

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 3.—Hon. John L. New, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, refuses either to affirm or deny the truth of the statement telegraphed from Indianapolis last night that he would resign and retire from Washington on the return of Secretary Folger. It is known, however, that for some time Mr. New has contemplated resigning in order that he may better look after his newspaper and other private interests; and he will probably carry his resolution into effect at an early day. There is no foundation for the report that unpleasant relations exist between Mr. Folger and Mr. New. Their intercourse has always been of a pleasant character. Mr. New will leave for Indianapolis after the return of the President and Secretary Folger. The Assistant Secretary is very popular here, and his resignation will be greatly regretted, especially by his many warm friends in the journalistic profession.

It is thought at the Internal Revenue Bureau that claims for rebate of taxes on tobacco, snuff and cigars growing out of the recent internal revenue act have nearly all been presented, and it is estimated they will aggregate \$3,500,000. The total annual reduction of revenue on tobacco, snuff and cigars is now computed at \$36,000,000.

The charge d'affaires of France is informed that a deputy from the State Government of that Republic having been led to interfere in the affairs of Tonquin, and to occupy that province for the purpose of restoring order there, France has been compelled to adopt measures to prevent arms and munitions of war being sent to Anam for the purpose of strengthening its enemies; that it consequently ordered the ex-roy of a strict surveillance in the Gulf of Tonquin, and to search all suspected vessels entering Anam ports. Those vessels which enter having received special notice of the prohibition of trade in arms and shall still endeavor to discharge their cargoes or to run the blockade are to be seized. The charge d'affaires further states that a treaty is concluded between France and Anam, whereby certain ports are open to foreign commerce irrespective of nationality, provided that arms and ammunition shall neither be exported or imported, and that the French commissioner in Tonquin and the commanding officer of the squadron have been entrusted to take all necessary measures to enforce this proviso.

The free delivery system was established in 42 cities and towns during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1883.

O. N. Denny, U. S. Consul General at Shanghai, made a report to the State Department under date of Shanghai July 23d. in reference to cholera at Port Swatow. A number of foreigners composing the crew of foreign vessels have died. Hong Kong has declared Swatow an infected port. Denny was requested by the Consul to order somebody to communicate with the Chinese officials to secure their co-operation to the enforcement of the regulations.

FLORENCE, Arizona, 3.—Redfield and Tuttle, who robbed the Riverside stage and killed the express messenger on the night of August 11th, were hanged this morning. Cowboys assembled in force, protesting against the hanging. Fears are entertained that they may create trouble.

New York, 3.—Wm. E. Harding is arrested on a charge of acting as referee in the Dempsey-Force prize fight at Coney Island this morning.

Police officer McNamara is held for the action of the grand jury, the coroner's jury finding that he killed with his club John Smith, a young Scotchman. Bail was refused.

Bridgeport, Conn., 3.—Rose Clark, about 25 years old, daughter of Nathan W. Clark, of Stratford, was found dead near her father's residence about 25 miles north of Stratford depot. Finger marks on her throat indicated that she was choked to death. She was to have been married in about two weeks to Wm. Loomis, of Stratford. She was accustomed to visit his house, which she did last evening. She started to go home about nine, which is the last seen of her until she was found this morning. The post mortem showed that the deceased had been shockingly outraged. The body and limbs bear bruises and other marks

of violence, indicating a desperate encounter.

Boston, 3.—White (colored) who figured prominently in the Brush murder, is suspected also of many others.

Norwich, Conn., 2.—Policeman Frank Hill was fatally stabbed this evening by Manuel Montero, a Portuguese. Hill had arrested Montero for some minor offense.

Gallatin, Mo., 3.—The James trial proceedings did not begin until late this morning. Mrs. Frank James, accompanied by her little boy, made her first appearance in the court room during the trial, and took a seat by her husband. The Court announced that each side would be given 10 hours in which to present their arguments, which will permit the case to go to the jury Wednesday at noon. The Court denied a motion to extend the time of the defense to 12 hours.

Instructions for the State and defendant were then read. The instruction for murder in the second degree does not amount to much, as it can only be returned as a separate form of robbing. The killing of McMillan by any members of the gang while pursuing the robbery, if defendant is believed to have been one of the party, is murder in the first degree. Instructions as to the credibility of witnesses were very clear and favorable to the defense, the jury being instructed that the testimony of an associate in crime requires corroboration to the extent of certainty.

W. D. Hamilton, prosecuting attorney of this (Davies) county, opened the case for the State and spoke till court adjourned. John M. Glover will open for the defense.

New Haven, 2.—A disastrous fire occurred yesterday, in a large brick building, No. 22 to 30 Artisan street. The fire broke out in a lumber yard in the rear of the building. The building was four stories high, occupied by the New Haven State Manufacturing Company, Strong Cart-ridge Company and Chas. Brown, scroll sawing. Loss, \$100,000; insurance \$85,000. Fireman Bristol was seriously injured by falling bricks.

New York, 3.—The steamer *Spain*, which arrived from Liverpool today, reports that on August 27th, in latitude 40.44, longitude 44.20, she spoke the German steamer *Lesing*, from New York for Hamburg, with her shaft broken; she wanted no assistance.

The steamer *Furnessia*, which arrived to-day, also reports that she spoke the *Lesing* August 28th and she refused assistance.

The bark *Aureolus*, from Atlanta, Mexico, which arrived to-day, reports that when passing East Island, latitude 27-25, longitude 109-24, in the Pacific Ocean, she hailed a flagstaff with a red flag flying.

Cincinnati, 3.—Shortly before 3 p. m., a fire broke out in the lower story of McCaul's five story rag warehouse in Walnut Street near Sixth. It ran up the elevator in a twinkling and communicated with Drehman's rag warehouse, same size, on the north, and with the upper rooms of the *Times-Star* newspaper office on the south. The two warehouses were almost burned out. The upper rooms of the *Times-Star*, including composing rooms, were also burned out. Rumors of loss of life cannot be verified.

Louisville, 3.—John Stinson, a young man who had just attained his majority, was arrested this morning while attempting to throw himself head first from the top of a freight car. He said he had tried to make a man of himself, had failed and was no good, and wanted to die. He was taken to jail, and within fifteen minutes had climbed to the top of the corridor, thrown himself to the stone flagging below, fracturing his skull, dying in a few minutes. He had been despondent for some time. He bade his family good-bye this morning, saying they would probably see him no more.

St. Johns, N. B., 3.—Intelligence from Trepassy is to the effect that several Newfoundland vessels succumbed to the storm of Thursday last, portions of vessels' hulls, water casks, dories and punts having been driven ashore.

New York, 3.—The second victim by the collision of the Far Rockaway and Long Branch trains Sunday night, is identified as Henry Bolt of New York. The injured are doing well. The railroad officials lay all the blame on Conductor Johnson of the Far Rockaway train who has been arrested. Johnson claims he followed instructions in stopping the train to put off a passenger without a ticket. The wife of J. Hart, the other passenger

killed, was with him; he was seriously injured.

PANAMA, via Galveston, 1.—The election of President of the United States of Colombia, took place yesterday. Panama, Colon and Buena Ventura voted in favor of Nunez. Nothing definite from the interior. Everything is quiet as far as known. At Bogota, during the presidential canvass there were riots and loss of life.

The exhausted treasury received a loan of \$50,000 from the canal company.

Figuera, Foreign Minister of Costa Rica, and a very old man, was shot in a duel by a young man named Leon Fernandez, who published a scurrilous attack on the Minister.

The Cuban mountain brigand chief Pacheco was attacked by some Chilian cavalry and 100 of his men killed. This loss is expected to stop further depredations.

The passage of the cemetery bill, providing for the interments in cemeteries regardless of creed, causes a panic in Santiago, and a number of bodies have been disinterred and reburied in churches and chapels; and now cemetery exhumations are caused by the ecclesiastical authorities promising to curse the general cemetery as soon as the new law is promulgated. The Ministers intend to prohibit further disinterments until precautions have been adopted for the protection of the living.

Pres. Barrios of Guatemala and President Soto of Honduras have fallen out. Soto wrote to Barrios from San Francisco that he sought to create anarchy in Honduras, and bring about a change of government. He declares that bloodshed is not necessary to turn him out of office; that he will resign rather than be the cause of creating anarchy, which will follow if the country is exposed to the machinations of Barrios. Barrios, replying, says that he knew Soto was about to seek a pretext to abandon Honduras; that he has appropriated all the riches of the country, and having nothing further to expect and much to fear in Honduras, he was preparing to go abroad and enjoy his fortune, with the determination never to return; to obtain which object he would appeal, as he did directly when he thought himself in safety, to the opposition. Barrios says: "At a pretext you leave the treasury penniless, the nation ruined, and all its inhabitants injured and impoverished." Barrios warns him not to make the Guatemalan government a pretext for not returning to Honduras, and threatens him with the liability of attack for imprudence committed while a thousand miles of ocean are between them.

BUTTE, Montana, 4.—At 9 o'clock last night J. J. S. Marcheseau, bookkeeper for Marcheseau & Valetton, stepped from his desk to the yard in the rear. A moment afterwards a pistol shot was heard. The employees rushing out found Marcheseau already dead with a bullet through his head. Powder burns indicated that he had held the muzzle of the revolver close to his right ear. He was a young man of good standing, and the cause of the act is unknown. The coroner's verdict was suicide while laboring under temporary aberration of mind.

CINCINNATI, 4.—Later investigation swells the number of the missing at the Drehman rag-warehouse fire to nine.

INDIANAPOLIS, 4.—When the grand jury met yesterday Judge Norton, of the criminal court, laid before it a letter from J. H. Woodard, a newspaper correspondent, together with slips of paper bearing upon the Brady and Dorsey interviews, more particularly with reference to the alleged disbursement of \$100,000 in this State during the last presidential campaign. The court laid stress upon the bearing which the statute of limitation might have upon the alleged offense and then turned the entire matter over for the consideration of the jury.

ATLANTA, Ga., 4.—Mormon Elders are still popping up in various parts of the State. On Sunday night two Elders held a meeting at Emory Chapel, in the fourth district of Coweta County. The meeting was attended by a good many young men, some of whom went through curiosity, but there were others who went from other motives. The meeting was opened by singing and prayer. Afterwards one of them got up to deliver a discourse on the beauties of Mormonism. When he had made a few remarks there came a voice from the audience saying: "Take him out." The Elder paused a moment and then said he was there for re-

ligious worship and hoped he would not be disturbed. These words had not more than escaped his lips when they were both pelted with a shower of rotten eggs. They saw at once that they had met a wrong crowd, and grabbing their grip sacks, darted out of the nearest door, pursued by the entire audience, who chased them as long as they could see them. The young men seeing their inability to keep up with the Mormons, sent after several hounds and put them on the lost trail and chased them several miles, when all trace of them was lost. When last heard from they were making a bee line westward.

GREENVILLE, Pa., 4.—The coal miners along the line of the Shenango & Allegheny railway are on strike because of a reduction of 10 cents per ton, except the miners at Coalton and Harrisville, they having accepted the reduction and gone to work.

WASHINGTON, 4.—The following communication was received to-day at the Interior Department:

Salt Lake City, Aug. 30, 1883.

Dear Sir: In the absence of my associates of the Utah Commission, who are on a few weeks' vacation, I take the liberty of addressing you in their behalf, as well as my own. Hitherto we have paid but little attention to the many false statements of the press, emanating from this city; but I find in the newspapers what purports to be statements made by the Hon. Edward Pierrepont to President Arthur at the National Park, which ought not to go unnoticed. The statements I find in a telegram from Chicago August 24th, which I enclose here with. If the honorable gentleman made these statements he has certainly gathered an immense crop of misinformation during his brief stay in this city. The source of his false information is well known to us, and is plainly indicated in the conversations. The Commission will, sometime before the meeting of Congress, make full detailed reports of all our proceedings since we arrived to discharge our duties in this Territory, from which Pierrepont will see that he has been badly imposed upon. Without taking time to notice the numerous errors contained in this conversation, I only wish to say now in behalf of the Commission that every charge or innuendo, that gentlemen composing this Board have been improperly influenced or have failed to discharge their whole duty under the law to the best of their ability and judgment, is based upon information wilfully and wickedly false. This Board is charged under the law with the duty of excluding all polygamists from voting and from eligibility to office. This is the full extent of our authority under the law, and in this our work has been completely successful. We have excluded some 12,000 polygamists from the polls, and at the November election, 1882, and many municipal elections since that time, and at the general election in August, 1883, embracing about 500 officers who were elected, we have excluded all polygamists from eligibility. In short, the Commission has strictly and stringently executed the law of Congress, and has stretched the legal tether to its utmost tension in order to make it as effectual as possible. Inasmuch that the Mormons have sued the members of this Board on ten several cases for what they allege to be excess of authority against them. I wish you to consider this as an official communication, and bring it to the attention of the President as early as practicable.

(Signed) A. B. CARLTON, Utah Commission. To Henry M. Peller, Secretary of the Interior.

MAXVILLE, Ky., 4.—Samuel Bulger (colored) who committed a rape on a girl 12 years old, daughter of McAuliffe, on her way home from school, was hanged to day in the jail yard. He was baptized by Catholic priests Sunday.

Philadelphia, 4.—George Rankin, convicted of pension frauds in the District Court, was refused a new trial and sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Boston, 4.—S. H. Walker, bookkeeper for a yeast powder company, has disappeared with some funds belonging to the firm. It is thought he has gone to San Francisco.

Montreal, 4.—Frank Blount, agent of the Central Vermont railroad at Magog, was probably fatally beaten and robbed on Saturday night.

Gallatin, 4.—Argument in the James trial progressed to-day.

At the 1 p. m. session yesterday, John M. Glover, of St. Louis, spoke

for the defense, reviewing the evidence for the State, particularly that of Dick Liddell and others who helped rob the train, and claimed that none of this testimony should be received. More than this, the testimony showed there were more than six men engaged in the robbery. His chief effort was to show that there were four robbers on the train, not five as stated by Liddell; and the witness who testified to the identity of Frank James, mislabeled Wood Hite for that person.

Judge Garner followed for defense in a speech which treated the case generally, he making no attempt to analyse the evidence.

Cincinnati, 4.—Shortly before three yesterday afternoon a fire from an unknown cause broke out on the first floor of the rag and paper warehouse of Henry Dieman & Co., 222 Walnut Street. With remarkable swiftness the flames ran up through the five-story double front warehouse and communicated with the *Times-Star* building adjoining. In less than fifteen minutes the buildings were a mass of flames. Mr. Flynn, working on the third floor of the rag warehouse, jumped to the ground, broke her leg and received internal injuries. Gus Hubber, employed on the third floor, managed to get down the stairway, but became unconscious, on the first floor, her head and face burned to a crisp. She was removed to the hospital and will die. Mary Minkten and Stella Meyers were cut off from the stairway on the second floor; they jumped to the pavement safely. They said another girl was on the floor, afraid to jump. The gravest fear was entertained for the safety of four employees of the rag house, Mrs. O'Donnell, Rosa, Liddle and Millie Kelly; they had not reported at their homes at the usual hour and are thought to be in the ruins. Henry Hanchet, a spectator, was crushed against the wall by a hook and ladder wagon; fatally crushed. A portion of the wall fell while the firemen were on the ladders. One fireman knocked off by another fell twenty feet, sustaining painful but not fatal injuries. The rag warehouse was completely ruined. Loss of building estimated at \$37,000; stock, \$30,000, partly insured. The three upper stories of the *Times-Star* office, including the composing room, were entirely burnt out. Total loss, \$20,000; fully insured. A. Sims, son & Co., whisky rectifiers, adjoining, suffered loss on stock of \$10,000; insured. The fire was still burning at 9 o'clock, and the engines playing on the smoke of the rage. The *Times-Star* received kind offers of assistance from the other newspapers, and proceeds with its publication as usual. The *Volkblatt* does the printing and the *Enquirer* lends type.

Wilmington, Del., 4.—A collision last night on the Delaware Railroad near Green Springs, was caused by a runaway locomotive from Clayton, which was started by a tramp who was seen to board it and then jump off. The south-bound passenger train, which was running fast, met the locomotive, and both engines were wrecked. Wm. Collins, fireman, was badly scalded. Seven passengers received trifling injuries.

Boston, 4.—Dispatches from various parts of New Hampshire and Vermont state that a heavy frost last night did considerable damage to late crops.

New York, 4.—The Steamship *Macedonia* arrived to-day. She reports taking off the Swedish bark *David*, the captain's wife, two children, mate and wife and part of the crew. The captain, second mate and carpenter were washed overboard before the *Macedonia* started.

St. Johns, N. B., 4.—Dispatches are received from St. Pierre giving fresher intelligence of the disaster on the Grand Banks from the cyclone of Thursday, the 26th, and the storm of the Thursday following. Between forty and fifty of the French banking fleet arrived in the road of St. Pierre in a shattered condition, their cable chains, anchors, batteaux, dories and line-ware all swept away. Their loss of life is very great. One bank, owned by Jacques Ives, lost six men; Hardis, banker, six; Van Zandt's, six; Leoric Caetis and the remains of the fleet with few exceptions, two or three each. Over thirty vessels are missing, and grave apprehensions are entertained. The storms were the most violent ever known the Banks. Neither gave any warning, but broke furiously upon the fleet when most of the dories were away from the ships, overhauling and setting the trawls. Not more than half an hour had elapsed