DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

Tuesday, - October 22, 1895.

The Deseret Evening News is published daily, Sunday excepted, at corner South and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City.

[illegible] Edition at 3:30 p. m. Regular Edition at [illegible]

The Deseret Semi-Weekly News is published on Tuesday and Friday of each week.

The Deseret Weekly in magazine form is published every Saturday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily 12 Months	[illegible]
Daily 6 Months	[illegible]
Daily 3 Months	[illegible]
Daily 1 Month	[illegible]
Daily by the Week	[illegible]
Saturday Edition 12 Months	[illegible]
Saturday Edition 6 Months	[illegible]
Semi-Weekly 12 Months	[illegible]
Semi-Weekly 6 Months	[illegible]
Weekly 12 Months	[illegible]

Payments for Subscriptions always in advance.

Subscribers changing their place of residence should always give former as well as present address.

The News is on sale at the principal Hotels, News Stands and on all passenger trains leaving the city after 4 p. m. daily.

City Subscribers will kindly notify [illegible] of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

All communications should be addressed to
Deseret News Publishing Co.
Telephone [illegible].

POWER FROM COTTONWOOD.

The NEWS this evening calls particular attention to an article in this issue, reproduced from the Electrical Engineer for Sept. 11th, giving an exhaustive and interesting account of the operations of the Salt Lake and Ogden Gas and Electric Light company, with reference to the water-power in Big Cottonwood canyon. It will be remembered that this company during the year have brought natural gas into Salt Lake City; an enterprise which, taken in connection with the fact that their co-operation has enabled the Big Cottonwood Power Dam company to complete their arrangements for developing the waters of the canyon, and for bringing cheap electricity within the reach of all, fairly entitles them to much credit for the quiet yet effective work they are doing to develop the resources of our city. The company is owned by a wealthy syndicate of American and English capitalists—men who have every confidence in the future of this region, and they are determined to place their company in the front of gas and electric light undertakings. The present enterprise is exciting a great deal of interest in eastern engineering and financial circles—perhaps more so than at home, where the work has gone on without much advertising. As a matter of fact, however, operations in the canyon are fast nearing completion; the erection of the poles is being pushed; the machinery is being rapidly got ready for shipment, and within a few months it is expected that the whole plant will be ready for work. In the city the gas company have commenced to remodel their system of wires, in order to be ready to connect to the power company at the earliest opportunity, and they will have new dynamos in operation upon the new system in the commercial district within a few weeks.

With this new system they will be able to run arc and incandescent lights and motors off the same wires. It is promised that the regulation of the lamp will be as nearly perfect as modern electrical science can assure; incandescent lamps of a new kind will be used, and these will be supplied free of cost on the first installation to consumers who are already using electric light. Electric motors for running elevators and for all purposes where steam is now used will be supplied upon long terms of payment. These new motors will require no attendance; they will have no fire risk, and will have nothing that can get out of order; they are started by a turn of the wrist and can be used for all purposes, such as driving fans, coffee mills, sewing machines, elevators, mills, factories, etc.

We are pleased to lay before the community this outline of the work now being done by the Salt Lake & Ogden Gas & Electric Light company and the Big Cottonwood Power company; the former owned by a powerful syndicate, the latter supported by prominent citizens of Salt Lake and some of the largest manufacturing firms in America. Together they form a strong combination, which, with ample money to carry out its developments, has the power greatly to develop the resources of the country, and materially advance the interests of the people.

WAGES IN MANY COUNTRIES.

A comprehensive statement showing the rates of wages paid for different classes of labor in various foreign countries as well as the United States is made in the issue of consular reports by the state department at Washington for September, this year. According to these statistics the rates of wages in the United States, in the same branches of industry, rule from two to four times higher than those of the most progressive nations of Europe, and are only approached by those of the vigorous and progressive English colonists in Australia and the most enterprising portions of Canada.

A feature of this report—or rather compilation of a series of reports—which will be of special interest to the American laborer, is a statement of the hours of labor which prevail in different countries. In New Zealand and Victoria (Australia) eight hours constitute a day's work; in the United States, Canada, Denmark, Ecuador and Venezuela the ten-hour rule prevails; in Belgium the labor-day varies from nine to twelve and one-half hours—ten hours being most general; in France, Germany, Italy, Spain and Colombia the range is from ten to twelve hours, the minimum being most common in most of them, while in Russia, with the same range, the maximum generally prevails. In China, outside of the seaport towns, where English rules prevail, the customary working hours among the natives are "from daylight to dark," with an hour for the noonday meal and a few minutes in the forenoon and afternoon for tea and refreshments. The rule in Persia is from sunrise to sunset, with intermissions similar to those in China, and generally spending no labor on Fridays.

THE VENEZUELAN DISPUTE.

The Venezuelan question is apparently approaching a crisis. England refuses to submit it to arbitration and Venezuela declines to submit to the demands of Great Britain. Secretary Olney, it is said, has notified Lord Salisbury that any attempt to extend British territory on this hemisphere will be regarded as an unfriendly act toward the United States, and following this note comes England's ultimatum demanding compensation of Venezuela for the arrest of an English sergeant. In Paris the situation is regarded as "prejudicial" to the peace of the world, while the diplomats in Washington no longer make a secret of the fact that they look upon it as the most serious since our country intervened in behalf of Mexico. It is even talked of as a possibility that the President may feel justified in convening Congress in extraordinary session.

Least excitement seems to prevail in London. The papers unanimously hold that the Monroe doctrine is not applicable to the case, and they are confident that the United States will not espouse the cause of the South American republic. They point to the dispute with Nicaragua as a precedent. To suppose that our government would assume the burden of a protectorate over all the Spanish-American republics they say is absurd, and volunteer the friendly advice not to send a squadron to Venezuela, as that would tend to render the relations between the countries strained.

In all this it is evident that England assumes the right to extend her territory on this continent, notwithstanding the Monroe doctrine. She would willingly side with the United States, we are told, if any other European country were about to undertake encroachments on the Western Hemisphere; for that would be against the Monroe doctrine, which was framed for the special benefit of the countries leagued together in the holy alliance. But when the same doctrine is made to bear on what England considers her own interests in this part of the world, the matter is different. Then that much-talked-of doctrine has no application.

It may be true that the policy outlined by President Monroe in the first place was intended as a notice to France and Russia that the American continents were closed against their further efforts at colonization, but it is equally true, that out of this principle has grown another doctrine—the Pan-American. Inasmuch as the American countries have common interests, it is natural that they should stand together against encroachments of any kind on the part of foreign nations, whether from Europe or Asia, and the United States being the strongest of all the countries on this side of the globe, her place, naturally, is at the head of this group of nations. For that reason, England, in dealing with Venezuela, must expect to have to take this country into consideration.

It is not likely that our government will be called upon to take up arms in behalf of Venezuela, for the simple reason that neither England nor any other European country, under the existing rivalries and jealousies among themselves, would dare to carry the dispute to that point. But it is quite probable that a fierce diplomatic war is imminent, and the outcome of this may possibly be a victory by which Pan-Americanism will be vindicated, for the United States is a mighty nation. By the powerful handling of commercial interests and her monetary and financial relations, she might inflict injuries to any enemy, no less serious than those that could be caused by her navy and army.

NEW FLYING MACHINE.

Contrivances for sailing in the air at will have claimed the attention lately of those interested in aeronautics. Not long ago accounts were given in the papers of the experiments of Herr Lilienthal, of Berlin, and now Mr. Percy S. Pilcher, lecturer on marine engineering at Glasgow university, has produced a two-winged creation by means of which he has been able to soar on high like a bird. He has risen to an altitude of twenty feet, hovered like a kite for a while and then descended to the spot he left. At other times he has been sailing before the breeze for considerable distances.

In the Scientific American, October 19th, the latest flying machine is described and illustrated. Mr. Pilcher's machines are light structures of wood and steel supporting a vast spread of wing and blade with piano wire. The wings themselves, which are made of nainsook—a sort of muslin originally manufactured in India—have an area of 150 square feet; and each machine possesses a vertical and horizontal rudder of circular shape, the one cutting the other at right angles. The former, which is rigid, serves to keep the machine's head to the wind, while the latter arrests an inclination to pitch sideways—a common vice in all the inventions.

The great difficulty with winged aeronauts is the uncertain quality of the wind, for a steady, unvarying breeze is never to be calculated upon. Indeed, the sudden, unexpected side puff often brought disaster in its train to Mr. Pilcher until he hit upon a means of circumventing it. He now draws his wing tips in with a bend, which renders a flying machine safer and more stable. Speaking generally, these experiments in flying or soaring are being made with a view to master the art of aerial balance and safe landing. Then, when the golden era dawns, when a screw propeller or flapping wings are introduced, and a power discovered to work them, gentlemen like Messrs. Lilienthal and Pilcher will spring gaily aloft to emulate the carrier or tumbler pigeon, and put a girdle round the earth in a morning. Mr. Pilcher, on a pair of wings with a sail area of no less than 150 feet, pursues his experiments at Cardross, in Dumbartonshire, to four numerous admirers.

LLOYD'S COMMERCIAL Guide gives the following advice to its readers. Never sign a paper without reading it; and if, after reading, you do not understand it, have it thoroughly explained before you put a signature to it. It is best to get some third person, who is not interested in the matter at all to explain the meaning of what is not clear, or to point out words that may have two meanings in the document. Always make a memorandum in your little book of any contract you undertake for money or any agreement in work. It saves much trouble to keep a memorandum book and put down the dates when you either pay or receive money. Whenever money passes on account, set it down. If any money or thing of value passes through your hands, give a receipt for it and make a memorandum. Your receipt settles the amount that passes, and that cannot be disputed. When you pass it to a third party, get a receipt and keep it. This rule is as important in the transfer of income, trust money, or valuables among your own family as with other persons. Never allow a person to do any service for you without first agreeing upon the cost to you. This rule strictly adhered to, will save you many annoyances.

THE JOURNAL OF PEDAGOGY, published at the B. Y. Academy, Provo, has entered upon its second year. It is a neatly printed, well edited magazine which deserves the support of educators generally in the Territory for the enthusiasm, vigor and ability displayed in its pages on behalf of the great cause of education in Utah.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents per bottle at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug department.

Jos. Lutz, of Le Roy, N. Y., says "I have been troubled with indigestion and biliousness for years. Parks' Tea has cured me." For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Judson Drug Co.

Rheumatism Runs Riot

When there is lactic acid in the blood. Liniments and lotions will be of no permanent benefit. A cure can be accomplished only by neutralizing this acid, and for this purpose Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and effectively, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all connections made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains en route, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

H. P. KOONER, C. F. & P. A.,
21 Morlan Block, Salt Lake City.

Japanese insect powder has no equal. Sure exterminator, at Godbe Pitts drug store.

Dr. Mack has returned from San Francisco and has taken elegant dental offices on 5th floor Atlas block.

THE ANIMAL EXTRACTS:

Cerebrine, extract of the brain of the ox, for Nervous Prostration, Insomnia, etc.

Cardine, extract of the Heart, for functional weakness of the heart.

Medulline, extract of the Spinal Cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

Testine, for Premature decay.

Ovarine, for diseases of women.

Thyroidine, for Eczema and impurities of the blood.

DOSE, 5 DROPS. PRICE, $1.25

COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO.

Send for Book. Washington, D. C.
Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. Agents for Utah.

Salt Lake Theater.

CHAS. S. BURTON, Manager. Curtain at 8:15, sharp.

3 NIGHTS, COMMENCING Thursday, Oct. 24

CHAS. HOYT'S
Very Latest Comedy Creation,

A CONTENTED WOMAN.

With an excellent cast, including

CAROLINE MISKEL HOYT

Sale of seats commences Tuesday. Prices [illegible]

NEXT ATTRACTION.
Matinee and Night, Saturday, November 2,
A. M. Palmer's Co. in TRILBY.

TWO WONDERFUL SUCCESSES

GRAND OPERA HOUSE — Week Beginning MONDAY, October 21
J. H. ROGERS, Mgr.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE CO.,
In a Superior Presentation of

Dream Faces!
Nita's First!

UNEQUALLED SUCCESS EVERYWHERE.

Regular prices [illegible] Matinee every Saturday, [illegible] Evenings at 8:15. Saturday Matinee at 2:30.

New Lyceum Theater.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

Owing to the Enormous Success of

The Old Old Story.
The Old Old Story.
The Old Old Story.
The Old Old Story.

It will be continued for two additional performances.

MONDAY & TUESDAY EVGS,

OCTOBER 21-22.
OCTOBER 21-22.
OCTOBER 21-22.

To be followed by GEORGE OHNET'S Great Drama,

"THE IRONMASTER,"

Week beginning Wednesday, October 23.

Prices [illegible] Matinee Saturday, [illegible] Sale begins Monday at 10 a. m. Telephone [illegible]

HORSE RACES

AT THE MILE TRACK

October 23rd and 24th, 1895.

Dan Velox, 2.16¾, Miss Foxie, 2.22, will go to beat 2.25, double, for $200. Two other races the same day.

ADMISSION 25c.

The Wey Hotel,

THE OQUIRRH HOTEL CO., Proprietors

Salt Lake's new family hotel, State and East Second South.

Location most central.

New, modern rooms, single and en suite, newly and elegantly furnished.

Table and service a special feature.

Open about October 20th, 1895.

Parties looking for accommodations, call and let us show you our apartments.

A. FRED WEY,
Manager.

The Time Has Come!

Z. C. M. I.

Is now amply prepared to PROTECT and COMFORT
It's Innumerable Patrons with

UNDERWEAR

Of Every Quality, Size and Price. Home Made Flannels and Woolen Goods, ARE A SPECIALTY. Coverlets, Bed Quilts, Elder Downs, Blankets, all colors, sizes and grades.

Keep Warm for Health. Keep Cool in Business.

Buy from a Complete Stock, where Prices and Quality go Together.

T. G. WEBBER, ... Supt.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

SUITS TO ORDER, Made by Utah Tailors, - - $15.00 up.

PANTS MADE TO ORDER, by Utah Tailors, - - - $4.00.

10,000 Ladies' Misses' and Children's STOCKINGS, all our own make, every pair guaranteed.
A big stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS just received from the mills.
YARNS, BLANKETS, LINSEYS, Ready-made Clothing, and other Home Made Woolen Goods.

Cutler Brothers Co.,

AGENTS PROVO AND DESERET WOOLEN MILLS

36 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

GOOD SCRAP IRON [illegible] TO [illegible] PER ton; also scrap copper and brass, copper [illegible] paid in cash at F. Roberts, [illegible] West Second South.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, [illegible] position. [illegible] East Second South street.

DO YOU WANT YOUR STOVES REpaired or set up? Have competent mechanics to do your work. [illegible] goods taken in exchange for work. Two hundred stoves for sale cheap. [illegible] West Second South, opposite Post Office.

EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE buying and selling new and second-hand goods as any other house in the West. [illegible] Weber, [illegible] State Street.

HAVE YOUR [illegible] GREASE traps, water closets and yards cleaned by the [illegible] Sanitary Company. All work thoroughly disinfected. Office [illegible] MAIN STREET. TELEPHONE No. [illegible]

SEVEN-ACCOUNT SYSTEM COLLEGE.

BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND, SPELLing, arithmetic, etc. Constitution Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED

CANVASSERS, MALE AND FEMALE, TO sell [illegible] goods in city and country [illegible] Good wages assured. Address general agent, P. O. box [illegible], Salt Lake City, Utah.

FURNITURE.

ON ACCOUNT OF OUR LARGE AND INcreasing trade we must have goods. Any thing in the furniture line you have to sell we want. Come and see us before selling. [illegible] Weber, [illegible] State street.

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Closets and Cesspools Cleaned.
N. J. SANDBERG,
Address: [illegible] East Stevens Avenue,
Office, 241 State Street.

THE UTAH JUNK HOUSE

WILL PAY CASH FOR RAGS, BONES, scrap iron, metals, rubbers and all kinds of bottles. [illegible] East Eighth South St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE. STOCKS bought and sold. Money to loan at reasonable rates. Taylor Bros., No. [illegible] Main Street.

6 PER CENT. MONEY TO LOAN ON IMproved residence property, [illegible] Heber J. Grant & Co., General Agents Home Fire Insurance Co.

Notice!

Is hereby given to the citizens of Salt Lake and Ogden that the SALT LAKE & OGDEN GAS & ELECTRIC LIGHT CO. are prepared to furnish electric apparatus for lighting, gas stoves, gas furnaces, firelogs for cooking and heating, also wiring of houses for incandescent light, and the supply of gas pipe for heating, upon easy terms as to the payment of the cost of the installation.

By order of the board.

JAMES MOFFAT,
Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS
Attorneys-at-Law.
Rooms 501 to 503 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Rooms [illegible] Constitution Building, opp. Z. C. M. I.

ALEX McMASTER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Rooms, 45, 46, 47, 48 Commercial Block.

I. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS,
Attorneys-at-Law and Land Attorneys.
317-318 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

J. F. CORKER, PATENT ATTORNEY. Patents on inventions, caveats, etc. Patent drawings, models to order. Office [illegible] Main street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON,
Dentist,
Rooms 238 and 239 Constitution Bldg.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Rooms 2 and 4 Scott-Auerbach Building, 1st floor, [illegible] Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS,
Surgeon Dentist.
[illegible] Main St. Anesthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

Can extract teeth without pain, new method harmless as water. Set of teeth, [illegible] Bridge work, per tooth, [illegible] Twenty-two K. [illegible] Gold fillings [illegible] Silver [illegible] All work at eastern prices. Call and be convinced. [illegible] State Street, Salt Lake City.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Parlors in the new Lollin block,
240 Main Street.
First door north of Walker House.

EVERETT HOUSE,
UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

Favorite hotel for Utah people in New York. Under new management. Thoroughly renovated. Perfect sanitation and all modern improvements. In the very heart of the popular shopping district. Convenient to places of amusement and readily accessible from all parts of the city. European plan.
W. H. H. BATES.

Why not bring us your Prescriptions? We can fill them—and our prices will please you.

BILL BROS.,
The TEMPLE PHARMACY,
Opposite Valley House.

WISCOMB & COMPANY,
Staple, Fancy and Green Groceries.
[illegible] East, First South Street.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR

DENTAL PARLORS,
240 Main Street, First Door North of Walker House.

Teeth Filled Without Pain.
Teeth Extracted Without Pain.
The Largest and Most Complete Dental Office in the City.
Parlors, 1-2-3-4 Lollin Block.
240 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

SAPONIFIER.

Pennsylvania Saponified is the original and old reliable Concentrated Lye for family soap making and general household uses. Beware of counterfeits. The success of this article has induced unprincipled parties to imitate it. None genuine unless Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, is stamped on the lid. Ask your grocer for it and take no other.

IT HAS BEEN INDORSED

By the medical profession that wine, especially in summer, is the most healthy beverage, providing it is obtained in a pure state, and that is what

We Offer You for One Month Only:

CLARET, 50 cents,
ZINFUNDEL, 25 cents
BURGUNDY, $1.25,
HOCH, very fine vintage, 75 cents
RIESLING, $1.00,
GUDEDEL, $1.25, at

UTAH LIQUOR CO.

167 Main Street.