### last being that of the assassin Pozzi at Belfort in October, 1905. A SUBSTANTIAL SALARY.

A SUBSTANTIAL SALARY. The salary and emoluments of the public executioner are anything but contemptible. M. de Paris has a fixed annual income of 6,000 francs (31,200) to which must be added a further sum of 8,000 francs (\$1,600) for the upkeep of the guillotine. He has four assistants, two of whom are paid 4,000 francs (\$500), and the other two 3,000 francs (\$600) per annum. Then an allowance of 10 francs (\$2) is made to each executioner for ev-ety day that the guillotine is in operaery day that the guillotine is in opera-tion. An important perquisite is the sale of new and second-hand "guillo-tine" cigar cutters, which are tine' cigar cutters, which are much sought after in certain circles. The net annual income of the Deiblers may, therefore, be calculated at 30,000 francs

therefore, be calculated at 30,600 francs (\$6,600). M. Deibler lives in a nice little villa in the rue de Billancourt near the "for-tifs" (fortifications). It is a kind of Swiss chalet in the midst of a garden with a fine acacia overshadowing the gate. You would say, "there lives a philosopher" and you would add, on seeing the spyhole, "a mistrustful one." As soon as the bellhandle at the garden gate is julled, the blinds are let down as by magle-probably by an au-tomatic arrangement. On a closer in-spection you perceive that the gate is protected, doubless as a precaution against a sudden attack on the part of those terrible Parisian hoodiums, the Apaches, for M. Deibler, in the nature of things, must have more enemies than of things, must have more enemies than

WHERE EXECUTIONER LIVES.

Here, then, lives M. Deibler in the bosom of his family when he is not called away by his official duties. This villa, by the bye, has a history. It was purchased by Louis Deibler after he had guillotined Ravachol, when the terror of anarchist vengeance was such that not a landlord in Paris dared to accept the executioner as a tenant. The purchase price was 25,000 frances (5,100), part of which was furnished by the state.

state. Deibler's family consists of madame and a little daughter. Madame was at one time a pretty laundress in the boulevard Excimans—she is still pretty, of course—and they say it was a love match. There is no accounting for tastes tastes.

AT HIS CAFE.

AT HIS CAFE. Among his friends M. Deibler is known as "M. Anatole." The initiated vard Exelmans, but it can readily be imagined that he does not court pub-itisk "execution" very much to hear the may reckon on compensation of some sort of other, but it must not it must not think M. Deibler will have his "execution" very much to hear the may reckon on compensation of some sort of other, but it must not it must not a pension. The regards this workl's goods. M. Deibler is comfortably off. Like a sood porgeois, he has built a six-story house he let out in flats, the rent of which will ensure him a sufficient income. He hear automobile and a bleycle. What mer an automobile and a bleycle.

more can he desire? "There are many worse off than I," he has been understood to say, and most people will agree with him. Yes, the "Widow" is doomed. With her bucket of sawdust she has been costing dear of late. In view of the rarity of executions it has been com-puted that each time she operates she costs the state 10,000 francs (\$2,000). ALPHONSE LE BRUN.

SLUGGISH LIVER A FOE TO AM-BITION.

Yon can not accomplish very much if your liver is inactive as you feel dull, your eyes are heavy and slight exertion exhausts you. Ortho Laxative Fridt Syrup stimulates the liver and bowels and makes you feel bright and active. Ortho Laxa-tive Fruit Syrup dees not nauseate or pripe and is mild shd very pleasant to take. Ortho is more effective than pills or ordinary catharties. Refuse substi-tutes. Sold by F. J. Hill Drog Co.



What Uncle Sam Does at These Establishments.

One of the most beneficent branches of work conducted by the national government aims to strengthen the fishing industries and promote a supply of cheap aquatic food, while incidentally who nominated Lord Cromer's succes-

for the hatcheries. The government now raises all the leading varieties of fish found on the coast, and in the in-land waters, upward of fifty in num-ber, and of late has given much atten-tion to cattlab tion to catfish. All of the catfish given away in 1905 had been carried along to the finger-ling stage. Nearly half a million of them were raised for distribution. The

Ralph S. Tarr, of Cornell University, an authority on physical geography and a seismologist of high repute, who, in the current number of Leslie's Weekly, explains the causes of earthquakes and defines the regions of violent seismic activ-Ities. A page of photographs showing reother important groups of fingerlings and yearlings were black spotted trout markable earthquake effects heightens the ression produced by this interesting and informing essay. Other noteworthy illustrations of the issue include pictures of the devastation wrought by the recent typhoon at Hongkong; T. Dart Walker's drawing on the front, representing an ad-

weather; snap shots of the Naval Arel-emy-Princeton football game at Ana-polis; glimpses of the immense \$5,00% emy-Princeton football game at Anap-polis; glimpses of the immense 35,000 irrightion works which the government is constructing in the arid section of the west; and the photo-context dispars. The illustrated-letterpress features is clude articles by Eleanor Franklin, es it American women in Londen; Harris Quimby, on the struggles and triangh of the popular actress, Rose Stabil Rela-Grant, on the training of animals for the stage; and Mrs. C. R. Miller, on set

## (Continued from page seventeen.)

EMPIKE KULEKS

**REAL BRITISH** 

of the British empire. They are assist ants-go-hetweens perhaps of those who crave favors through the women

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#### "PITCHFORKED" INTO POSITION.

It is in the country houses of Eng-land that hundreds of society men are pitchforked into lucrative government positions or promoted in the services. Nothing is too small for the coterie of leaders; nothing too big for these clever, brilliant women to attempt. Two notable cases, one of each kind,

may here be mentioned. The most important event decided in a country house intrigue was the depo-sal of Lord Curzon of Kedleston from the viceroyalty of India. He was driven to resignation, Jealously of his beautiful American wife swning the bal-ance against him, although it was rec-ognized that he was India's best vice-

Perhaps the most flagrant case of Perhaps the most flagrant case of pitch-forking by the women rulers was the minor case of the son of Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood. He was a captain in an insignificant regiment, and had not especially distinguished hinself outside of drawing rooms, al-though he saw service on the staff dur-me the floer work thus day he was made through he saw service on the staff dur-ing the Boer war. One duy he was made major of the Tonth Hussars. This, the crack hussar regiment of the British army, almost multipled to a man over the appointment. Major Wood was, lifted over the heads of many capitains, Relate this to the ordinary person who knows of the rules and regulations of the army and he will tell you such a thing cannot be done. Yet it was done and has not been undone.

#### HARD BATTLE FOUGHT OUT.



chief of the home station, and giving him full command of not alone the channel fleet, the home squadrons of Ireland and Scotland, but also of the Atlantic fleet, week at that. And a host of devouring office or honor seekers are watching the game. For the petticoats are rustling. CHARLES BYNG-HALL. week at that.

#### PETTICOATS OF THE ARMY.

Fisher was told to go ahead "for the

benefit of the service" and he would be

supported. So the next day there ap-

peared an admiralty order appointing

Recently the petilicoats have again turned their attention to the army. Lord Kitchener's term as commander-in-chief in India will be up next your. Diplomats and soldiers who have the army's interest at heart are trying to have the annointment extended for ORD. We do not know of a single instance where a cough or cold resulted in pneu-monia, or consumption when Foley's Hon-cy and Tar had been taken. It cures coughs and colds perfectly, so do not take chances with some unknown preparation which may contain opiates, which cause constipation, a condition that retards re-covery frem a cold. Ask for Foley's Hon-ey and Tar and refuse any substitute of fered: Sold by F. J. Hill Drug Co. HARD BATTLE FOLGHT OUT. It was only a few weeks ago that a trible battle was fought out in court we dent and merit the vacaft was to be provided in the particular as the dent as the provided in the provide

sor in Egypt, not the foreign minister, encouraging sport. For these purpos-The country house season is on now es it has in operation thirty-two sta--royalty, cabinet ministers, generals, tions at which the eggs of fish are

#### HEIRESS SEARCHING WORLD FOR LOVER.

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(6,388,031), brook trout (1,083,454), crap-ple and strawberry bass (859,592), large mouth black bass (713,111), and sunfish

mouth black bass (713,11), and sunfish (447,908). The government also gave away (mostly as fry) 398,899,170 pike perch, 329,385,000 whitefish, 203,356,000 catfish, 144.779,236 yellow perch, 169,557,-000 cod, 115,214,000 lobsters, 117,681,188 chinook saimon (mostly in eggs), 122,-040,000 lake herring, 41,324,735 lake trout and 33,237,000 shad (mostly fry). The first consideration in the distri-tution of the product of the hatcheries is to rake ample return to the waters from which eggs have been collected. The remainder of the fish are sent to applicants throughout the country for stocking state waters, fishing preserves, private ponds and streams, etc., and are delivered free of charge to the ap-plicant at the railroad station nearest the point of deposit. In 1905 4,908 such applications were received, an increase the point of deposit. In 1905 4,908 such applications were received, an increase of 15 per cent over the previous year, and a demand so far in excess of the resources of the bureau that many applications had to be continued on file, to be filled from the succeeding year's stock. The output, especially of black bass (both large mouth and small mouth) crannic and the ceffshes of black bass (both large mouth and small mouth), crapple and the catfishes, was inadequate, although many more of these fishes were produced in 1905 than in any previous year .- N. Y. Trib-

## THE CAUSE OF EARTHQUAKES.

To not persons it will seem a surpris-ing statement that somewhere on the globe an earthquake, of greater or less intensity, occurs during every hour of

stage; a drill at the manship drill at the M. Davies Ogden lowe'en poem. In lowe'en poem. In tangency, "Jasper" tringency, "Jasper" advises caution the stock market, and gives his usual Hable hints to would-be fortune makers

#### A SALMON LADDER IN SCOTLAND.



Salmon culture is carried on in a thoroughly scientific manner in Sec and most gratifying results are obtained. The picture shows a salmon ladder in a Sutherlandsbire river. The ascent of many of the Scotch streams has been made so difficult by weirs that these ladders are constructed so that the fish may get to their spawning ground. A salmon can leap six or eight feet and can thus make its way up the river.



# ALBRECHT BECKED to lure Becker to his old sweet-heart's side. Mr. Paul, who is wealthy, is said to have discouraged young Becker's attentions to his daughter. Another odd twist is giv-en to the affair by the announce-ment that Baron von Razkolski, a Russian nobleman, is a suitor for Miss Paul's hand. Becker was last traced to Florida, where the trail was lost. Miss Paul is at present in Europe. Much interest will follow her search. Europe. M her search.

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NO CASE OF PNEUMONIA ON REC.

ORD.

hatched, and something like one hun-dred more where eggs are collected. The report for 1905 shows that the principal work was the distribution of fry. The number of fish that had reached that stage of development and were given away was a billion and a third-1.337,371,138, to be exact. Next in order was the distribution of eggs, which amounted to 410,480,175. What are called finerlings, yearlings and adults were so distributed to the num-ber of 11,623,726.