# THE CONSTITUTION.

## The People Soon to Say What They Will Do With It.

### VIEWS OF LEADING CITIZENS.

### How the Chairmen of the Republican and Democratic State Committees Express Themselves.

The fact that the people of Utah have been given a State Constitution and that election day is so rapidly approaching brings to mind the further fact that they will soon be required to express their views as to what should be done with it. News reporters were detailed to get a few opinions from leading citizens on the question and this is what they said:

CHAIRMAN CANNON STRONG FOR IT.

Chairman George M. Cannon, of the Republican State central committee, said on the subject today:

"As a Republican and as a resident of Utah, I am for statehood and shall work for same with every power I have. The Constitution to be adopted is a plain safeguard against the extension of the debt creating power of the State and the rate of taxation. The adoption of this instrument will remove any fear on these subjects. The saving to be derived from Statehood far outweighs any disadvantages that may come from the increased expense. Our growth will be much quicker under Statehood than within two years with prudence and care the rate of taxation need be no higher than the present Territorial requirements. Both political parties are pledged to contain the Constitution, and in my opinion the vote on it will show a majority in favor of the adoption of 25,000 votes at the very lowest calculation.

"The advantage that will come to Gentile interests alone would more than offset any objection that could be raised on the score of cost. With two more western men in the Senate, and with the Senate so nearly divided as at present, the prospects for the white capital would be immeasurably improved. In addition we shall be able to get appropriations for public buildings and for other purposes from the national treasury that we cannot obtain under territorial form of government. Every Republican as well as every one who wishes to see our Territory prosper and grow should stand firmly for the adoption of the Constitution."

JUDGE POWERS SAYS VOTE "YES."

Judge Powers, chairman of the Democratic State committee, when asked to express his views, did so in the following language:

"If there is anything that I can say that will induce any person to vote for the Constitution, I desire to advance that thought.

"Those who fear that with statehood there will be religious influences exerted that will control our politics, I think, are unnecessarily worried, because after all, this matter of church and state is one that must be settled by the people themselves, and even though it should not be determined in this remarkable way, as I hope that it will be by Democratic success, we can as well expect the people under Statehood, as we can under a Territorial form of government. Besides, the people will then be placed upon honor, and to permit any interference of ecclesiastical influence with the State, would be in direct violation of the letter and spirit of the State Constitution.

"I do not consider the argument of increased taxation a tenable one. In the first place, there will be much more as those who oppose statehood assert. With an economical administration, such as Wallace Dickson will be given in the State by John T. Caine as Governor, and those associated with him upon the State ticket, with a careful handling of the enormous amount of land that is given to the new State by the government, by leasing in the lieu of public officers, and paying them salaries, the increase, if any, will be very slight, and the manifest advantages to the citizen in being able to govern himself in his own way in his local affairs, will more than off set any increased expenses.

"The people ought to recognize the fact that local self-government is always at to the English speaking race. The colonies for seven long years waged battle against England in order that they might control and direct their own domestic affairs. They expended blood and treasure. We are only asked upon to meet some of the possible expenses that will be entailed by statehood. Then again, if people are afraid of an increase of taxation, let them vote the Democratic ticket, and thus vote down any probability of legislation being given by the Legislature. It would be better to vote against Statehood, and vote for the Constitution, if it came to me.

"My voice, my vote, my influence, are in support of the State Constitution, and I ask the people to vote for it."

PREMEDITATELY INTERVIEWED.

Charles S. Hatton—I say vote for statehood and freedom.

Colonel John R. Winder—I am emphatically in favor of statehood and propose to vote for it.

Jane Mattis—Having helped to frame the Constitution, I shall certainly vote for it. I can't do otherwise.

Frank K. Gillespie—I favor statehood for the reason that the influx of capital and increased property values will, in a year or two, offset any augmentation of taxes. And with statehood cheap foreign and New York monies can be had and investments made there with which to build up a territory on account of the silver laws and a certain New York statute which prevents the corporations in that state from loaning or investing in states that have repudiated their debts or in territories.

W. G. Van Horn—There are strong points both for and against immediate statehood and people should use their own judgment.

J. E. Dooly—That statehood will result from the coming election is almost certain, notwithstanding the taxes will be increased materially for several years to come.

Commissioner Sherman—I am in favor of the adoption of the Constitution and shall vote accordingly.

General Passenger Agent Burley, Union Pacific—I am in favor of statehood and expect to vote for the Constitution.

Colonel Crane—The culmination of the battle for statehood that the people of Utah have been waiting for years is near at hand and every patriotic citizen would be recreant to his duty as such and as an American should he fail to advocate and vote for that great boon.

Judge Dusenbery, Provo—Whatever trouble we may have under statehood will be absolutely multiplied in Utah should it continue as a Territory. The talk of increased expenses are mainly imaginations of the Motor Queue order.

Judge Norrell—My view of the situation is that recent events make it the absolute duty to work harder than ever for statehood. The manly and courageous stand of the recreant convention, three-fourths of the delegates of which were Mormons, satisfied me that statehood will be all right and that it should come.

EXPENSES UNDER STATEHOOD.

From what it calls a "careful and conscientious source," the Tribune of this morning has the following excellent article:

Much has been said and many circulars have been sent throughout the East, with the evident intention on the part of our Democratic friends to create an impression in the mind of the voter that taxes will be given by increased in case Statehood is given Utah.

This is done with the evident intention of defeating Statehood, and the figures given in the circulars are greatly out of the way of the truth. No one can accurately estimate the difference between the expenses under statehood and that under the Territorial form of government. We give an estimate below which is very much nearer the truth than the circulars put out by the Democrats committee. The estimated increased expenses are marked with a star, and those of territorial government, and the savings by reason of the new Constitution in case of Statehood are given below:

| | |
|---|---|
| Expenses of the Legislature, 21 per day for 60 days | $ 12,600 |
| Incidental expenses of the legislature (which begins every second year) | 10,000 |
| Total | $ 22,600 |
| One-half expenses of same for non-year | $ 11,300 |
| Governor and vice-governor's salary | 5,000 |
| Incidental expenses of these departments | 25,000 |
| Twelve jailers | 24,000 |
| Incidental working expenses of same | 6,000 |
| Support of the penitentiary | 85,000 |
| Salary of county clerks in the Territory (estimated) | 35,000 |
| Salary of tax collectors and sheriffs | 80,000 |
| Total | $268,000 |

Estimated savings to the credit of the county in case of Statehood are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| By the previous abolition of the grand jury system and the institution of the system of juries from 12 to 6, and a reduction in attorneys' salaries | $ 40,000 |
| Savings from fees of one or more clerks, sheriffs, etc., which are put into the treasury | 40,000 |
| Saving by abolition of the judge of probate court and its clerks | 45,000 |
| Fees of the recorder and sheriff turned into treasury | 40,000 |
| Eight million acres of land given the State at 10 per acre, at 5 per cent interest | 400,000 |
| Total | $545,000 |

This statement shows a net saving on account of Statehood of $52,000.

Allow all ordinary expenses which the legislature may enact and which are not accounted for to be $100,000 more, and in that case the increased taxation will not exceed $48,000, or less than one mill on the dollar. This is certainly a small amount for any taxpayer to grumble about.

In case of Statehood it is expected that our population will increase and double inside of five years. The taxable property of the Territory will double inside of five years, and by this means taxes will be decreased in less than five years to an amount much less than we have paid under Territorial law.

Under the new Constitution the output of mining property will be assessed, so that the amount of taxable property will be greatly increased thereby. Under statehood we may expect to see the money of the East will be poured into the State for investment; insurance companies will then do business in a state which they will not do in a territory; loaning companies will loan in a state when they will not loan in a territory; men of large capital will invest in large enterprises in a state when they will not invest in a territory, by this means the people of Utah may expect a gradual but certain increase in the value of real estate, to the building up of manufactories, to the mining and working of mines, so that in a very short time Utah will be one of the richest and most prosperous states in the Union. Let every man vote for statehood.

## JUDGE SMITH DYING.

### He Cannot Live Till Morning—Such is the News from Ogden Late this Afternoon.

The news from Ogden at 3:30 this afternoon in relation to Judge Harvey W. Smith, of the Fourth district court, was to the effect that his condition was growing rapidly worse. At that hour he was breathing very hard and it was said could not live till morning. It was positive the end might come at any minute. His illness was caused by Bright's disease and dropsy of the heart.

## Hallowe'en Pranks.

The fool was abroad last night to pretty strong force. This morning, as a result of the stupid Hallowe'en practice indulged in by small boys who know no better, and larger should-be candidates for the territorial institution at Provo, there were numerous gates removed and carried away, carriage mounts disfigured or overturned and in some instances windows smashed. There were hot receptions to readiness at some quarters, but by some means these places were left severely alone. There were more than one load of salt rammed home last night but never used.

## POLICE COURT.

### A Number of Hallowe'en Mischief Makers Arraigned.

Ten, was the number of often-to-be-tagged last night for malicious mischief and ten it was who were dismissed on that charge in the police court this morning. They were found to all parts of the city by the officers who were detailed to watch the pranks of those who are ever eager to annoy and disturb their fellow creatures, the celebration of Hallowe'en. The names of those brought in last night and dismissed this morning, are as follows: Percy Van Petten, Frank Hime, William Keesse, Earl Weeks, Roy Simmons, Scott Greenhow, Frank Lawrence, Lawrence Beck, Joe Pearson and John Jones. The court gave the boys a gentle admonition to behave themselves in the future and to remember that all citizens and rights which must and would be protected, notwithstanding the loyalty that boys generally wish to show to that memorable evening, Hallowe'en.

The case of Walter Sullivan, charged with obstructing the sidewalk, was dismissed.

Peter Peterson, who was jailed yesterday for drunkenness, was given his freedom.

A. C. Reid was arraigned for the petit larceny of a buggy belonging to J. W. Sullivan and value at $35. A plea of not guilty was entered and bond fixed at $150, the hearing to be one week Wednesday at 2 p.m.

In the case of the city vs. W. R. Mason for a violation of the law of nature, the demurrer and motion of the defendant was overruled, when Judge McDowall, defendant's counsel, entered a plea of not guilty and the hearing was set for Monday next at 2 p.m.

The case of Edward J. Pace, the second-hand dealer, charged with buying goods from persons under 18, was continued until Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 2 p.m.

### Minor Mention.

The shale now being put on the roads of Centerville, Davis county, is said to cost $2.50 per ton in gold.

On Tuesday next the voters of Bountiful, Davis county, are to decide whether or not a portion of the city's area is to be detached and placed under county jurisdiction.

This morning the city bore evidence of the abuse of Hallowe'en Day in reference to the unhinged gates, broken fences, and property injured by youthful vandals during the night.

The other night, at Centerville, Davis county, the granary of Hon. R. H. Roberts was broken into and several sacks of flour stolen. The same night some thief got away with thirty of Mr. Roberts's chickens.

In some of the wards the young people are organizing classes to take up the systematic study of history and other branches of education. The evening classes thus formed are composed of those whose daily employment forbids attendance at school. The members meet at the residence of each in turn. Some work in this connection is in vogue of Mutual Improvement Association.

With the cash taken in at the United States marshal's office today were two five dollar gold pieces in payment of the revenue bill. One was of the coinage of 1895, and the other was coined in 1894. The coin of sixty-one years ago appeared almost as bright and new as that of the present year. The head of liberty was of different design to that in use at present. Another distinction between the two coins was that the denomination of the later one was indicated by "5 D," while the later coinage has "five D."

The officers say that the murderer Coughlin has not been calmed down to any great extent by the fact that month by month is adding to his term for December 10th next. He still has his old style of swaggadocio about him. Would he will undergo a change as the day set for the executive approver remains to be seen.

The case of Hulett vs. Weston, which calls up events of twenty-three years ago, relating to a trust fund of which the late James R. Carter was administrator, was again in court today before Referee F. L. Williams. There was no session of the hearing this afternoon, owing to Mr. Williams being called to Ogden by the illness of Judge Smith.

## GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

### Statement of the Receipts and Expenses for October.

#### A Deficit of Over Six Millions and a Half—Gain in Internal Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The comparative statement of government receipts and expenditures issued today shows the receipts during October to have been:

Customs, $13,773,855; internal revenue, $19,215,563; miscellaneous, $912,309; total, $27,901,728.

The expenditures aggregated $34,503,345, which leaves a deficit for the month of $6,601,677.

One feature of the statement is a gain of over a hundred per cent to the internal revenue receipts over the same month last year, when they were $8,493,455. The gain in customs receipts was $1,810,937. The pension payments last month amounted to $11,590,475, an increase over the same month, 1894, of $837,000.

#### U. P. Securities Deposited.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The reorganization committee of the Union Pacific Railway company announce that the deposit of securities under the plan has been heavy the first day. The amount tendered ranges from $1,000 to $500,000. No official statement of the aggregate amount deposited will not be made until after January 1, 1896.

#### The Nicaragua Canal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The Nicaragua canal commission, through Col. Ludlow, chairman, today submitted the President's report upon the examination of the route of the canal directed by Congress last session. Although the report probably will be withheld from the public until Congress meets, there is good reason for the belief that generally it finds the route and project entirely feasible and worthy of execution. It is believed that changes have been suggested in a few points but not affecting the question of the expediency in any material degree.

#### The Usual Dividend Paid.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—The directors of the Pennsylvania railroad this afternoon declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent cash.

#### Japanese Victory in Formosa.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 1.—The Vladivostok correspondent of the Novoe Vremya telegraphs that the Japanese have captured the island town of Keichi, Formosa. The position of the Black Flags is said to be desperate. The Japanese demand their unconditional surrender.

## COMMERCIAL.

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The stock market opened fairly steady. The breaking of relations between the Panama canal company and the Panama canal company for a joint contract for the operation of the French canal is another in Panama. And of 1 per cent to 7 to.

The volume of business continued very moderate in all stocks, but speculation was at a good tone. Pacific Mail forward to 19½.

The bonds made a fair showing, the only prices of note being a recession from early prices of a quarter and 1/8 in Missouri Pacific.

MONEY, STOCKS, ETC.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Money on call, nominally, 2@3 per cent; last loan, 2½; closed, 2@2½.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.

Cattle—Steady to stronger.
Hogs—Steady.
Sheep—Market steady.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK.

South Omaha, Neb., Nov. 1.

Special Dispatch to the News.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,200; market active.
Hogs—Receipts, 3,400; market active.
Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; market strong.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.

Wheat—November, 69½; December, 70 asked.
Corn—November, 40½; December, 40½ asked.
Oats—November, 19½; December, 19½ asked.
Pork—November, nominal; December, $9.15 asked.
Lard—November, $5.40 asked.
Ribs—November, $4.85 asked; January, $4.17½ bid.
Rye—41.
Barley—35.
Flax—$1.07½.
Timothy—$2.70.

## DEATHS.

FISHER—In this city, October 31, 1895, of old age, Mrs. Kate Fisher, a native of Germany, aged 87 years. Mother of Mrs. William Kirkham and grandmother of Mrs. H. S. Young.

Funeral at 2 p.m. today, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Kirkham, 1 Second street. Friends invited.

TUTTLE—October 31, 1895, in the Twenty-first ward, Salt Lake City, of typhoid pneumonia, Mary Ann Tuttle, late of Swaffham, England, aged 57 years, 3 months and 20 days. Funeral notice later.

Millennial Star, please copy.

ROBERTS—At Riverton, Friday, Nov. 1, 1895, of heart failure, Elizabeth A., wife of John W. Roberts, aged 49 years.

Deceased was born in Wadsworth, Kent, England, Aug. 12, 1846. The family is late of Manchester, England.

Funeral services will be held at 11 a.m. Sunday, Nov. 3, 1895.

Millennial Star, please copy.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

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MOSES THATCHER, Cache.
Governor,
JOHN T. CAINE, Salt Lake.
Congressman,
B. H. ROBERTS, Davis.
Judges of the Supreme Court,
SAMUEL R. THURMAN, Utah.
RICHARD W. YOUNG, Salt Lake.
THOMAS MALONEY, Weber.
Secretary of State,
FISHER S. HARRIS, Salt Lake.
Attorney-General,
V. L. WEEKS, Weber.
Treasurer,
ALMA GREENWOOD, Millard.
Auditor,
GUY C. WILSON, Sanpete.
Superintendent of Public Instruction,
KARL G. MAESER, Utah.
State Senators,
PARLEY L. WILLIAMS.
GEORGE A. WHITAKER.
JOSEPH S. RAWLINS.
CHARLES R. SAVAGE.
OSCAR W. MOYLE.
House of Representatives,
DAVID R. ALLEN.
SULON S. WELLS.
JOHN H. MURPHY.
HEBER BENNION.
HENRY WALLACE.
CHARLES W. PENROSE.
ORRIN P. MILLER.
CHARLES J. PENCE.
JOSEPH E. TAYLOR.
ADAM SPIERS.
County Superintendents of Schools,
OSCAR VAN COTT.
Judges Third Judicial District,
OGDEN HILES, Salt Lake.
ANDREW HOWAT, Salt Lake.
LE GRAND YOUNG, Salt Lake.

CITY TICKET.

Mayor
FRANCIS ARMSTRONG.
Recorder,
EDWARD L. SLOAN.
Treasurer,
GEORGE D. PYPER.
Justice of the Peace,
W. W. GEE.

FOR CITY COUNCILMEN.

First Precinct—F. P. Newell, E. M. Weller, Orson H. Pettit.
Second Precinct—Jefferson Rhodes, George E. Bourne, John Allen.
Third Precinct—Richard P. Morris, Joseph M. Watson, H. J. Hayward.
Fourth Precinct—W. H. Dale, Robert Patrick, Sr., Walter P. Armstrong.
Fifth Precinct—Robert Morris, M. E. Mulvey, George E. Woolley.

LOST.

A PAIR OF GOLD RIM SPECTACLES near the theater, Thursday night. Finder will confer a favor on the owner by leaving same at this office and be rewarded.

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