
and possible invasion on the part of  
other powers, Russia in particular.  
The liberal party, however, is still a  
strong factor in the country, and the  
decision is made that the King's  
appeal to the treaty powers to assist  
in throwing out the Chinese bonds.  
The government of Corea has lately  
entered into a contract for the pur-  
chase of two iron steamers and a  
steam launch to be constructed in Ger-  
many.

The Railroads.  
OATWA, July 7.—The action of the  
Imperial House of Commons on the  
China mail contract has caused very  
little disappointment here, as the im-  
perial government has promised am-  
ple pecuniary support to the Canadian  
railroad, and the Chinese amount  
will be voted by the dominion govern-  
ment.

It is understood the dominion gov-  
ernment will not entertain the pro-  
posal for the purchase of the inter-  
colonial line, and the effect of the  
construction of the short line through  
the State of Maine has been ascer-  
tained.

THE FOURTH SECTION.  
New York, July 7.—A Washington  
special says: The decision of Judge  
Deady in Oregon, with reference to  
the loan and connection, and the  
pates what is understood here as the  
action of some of the leading railroad  
companies of the country. It is  
understood in railroad circles that the  
transcontinental lines will act in ac-  
cord with the decision of Judge Deady,  
and the indications are that by the  
time Congress meets, what the framers  
of the law consider.

It will be for the courts to decide what  
the final result will be. The case is  
so ambiguous, the members of the  
commission say they cannot under-  
stand the chief section of the act.

AN ARIZONA WATERPOUT.  
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party is practically in the ascendant in  
the cabinet, and that the Chinese  
party is demanding that the country be  
closed to foreign intercourse, and  
that western innovations, includ-  
ing telegraph, electric lights,  
mills, powder factories, and the  
college for the study of the English  
language, be abolished. It is added  
that the government is so weak that it  
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force its policy, and that a hundred or  
so miles outside the capital.  
So long as China affects to hold  
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OVER COREA.  
the claim is made that peace and pros-  
perity cannot exist, as such a con-  
nection is certain to cause jealousy  
and possible invasion on the part of  
other powers, Russia in particular.  
The liberal party, however, is still a  
strong factor in the country, and the  
decision is made that the King's  
appeal to the treaty powers to assist  
in throwing out the Chinese bonds.  
The government of Corea has lately  
entered into a contract for the pur-  
chase of two iron steamers and a  
steam launch to be constructed in Ger-  
many.

The Railroads.  
OATWA, July 7.—The action of the  
Imperial House of Commons on the  
China mail contract has caused very  
little disappointment here, as the im-  
perial government has promised am-  
ple pecuniary support to the Canadian  
railroad, and the Chinese amount  
will be voted by the dominion govern-  
ment.

It is understood the dominion gov-  
ernment will not entertain the pro-  
posal for the purchase of the inter-  
colonial line, and the effect of the  
construction of the short line through  
the State of Maine has been ascer-  
tained.

THE FOURTH SECTION.  
New York, July 7.—A Washington  
special says: The decision of Judge  
Deady in Oregon, with reference to  
the loan and connection, and the  
pates what is understood here as the  
action of some of the leading railroad  
companies of the country. It is  
understood in railroad circles that the  
transcontinental lines will act in ac-  
cord with the decision of Judge Deady,  
and the indications are that by the  
time Congress meets, what the framers  
of the law consider.

It will be for the courts to decide what  
the final result will be. The case is  
so ambiguous, the members of the  
commission say they cannot under-  
stand the chief section of the act.

AN ARIZONA WATERPOUT.  
THE CHINESE VALLEY FLOODED FOR  
FIFTY MILES.

A dispatch dated Tombstone, A. T.,  
July 1, says: Captain Coy, a well  
known Tombstone miner, who re-  
turned yesterday from a prospecting  
tour in the Santa Ritas, reports a ter-  
rible waterpout on the Valley ranch,  
near the Santa Ritas. Coy says he  
saw the waterpout and saw his horse  
and cow being carried away by the  
water. Monday afternoon a violent  
thunderstorm came down the Chino  
Valley, which at this point is fully  
one-half mile in width, and Captain  
Coy says the water was fully 15 feet  
deep.

This terrible ocean was the result of  
a cloudburst high up in the mountains  
and was sweeping along in its  
remorseless embrace everything in its  
wake. The valley is covered  
usually with cattle, which were taken  
by the rush of water and borne  
down by the water. Some were  
upon the high banks. Immediately after  
the water had ceased to be danger-  
ous, Mr. Coy and his men went forth  
to see the damage done to their herds  
and the first day they discovered over  
200 animals had been killed. Coy  
assured that his loss will reach 200  
head. Cows are yet engaged in  
skinning and the water must  
have come upon the valley from the  
cloudburst at Pangua before it ex-  
hausted itself.

This is the second waterpout that  
has occurred in that section this sea-  
son, both of them doing great  
damage.

Patient—"Why do you watch the  
thermometer on the wall so closely?"  
Nurse—"Because the doctor said if  
the temperature rises, I should give you  
the quinine."

"Why are poets called bards?"  
asked Mr. Swillings. "Really, I don't  
know," replied Squibb; "do you?"  
"No," replied Swillings. "I have  
productions are so often barred out of  
the papers."

A German went into a restaurant,  
and as he took his seat, an Irish waiter  
came up and bowed politely. "Will  
you please," said the waiter, "