

Resolved, That the city engineer is hereby instructed to prepare and submit plans and specifications and advertise for bids for completion of the viaduct on North Temple street from present terminus to Sixth West street, and report to this Council at their next regular meeting.

FOR THE SICK AND NEEDED.

The following by Loofbourov was adopted:

Resolved, That the honorable Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to act in his discretion, in connection with the city physician, in all matters where the application is made to him or on behalf of indigent persons who are sick or in urgent need of medical care and attention, by securing the admission of such persons to a hospital or otherwise cared for as the necessity of each case may seem to require, and that he report all such cases to the Council.

TO FURNISH A STATEMENT.

Hardy offered the following:

Whereas, Your committee on finance has stated in their report and recommend retrenchment in the different offices of the city government; and

Whereas, They make no definite recommendation for the city collector's office; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the city auditor be instructed to furnish the City Council with a full statement of all moneys paid to the assessor or collector, or received or retained by him as fees for the year 1891, together with a detailed statement of the money paid by the city for salaries and other purposes connected with the maintenance of the assessor and collector's office, and report to this Council next Tuesday evening.

A PROPER MOVE.

Mr. Hardy also introduced the following:

Whereas, Complaints have been made of the encroachments of the Salt Lake City Brewing Company upon the sidewalks and streets with their buildings; therefore be it

Resolved, That they are instructed to remove all buildings on the public highway within sixty days, or if they refuse to do so, that legal steps be taken to remove the same.

APPROPRIATIONS.

J. R. and M. H. Walker.....	\$ 128 00
Deseret Hospital.....	45 00
Holy Cross Hospital.....	184 00
St. Mark's Hospital.....	24 85
Kelly & Co.....	329 75
Mrs. M. Merrill.....	316 35
A. J. Burr.....	92 40
M. H. Hennessy.....	344 30
Ceo. M. Scott.....	91 00
H. Dinwoodey.....	108 90

Total.....\$1,664 55

Adjourned until Saturday night next at 7:30. A special meeting will be held on that date to consider the report of the finance committee.

There was a special meeting of the City Council on Saturday night, called for the purpose of discussing the financial condition of the municipality and to consider the advisability of adopting the report of the committee on finance recently submitted. Mayor Baskin occupied the chair. The councilmen in attendance were: Rich, Folland, Hardy, Horn, Moran, Bell, Lawson, Loofbourov, Ewing, Evans, Simonds, Beardsley, Heiss, and Wantland. Absent—Karrick.

After some unimportant discussion the report was taken up and considered item by item.

The first change was the abolition of the office filled by the license collector's clerk, at \$1000 per year.

In the city engineer's department one assistant draughtsman, at a salary of \$1200 per year, was dropped.

The position of stableman to the street department, rated at \$730.50 per year, was also dispensed with.

The fees paid to the city sexton were ordered to be turned over to the city treasurer and the office converted into a salaried one, at \$1200 per year.

The salary of the superintendent of waterworks was increased from \$1800 to \$2000.

City Attorney Hall's salary was reduced from \$3000 to \$2500 per annum.

Assistant City Attorney Eichnor's salary was raised from \$1200 to \$1500 per year.

Justice Gep's salary was reduced from \$2000 to \$1500.

LETTER FROM ALBERTA, CANADA.

Editor Deseret News:

As I have received numerous letters from different individuals who read my communication in the News of Feb. 23rd, headed "A letter full of information for intending settlers in that region," I wish to make a correction therein. My letter stated that settlers in Canada could take up 169 acres of land. It should have been 160 acres. I have in my possession a printed letter from Calgary, Alberta, Canada, which is too lengthy to print in full, therefore I will extract from it some of the main items which will be read with interest by some of your readers. It is headed:

"Calgary, Alberta,

"Letter of instruction to intending settlers:

The numerous daily inquiries from all parts of the world addressed to the mayor, the president of the board of trade, the postmaster and other citizens of Calgary asking for information as to the suitability of Alberta as a field of settlement, entailed such extra work on the secretary of the board of trade that the board appointed a special committee to draft a letter answering as many questions as are generally asked by correspondents, and to have the same printed and mailed in reply to those asking for information.

"Alberta is situated at the base of the Rocky Mountains, and is bounded on the north by the district of Athabasca, on the south by the State of Montana, on the west by the province of British Columbia, and on the east by the district of Assiniboia, and embraces the territory now known throughout the world as the Chinook belt. Our winters, as a general rule, are mild and short in duration, the severe season being usually during the months of January and February. This year, however, we have had, as yet, no severe weather, the thermometer seldom sinking more than ten or twelve degrees below freezing point.

"The C. P. R. give liberal rates for incoming settlers.

"Cattle and horses live and thrive throughout the entire year without any food or shelter other than what nature provides for them. We have invariably a very dry autumn and winter, not having any rainfall from about September 1st to April 1st. The dry fall and winter are of great benefit, as they permit the natural grasses to ripen, mature and cure and remain sweet

and nutritious throughout the winter. Here lies the great difference between our country and the Eastern provinces and States or the province of British Columbia, where, owing to the heavy rainfall, the grasses decompose, and animals are unable to procure food; and, moreover, it is well known that animals are enabled to retain their fat and stand the cold better where the climate is clear and dry, as with us. The prudent settler will do well to provide prairie hay and shelter for domestic and dairy cattle for farm about six or eight weeks during the winter, as the natural grasses near home will get well eaten down, and domestic cattle unlike breeding stock, cannot be permitted to seek for food and shelter away from home. Poor old Eastern horses, which, after doing a hard summer's work on the construction of our local railways, have been turned out in December to rustle for themselves, have been taken up in May as fat as beef steers. Yes, it is true that thousands of beef steers are driven in from the ranches in the months of January, February and March and shipped to the coast either alive or as dressed beef, and it is equally true that the average weight of a dressed three to four year old steer is from 850 to 1000 pounds.

This is an exceptionally good country for poultry. The dry fall and spring appear to agree splendidly with the birds, and eggs are sold as cheap as 25 cents per dozen, and at the time of writing are worth 60 cents. Domestic cows sell for about \$40 per head. Heifers three years old for \$30, heifers two years old \$20, yearlings about \$13. Good general purpose mares weighing about 1400 pounds are worth about \$200 each. Bronchoes weighing about 800 or 900 pounds are worth from \$40 to \$60 per head. Good sized bronchoes weighing 1200 pounds can be bought from \$125 to \$150 each. By all means bring whatever breeding stock you may have with you, and all your agricultural implements, but do not buy any new machinery in eastern Canada, as you can do far better by bringing live stock and leaving the agricultural implements to be procured here. Wheat will average 30 bushels per acre, oats 50 bushels per acre, barley 40 bushels per acre. You can get a free homestead of 160 acres on payment of the sum of \$10, and each of your sons over 18 years old may take up his own homestead on the same terms. Seedling commences about the middle of March, and as a rule the harvest begins about the middle of August. There has never been a general summer frost in Alberta. Occasionally small patches have been slightly touched, but never enough to damage either the yield or quality of the grain. The best time to come is in early spring, but you will be made welcome at any time.

Don't be afraid when coming to Alberta, you are about to bury yourself in a wilderness. We have churches of all denominations, and good schools everywhere in Alberta; railroads north, south, east and west. Our social life must be seen to be appreciated. In our daily life we are in no way behind the old cities of the east. There are good roads throughout the district, and you have no taxes to pay outside the towns, except a small school tax, half of which is paid by the