TELEGRAPHIC.

END OF THE BATTLE.

Voorhees Surrenders When He Can No Longer Muster a Quorum.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE SENATE

The Session Lasted Thirty-eight Hours and Forty Minutes.—Compromise Propositions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 12.—The first intimation of a weakening of the repeal forces was the decision of Voorhees to move for a recess tonight from 10 p. m. till 11 tomorrow. He reclaimed, however, without the silver men, who announced that they would not yield the floor to Voorhees to make the motion, and thus he was obliged to abandon the plan.

The scene was a brilliant setting for the fierce struggle in progress on the floor in the blazing glare of artificial lights, and one to impress the mind and fascinate the eye. The galleries were banked to the doors. Below on the floor was the wreck of the great parliamentary battle, then thirty-two hours old. Haggard faces around betokened the long strain to which the attempt to force the silver men to yield by the test of brute strength had subjected the Senate.

The hours dragged wearily along till 4:30 when an incident occurred which demonstrated the helplessness of the Senate under the present system of rules. Voorhees swept, snarling under the ceiling and calls the silver men were trying to hold their fired adversaries on the rack, and pointedly demanded of Frye of Maine, who was in the chair, to what extent the privilege of calling for a quorum could be stretched.

"In the terms of the rules," said Frye, "there is no limitation, and the senate knows of no power to let presiding officer to place a limitation."

Voorhees then came back to the seat and the roll call brought forty-four answering voices into the chamber.

As soon as the announcement was made Gray of Pennsylvania suggested the absence of a quorum. He did it, he said, because the method of the chair put it absolutely in the power of any three senator to block legislation.

"The Senate of the United States," said Frye, with a great gravity that caused the galleries to titter, "is the most dignified legislative body in the world, and," he pronounced, "the transport the rules did not impose any senator would violate the proprieties of decorum of the Senate."

"The theory of the Constitution," said Quay, deeply sedately, "may be as stated by the chair, but our forefathers experience shows that the Senate is very differently constituted." He then withdrew his suggestion, but Carey of Wyoming, who evidently desired to show the country exactly how powerless the Senate was, repeated it.

At 6:45 Dubois blandly suggested that only seventeen senators were present, but forty-six senators appeared.

Hearst Stewart proceeded Harris of Pennsylvania presented an amendment. The amendment provided first for the change of all the silver bullion in the treasury, representing the government seigniorage, into full legal tender dollars at the rate of $4,000,000 per month.

When the seigniorage is coined the secretary of the treasury shall purchase each month bullion sufficient to coin dollars and coin the bullion into legal tender dollars.

All paper notes or certificates of less denomination than $10 shall be redeemed and not reissued and national bank notes of less denomination than $10 shall be redeemed and the national banks required to substitute notes of that denomination.

The two and a half and five dollar gold pieces shall no longer be coined, and when received at the treasury department shall be received as eagles and double eagles.

The holders of standard silver dollars shall be able to exchange such dollars on presentation for notes of the same legal tender quality as such silver dollars, which shall be held for their redemption.

The amendment created much interest, it being assumed that it furnished the first specific compromise proposition growing out of the extraordinary session.

Allison wanted to know whether the omission to the second section of the number of dollars to be coined was intentional.

Harris said the amount was left blank so that any senator might have an opportunity to test the sense of the Senate. It seems that Harris, for the Democratic free silver senators, and Teller for the Republican free silver men, have been circulating the amendment as a basis for a compromise, with what success cannot be learned.

Before the amendment was introduced Harris talked with Secretary Carlisle who came to a short time before. It is understood that Carlisle was not yet satisfied that the repeal men would have to capitulate, and urged them to continue the fight. He was willing, however, that the amendment should be introduced in case a compromise became the only alternative they could detest.

In this indirect way, it would seem, the administration, so far as Carlisle represents it, showed the first risk of weakening.

Stewart continued, being interrupted from time to time by the call for a quorum. Several senators were unseen on the plea of illness and fatigue, and the quorum was constantly subjected to the danger line, and then disappeared. It was broken by the refusal of certain silver Democrats to vote.

When it was found impossible to get together a quorum, Voorhees rose and said he had had come his duty in the matter, and turned to adjourn.

The motion was unanimously agreed to, and in an instant the Senate chamber was deserted, after a continuous session of thirty-eight hours and forty minutes.

HARRIS'S AMENDMENT.

The Harris amendment, introduced in the Senate this evening, which is to furnish the ground work of a compromise, if a compromise is to be, is regarded as satisfactory by the silver men. First, it does not provide for bonds. This, indeed, is regarded as its greatest weakness from the standpoint of the eastern Republican senators, who have insisted all along on a gold bond issue. But by providing for the redemption of notes and the exchange of gold, the silver world, I am an absolute hand is heard use of silver in all ordinary transactions involving sums of less than $10.

The idea of the compromisers is for the purchase of silver enough to coin $2,000,000 per month. In one way the administration is perfectly satisfied with the silver provisions of the amendment by providing, first, for the seizure of the bullion now in the treasury, amounting to about $55,000,000, at a rate of $2,000,000 per month. The treasury would be relieved for a year and a half of any silver purchases at all.

THE TARIFF.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Lind, of California, took the floor, but before he began, Gorry offered his amendments, which are that certificates must be accompanied with photographs and a duplicate filed in the office of the collector of internal revenue; that the order of deportation must be enforced by the United States marshal; and the Chinese must remain in country until deportation without bail; also defining the term "merchant" to mean any person engaged in buying and selling at a fixed place of business in his name. A Chinese merchant seeking entrance into this country on the ground that he was a former merchant must prove by two witnesses, other than Chinese, that he was such.

Lind then continued. He criticized the argument made by McIlhenny in support of the bill, described the evils of the Chinese invasion of the Pacific coast; criticized the administration for not enforcing the law and claimed the executive power was trying to overawe the legislative power.

Hooker, of Mississippi, spoke in favor of the bill.

Bartlett, of New York, opposed the bill. The underlying object, he said, was to allow the Six Companies a chance to try the case again and have a majority of the supreme court turn the minority. He closed with a criticism of the Six Companies for preventing the Chinese from registering. Adjourned.

Horses Burned to Death.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Provided with 24 ladders and driven into a stampede by a fire in the Wallace street barn of the Chicago City Railway Company, 25 horses were burned to death. The total loss will reach a high figure. The building was a two story brick affair, extending 100 feet on Wallace street and 90 feet on Thirty-ninth. For some time the screaming of the horses was terrible, but after a time the sounds gradually died out. The company lines thirty street cars and a large stock of hay and grain. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Relieved Officials Indicted.

TACOMA, Oct. 12.—President Van Horne and other high Canadian Pacific officials were noted today to appear November 12 answer to indictments for alleged violation of the interstate commerce law.

JEALOUS COMMISSIONERS.

The National World's Fair Managers and the Local Directors.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—The national World's Fair commission again feels troubled. It seems they were not invited to the great banquet last night given by the local directors in the foreign commissions, only a very few of them being present and many of the others are disposed to regard it as a serious slight. The local directors say, on the other hand, that they entertained the national officers last spring and last night's affair was for the foreign and state commissioners; therefore there was no slight.

There is another trouble on hand also. Tuesday Commissioner Davis of Indiana secured the adoption of a resolution complimenting the Chicago directory for its management of the Fair. Mark McDonald of California, commissioner-at-large, moved yesterday a reconsideration of the vote by which the resolution was adopted, but was declared out of order as he was not present when the resolution was passed.

Commissioner Hoche, however, believes as McDonald does, that the local directory was given too much credit by the resolution, and will also move a reconsideration. The matter will come up again Saturday. McDonald, speaking of it this evening, said: "The national commission is entitled to one share of the glory of making the exposition a success, but this resolution ignores it altogether."

Bryce's Banking Bill.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The banking and currency committee today heard Bryce of Nebraska, on his bill to secure depositors of national banks, compelling them to set aside one-fourth of 1 per cent of the average deposits for the two months preceding Jan. 1, until a fund of $10,000,000 is created to pay depositors of failed banks. Bryce signed that the depositors could be paid at once if every depositor was sure of his money he wouldn't draw it out and this would have the effect of preventing panics.

Millions on a Train.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 12.—It is reported that $4,000,000 in gold were shipped from the mint treasury here to Washington today. The federal officers refused to confirm or deny the statement. It is positively known, however, that the Wells-Fargo Express received forty heavy boxes from the sub-treasury and forwarded them East over the Central Pacific.

ANOTHER STORM.

Fears Entertained for Many Settlements in Florida.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 12.—Savannah is in the teeth of a storm which threatens to be one hardly to equal in intensity that of August 27th, which swept the entire Georgia and South Carolina coast. The prediction of the weather bureau of its approach gave warning, and all day preparations were in progress in the city and on the river and harbor to protect property from its ravages.

No vessels are yet being. The Ben Sherman leaving Lake City which was to sail tonight, has been made fast to the docks, and will remain until the storm has passed. The New York steamer City of Augusta, which left New York Wednesday is due tomorrow, and it is feared she will be caught in the storm.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 12.—A special to the *Republic* from Jacksonville, Fla., says: One of the most terrible wind and rainstorms ever known is now raging along the Florida coast, sweeping inland about fifty miles. All communication with points south of here is cut off. Great fears are entertained that Titusville and many other places on the east will suffer greatly from loss of life.

Reports from St. Augustine say the city is partially submerged by water backing over the seawall.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 12.—A special to the Morning News from Jacksonville says: The storm reached its height at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, the velocity of the wind being forty-eight miles an hour.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 12.—The worst of the storm is over. The wind reached sixty-four miles per hour at 5 p. m. The damage to the city was comparatively little as near as known.

The Irrigation Congress.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 12.—At the Irrigation convention this morning there was lively discussion on the question of arid lands. Syndicate monopolies were denounced by Governor Stanton, and the cession of arid lands to the states discussed.

A committee was appointed to prepare an address to the country. It was decided it would be unwise to ask Congress for money at this time, and it will recommend all states to adopt the Wright district bill now in force in California.

Dr. S. N. Woolridge, of Los Angeles, at the afternoon session, read a paper on the relation of irrigation to sanitarians.

Alexander, of California, presented a resolution favoring state legislation for irrigation and irrigation works.

Leon Phillips, of Texas, was called to the chair and Hanson de Thorsis, of Mexico, gave a review of the irrigation and other public works in Mexico.

Phillips's paper on irrigation in France was read by ex-Governor Gosser.

Governor Markham then presided, and C. W. Gates read a paper on irrigation and its effects on civilization.

C. Mulholland, of Inyo county, detailed the works of irrigation in the region of the Mohave desert.

He said the farmers of Death Valley would not take a Kansas farm as a gift if they had to live on it.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Preparations for Receiving the Russian Fleet at Toulon.

Anarchists Create a Panic—The Revolution Revert—The Argentine Jubilee.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The Standard's correspondent at Toulon says crowded excursion trains are constantly arriving. The minister of marine, on his arrival, was met at the station by the mayor and heads of the naval and military forces, and given a rousing reception.

The correspondent of the Associated Press was told by the officials that they were somewhat anxious, in view of the great crowds, as to what may happen during the next few days. The commandant of the prefecture said that any demonstration against any foreign country would be promptly silenced.

The streets are thronged with a noisy but good natured crowd of people, and shouts of "Vive Le Russie" were loud and persistent. The decorations of the city were elaborate, and tonight there was an elaborate illumination of the bay by the vessels of the French Mediterranean fleet. The crush in the city is such that the sleeping accommodations are exhausted. The mayor of Toulon has retained from the military governor a piece of vacant ground on the Rhodes Giacis, with all the tents, tents and straw which can be spread, and thus will be able to provide for 20,000 persons at 1 franc each, but this will not be sufficient, and probably at least 10,000 persons will have to go to the fields outside the town for sleeping accommodations.

Marseilles is so crowded at Toulon.

Anarchists Cause a Panic.

MADRID, Oct. 12.—A panic prevailed at Jerez Monday morning, when a report was circulated that a body of anarchists intended to attack the town. Shops were hastily closed, windows barred, doors barricaded and valuables hidden. The mayor mobilized the civil guards. A reign of terror continued throughout the night, and the civil guards, mounting horses, pushed out into the country and met, according to the claim made by the municipal authorities, groups of anarchists. It is asserted, when questioned by the civil guards, they declared themselves to be workingmen on their way to Jerez, in order to engage in their regular occupations.

Advices from Rio.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—The *Herald's* Montevideo dispatch says: Advices from Rio Janeiro state that the story of Admiral Lyal to Peixoto, is likely to join the naval insurgents. Two battalions of national guards have revolted and declared for the rebels. It is believed the disaffection will spread rapidly. The fleet squadron is inactive owing to a lack of ammunition. The rebels are concentrating in the southern province of Rio Grande Do Sul is daily gaining strength.

What Canada Wants.

MONTREAL, Oct. 12.—It is understood a petition was sent to Rome from here, asking that a papal delegate be appointed for Canada, who shall have the same power as Satolli exercises in the United States.

Barry Resigns.

DUBLIN, Oct. 12.—John Barry has decided to resign his seat in the commons, notwithstanding the remonstrances of his constituents in Wexford. His resigns because of the system of ring government practiced by certain parliamentary elements of the Irish parliamentary party.

Peace in the Argentine.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 12.—In addition to Te Deum sung today in celebrating the end of the revolution, there was a grand military fete. Peace and security are restored in the country, except in some remote districts.

A Dynamite Outrage.

ROME, Oct. 12.—A serious dynamite outrage was reported today from Cuneo. A large bomb was exploded yesterday in the vicinity of the Florentine state. The force of the explosion shattered all the windows in the vicinity, and caused a terrible panic among the inhabitants.

"FIVE DOLLARS A MONTH."

Drs. Mansfield and Kissett Make Another Notable Offer.

All Patients Applying before November 1st will be treated and Supplied with Medicine until Cured for $5.00 a Month.

HOME ENDORSEMENTS.

Remarkable Results Attained With Only a Few Days' Treatment.

THE POOR TREATED FREE.

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

No Necessity of Coming to the City for Treatment.

Zion Medical Institute

$5.00 A MONTH.

To Conference Folks,

While in the city, bear in mind that its old capital "Occidental" is still at the old stand, 10 E. First South, and that a complete supply of cutlery will adorn your table as usual. Our brands of Wines, Liquors, Cordials, Rums, Porters and Cigars are the finest in the land. Family supplies order.

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Use Old Allen Coal,

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A Tonic and a Regulator.

HAS CURED

Consumption, Incipient Bright's Disease, Kidney Troubles, Indigestion, Nervous Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Sick Headache, Malaria, Piles, Constipation, Kidney, Liver, Stomach, Bladder Complaints, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pimples and Blotches, Catarrh of the Bowels, Liver Obstructions, Scrofula, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Hives, Spleen Humor, Excessive Use of Alcohol, Female Complaints, Catarrh and Inflammation of the Bladder.

SEE WHAT IT HAS DONE FOR ME.

I am as good as one there from the dead. A few months ago I had given myself up to die, and by mere chance I heard of Seller's Geneva Mineral Water, from Geneva, New York. I called at the Water Depot in Portland, Oregon. I told the agent I had been afflicted for many years with what is called Cyclitis, or inflammation of the bowel, one diseases, that I had lost fifty pounds weight in the past year, and that I would soon pass to another sphere. I have spent thousands of dollars on doctors and medicines, and all to no avail. I was so bad in order at that time that I ever had been, and was using morphine all the time for the past six years. Well, to make a long story short, by the time I had used five cases of the Geneva Water I had second hopes that I was sure, and felt so well about it that I had to tell everybody I met, and up to this writing I have used fifteen gallons of the mineral water, and of a truth can say that I am comparatively well. Before using the Geneva Water I had to take morphine to get any sleep at all, and since drinking the mineral water I can sleep as well as I ever did. Oh, hear me, all you that are afflicted and suffering with Chronic Troubles of Stomach, Liver or any kind, that the Geneva Mineral Water will cure you. It has cured me.

Come and see me and judge for yourself, and I will tell you all you want to know about the Geneva Mineral Water. It is for sale at Seller's depot, 10 Pacific Blk., Salt Lake City. Don't forget that it is for male and female.

JOHN STODDARD,
AN OLD TIMER.

We, the undersigned, testify that the foregoing is true.

Hon. David Eccles, ex-Mayor, Ogden.
George Romney, Bishop 24th Ward.
C. W. Nibley, Secretary Oregon Lumber Co.
Judge Thomas D. Dee.
Hon. Joseph Howell.
Hon. M. F. Brown.
John A. McAllister.
Hon. H. H. Spencer.
William Harlan, Solicitor.
John M. T. Talbot, Secretary Eccles Lumber Co.
Grant Crosby, Assistant Manager Oregon Lumber Co.
Hon. Joseph A. West.
Frank Stouffer, Railroad Manager.
A. K. Stockham, Lumber Merchant.
Thomas Lefebvre, Farmer.
George Stoddard, Lumber Merchant.
Peter Michaels.
William H. Toler.
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Butterscotch Crackers a Specialty.

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SPECIAL.

NOTIONS

The mighty little things, the necessaries! any thrifty housekeeper can see her chance here. Don't overlook an item in this column.

1000 packages of good pins, paper 1c
No. 1 steel hair pins worth 5c package, 2 for 5
1000 yards darning cotton, all colors, price 20c doz, now 5
No. 1 dress steels, worth 20c set, now 9
100 yards No. 1 elastic webbing, yard lengths, bunch 5
Genuine stockinette dress shields, large size, pair 10
Basting cotton, black and white, 200 yd spools, 2 for 5
Elegant button hooks, each 3
Darning eggs, each 10
1000 curling irons, steel and wood handles, each 8
500 cards elegant buttons, dozen 5
500 whisk brooms, large size, value 25c anywhere 15
First-class tooth brushes 5
Genuine Castile or white hair brushes, value 35, now 15
Fine rubber dressing combs 5
Hat pins, a fancy or black, doz 10
Marshall's linen thread, spool 5
New belts in canvas or leather 10
1000 string beads in all colors, pearl and shell, string 5
Rings warranted 3 years, gold would cost you $1.50, now 25
1000 handle mir stick pins 10
Elegant 5x10 writing tablets 8
We will distribute 500 elegant pocketbooks, now 5
Some fine hand mirrors at 20
Perfumes—Colgate's, Rindskopf's, Wencke & Hoyt's.
German colognes, bottle 25
100 bottles blue seal petroleum vaseline, bottle 8
Soap W. C. C. Brown Windsor toilet, cake 5
Pears' unscented transparent soap, 2 for 25
Large sponges 8
500 chamois skins, each 5

10,000 other small articles you cannot find elsewhere will go at prices that will crowd our store.

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Prices Cut in Every Department

For Conference Week will work wonders in every department of our immense clothing emporium. This week we expect a tremendous week's business. We have a right to expect it.

Our Colossal Bargains TEMPT and the Cold Weather - - - - COMPELS a Change of Apparel. - - - -

Our Stock was never so large—so diversified—and never in the history of the world were such gigantic bargains given when the people's needs are early in the season.

HERE ARE THE GREATEST VALUES ON THE GLOBE TODAY:

All Men's $25 Suits,
Containing all the most fashionable fabrics and the most approved styles and shapes, now going at $15.00.

All Men's $18 and $20 Suits,
And there are thousands to select from, now going at $12.50.

All Men's $12 and $13.50 Suits,
Enough to stock an ordinary sized store, now cut to the magnificent sum of $8.75.

HERE ARE VALUES IN

Boys' and Children's Clothing

ABSOLUTELY UNTOUCHABLE:

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 SUITS with Knee Pants, ages 4 to 14, including all the fashionable styles, now going at $3.50.

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S $9.00 and $10.00 SUITS, ages 4 to 14, single and double breasted, now going at $5.00.

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S $12.00 and $13.50 SUITS, strong, well sewed and wear-resisting, now going at $6.50.

UNDERWEAR

IS THE TOPIC OF THE DAY.

50 Cases of heavy merino, silk lining, good value at 75c a garment, at 50c.
75 Cases of heavy merino, finely checked, worth 1.00. Take them at 65c.
A lot of Imperial Cashmere Scarlet Underwear in Australian wool, a fine black cloth, well laid seams at $1.00, now they go at $1.65.
A great consignment of Saxon Finish's natural Wool Underwear, finely knit, for which dealers pay $15.00 a dozen, our price $10.00.

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