TELEGRAPHIC.

ITALY CALMER NOW.

All Europe Recovering From a Dangerous Crisis.

GEN. BARATIERI TO BE TRIED.

British Troops Advance Up the Nile—Necessary to Strengthen European Prestige in Africa.

ROME, March 13.—Out of the storm of popular anger which swept over Italy when the news of the defeat of the army under Gen. Baratieri reached here, little remains but a feeling of great resentment against the Italian commander. All rioting has ceased. The reservists, who fled from the country sooner than go to Africa at the call of the government for the class of 1872, are returning, and it is not believed any steps will be taken to punish them.

The conferences which have taken place here recently between the Marquis di Rudini, the new premier, and the Duke of Sermoneta, their predecessor with King Humbert and the constant exchange of telegraphic messages between this city and the German capital, have been concordant with the meetings in Berlin of the Austrian minister of foreign affairs, Count Goluchowski, the German foreign minister, Baron Marschal von Bieberstein, the Italian ambassador to Germany, Count Lanza di Rasca, and the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, supplemented by audiences with Emperor William.

Out of all these exchanges of views it is believed has grown a more healthy tone of affairs for all Europe. The German emperor is understood to have been somewhat if not entirely weaned from his longings for closer relations with Russia, and a possible alliance of the three empires, and the attitude of Germany towards Great Britain, it is anticipated, will undergo a change for the better. This is due to the fact, according to report, that Great Britain, when the situation was continued to her from Berlin, before the arrival there of Count Goluchowski, promised loyal support to Italians in the emergency, and took steps to order an advance up the Nile from Wady-Halfa, towards Dongola, of a strong column of British-Egyptian troops to act as a diversion and prevent the concentration of the natives for a joint attack upon the Italians. An Italian loan, it is further stated, could have been floated in London, and the half-pledged support of Great Britain to the Dreibund, a support between hesitating little else than an irritating uncertainty, is removed to have developed into a much more cordial and solid understanding with the powers forming the Dreibund.

Orders have been sent from the war office to Massowah that the report of Gen. Baratieri and his lieutenant, on the defeat of the Italians at Adowa, is to be supplemented by the forwarding to this city of a number of important witnesses for the examination. It was at first proposed to court-martial General Baratieri at Massowah, in fact that the line not been entirely abandoned, but there were so many utterances of disapproval in the press when the plan was outlined that it is understood that Gen. Ricotti has decided to have the unfortunate officer tried in public in this city.

Every fresh advice from Africa only tends to confirm the most alarming reports as to the extent of the disaster at Adowa, and although the official figures have not yet been made public, it is admitted that over 12,000 men were killed, wounded or made prisoners. It is believed that the loss of the Abyssinians was almost as great. The Abyssinians captured almost all the Italian artillery, ammunition and supplies. General Baratieri, however, proves that the disaster, though unavoidable under the circumstances, was not due to any desire to strike a big blow before the arrival from Italy of his successor, General Baldissera. He claims that the plan of battle was carefully mapped out between himself and his generals, that all the latter approved it, and that it would have succeeded but it not been for the fact that the native troops under the Italian flag became panic-stricken, and so brought about the complete defeat of the Italian forces.

ENGLAND MOVES FORWARD.

LONDON, March 13.—The important announcement made by the Times this morning that the Egyptian troops would advance up the Nile forthwith to occupy Dongola, was flatly contradicted by the foreign office today. The Times said editorially of this announcement, with a good deal of satisfaction: "It need hardly be said that the advance upon Dongola will greatly benefit the Italians, and the British government must have had this desirable effect in view in assenting to the British advance."

Taken in connection with the evidences that Count Goluchowski was successful, by his visit to Berlin, in strengthening the ties of the existing Dreibund, Great Britain's diversion in Egypt in favor of a member of the Dreibund is regarded as extremely significant. Great Britain has looked with a favorable eye upon the Italian campaign in Africa all along, though she has hitherto declined active assistance, as an Italian success would lead to and to the prestige of European arms in Africa, and consequently to the strengthening of British interests in the Soudan.

Custom Farce Proposed.

DENVER, Colo., March 13.—A special to the Republican from Washington says:

Senator Wolcott today introduced a bill making Durango, Pueblo and Leadville custom ports of delivery and attached to the port of Denver. The surveyor of customs at Denver shall supervise the customs business at the subports in the same manner as is now done at Denver. The secretary of the treasury sent a draft of the bill for Pueblo to the House and accompanied it with a letter stating that the bill will permit the establishment of bonded smelting and refining works at Pueblo, for which there is, the acting secretary says, a commercial necessity, but which could not be done because Pueblo is not legally a port.

ONE OF THE MASSACRES.

Armenians Slaughtered, Their Church Turned Into a Bazaar.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The Armenian Relief association has received from Constantinople the detailed information concerning the recent massacre at Birijik.

Birijik had about 300 Christian houses, or say about 1,500 souls, in the midst of a Mussulman population of about 9,000. On the first of January, 1895, the news of the massacre of several thousand Christians at Urfa by the soldiers appointed to guard them induced the troops at Birijik to imitate this crime. The assault on the Christian houses commenced at about 9 o'clock in the morning and continued until nightfall. Ninety-six men are known to have been killed, or about half of the total Christian men. The others have become Mussulmans to save their lives, so there is not a single Christian left in Birijik today. The Armenian church has been made into a mosque.

MACEO TO WEYLER.

The Spanish General Arraigned by the Rebel Leader.

ST. LOUIS, March 13.—A special to the Republic from New York contains a lengthy proclamation addressed by the Cuban insurgent, General Maceo, to General Weyler, it is dated February 27th, and after arraigning the Spanish commander for his crimes and atrocities toward Cubans, says:

"Out of humanity, yielding to the honorable and generous impulses which are identified with both the spirit and tendency of the revolution, I shall never use reprisals but would be unworthy of the reputation and the power of the liberating army of Cuba, I invite you to retrace your steps, if you admit your guilt, or repress these crimes with a heavy hand, if they were committed without your consent. At all events, take care that no drop of blood be shed outside the battlefield; be merciful to the unarmed multitude, peaceful citizens. In so doing you will imitate in honorable emulation our conduct and our proceedings."

COLORADO RATES.

The Fight to be Continued Between the Railroads.

CHICAGO, March 13.—There is no change in the situation in Colorado rates. The Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf is probably out for blood this time, and intends to keep up the fight. Nothing will bring about a restoration of rates unless the Atchison and the Denver & Gulf come to an agreement on the coal rates, or unless the latter road is forced by the tactics of the lines in the Western Passenger association. Those roads are willing to allow the trouble to remain where it is without taking any action, but if it spreads outside of Colorado business proper there will be all sorts of trouble for the Denver & Gulf, as the association lines are not willing to have their general business disorganized because of local squabbles in Colorado.

It is now certain that all the roads between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis will make the rate and grant the time extension demanded by the G. A. R. for its annual encampment next September. It was practically a foregone conclusion that the other roads would follow the action of the Great Western, as soon as that line declared that it would make the time limit thirty days, as was asked by the G. A. R. Many of the roads are doing this with not the best grace in the world, for they feel that the extension will cause a demoralization in their regular passenger business for some time after the tickets to the encampment proper have expired. However, there was nothing for them to do but follow the lead of the Great Western, when once it had declared that it would accede to the wishes of the Grand Army.

Jackson Broken Down.

CINCINNATI, March 13.—Most intense interest is taken by the general public here and in Kentucky in the hearing of the habeas corpus proceedings in the circuit court, in the case of Wedding and Jackson, indicted in Campbell county, Ky., for the murder of Pearl Bryan, whose cut body was found near Fort Thomas on February 1st. The accused have been under arrest ever since the tragedy. They have been twice in the police court and twice in the court of common pleas. Judge Hawkins overruled them last Saturday in the Sheriff Pointer, of Campbell county. Their attorneys resorted to habeas corpus, which will be heard in the circuit court. There is but one more discovery step left them, and that is an appeal to the supreme court. From the fact that the public patience is strained and an appeal to the supreme court involves delay, it is believed by some that they will be extradited tomorrow.

Jackson was shown a Greenastle, Ind., dispatch, announcing that Pearl Bryan's father and friends were en route here in force. Its effect was very depressing. He said: "I know a great many of these people."

He is much broken down, and his dread of going to Kentucky is terrible.

CINCINNATI, March 13.—The Commercial Gazette's special from Greencastle, Ind., says:

A. S. Bryan, father of Pearl Bryan, Alfred and Frank Bryan, his brothers, their attorney, left for Cincinnati tonight. They were accompanied by a party of fourteen friends, who will attend the habeas corpus proceedings there tomorrow.

THE KING OF THE JEWS.

Congress Petitioned to Make Easter a National Holiday.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—In the Senate today Mr. Peffer presented a petition of Gen. Hugh Cameron, of Douglas county, Kansas, asking Congress to make the 5th day of April (Resurrection day) a national holiday, it being the day on which "The King of the Jews," whom Pontius Pilate caused to be crucified, April 3, A. D. 33, achieved his splendid victory over the grave. The King of the Jews, the petition asserts, has always been a true friend to the United States, and has unquestionably done more for health and maintain free government and to make of the United States a respectable nation than any other king.

Miner Killed at Butte.

BUTTE, March 13.—Wm. Donnelly, about 1 and when man in the St. Lawrence mine, was accidentally killed by falling down the chute there. He started to descend on the rope, but missed it. He has relatives in Minnesota.

Rifles for the Militia.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—Senator Hawley, from the committee on military affairs, today made a report submitting the secretary of war to issue Springfield rifles to the national guard of the various states and territories in exchange for the rifles now held by them.

Senate Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The Senate held an executive session today for the purpose of considering several nominations which have been held over since the beginning of the session, and against which opposition was made because of the fact that the nominees were not residents of the state in which they were appointed. The first of these taken up was that of William H. Anderson of Kentucky, who was appointed register of lands at Enid, O. T. A yea and nay vote was taken and resulted 25 to 24 in Anderson's favor.

The nomination of George H. Newman of Tennessee, to be Indian agent at Colville agency, in Washington, was also confirmed, the vote being 28 to 18. This case had been continued once before, on February 5th, when there was a tie vote of 25 to 25. It was, however, restored to the calendar on a motion to reconsider.

The fight against Anderson was led today by Senator Dubois and he was defended by Senator Lindsey. Senators Wilson and Squire of Washington both protested against the Newman nomination, and they were supported in the opposition by Hill. Senators Harris and Bate both spoke in high terms of Newman's fitness for the office. The opposition in both cases was based upon non-residence. Senator Hill joined with the Western men in the view of the matter, and made a vigorous speech in support of the home rule principle in nominations to federal offices.

The Senate also confirmed the nominations of Josephine J. Gollney to be postmaster at Los Gatos, Cal., and Thomas Fox to be postmaster at Sacramento, Cal.

RIGHTS FOR FOREIGNERS.

A Bill for the Benefit of Aliens Who May Suffer from Sub Treasons.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—As a result of the discussion by the House judiciary committee of the subject of giving foreigners who may be injured by sub-treasons in this country access to the United States courts to secure financial redress for their grievances, forced of the usual state to state courts, Mr. Connolly, of Illinois, has drawn a substitute for the bill recommended by Chairman Hitt of the committee on foreign affairs and Mr. Hilsey. An outline of the bill is as follows:

Any citizen of a foreign state who is lawfully in this country, and who is not a fugitive from the justice of such foreign state, and to is the peace of the people of the United States and of the state or territory in which the alleged wrong occurred, who may be in person or property by non-treasons, on account of the state or territory failing to extend to him proper protection, may bring suit in the United States circuit court for the proper district. If judgment be rendered against the United States and paid, it shall be the duty of the United States treasurer to charge the amount thereof against the state in which the injury occurred and withhold the amount from any moneys then due or thereafter due from the United States to such state.

Mr. Connolly explains that under this law foreigners who had entered the United States by evading the immigration laws would have no claim upon the government for injuries which might be inflicted upon them, or would fugitives from justice. It also provides that the interest of the states shall be protected in the trials by their attorneys. The plan is looked upon with favor by Mr. Hitt and it does are likely to be adopted by the judiciary committee in any bill which it may recommend.

THE BAND PLAYED ON.

Restless Music and Its Awful Results.

CHICAGO, March 14.—An immense crowd gathered in front of North Side Turner Hall, attracted thither by the sight of a dozen police officers running up to the steps in the hall, drawing clubs and revolvers. From inside the building came the sound of red war and carnage. Shrieks in a high soprano key sounded above the noise of rapid firing, and gave the impression that a massacre of helpless women and children was going on. A red hot anarchist rally was also suggested as the cause of the fearful sounds, and the crowd drew back to a safe distance to await the outcome of the excited conflict between the supposed destroyers and the preservers of law and order. The attacking party burst in the door leading to the hall, the officers stumbling over one another in their commendable efforts to see who one would first arrive on the scene of battle. Their enthusiasm was brought to a sudden end, however, when they stood at Bedlam their time to immediate peril, the now enraged crowd behind of the peace pulled up short before Adolph Rosenbecker's orchestra. The heart thrilling sound of battle emanating from the building was found to be merely the orchestra's fanatical interpretation of Tschaikowsky's overture "1812," describing the war between Russia and France.

The time made, upon seeing what was taking place, fell over one another in a precipitate retreat, the crowd dispersed and the band played on.

Inspecting the Railroads.

OAKLAND, Cal., March 14.—Daniel B. McCoy, division superintendent of the New York Central railroad, is here on a tour of inspection of the Central Pacific and Union Pacific roads. Mr. McCoy said he had been sent west by the Vanderbilts to examine the roads that they might see whether it would be a profitable sale of them desired by the government. If the Vanderbilts owned the Central and Union Pacific roads, they would then have a line clear across the continent. Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central, is expected here in about a month.

Against Cigarette Smoking.

COLUMBUS, O., March 14.—The cigarette and the Ohio small boy are to be stamped beneath. The legislature of the state has so decreed it. The house yesterday passed a bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes, cigars and tobacco to minors under 18 years of age. The senate had previously passed the bill and later in the day it became a law. Dealers violating the statute are set fast to a fine of $25 to $100 for the first offense.

During March

Colds and chills are prevalent, and unless the system is strong enough to throw them off, serious illness, often ending in pneumonia and death results.

The Cause

Of colds, chills and attendant misery is found in the blood, poisoned by uric acid, which should be expelled by the kidneys.

The Effect

Of this kidney-poisoned blood is far reaching. Health and strength are impossible while it exists. The system is being continually weakened, leaving it open to the ravages of colds, chills, pneumonia and fevers.

The Cure

For such a diseased condition is found in Warner's Safe Cure, which will restore the kidneys to health and enable them to properly perform their functions. There is no doubt about this. The record of the past is

Proof Positive.

COLLARS CUFFS

COOK'S CO. GENUINE GOODS

CUFF COOK'S CO. 100%

ALDMERE.

CONSUMPTION

To our Patrons—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. T. A. Slocum, M.C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

ALL THE 400 BUY THEIR

DRUGS

And DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES

FROM THE

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BEST IN THE WORLD.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH is unlike any other in quality, manner of blacking or shine.

THE SUN PASTE POLISH is a quick shine without rubbing, and will not soil a child.

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MADE TO ORDER.

An All Wool Suit for $14.00.

All goods in our store will be closed out at once regardless of cost.

We will make to order any

$20.00	Suit	for	$14.00
$25.00	"	"	$18.00
$30.00	"	"	$22.50
$35.00	"	"	$25.00
$5.00	Pants	"	$3.50
$8.00	"	"	$5.00
$12.00	"	"	$7.50

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Merchant Tailor,

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Should be his pride. Early habits are lasting, and one of them should be the habit of neatness and taste in dress. Give a boy a chance to look his best. Our stock of boys' clothing makes it easy to do so. Neatness, style, dressiness, a good fit, superior workmanship, fine material, you'll find all these things in our clothing. You'll also find it a handsome saving of money to come to us for a suit that's equal to the severest campaign service. If you haven't time to come and select a suit, send your boys. We will treat them right, and if you are not satisfied we will gladly return your money. Just arrived, all the latest styles in men's clothing, hats and furnishings.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

Strictly One Price.

J. P. Gardner,

136-138 MAIN STREET.

SAPONIFIER.

Pennsylvania Saponifier is the original and only reliable Concentrated Lye for family soap making and general household use. Beware of counterfeits. The success of the article has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. None genuine unless Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co. Philadelphia, is stamped on the lid. Ask your grocer for it and take no other.

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Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Metallic, Wood and Cloth Covered Coffins and Caskets.

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Of which goods we have all the new things.

We are Offering Special Inducements in

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This Week to Close a Few Lines.

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COMET! COMET!

The comet having changed its course towards the earth, we will be allowed to remain thereon. And while we stay here we will want

SHOES.

Now we have purchased Shoes, and lots of them. We bought with calculations of selling them this spring and summer, and for style, fit and wear they are out of sight. The distinct line of shoes that money could buy. We will save you money on every pair you purchase. We make a specialty of Shoes from 75c to $3.00 in ladies' misses' and children's. Give us a trial and you will continue to patronize us.

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