

FOUL LANGUAGE IN CITY COUNCIL

Personal Dignity Seemed to be Entirely Lacking in Some Members.

MINORITY REPORT BEATEN.

In the Raleigh Matter Majority Said Charges Were False and "Joke" Was Exonerated as Expected.

Never in the history of the city has such foul and profane language been used on the floor of the council as that indulged in last night by certain members, who seemed to forget all about what little personal dignity they had and to lose all respect for the body which controls the affairs of the city and makes its laws and ordinances. The greater part of the meeting which should have been taken up in transacting the business of the city, was spent in political wrangling and the hurling of unnecessary epithets back and forth between certain members of the council. The entire trouble was brought about by the desire of certain members to make a little political thunder and the arguments should have been stopped by Chairman T. G. O'Donnell, who presided in the absence of President A. J. Davis, long before it reached the point where the profane language was indulged in.

NOTHING BUT WRANGLING. There were two separate wranglings which were exceedingly warm and during which all the trouble occurred. One was in regard to the report of the committee which investigated the charges against Street Supervisor Raleigh in regard to collecting 10 per cent of the monthly wages of employees in his department for the "American" party campaign fund. The other was in regard to the foul condition of the gutters in front of the Mount pickle factory at 741 South Third West street.

RALEIGH WHITWASHED. In regard to the Raleigh matter the majority of the committee reported that the charges were false and unfounded and completely exonerated Raleigh. A minority report was submitted by Fernstrom in which he charged the "American" councilmen with fraud and collusion in increasing the wages of a large number of employees so that they could be forced to contribute the amount of the increase to the campaign fund. He also charged Mulvey and Crabtree, the other members of the investigating committee, with prejudice in conducting the investigation.

WHEN THE ROW BEGAN.

The minority report was read upon request of Black who immediately took the floor and denounced the report as being absolutely false, especially in regard to the action of the "Americans" in increasing wages in order to swell their campaign fund. He then produced what he called a "boomerang" against the Democrats. It consisted of an affidavit signed and sworn to by four men, who are now in the employ of the street department and are known as "Americans" in which they charged that the payrolls of the department were padded during the last administration in order to secure funds for the Democrats. The men who signed the affidavit are Charles Harmon, James Knight, D. H. Crowther and Thomas Robinson. They affirm that a demand was made upon them while they were employed under former Street Supervisor S. M. T. Seddon, for a contribution of 10 per cent of one month's wages for the Democratic campaign fund. Being Republicans they refused to make the contribution requested, they claim, with the understanding that they would be "fired" if they refused. They then assert that a proposition was made to them that an extra day's labor should be credited to them on the payrolls and the amount of the same, being \$4 each, should be paid as a campaign contribution. The money was to be deducted by the treasurer from the men's wages, or paid by the men to Mr. Seddon. Accompanying the affidavit were two receipts for \$4 each, signed by P. J. Nelson, former chief clerk in the street department. These receipts did not state what the money was for at all.

PERJURY DECLARED FERNSTROM.

Fernstrom took the affidavit and scrutinized it closely and then denounced it as the rankest perjury ever perpetrated. "I brand this as a lie," he said, "and I want this referred to the streets committee for an investigation, and the payrolls produced. If there was anything of this kind I want to know who is responsible for it, and I will go after him with a big stick." Carter then stated that he was informed by one of the men that the proposition to pad the payrolls was made in the presence of Fernstrom. "That's the biggest lie on earth," he retorted. Fernstrom, "I will have these men anytime and prove that they are liars."

Hobday said that he knew of certain women employed by the last administration who were compelled to contribute 20 and 30 per cent of their monthly wages to the Democratic fund, and Fernstrom knew it, too, and should not have kicked against this administration collecting 10 per cent.

THE CAMPAIGN FUND.

Wells stated that the charge contained in the affidavit was a very serious one and that if the payrolls of the street department had been padded to secure money for campaign purposes it was wrong and should be investigated. Mulvey asked Wells if he believed that the present administration had done anything wrong in securing contributions to the campaign fund from employees. In answer Wells stated that he firmly believed that the present administration increased the salaries of employees so as to swell the campaign fund.

Fernstrom again made a talk in regard to the affidavit of the men, and stated that he proposed to follow the matter up and prove that the men swore to a lie. "The last administration," he said, "will stand all the investigation you want to make. You can throw the light on every department and you will find everything perfectly straight."

Mulvey asked Fernstrom if he would be convinced that the contributions asked were only 10 per cent of one month's wages if he were shown the resolution adopted at the "American" caucus authorizing the collection of the money. He then produced a subscription list signed by a large number of employees of the city engineer's office, at the head of which was the resolution providing for a voluntary contribution by the agents of 10 per cent of one month's wages, payable in three installments, July 1, Aug. 1, and Sept. 1. He asked Fernstrom to read the heading to the council, which he did.

MULVEY SCORED FERNSTROM. Mulvey then proceeded to score Fernstrom for making any trouble over the campaign contributions exacted by the "Americans" and denounced the statements relating to the matter in Fernstrom's minority report as being lies, and stated that Fernstrom knew they were lies. He said that the charges against Street Supervisor

Raleigh were nothing but spite work and that Raleigh had conducted the street department in a better manner than it had been conducted for years.

NOTHING DOING.

After several other councilmen had talked on the subject, Martin asked Chairman O'Donnell what was before the council. "Nothing," was the reply, which was received with a hearty laugh from all.

REPORT TURNED DOWN.

The previous question was then called for and a vote was taken on Fernstrom's minority report which was lost. Fernstrom casting the only vote in favor of its adoption. Mulvey asked for a vote on the adoption of the majority report and it was adopted by a vote of 10 to 4.

ANOTHER WRANGLE.

The second wrangle of the evening was brought about by a resolution by Fernstrom aimed at the health department of the city. The "American" members, having been aroused recently by a criminal action against the health commissioner because of a foul dumping ground, were ready to take up the cause of that department and the result was that some very heated statements were made.

INVESTIGATION DEMANDED.

The resolution follows: Whereas the sanitary conditions of this city have been and still are in a most deplorable state because it seems that the health commissioner does not enforce the laws and regulations at all. There is now a nuisance permitted to exist on Eighth South between Third and Fourth West streets which is an absolute menace to the health and lives of the residents in the vicinity, and although the health department has been repeatedly appealed to for relief, nothing has been done.

Therefore be it resolved that the city council meet next Thursday night as a committee of the whole to investigate why the health commissioner does not enforce the ordinances and take such steps as will relieve the public from the filthy and unsanitary condition now existing in our city.

DISGRACE TO CITY.

In support of his resolution Fernstrom stated that the Mount pickle factory had discharged the foul water from its vats into the gutter in the street where it stood until the stench became so bad that the people in the neighborhood could not stand it any longer. He said that they had tried every way possible to get the nuisance abated and that the health commissioner had given the company 30 days to construct a pipe line and convey the water into the Ninth South canal. The people thought it an injustice to allow the nuisance to remain for 30 days longer and had put up money to employ an attorney to file an injunction suit against the company to restrain it from putting the water in the ditch. He argued that it was a disgrace to the city to force the people to spend money in order to get rid of a nuisance which was a menace to health and life when it is the duty of the city to abate such things.

MORE BAD LANGUAGE.

Black asked permission of Fernstrom to make a short statement and the latter yielded him the floor. In a loud and angry tone Black expressed himself on the subject. In the following language: "I have done this yesterday, and anybody who says there was any odor coming from there, I say that is the damnest liar in the State of Utah." Carter was on the floor in short order and informed Black that he had been there at least six times and knew the conditions. "I know the situation down there," he said, "I say that the odor would stink a dog out of a hole."

WHY HE COULD NOT SMELL.

He also stated that the reason Black could not smell anything was because the street department had flushed the gutter out on Saturday night, and had relieved the conditions down there. The flushing process had been necessary at least six times, he declared. Several others expressed themselves on the subject and it was agreed that the matter should be attended to at once, but the "Americans" took exception to the "sture" cast upon the health department in the resolution. It was finally ordered that the resolution be referred to the sanitary committee for investigation, and the residents and members of the company be requested to appear before the committee on Thursday night.

The company in a communication to the health commissioner signified a willingness to pipe the water in front of its property if the city would take care of it from that point on to the canal. Some of the councilmen, favoring handing the water for the company as indicated, while others think that the company is responsible for the nuisance and hence should stand all the expense of piping the water away. That matter, however, will be determined by the committee Thursday night.

EMPLOYEES MUST WORK.

The following resolution by Fernstrom was referred to the municipal laws committee. Be it resolved, That the city attorney be and is hereby instructed to prepare an ordinance that will make it obligatory on the part of all city employees to devote all their time exclusively to the city to the positions to which they have been appointed, provided, however, that this ordinance shall not include the health commissioner or city chemist.

DEPOSIT FOR METER.

George Klenke sent a communication to the council calling its attention to the laws that this state forbidding any firm or corporation from requiring a deposit where a meter is installed. He stated in his letter that when he applied to the waterworks department for a meter he was informed that he would have to deposit \$25. Klenke holds that it is a law breaker when it demands a deposit for meters. He asks that the city define its policy in the matter. The communication was referred to the waterworks committee with the city attorney associated.

TO PAY WITNESSES.

A resolution was introduced by O'Donnell appropriating \$1.10 for the payment of witness fees in witnesses in behalf of Health Commissioner Stewart in the action brought against him by Rev. J. H. Worrell, charging the commissioner with maintaining a nuisance by allowing the garbage wagons to dump garbage at Third South and Tenth West streets. The resolution was adopted.

The council adopted the report of the streets committee recommending that three large lights be placed in each of the large blocks along east South Temple street. The lights will be placed alternately on each side of the street.

ORDINANCE PASSED.

An ordinance was passed granting a

Nothing but food—

Grape-Nuts

There's a Reason.

franchise to the Utah Light & Railway company for an extension of its north Second West street railway line from its present terminus at the Warm Springs to Ninth North street.

In regard to the complaints of residents along Eighth South street between Third and Fourth West streets against the Rio Grande Western using their tracks in that district for storing loaded and empty cars, Asst. Dist. Atty. Dinnany rendered an opinion to the effect that the company's franchise does not expire for ten years, but that it has no right to use the track for storage purposes. The company was ordered notified of the opinion of the attorney.

After O'Donnell was appointed as a special policeman by Asst. Chief of Police Burbridge upon request of the Oregon Short Line Railroad company. His appointment was confirmed.

BEAUTY RULES OF THE BEAUTIES. Breakfast early, a little walk, a little talk, luncheon, an hour's rest, and at night Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, Tea or Tablets, 25 cents, Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112-114 Main St.

PROMOTION FOR STANTON.

Paymaster in Regular Army Has Been Made Major.

Capt. Charles E. Stanton, paymaster in the regular army, and formerly Salt Lake county clerk, has been promoted to be major. He was third on the list of captains December 1, last, when the Army Register was compiled, and he will have to wait until 15 majors are promoted before he can be a lieutenant colonel. Maj. Stanton graduated from Yale in 1881, and after coming to this city was elected city recorder and afterwards county clerk. He was made a paymaster of volunteers in 1895, and a captain in the regular establishment in 1901. He has been ordered to Washington, but is expected to be stationed at Chicago.

Maj. Stanton's Yale friends relate an interesting reminiscence in connection with his college career. While a freshman, he was captured one night by "the gentlemen of the sophomore class" and with a rope tied around him under his arms, he was let down from the Northampton railroad bridge while a freight train was passing underneath. Stanton's feet were within a foot of the top of the smoke stack of the locomotive, and the escaping steam, smoke, and hot cinders completely enveloped him, charred and burned his skin and nearly suffocated him. The poor little freshman was pulled back onto the bridge more dead than alive, and his captors thought they had really done a smart thing. It was some time before Stanton recovered from the effects of this dose.

She is the pink of prettiness. Girls, be careful of your complexion. You should believe in "make up." Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea; "saves making up." Tea or Tablets, 25 cents. Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112-114 Main St.

AMUSEMENTS.

Orpheum—Laughs rippled and fell from the swaying branches of mirth at the Orpheum last night, as ripened plums drop to the ground in an orchard raided by the boys and girls of a country school. Occasionally a sapless laugh was bent to the breaking point without bringing down any fruit, but it was only occasionally, as in the case of Bernice and the boy, where the latter pleased in goodly measure but where the former couldn't sing while she smiled, or smile while she sang, though the fate of noddies had hung over the party of her baby lips. One of the most humorous incidents taken from Yeoman's joke and gag basket was his effort to make use of the Dutch dialect. A course in a sausage factory would help this part of his spiel very much. The remainder of it is what George Ade would call "good stuff."

Kelly and Kent convulsed the audience with rattle and bowery experiences of the liveliest kind, and Mrs. Kemp's illustrated tales of the Arizona desert, the portrayal of the snake dance, and other Indian orgies, were a decided and instructive novelty. That over, came Wilfred Clarke and company in a four person cast of "What Will Happen Next?" The question remains unanswered, even that which did happen cannot be chronicled so fast did new events tread upon their predecessors' heels. Every movement is kaleidoscopic, every scene execratic and every member of the company an artist. The knothole and the Camille comedy trio, furnished the rest of the program. As for the trio there was no rest with the acts that combined not only the elements of speed but mirth to the rim, as well. Altogether the whole show belongs to the top notch class and should do big business throughout the week.

Grand—"The White Slave" is sufficiently melodramatic to keep an audience in a high fever of excitement during the greater part of an evening. And besides the stirring episodes abounding in the piece, there are pretty scenes of southern life during slavery days that lend a charm to the play. There are two versions of "The White Slave," one the old familiar "Octoroon," but the one presented by the Georgia Harper company at the Grand last night is the better of the two. At least the ending is much more pleasant. The leading roles were in the hands of Miss Harper, Mr. Dietrick, and Mr. Newman, and the party were sustained in a manner characteristic of those clever people. A pleasing feature of the evening was the singing of southern melodies by the Olympia quartet. The same bill finishes the first half of the week, with the usual machine Wednesday. "Camille" will be given for the remainder of the week, and that play will close the Harper engagement here.

Casino Park—Patrons of Casino Park, and there are many, were out again in full force last evening, and apparently brought their families, cousins and aunts with them to see "Diavolo Up To Date" by Zina's Travesty company. It is not too much to say that the audience left the park more than satisfied with the performance. Zina's company has made a most favorable impression here, and it is safe to say the players will be greeted with a crowded house at each performance. In the character of "Diavolo," the bandit chief, Miss Frances Gray displayed to good advantage her ability as a singer and actor. Others who deserve special mention, and who were warmly applauded were Cad Franks, Sadie Winsley and Mildred Eddy. It was the latter's first appearance here, and the impression she made was most favorable. Gus Mortimer, a Salt Lake favorite, and J. W. Clifford, as members of the robber band, kept the fun going at a rapid rate. The Jockey dance by Miss Brown was a clever bit of work and was well received. All that needs to be said of the chorus is that it is fully up to the average if not a little better. The bill runs for the week, and if the chilly weather continues the performance will be transferred to the Lyric.

I pay no taxes—I pay no rent, Often busing—without a cent; But a king among men—from disease I'm free. Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea, Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112-114 Main St.

The Dunlap Hat For Fall and Winter 1906-07 will be shown for the first time Aug. 29. Brown, Terry & Woodruff Co. 145 Main St.

August 31st, Sept. 1st

Everyone Knows The Dunlap is without a peer, but we want you to know, Aug. 29 is opening day. Brown, Terry & Woodruff Co. 145 Main St.

Big Horn Excursion Sept 1st and 2nd

Via Oregon Short Line. Rate to Frannie, Wyo., and return from Salt Lake, \$39.00. Proportionately low rates from other Utah stations. The only direct route is via the Oregon Short Line and Butte, and through tourist sleeper will be provided. For further particulars see any Short Line Agent. City Ticket Office 291 Main St.

GOLDFIELD EXCURSIONS August 31st, Sept. 1st

Via O. S. L. & S. P. Lines. Round trip from Salt Lake, \$32.45. Tickets good for return to September 15th.

Everyone Knows The Dunlap is without a peer, but we want you to know, Aug. 29 is opening day. Brown, Terry & Woodruff Co. 145 Main St.

BUSINESS MEN AND FIRE INSURANCE

The Williamsburg Will Pay Only Twenty Per Cent on Its San Francisco Policies.

ADDS EARTHQUAKE CLAUSE.

Companies Who Will Not Pay San Francisco Losses Being Cold Shouldered in Salt Lake.

"Not one Salt Lake business man in 10 ever looks on the inside of a fire insurance policy, when it is handed him by an agent. Not one in 20 could tell the name of the company in which he is insured, and not one in 50 ever looks up the standing of those whose policies he accepts."

This somewhat startling statement was made to a "News" representative by a well informed insurance man this morning. While it may be true in the main, it is certain that Salt Lake business men take a much more active interest in everything pertaining to insurance than they used to do. This is shown by the fact that after the Deseret News article appeared on the course of the Transatlantic in repudiating its San Francisco losses, there was a wholesale sorting over of policies by our business men to see whether a Transatlantic was contained among the rest, and whenever one was found it was returned to the agents with a request for a policy in another company. In many cases the local agents did not wait for the return of the policies, but took them up by substituting others in their places.

WILLIAMSBURG UNDER FIRE.

The Williamsburg City Insurance company of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the latest company to come under fire through its action in San Francisco, and it is prophesied by those best informed that it will be driven from the coast so intense is the feeling aroused against it.

The San Francisco Examiner of a recent date has a bitter article of a column length assailing the Williamsburg City for attempting to evade its losses, and says:

"The contempt that has been displayed by the Williamsburg City for its policyholders is probably greater than that of any of the other companies that are trying to clear their skirts of an obligation they have been paid to assume. How serious will be the effect of the Williamsburg's action on its San Francisco policyholders is shown by this fact: The company's losses there exceeded \$1,800,000, a sum more than sufficient to wipe out the capital and surplus. In the sworn reports submitted by the company's officials to the state insurance departments of New York and Kentucky lately, it is stated that they estimate their San Francisco risks on which liability will be denied at \$1,245,000. These figures are given in the New York Chronicle of Aug. 2. This is nearly 50 per cent of the company's losses, and indicates that the Williamsburg City will endeavor to escape from the San Francisco disaster by paying only 50 per cent to the holders of its policies. Already a policyholders' association has been formed in San Francisco to fight the matter out in the courts."

ANOTHER CAUSE OF STORM.

Another storm has been raised over the head of the Williamsburg City by its action in changing the wording of its policies. Up to a few months ago this company used the form known as the "New York standard," which is used by all other American companies. The new policies now being issued by the Williamsburg City in Salt Lake and elsewhere contain a radical earthquake clause reading as follows:

"This company shall not be liable for loss or damage occasioned by or through any volcanic, earthquake or hurricane, or other eruption, convulsion or disturbance." The plain meaning of this is that the Williamsburg City will pay no loss on the original cause of which can be traced to an earthquake. A fire in San Francisco, many blocks away from the original cause will not have its loss covered, if the origin was an earthquake. The Williamsburg City is the only company known to have changed the wording of its policies, and the local agents are being sharply criticized for not directing the attention of their patrons to the change. Williamsburg City policies are extensively held in the Salt Lake business district, as well as throughout the state.

OTHER REPUTATIONS.

Other companies which are repudiating their San Francisco losses are the Rhine & Moselle and the Phoenix of Vienna, but neither does business in this city. The Traders of Chicago has collapsed and not even paid its current bills, to say nothing of its renegeing its outstanding risks. It is thought that very few of its policies remain in the hands of Salt Lake business men.

Mutual Fire Insurance companies continue to go down. The latest collapse was on the part of the Colorado Mechanics & Farmers' Fire Insurance, which was closed up by the state insurance department of Colorado about two weeks ago.

Local banks and loan concerns are drawing the line more rigidly than ever on policies which they have secured as security on loans. The policy of any company not in the "dollar for dollar" list printed by the "News" some days ago, is usually thrown back into the hands of the borrower, with a request for a policy in one of the dollar class.

WHY FRET AND WORRY.

When your child has a severe cold, You need not fear pneumonia, croup, whooping cough, or any other disease. Keep supplied with Ballard's Horehound Syrup—a positive cure for Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Mrs. Hall, of Salt Lake, writes: "I have used your wonderful Ballard's Horehound Syrup on my children for years, and a severe cold was wonderful." Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main St. B.

BIG HORN EXCURSION

Sept 1st and 2nd

Via Oregon Short Line. Rate to Frannie, Wyo., and return from Salt Lake, \$39.00. Proportionately low rates from other Utah stations. The only direct route is via the Oregon Short Line and Butte, and through tourist sleeper will be provided. For further particulars see any Short Line Agent. City Ticket Office 291 Main St.

GOLDFIELD EXCURSIONS August 31st, Sept. 1st

Via O. S. L. & S. P. Lines. Round trip from Salt Lake, \$32.45. Tickets good for return to September 15th.

Everyone Knows The Dunlap is without a peer, but we want you to know, Aug. 29 is opening day. Brown, Terry & Woodruff Co. 145 Main St.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

DO YOU REMEMBER? Lawrence Donovan jumped from the Brooklyn bridge, on a \$500-wager. The drop beat the record by 25 feet. He was uninjured.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY. Li Hung Chang, the noted Chinese statesman, arrived in New York as special envoy to the United States.

FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY. The river steamer City of Trenton blew up near Torresdale, Pa., killing and injuring many people. In Warren county, Mo., Will Francis, a negro, assaulted and murdered Mary Henderson, a highly respected white woman. Mrs. Zina Diantha Huntington Young, known throughout the Church as "Aunt Zina," died, aged 91 years.

Popular Approval

Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate has received the endorsement of two generations, and is today in high favor with hundreds of thousands of persons who appreciate its peculiar delicacy of flavor and satisfying goodness. These are good reasons why you should try it.

Ask your grocer for it. Be sure that you get it.

Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate

KEITH-OBRIEN

The Easiest Place to get to: the most pleasing place to buy.

The sale of new linens at prices extensively reduced is proving quite a feature.

New linens are seldom reduced, the sale therefore being unusual.

Attention is directed to the superior qualities of the goods.

The Summer's End At Dinwoodey's.

It seems almost like October. This weather makes us feel like we were late in arranging our Fall display, while as a matter of fact we are early.

Already we are showing many new things, yet the summer lines still offer temptations to those who study economy. Come in and see if you can't pick up something you want at a bargain.

35, 37, 39, 41 W. First South Street.

ADVERTISERS SHOULD USE THE Semi-Weekly News

If they desire to reach the people of the Western States and Territories in their homes.

Circulation Books Open To Advertisers.

The Metrostyle Pianola Piano Exhibition. . .

is on today and every day this week. You are invited to come and view this greatest of all musical inventions.

CARSTENSEN & ANSON CO. 74 S. Main Street.

How about your COAL BIN?

Now is the time to fill it with "THAT GOOD COAL." It will keep.

BAMBERGER COAL CO., Agent U. S. A. 161 Meighan Street. Phone 2000.

Get Same Saturday Sweets!

You will like this new feature, which we have just introduced. A pound of the Best Mixed Candy and Chocolates for 30c ought to appeal to your sense of taste.

Saturday is the only day you can buy them that way. A special feature once a week. Don't forget about it.

SCHRAMM'S, Where the Cars Stop. The Great Prescription Drug Store.

TOOTH BRUSHES

We have a special sale on. Don't neglect to take advantage of same. Can't last long.

TOOTH BRUSHES

Halliday Drug Co. S. W. Cor. 1st So. and State Sts. Theater patrons crowd to our fountains.

BOWERS JEWELER 245 S. MAIN ST.

Time Flies!

Do You Know How to tell a good clock or watch would tell the answer. We can help you a lot in the time business.

ESTABLISHED 1862 Park's JEWELRY STORE 170 S. MAIN ST. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

REASONABLE PRICES.

How about your COAL BIN?

Now is the time to fill it with "THAT GOOD COAL." It will keep.

BAMBERGER COAL CO., Agent U. S. A. 161 Meighan Street. Phone 2000.

Get Same Saturday Sweets!

You will like this new feature, which we have just introduced. A pound of the Best Mixed Candy and Chocolates for 30c ought to appeal to your sense of taste.

Saturday is the only day you can buy them that way. A special feature once a week. Don't forget about it.

SCHRAMM'S, Where the Cars Stop. The Great Prescription Drug Store.

TOOTH BRUSHES