

dians present at Red Cloud Agency, to whom rations will be issued in future, falls short of 5,000, and of grown males 1,000. Recruits for various regiments in the field are daily arriving at Fort Russell.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., 1.—A heavy thunder storm began in this section this afternoon, and probably covers the entire area of the forest fires. The storm promises to be heavy and continued.

ALBANY, 1.—The Beaverwycks crew, the winners of the International boat race at Philadelphia, had an enthusiastic reception tonight.

MONROE, La., 1.—A fresh excitement sprang up last night in consequence of the report that negroes were arming in the northern part of the parish and coming to burn the town. About seventy-five negroes, mounted and on foot, were found at Capt. Hillop's place. A parley ensued, and the negroes refused to disarm. They said they would come back with 500 men. Capt. Theobald, with fifteen men, blockaded the road with rails. The news spread rapidly, and armed whites from this and Morehouse parishes, went to the scene. The excitement was intense, but no thing occurred and no gun was fired. The negroes said they were told to arm by the sheriff of the parish, colored, and come to Monroe to burn the town. In the southern part of the parish, where the houses were fired into and the trouble began, leading citizens report all quiet. Some scattering demonstrations, they say, were made last night, but nothing serious. The situation is decidedly anxious, but prominent men are proceeding with prudence and moderation.

The steamer *Timmie Baker*, lying at Trenton wharf, exploded her boiler, and eight persons were killed and wounded. She was worth \$8,000; a total loss.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 1.—By the breaking of the axle of an engine of the train of the Lehigh Valley Railroad to-day, four cars were thrown from the track down an embankment, bruising and cutting eleven passengers, one seriously.

SCRANTON, Pa., 1.—The coal breaker, at Plymouth, of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Co. was burned to-day by incendiaries. The loss is not stated, insurance \$20,000. A large number of men have thus been thrown out of employment.

NEW YORK, 2.—The detail of the engineer officers made to-day for the survey of the Union and Central Pacific Railroad lines between Omaha and Sacramento, is under the resolution of the House of Representatives. The officer detailed by the Secretary of War, Col. J. W. Twining, is one of the best fitted officers in the engineer corps for this work. He had the chief charge of the northwestern boundary survey, lately completed, and is believed to be a gentleman of such high personal character as to insure the accurate performance of the work desired by Congress.

ST. LOUIS, 2.—The *Globe-Democrat* has a letter from Kensett, Ark., detailing some atrocities committed by a religious sect called Cobb, at Gum Springs, White County. It appears that an old man named Cobb rules the community, and is regarded by his followers as Jesus, and obeyed accordingly. For some time past singular noises have been heard at Gum Springs, and a few days ago C. D. Humphreys, of Search, and a Mr. Blake, of El Paso, determined to ascertain the cause; they, therefore, visited the locality, and as they were passing the hut from which issued the strange sounds, a man named Doren, one of the Cobbits accosted them, saying "God was in the hut," and invited them to enter and see him. They alighted from their buggy, and Humphreys was at once seized by four men and Blake by four women. Blake broke loose from his captors and ran about a hundred yards when, on looking back, he saw the men cutting Humphreys to pieces with long knives. He hastened to town and reported the case and a party of citizens at once started for the scene of the murder. On arriving at the Springs they found Humphreys' head cut off and stuck on a fence paling. A boy riding by had been compelled to get off his horse and bow to the head three times and utter a prayer. A parley ensued between the leader of the citizens, J. C. Black, and Dover of the Cobbits, during which the latter took Humphreys' head from the fence several times and shook it back and forth and replaced it on the paling, at the same time or-

dering the citizens to leave. At last Dover and his crowd advanced on Black and his party in a menacing manner, and the latter fired upon them, killing two men and wounding another; the remaining four men, four women and two children, were arrested and taken to jail. Other Cobbits were also arrested and taken to Search. There was great excitement among the people, lynching was threatened. Next day a preliminary examination was held and all the parties released. They talked incessantly about their religion, and there seemed but little doubt that they were all crazy from the effects of religious excitement and starvation.

WASHINGTON, 2.—One hundred and twenty-four clerks out of the 800 employed in the war department and its various bureaus were, to-day, discharged on account of the recent action of Congress ordering a reduction in the clerical force of the departments.

The following dispatch has been received by General Sherman from General Sheridan in Chicago:

"Col. Carlin telegraphed that he was obliged to suspend agent Burke, at Standing Rock, who, it is believed, had a secret interview with Kill Eagle, one of the hostile chiefs, and who subsequently issued 250 head of cattle, most of which is believed to have gone to the hostile camps. We do not want to do anything which would be unpleasant in any way to the Secretary of the Interior or the Commissioner of Indian affairs, but I really think it would be best for all concerned that army officers should perform the duties of the agencies until this trouble is over. Col. Carlin put Capt. R. E. Johnston in charge of the agency at Standing Rock until the new one arrives."

Gen. Sherman sent the following to Gen. Sheridan:

"The Secretary of War is back, and I have also seen Chandler, the Secretary of the Interior, who says another agent has been appointed for the Standing Rock agency, who will soon be there, but in the meantime you may instruct Col. Carlin that he must control all issues from the agency to the Indians and permit no issues of any kind he does not approve, especially to Indians not actually present and known to be friendly and faithful. The most friendly feeling and hearty co-operation exists between the war and interior departments upon these points, and whatever measures may be thought best will be carried out jointly by both departments. Edwin Mallett was appointed yesterday agent at Standing Rock, but as some difficulty has arisen in relation to his bond, another person will be appointed as soon as selected by the board of Indian Commissioners."

BOSTON, 2.—Henry Howe was drowned to-day in attempting to rescue two young ladies, one of whom, Etta L. Bickford, was drowned.

ST. LOUIS, 2.—Later advices from Arkansas say the coroner's inquest held on the body of Humphreys, returned a verdict that L. B. and J. M. Dover, Thomas Gainly, John and Elizabeth Nelson were principals, and John Clementide and Lee Dover accessories. L. B. Dover and Thomas Gainly were killed by the posse in making the arrest. Old Cobb escaped to the woods, and at last accounts had not been captured. It appears that Cobb came from Michigan, where he taught atrocious doctrines until driven out. He first settled in south-eastern Missouri, where he made a few converts, and, it is said, offered up infants as a sacrifice. He was driven away from there with his fanatical followers, went to White County, and induced a few more ignorant people to join him. The accounts received do not give any reason or cause for the attack upon Humphreys and Blake, and the murder of the former, but the Cobbits seem to have been wrought up to a high degree of religious excitement or frenzy, and were urged on by old man Cobb, who had taught his followers that he was not only Christ in person, but he uttered the decrees of God himself; that anything they did was devoid of sin.

HALIFAX, 2.—By the capsizing of the yacht *Signet* during the race, to-day, Wm. B. Fay, owner, and Samuel Tupper, inspector of internal revenue were drowned.

BALTIMORE, 3.—Two trains of coal cars were thrown off the track this morning on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad near Harper's Ferry,

and before the wreck could be cleared away a passenger train, turning a short curve, dashed through the debris and ran off the track down an embankment into the canal. Joshua Shipley, engineer, was wedged in his cab and drowned, while claspings the locomotive throttle with both hands; the fireman was badly bruised and scalded; but fortunately none of the passengers were seriously hurt.

CHICAGO, 3.—The *Tribune's* Lacrosse special gives details of a terrible explosion of a boiler belonging to a steam thrasher working at the farm of C. G. Jones, near Chatfield, Minn. The machine was in full operation when the explosion occurred. The engineer, Lawton, was blown 150 feet, his body breaking off a tree top twenty feet from the ground; he was instantly killed; Charles Arnold, bank cutter, was instantly torn to pieces, and portions of his body scattered all around the separator; William Burnett, measurer, had the top of his head taken off by a piece of the boiler; Everett Jones, feeder, had his arm and his leg badly broken. The boiler was blown to a distance of 200 feet.

ST. LOUIS, 3.—A young man named James Liddell was somewhat boisterous in Carr Park last evening, and was shot dead by officer Woodlock, it is said without provocation, as Liddell made no resistance to the arrest, which was requested by the private watchman in charge of the park. Woodlock was arrested and will be examined to-morrow.

NEW YORK, 4.—The office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., at Princeton, N. J., was robbed in July of one hundred thousand dollars worth of tickets. The tickets were promptly stopped, and becoming useless to the burglars, they sought to make something by negotiating their return to the company, but, through the energy and shrewdness of Samuel Carpenter, general eastern passenger agent, the suspected thieves have been arrested.

WASHINGTON, 4.—The Salem, Utah County post office has been discontinued. Charles H. Lesbrook has been appointed Post Master at Highland, Salt Lake county, Utah, and Newton Dunyon Post Master at Tooele, Tooele county, Utah.

The U. S. Attorney General has issued full instructions to the U. S. marshals as to their duties in the coming elections, to the effect that all citizens must be fully protected at their registration lists while voting, and also protected from any violence which may be threatening for having voted as they deemed proper. Special deputy marshals are to be appointed only in cities of twenty thousand inhabitants and upwards. In discharge of their duties the marshals can call upon all citizens, civil or military, or in whatever service they may be, and no State law or officers can impede them.

CHICAGO, 4.—The cases of the thirteen distillers, rectifiers, &c., known as the first batch who were indicted a year ago last May, and who gave their evidence to the government, were brought up in the United States court this morning, and after a brief presentation by their counsel of the facts in their behalf, were dismissed from the docket.

The grand jury, this morning, indicted Alexander Sullivan for the murder of C. C. Hanford.

TERRY'S CAMP ON YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Aug. 26, via Bismarck, D. T., 4.—Yesterday morning he moved his command after an eight days' rest, marching 20 miles before camping. Crook had changed his camp the day before, in search of better grass, going nine miles up Powder River, his last night's camp being about ten miles in advance of ours. Our road was that diabolical trail, which has enticed us so far to so little purpose, and which had been abandoned as a useless job. The only reasons apparently for taking it up again were that the generals were in absolute ignorance of where the Indians had gone and what they were doing, that the campaign had proven a failure so that something had to be done for appearance sake, that the trail was the only Indian sign found, and that the army might reach the agencies by this route, as well as another. Everybody has grown dissatisfied with what they claim to be the continued mismanagement of the officers, and criticize the conduct of affairs severely, and frankly express their disgust at having anything to do with a cam-

paign which was evidently based upon theories. From the steamer, which is still waiting near our last camp, having met the *Josephine* and *Yellowstone* coming up forty miles below Glendine Creek, we learned that both vessels were fired upon by Indians, one private being killed. Several small parties of Sioux were seen at different points on the north bank of the river, but only one came within range, and they quickly retreated before sharp firing from the boats, one chap falling as though badly hurt. Just above here the *Josephine* picked up a white man, who hailed her. He with another had deserted from the little garrison at Glendine Creek. They had been surrounded by Indians. His companion was killed, scalped and mutilated, and he himself badly wounded in the arm. Creeping between some rocks, he lay in the pelting rain two days and nights, and the Indians firing at him for a while and evidently waiting till he was starved out.

Captain Rice, commanding a company of infantry, at Glendine, sends word that he has been attacked twice by small bands of Sioux, but nobody hurt. His scouts claim to have discovered a large Indian village some distance down the river, numbering from 1,000 to 1,500 men. On receipt of this news Terry rode over to Crook's camp and the following plan was agreed upon—to cross the Yellowstone at this point, twenty-five miles by water below Powder, march inland a few miles, and swing down toward Glendine, so as to tap the trail if the enemy are moving north, and corral them if they are still below. Co. K to skirt the head waters of O'Fallon and Cabin creeks and strike the Yellowstone near Glendine, thus preventing a countermarch of the Indians and hemming them in. If the village really exists, which is doubted by many, a row may be expected within a few days at least. Should either column strike a fresh trail, it will be followed.

#### FOREIGN.

ROME, 29.—It is affirmed that the cardinals have unanimously agreed to omit certain ceremonies in the conclave to be held when the election of the successor to Pope Pius 9th becomes necessary. The object is to hasten the election of the new Pope and keep the conclave free from foreign influence.

VIENNA, 29.—A council of ministers has been held at Constantinople to consider the peace proposals, of which the outlines have been given to the Grand Vizier by the powers separately. The Russians are strenuously opposed to the conditions, that Serbia should first sue directly for peace, and the Port abandoned its demand to that effect.

BELGRADE, 29.—The diplomatic agents have handed to Premier Ristits a joint note from their respective governments. They take the subject of mediation into their hands and have instructed their ambassadors how to proceed to stop hostilities. The powers are trying to hold Serbia to its action, while the war party is trying to temporize in order to make better terms.

LONDON, 29.—Maximilian Joseph Chelius, the celebrated physician and surgeon of Heidelberg, is dead.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 29.—The cabinet council, at which all the grand dignitaries were present, have resolved to depose the present Sultan Murad, and proclaim Abdul Hamid. The change will occur shortly, certainly before the beginning of the next Raddau, the great annual feast of the Mahomedans.

LONDON, 30.—Gladstone, in reply to an invitation to participate in a public meeting to protest against the government's course regarding the Bulgarian atrocities, says: Writing on a subject like this, which appeals so distinctly to my deepest feelings, and where our information on the details is still far from being full, I should have been glad if the whole duty of expressing my views of the British nation could have been left with safety in the hands of government; but the manner in which it was treated by the head of the ministry and the House of Commons was so inadequate and unsatisfactory, that I cannot but think it well that the people should seek opportunities to speak for themselves, and should assist the administration to judge whether it is right that, by the re-establishment of *status quo* in Bulgaria, opportunities should be given its governors

for a repetition of the recent outrages when they may see occasion.

PARIS, 30.—The court of appeals quashed the sentence of fine and imprisonment on the editor of the newspaper *Les Droits de l'Homme*, for libelling the Chamber of Deputies.

LONDON, 31.—A dispatch from Rome reports that the Empress Eugenie has purchased for her winter residence, the villa of the Grand Duchess Maria, of Russia, in that city.

A dispatch from Vienna says: The conference at Belgrade, where Prince Milan communicated his resolution in favor of peace to the representatives of the powers, Prince Wrede, the Austrian representative, asked how far Prince Milan was authorized to represent the Prince of Montenegro. Prince Milan answered that he had no direct written power, but from communications he had with Prince Nicholas on the subject, he thought he could speak for him also. This reply was only calculated to bring out prominently the informality of Montenegro's demand by proxy, which, if not cleared up, might, later, have led to all sorts of misunderstanding.

It seems Prince Nicholas is as anxious to treat as Prince Milan, for on Tuesday he urged the subject, expressing apprehension that Dervish Pasha was about to invade Montenegro, and he was anxious to have this prevented by the influence of the powers.

A Montevideo telegram to Lloyds dated Aug. 29, says the crew of the British ship *Scotstown*, which left Glasgow on June 29 for San Francisco, landed at that port. The *Scotstown* had been lost.

BELGRADE, 31.—Official intelligence was received to-night that the Turks were defeated at all points on the right bank of the Moravia, and subsequently taken in the flanks and put to flight. Their bridges over the Moravia were destroyed. The Servians occupied the Turkish entrenchments on the right bank of the Moravia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 31.—The council of ministers and the great dignitaries of the empire have proclaimed Abdul Hamid Sultan, vice Murad deposed.

HAVANA, 31.—While a well known lawyer, named Vallejaline, was in the parlor of his residence last night, a masked man gave him a letter. Vallejaline went up to the chandelier to read it, when the stranger discharged a blunderbuss at him, and then made his escape under cover of the terrible noise caused by the explosion of a box of cartridges ignited by a confederate outside the house. Vallejaline was wounded in the hand and neck but not dangerously. Three persons were arrested and imprisoned.

He came in and secured twenty-five cents for a poor orphan child awaiting burial, and then he went around the corner and winked across the counter at that unburied orphan, with a diamond breastpin in his shirt, and called for Monongahela straight. —N. O. Bulletin.

#### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals:  
One red, brockle-faced STEER, four or five years old, roan under belly, swallow fork in right ear, crop off and slit in left ear, a brand resembling a figure 5 and half circle joined to the top part, the circle being upwards, on left hip.  
One red, ball faced COW, four or five years old, crop off left ear, branded O, the O joined to the 1, on left shoulder, and 1 on left thigh.  
One brindle COW, five years old, star in forehead, white spot under belly, hilt in the flanks, crop off both ears, slit in right ear, upper bit out of left.  
One red COW, five years old, star in forehead, white spots under belly and on both thighs, right ear off close to the head, a brand resembling a written T standing to the left.  
One red HEIFER, two or three years old, branded M on left ribs, M on left hip, crop off and slit in left ear, two slits in right ear.  
One crown Spanish COW, six years old, branded C and some other brand on left hip, illegible brand on left shoulder, crop off and under bit out of right ear, upper lap off and under bit out of left ear, double dewlap.  
One red STEER CALF, six months old, slit in left ear, double ewlap.  
Which, if not claimed, will be sold September 11th, 1876, at 10 a. m., at my corral.  
JENS HANSEN.  
District Poundkeeper.  
Manti, August, 30, 1876. dskw

#### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:  
One light roan mare COLT, 2 years old, a brand resembling O J, with the lower part of the J reversed on left-shoulder.  
One dark bay horse COLT, one year old, no brands nor white on him.  
Which, if not claimed, will be sold at the District Pound at Moroni, Sanpete County, Sept. 11th, A. D. 1876, on Monday, at 2 o'clock p. m.  
J. L. JOLEY.  
District Poundkeeper.  
MORONI CITY, Sept. 1, 1876. ds&w