

the village at the south end across the Little Big Horn.

"Their narrative of Reno's operations coincides with the published account—how he was quickly confronted and surrounded; how he dismounted and ran in the timber; remounted and cut his way back over the ford and up the bluffs with considerable loss, and the continuation of the fight for the little time when the runners arrived from the north end of the village or camp, with the news that the cavalry had attacked the north end; some three or four miles distant. A force large enough to prevent Reno from assuming the offensive left, and the surplus available force followed to the other end of the camp where, finding the Indians successfully driving Custer before them, instead of uniting with them they separated into two parties and moved around the flanks of his cavalry. They report that a small body of cavalry broke through the line of the Indians in their rear and escaped, but were overtaken within a distance of five or six miles and all killed.

"After the battle the squaws entered the field to plunder and mutilate the dead. A general rejoicing was indulged in, and a distribution of arms and ammunition was then hurriedly made, and the attack on Reno vigorously renewed. Up to the attack the Indians had lost comparatively few men, but say their most serious loss took place now. They give no idea of the numbers, but say there were a great many.

"Sitting Bull was neither killed nor personally engaged in the fight. He remained in the council tent directing operations. Crazy Horse, with a large band, and Black Moon were the principal leaders on the 25th of June. Kill Eagle, chief of the Blackfeet, was at the head of some twenty lodges of this agency. The Indians were not all engaged at any one time. Heavy reserves were held to repair losses and renew the attacks successively. The fight continued till the third day, when the runners kept purposely on the lookout, hurried into camp and reported a great body of troops. General Terry's command advancing up the river. The lodges having been previously prepared for a move, a retreat in a southerly direction, followed towards and along the Rosebud Mountains. They marched about fifty miles, went into camp, and held a consultation, when it was determined to send into all the agencies reports of their success, and call on them to come out and share the glories that they were expected to bear in the future. We may expect an influx of overbearing and impudent Indians to urge, by force, perhaps, an accession to Sitting Bull's demands.

"There is a general gathering in the hostile camp from each of the agencies on the Missouri river, Red Cloud and Spotted Tail, as also the northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes. They report, for the especial benefit of their relatives here, that in the three fights they had with the whites they have captured over a hundred stand of arms, carbines, rifles and revolvers not counted, also ammunition without end, and some sugar, coffee, bacon and hard bread. They claim to have captured from the whites this summer over 900 horses and mules. I suppose this includes operations against the soldiers, Crow Indians, and Black Hills miners.

"A report from another source says the Indians obtained from Custer's command about 592 carbines and revolvers. I have, since writing the above, heard from the returned hostiles, which they communicated as a secret to their particular friends here, information that a large party of Sioux and Cheyennes were to leave the hostile camp for their agency to intimidate and compel the Indians here to join Sitting Bull. If these refuse, they are ordered to beat them and steal their ponies.

ST. LOUIS, 1.—A tornado passed over Cass County, Missouri, on Saturday morning last, destroying several dwellings and other buildings, and seriously injuring the crops and other farm products. Mrs. Geo. Webb was instantly killed, her mother-in-law fatally injured and an infant belonging to Jacob Rynor killed.

Isaac Younger, cousin of the notorious Younger Brothers, was arrested at Joplin the night before last, on suspicion of being one of the gang who robbed the railroad train near Otterville some weeks since.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Belknap has been acquitted, the vote standing 35 for conviction and 25 for not guilty; less than the required two-thirds.

The debt statement shows a reduction of \$1,138,033; coin balance \$59,843,684; currency deposits for the redemption of certificates of deposit \$32,815,000; outstanding legal tenders \$36,219,223.

NEW YORK, 1.—Moran, minister to Portugal, has arrived in England much shattered in health, and it is feared his working days are over.

Vanderbilt was considerably worse last night.

OMAHA, 1.—An official telegram from Camp Brown, Wyoming, says that the Indian scouts sent out from here report the hostile Indians moving south-east. They traced them from the head of Crazy Woman's Fork to the head of Little Powder River. The number was unknown, but is believed to be large. This corroborates the reports received from other sources, that a large number of Indians are doubtless making for the agencies.

CHICAGO, 1.—Lord Dufferin, Governor General of Canada, arrived here at 8 o'clock p.m. He visited the Adelphi Theatre during the evening and will leave for Manitoba to-morrow morning.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The following is the public debt statement: Six per cent. bonds, \$98,499,650; five per cent. bonds, \$711,685,800; total coin bonds, \$1,696,685,450; lawful money debt, \$14,000,000; matured debt, \$3,297,760; legal tenders, \$369,686,020; certificates of deposit, \$32,815,000; fractional currency, \$32,902,880; coin certificates, \$29,313,000; total, without interest, \$461,716,900; total debt, \$2,178,700,111; total interest, \$24,650,234; cash in Treasury—coin, \$59,843,684; currency, \$12,590,349; special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit, \$32,815,000; total in Treasury, \$105,249,034; debt less cash in Treasury, \$2,098,301,311; decrease during July, \$1,138,033; bonds issued to Pacific Railroad Cos., interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding, \$64,623,512; interest accrued and not yet paid, \$323,117; interest paid by the United States, \$32,080,218; interest repaid by the transportation of mails, etc., \$6,909,204; balance of interest paid by the United States, \$25,111,013; amount of gold coin actually in the Treasury and free from liabilities on the 24th of July, \$8,837,525.

The President, to-day, issued a proclamation declaring and proclaiming that the fundamental condition imposed by Congress on the State of Colorado to entitle that State to admission into the Union has been ratified, and that the admission of said State into the Union is now complete.

The sub-committee on the whiskey frauds, to-day, examined Wm. A. Gavett, special agent of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

DETROIT, Mich., 1.—About one o'clock to-day, at Bowbee's Lake, about a mile south of Hillsdale, in this State, where an excursion party from Coldwater, numbering about three hundred, were spending the day, sixteen of them went out on the lake in a flat boat or scow, when it suddenly sank and nine of the party were drowned. The water is fifty or sixty feet deep where the boat sank. Up to five p.m. none of the bodies had been recovered. The names of the drowned are as follows: G. H. Taylor, aged 45; Mrs. Thornton and child, 9 years; Mrs. Musser; May Cunningham and her sister Libbie, aged respectively 14 and 16 years; Alice Hayes, aged 16; May Keeley, 14, and Randle Blackman, all of Coldwater. The wildest excitement prevails at Hillsdale.

NEW YORK, 1.—Senator Robertson, of South Carolina, received the following dispatch from Columbia, this evening:

"Columbia, S. C., Aug. 1st.

"The coroner's inquest over the victims at Hamburg brought its work to a close yesterday, and to-day a verdict has been published. It charges Gen. M. C. Butler, Col. A. P. Butler, Dr. Pierce Butler, the Rev. E. Meeting, and fifty-three other citizens of Aiken and Edgeland Counties and thirty Georgians with murder. The inquest has been searching and exhausting, and the verdict has been reached at the earliest practicable time. Warrants of arrest for all the persons charged with the crime are now in the hands of the sheriff of Aiken County. The South Carolinians, it is said, intend to surrender to the sheriff without delay.

Chamberlain will as once issue requisitions upon the Governor of Georgia for all persons charged by the verdict in that State. Attorney General Stone, of Aiken, by the direction of the Governor, is to take charge of the prosecutions.

NEW YORK, 12.—The Times editorial says the failure to convict Belknap of the detestable offences which were proved against him is a serious misfortune to the country. It not only releases the corrupt bribe taker from all adequate official condemnation of his corruption, but establishes a precedent which is absurd in law, ridiculous in reason, and pernicious and dangerous; in fact, it will henceforward be practically impossible to convict an officer who, being exposed in crime, resigns before impeachment.

SARATOGA, 2.—Governor Tilden declares he has been so busy with official business that he has not been able to begin the preparation of his letter accepting the presidential nomination. It is doubtful whether it will be ready for a week yet. He went to Albany yesterday, and failed to return last night as expected, but sent for Dorsheimer, who proceeded to Albany this morning. Evidently the governor is still laboring over the acceptance problem.

WASHINGTON, 2.—The President signed the act for the investigation of Chinese immigration.

The sub-committee on the whiskey frauds this afternoon examined Col. Asa B. Gardner, of West Point, professor of law in the academy.

Gen. Baum, to-day, entered upon his duties as Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The contemplated movements of the army upon the border are kept with great secrecy. General Sherman is very much occupied at present and fully admits to his intimates that the Indian problem grows in difficulties daily. He is now ordering every available soldier that can be spared from the southwest. The forces at all the Indian agencies are to be doubled for the purpose of disarming all Indians upon reservations, to prevent them from going on the war path.

CHICAGO, 2.

The *Inter-Ocean* says editorially this morning of the vote upon the Belknap case, that except as it settles the question of jurisdiction it is of little consequence. The conviction of Belknap would work no punishment to him, and it is a waste of time to try a man for that for which he could not be punished. The fact, however, that every Senator save two voted him guilty of the charges amounts substantially to conviction; the real question must be decided before the courts, where the *Inter Ocean* hopes justice may be done.

The Times, while commenting on the evidence that Belknap was guilty throughout his term of office, asserts that this is not the escape of the culprit, but that if the case is pushed in court Belknap will receive a sentence that will strip him of all he has in this world and give him an average life time in prison.

The Tribune comments on his fall and his moral conviction before the people, and hopes the result of the trial in court will show that the laws of the U. S. are adequate to punish bribe-takers as common felons.

Earl Dufferin, wife and party, consisting of Col. the Honorable G. Littleton, his military secretary, Captain Ward, Captain Hamilton, Wm. Campbell, His Excellency's private secretary, A. Posse, of the eastern and Canadian newspaper correspondents, left to-day for Omaha, by Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy. The company will proceed directly to Omaha, and after waiting a brief period will take train to San Francisco. Arriving at the Golden City they will embark in a British man-of-war for British Columbia, where they will remain about eight weeks. His Excellency says that the journey is not one of special official import, being merely a provincial tour to examine the internal working of the British Columbian province and adjust such matters of government policy as might require his decision.

A Telegraph Washington special says matters will be rushed here between now and next Tuesday. Every objection to an adjournment is rapidly giving way before the intense desire of a large number of members and senators who want to go home. There will be a crowd of reports towards the close of this week, and if the republicans do not stand in the way of their reception,

there will be an adjournment in a very little space of time.

HALIFAX, 2.—Warren Smith defeated Obed Smith and John Brown in the championship scull race of three miles; time 23 minutes.

RICHMOND, Va., 2.—A special to the *Enquirer* from Rock Bridge, Alum Springs, Va., says that Speaker Kerr's symptoms, to-night, are very unfavorable and his condition is regarded critical.

WASHINGTON, 2.

The Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the various sub-Treasury officers throughout the country to pay out silver coin in exchange for legal tender notes, and in the ordinary disbursement of the government.

Ex-Solicitor of the Treasury, Bluford Wilson, again testified before the committee on the St. Louis whiskey frauds, to-day. His testimony was mostly in explanation of his private papers and their subsequent examination by the Treasury officials. His statement is substantiated by affidavits of Messrs. Winslow and Dixon, private secretaries of witness, who packed the papers.

CHICAGO, 2.—The Tribune's Washington special says, speaking of Lamar's speech, to-day, Lamar has long desired to give the country a judicial and dispassionate review of the southern question, and his discussion of it, to-day, will be read by every one, without regard to party, as the best presentation of it that has thus far been made from his standpoint. Lamar spoke as a statesman, not as a politician. The opening part was a masterpiece of eloquence and sound political philosophy, which will be of value to the students of political history.

He discussed the causes of the present condition of the South from the highest standpoint of a statesman. He dealt in no invective, indulged in no personal criticisms and abused no party, but attempted to lay before the House a description of the condition of the South, and to explain its causes, and allowed others to draw their inferences as to the best remedy. His speech was much admired even by those who disagreed with his conclusions, and it is spoken of to-night as one of the ablest, if not the ablest, of the season.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 2.—Chris. Porter, the colored man who last week went to the house of a widow lady in Spring Hill, Hempstead County, knocked down the daughter, dragged her to a field and outraged her, leaving her nearly dead, was arrested on Sunday, but was taken from the hands of the sheriff by a crowd of men, and hanged to a tree. The girl's body was terribly bruised, her jaw broken and her forehead wounded by a heavy blow. She is not expected to live.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., 2.—Geo. Powell, hay contractor at Pitterman, arrived there to-night, and brings the following:

"Yesterday evening about thirty Indians attacked the wagon train of A. H. Reel, loaded with government stores for that post, and killed and scalped the wagon master, Geo. Throble, who was riding ahead, and wounded a teamster; they also killed four horses, ten head of cattle, and burned three wagons with their contents, consisting of flour and bacon. It is thought the Indians will be very troublesome on this road the rest of the summer.

"Last Friday forty-four head of horses were run off by them from Horse Shoe and Cottonwood Creeks."

CHICAGO, 3.—A warrant for the arrest of Wilbur F. Storey, editor of the Chicago Times, was issued in Milwaukee yesterday, at the instance of Chief of Police Beck in that city. The Times recently charged Beck with being in collusion with swindlers. An officer has gone to the State Capital of Wisconsin for a requisition.

Specials from Fort Laramie and other points of the Indian territory, this morning, deny the reports of Crook's reverses, which come by way of Fort Leavenworth. Crook has had no loss of 300 men. At the very last accounts he was well and in communication with Terry, and only waiting for Merritt, upon whose arrival he will attack the Indians who are massing about forty miles from his camp.

NEW YORK, 3.—The Tribune's Washington special says the silver bill has been managed by Bland with conspicuous inability from the start, and now that the investigation in regard to the Black Friday scandal has been begun the democrats will be likely to go to the bottom of it; and it is whispered about the capital that other

scandals, in which the President's intimate friends were concerned, are likely to be brought to light.

On the morning of the 14th of July, Mr. Jewett, formerly artist on *Harper's Weekly*, was found dead in his hotel on Washington Street, Jersey City. He had a bullet hole in his head, and by his side lay a revolver with one chamber discharged. The investigation by Coroner Gannon showed that Jewett committed suicide. After the funeral it was learned that Jewett, before his death, bequeathed his entire estate, amounting to nearly \$100,000, to Alfred Cox, proprietor of the hotel, and had cut off his wife without a dollar and disinherited his three children. There was then some suspicion that Jewett met his death by foul play, and the chief of police set on foot an investigation. Last evening Cox heard of the police inquiries and asked that the matter be thoroughly ventilated. He declares he knew nothing of the contents of the will.

The Tribune's St. Louis special to the *Republican*, from Jefferson City, says an order from the President, granting the release of Adler and Feurst, was received to-day by the United States Marshal. The President's order commutes the sentences of Adler and Feurst to three months' imprisonment in the county jail, which period has already expired. The conditions of the commutation are, however, that the prisoners shall withdraw their writ of error to the circuit court, affirmation of the district court's judgment of condemnation in which confiscation of their establishment is ordered, and that they pay the fine of \$4,000 imposed by that court. Adler and Feurst were distillers at St. Joseph, Mo., and formed an important segment of the circle of which Joyce was head centre. They were convicted of conspiracy to defraud the revenue.

Sixty-one families of Mennonites, numbering 300 persons, arrived at Castle Garden to-day. They will leave for Kansas this evening.

WASHINGTON, 3.—The Senate, to-day, passed a joint resolution allowing the Pacific Mail Steamship company to carry the United States mails between San Francisco and China in their new iron steamships *City of Sydney*, *City of New York* and *City of San Francisco*, in place of the wooden side-wheel steamers now doing that service.

The President nominated Hy. F. French, of Mass., assistant secretary of the Treasury, vice Budnam resigned.

The sub-committee on the whiskey frauds to-day, examined ex-supervisor Fulton, who said he did not discover anything in his investigation to implicate Logan and Farwell, though there appeared suspicious circumstances about the latter, which were explained. Yaryan was ignorant of the law and concealed, and the only way he could account for the impediments thrown in his way in the whiskey prosecutions in Chicago was that Yaryan was working in the interests of the whiskey ring, and Brooks, of the secret service, believed so. Witness never spoke three minutes with Babcock until the latter was indicted, when Babcock told witness he understood Bluford Wilson had given chief Washburne, of the detective service, \$5,000 to induce witness to secure his conviction beyond a peradventure. Witness denied the story. He said he believed the ring would have been more effectually broken up without granting any immunity. Some of the pardoned are stealing now, and this in the face of Bangs' statement that the ring was completely demoralized and broken up.

It is reported that Gov. Burbank private secretary to Senator Morton is to be chief clerk in the Post Office Department.

NEWARK, 3.—An officer fatally shot by a burglar this morning.

SULPHUR AND MOLASSES, the old fashioned internal remedy for the Itch is obsolete. That and other obnoxious skin diseases are cured in half the time without disordering the stomach, by GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, the great external anti-scorbutic. d s w 211

Like Regulars on Dress Parade.

The teeth should always be scrupulously clean and free from blemish. Keep them in this condition with the incomparable SOZODONT, and when they are veteran in the service, they will still be as "good as new." d s w 211