

circles that was believed to have been settled, will be continued.

DENVER, Colo., Dec. 14.—A passenger train on the Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf railroad ran into a street car at University park about noon today and killed Curtis E. Wilbur, the motor-man, John C. Shearing, conductor of the street car, had his skull crushed and will die. M. E. Shannon, engineer of the Gulf train, had his head cut and bruised. J. M. Essington, brakeman Gulf train, was bruised and crushed. G. R. Pryor of Parker, Col., on the passenger street car, and Olive McDowell, daughter of Chancellor McDowell, also sustained severe injuries.

MADRID, Dec. 14.—According to a dispatch from Havana, the insurgents under Maceo and Gomez, have reached Mountain Siguanaca, the province of Santa Clara, and intend to invade the center of that province.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 14, via Sofia Bulgaria, Dec. 15.—The French guardship Faucon has arrived here, in accordance with the permission granted by the sultan upon the demand of the powers, and has joined the English gunboat Dryad, the Italian war vessel Archimede and the Austrian gunboat Sebenico, which arrived during the week.

The secondary effects of the outrages perpetrated upon Armenians in the months past are seen in the advice now being received from Anatolia, which dwell upon the terrible distresses existing everywhere. A thousand fugitives have taken refuge in Black sea ports, where they remain in a deplorable condition. The Kurds continue to pillage the Armenian villages without opposition from the inhabitants or from the authorities. During the last few weeks 160 villages have been sacked and seventy men killed. The villages of Serai, Uzaira, Bakhessan and the Armenian district of Haisalor have been laid waste. The village of Lamaquid has been raided four times in one week. The authorities made no attempt whatever to put a stop to the Kurdish raids or to punish the perpetrators of them. It is feared that the inhabitants of numbers of villages who have fled through fear of a second outrage, and have taken refuge at inaccessible points in the mountains will perish during the severe weather of the winter which is now coming. The Armenians are held in a state of utter despair over their situation.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The Daily News has a dispatch from Constantinople, dated December 14th, which says: News is daily received here of thousands of Armenians who are offered the choice between Islam or death. At Marash an Armenian who was ordained an Anglican clergyman refused the choice, and was killed by slow torture. At Karpuz two Protestants preached and were murdered for the same cause. At Achem fifty-two persons died as martyrs for their religion.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The Daily News (liberal), commenting on the announcement that Lord Salisbury has declined at present, in the public interest, to receive a deputation in behalf of the Armenians, says: "This must mean that the European concert exists only in name, and that the powers are not prepared to co-operate in the deposition of the sultan or in enforcing European control. Russia is the power

most closely interested, and she can count upon the support of France. If this be so, the situation is more serious than ever."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Secretary Carlisle's annual report of the state of finances was sent to Congress today. It shows that the revenues of the government from all sources during the last fiscal year amounted to \$390,373,203. The expenditures during the same period aggregated \$433,178,826, leaving a deficit for the year of \$42,805,223.

As compared with the fiscal year 1894, the receipts for 1895 increased \$17,570,705, although there was a decrease of \$11,349,981 in the ordinary expenditures, which is largely accounted for by a reduction of \$11,134,055 on sugar bounties.

The revenue for the current fiscal year are estimated upon the basis of existing laws at \$431,907,407 and the expenditures at \$448,907,407, which will leave a deficit of \$17,000,000. For the coming fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, the secretary estimates the receipts at \$464,793,120, and the expenditures at \$457,884,193, or an estimated surplus of \$6,908,926. The secretary states briefly the facts concerning the issues of bonds during the year, the particulars of which have already been reported to Congress.

It says that England has refused to renew the Bering sea regulations, and then turns attention to the financial question. The revenue laws are declared to be ample, but he complains of defects in the currency laws. One change he asks for is the retirement of greenbacks. He refers to the excessive use of silver in our money circulation, and advocates the issuance of three per cent gold bonds. He also favors allowing national banks the privileges of establishing branches in small towns, and would prohibit the issue of national bank notes of any sum less than \$10.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16.—A manifesto of the Cuban revolutionary party to the people of the United States was made public today. It is a long document, prepared by Enrique Jose Verona, ex-deputy of the Spanish Cortes, and reviews the history of the revolutionary agitation in Cuba and the present conditions on the island. The manifesto summarizes the Cuban needs thus:

"The people of Cuba require only liberty and independence to become a factor in prosperity and progress among the civilized nations. Instead of tranquillity, disturbance and ruin. The fault lies entirely with Spain. Cuba is not the offender. It is the defender of its rights. Let America, let the world decide where rest justice and right."

HAVANA, Dec. 16.—An important engagement is reported at Mattempo, province of Santa Clara, between a force of 500 troops under Col. Arizona, and the main force of the insurgents under Gomez, to the number of 6,000. The combat is reported to have been a fierce one and long continued.

The Spanish forces engaged were under Col. Arizona, numbering about 200, together with about 300 of the Battalion Canarios, under a lieutenant colonel. This force sustained an uneven combat with Gomez's insurgents who renewed the engagement, having once been driven back. But they were finally repulsed with heavy loss.

The loss of the troops was two officers

and thirty soldiers killed and four officers and forty soldiers wounded. Col. Arizona, at the close of the engagement, was left in possession of the field.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—A meeting of the Chicago connections of the Chicago-Utah lines was held today to consider the fight between the Union Pacific and the Denver & Rio Grande, over tickets on the former on the markets in those two states. Nothing was done at the meeting, but another meeting will be held on Friday of this week.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—A special to the Times-Herald from Port Jervis, N. Y.

Near Coshooton, N. Y., at 4 o'clock this morning, a fast express train on the Erie railroad, consisting of an engine, five baggage cars, one smoker, a day and three sleeping cars was derailed and the tender and six forward cars pitched down a twenty-five foot embankment. There were 100 passengers aboard, but none were killed.

### KANAB STAKE CONFERENCE.

The Kanab Stake quarterly conference was held in Orderville on the 7th and 8th of December, 1895.

There were present of the authorities the Kanab Stake presidency, a few of the High Council, and Bishops. The speakers during conference were Elders Edwin D. Woolley, Thomas Chamberlain, and Daniel Seigmiller (as the Stake presidency); Bishops Joel H. Johnson, of Kanab, John W. Gazier, of Johnson, Haskel S. Jolley, of Mt. Carmel, and M. D. Harrie, of Glendale; Counselors in the Bishopric C. W. Carrot, of Orderville, and Edwin R. Cutler, of Glendale; Elders Warren M. Johnson, Richard S. Robinson and James L. Bunting. The subjects dwelt upon were the necessity of the Saints attending these conferences, especially the various officers of wards and organizations; tithing; salvation for the dead and our duty to labor for them in temples; the proper training and education of our children; and the necessity of the ward teachers and officers attending more thoroughly to their duties.

The reports of the bishops indicated a lethargy on the part of many of the people in attending their sacramental meetings. It was hoped there would be an awakening up in these things. It was also urged that our home missionaries attend to their duties more thoroughly in the future, and give in the reports of their labors. The signs of the times, showing the near approach of our Savior, were spoken upon.

The remarks of the brethren were pointed and timely and ought to be remembered and obeyed, especially on the subject of counsel of the Holy Priesthood by those who are called to guide and direct the affairs of the Church on the earth.

The general authorities of the Church, and Stake authorities were presented and unanimously sustained. The ordinance of partaking of the Sacrament in remembrance of our Lord was attended to, and all seem to enjoy a portion of the Spirit of the Lord, and felt blessed spiritually by attending the conference.

The Orderville Sabbath school review held Sunday evening was the closing, and one of the entertaining features of our conference.

F. L. PORTER, Stake Clerk.