

human system from the introduction of vaccinating matter, providing it is done with ordinary care and skill. The conclusion is, therefore, in favor of compulsory legislation on the subject."

This opinion, and these observations are well worthy of consideration by all classes of the people, for scarcely any disease is more fatal, or loathsome. The prompt measures of the quarantine authorities here have again been successful in checking its progress; but if a means so simple as vaccination will render immunity from the attacks of the disease almost sure, and experience seems to have demonstrated this fact, surely it is worth while for everybody to attend to it!

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

NEWS FROM THE EMIGRANTS.—We are enabled to publish the following dispatch:

OMAHA, Aug. 26th.

President B. Young:

Mr. Douglass leaves here to-night, with between fifty and sixty of your people.

THOS. L. KIMBALL.

DIXIE ITEMS.—The following dispatch was received by Deseret Telegraph, to-day:

ST. GEORGE, 26.

Brother Joseph W. Young has just got in from Kanab and Long Valley, and reports the people well. Corn and potatoes will be good if the frost holds off. A small delegation of Navajos has been over, who talk peace. Brother Leithead will soon have his mill, at Glendale, in running order. Extensive coal beds have been discovered in Long valley.

UNIVERSITY OF DESERET.—As per previous announcement in the NEWS, the academical term of this institution for 1871-1872 will open on Monday, the 28th inst. Utah has no cause to be ashamed, but every reason to be proud of her present educational facilities. Considering the youth of the Territory and the peculiar obstacles and disadvantages under which she has labored in the past, her position in point of the means of educating the young is highly creditable. The Faculty and Board of Instruction of the University of Deseret combine an amount and variety of talent and ability that would do honor to much older institutions of the kind. The president, Dr. Park, is well qualified to fill with ability the position he occupies, his ideas with regard to a proper system of education being exceedingly clear and practicable. He is a believer in the common sense method of suiting the educational course to the mental organization of the pupil instead of attempting to change the mentality of the pupil and make it conform to the course.

The value of a sound thorough education cannot be over estimated. It is better than riches. It is the best legacy that can be left by parents to their sons, for with a good education, aided by an ordinary amount of common sense, any boy, even if set afloat in life without a dollar in his pocket, will generally make his way in the world. Parents who have it within their power, should therefore avail themselves of the opportunity of sending their children to an institution like the University of Deseret.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY.

INFORMATION WANTED, of George Drake, who left Bristol about the year 1850 for Salt Lake City.—Address Henry Drake, 35, Milk street, Bristol.—Mill. Star.

INFORMATION WANTED of the whereabouts of Sarah Elizabeth Collins. Address Prest. B. Young, Salt Lake City.

LIVERPOOL ITEMS.—The Millennium Star, of the 8th inst., states that Elder John I. Hart is released to return home with the company that will sail on Wednesday, September 6th. It also announces that a new edition of the "Voice of Warning" is now ready, and that it is printed on superior paper.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD.—We are informed, by Surveyor General Jesse W. Fox, that the bridge across Dry Creek was finished on Saturday with the exception of two sixteen feet stringers, which arrived too late to be placed in position on that day, but which would be adjusted to-day so that the train could pass over. The grading is completed, ready for track laying, to a point six miles beyond the bridge. Contracts for the balance of the grading, as far as the point of the mountain, will all be let by Wednesday next.

Ground Broken for the Utah Northern Railroad.

BRIGHAM CITY, Aug. 26.

Editor News:—Ground was broken for the Utah Northern Railroad, this evening, by moonlight. The dedication prayer was offered by Lorenzo Snow. John W. Young broke ground, and a portion of the grade was begun and completed, by shovel, plow and scraper, amid the firing of cannon and ringing of bells. A great number of people were present to witness the ceremonies. The brass band and Professor Fishburn's choir were present.

PAROWAN, Iron Co., Aug. 22, 1871.

Editor News:—We are now in the midst of what little harvesting the hoppers have

left us to do, which is not a tithe of what it would have been had it not been for them, our big field having been taken entirely.

The season has been very dry. There is a good deal of sickness among the people. A great quantity of salt is being collected from Little Salt Lake this year. Teams by the dozen are going after it and returning loaded daily. It is not generally considered as good an article as that from Salt Lake, still it is very good.

Respectfully, W. C. MCGREGOR.

A DESPERADO KILLED.—Bill Wilson, alias "Wild Bill the Barber," a well known desperate character, with whom the police have had frequent trouble at times, was shot dead, at the mouth of Little Cottonwood Canyon, on Saturday. It appears that there is a drinking saloon kept there by a man named Ceaser, and that "Wild Bill," being drunk, attempted to break into the place, threw rocks at the door, smashed the windows, &c., when Ceaser fired at him with a shot gun, making a hole clear through him, killing him instantly. We understand Ceaser is in town, having come in to give himself up to the U. S. Marshal. Wilson was an unmitigated bad character, and few will regret the summary termination of his career.

Hartford has the "shakes" in a mild form. The Post prescribes as a sure cure a teaspoonful of common salt placed in each stocking of the patient next to the foot, as the chill comes on.

"I wish you had been Eve," said an urchin to a stingy old aunt, proverbial for her meanness. "Why so?" "Because," said he, "you would have eaten all the apple instead of dividing it."

A Sedalia editor says that a girl who is now called "a beautiful blonde," would a few years ago have been termed "a tow-head."

ORGANS! ORGANS! DAYNES & CO., AGENTS

For Utah Territory, for the Sale of the Celebrated Smith's American Cabinet Organs

Respectfully invite the members of the Musical Profession and the Public generally, to call at their Music Rooms, on

First South Street,

Two doors East of Post Office, Salt Lake City, and examine their Splendid Stock of Organs, and learn the unprecedentedly

LOW PRICES

At which they offer them for sale, the prices being from

Twenty to Thirty per cent lower.

Than they can be bought in any other House in Utah. Daynes & Co. do not offer the

CHEAP INSTRUMENT

For, for excellence of workmanship they have no superiors, while in strength, purity and sweetness of tone they

Challenge the Profession

To produce any instrument equal to them. The cause of their

LOW RATES

Is easily explained: They have no local agents whom they

PAY TO PUFF

their wares; and besides this they have resolved to place these beautiful instruments within the reach of all, and will do so by doing what no other House in Utah pretends to do, namely,

Sharing With Their Patrons

The commission allowed by the Manufacturers. Acting on this principle they offer their instruments at

Twenty Per Cent Less

Than eastern retail figures, besides

PAYING THE FREIGHT

To the railway terminus in this city, guaranteeing every instrument sold sound and free of damage. They will sell a Parlor Organ, with elegant Black Walnut Case, Five Stops, Tremolo, and Knee Swell for

\$140

The eastern retail price being \$175. An instrument for a School or Meeting House, with power sufficient for

Fifty Singers

With seven stops, sub-bass, Octave Coupler, Tremolo and Knee-swell for

\$180

The eastern price for the same instrument being \$225.

In proof that the American Organ is all they represent, they refer purchasers to the following well known gentlemen:—C. Sansome, D. L. Davis, A. Miner, John Sharp, S. W. Sears, W. S. Godbe, also Mrs. S. Kimball, all of this city; G. Howard, of Salt Creek, Juab County; T. Stagner, Ogden; the Fishburn Choir, Brigham City.

Daynes & Co will also sell every other description of first-class Musical Merchandise, from a Piano forte to a violin string at the same ratio; and to prove that the preceding statements contain not a particle of exaggeration they invite all—Musicians and the Public, to call and prove their truth by personal examination and investigation. Remember

J. DAYNES & CO.,

Dealers in Musical Instruments, Two Doors East of Post Office, SALT LAKE CITY.

An Iowa minister's daughter runs up store bills, and with an angelic smile tells the dry goods men to "charge it to the man her father is working for—Jesus Christ."

One of "our young gals," at an examination in grammar the other day, when asked why the noun "bachelor" was singular, blushing answered, "Because it is very singular they don't get married." She went up to the head.

WANTED.

In this City, Aug. 28th, by Pres. D. H. Wells, Elder ROBERT F. NESLEN and Miss ELIZA SAVILL, late of Bishop's Stortford, England. Mill. Star, please copy.

DECEASED.

In this City, August 24th, at the residence of N. W. Whipple, 19th Ward, of quick consumption, MARTHA GAY, aged 52 years, 9 months and 15 days.

In the 10th Ward, S. L. City, on Thursday evening, August 24th, of rapid consumption, HENRY S. SLADE; aged fifty-three years and eight months.

Deceased was baptized at Rickmansworth, Herefordshire, England, on the 23rd of January, 1848, and emigrated to America in 1860. He spent a life of great usefulness in the church, and numbers now in this Territory, as well as in England, can testify to his faithfulness and integrity.

In Kaysville, Davis Co., Aug. 19, 1871, JAMES BUNTING, son of Saml. and Ann Ward, aged 1 year, 8 months and 8 days. Mill. Star, please copy.

ESTRAY!

CAME into my enclosure about the 24th July a grey pony about 6 years old, branded N on left thigh. The owner is requested to prove property and pay charges or else he will be sold according to law WM. W. WILLEY, Bountiful, d237 1-s60 w30 1e

ESTRAYS!

I have in my possession the following described estrays: One red yearling steer, underbit in left and half crop off right ear. One red heifer calf, underbit in left ear. One small black, old mule, formerly owned by A. Gardner. The owners are requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away. EDWARD PUGH, Mill Creek. d237 w30 1e

AN ORDINANCE

In relation to Markets and Market Masters.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City, that said city be and the same is hereby divided into market districts corresponding in number and limits with the municipal wards thereof.

SEC. 2. That there shall be established a market house and grounds in each district, at such time and place as shall be determined upon by the City Council, and they shall be under the direction of such market masters as said Council may appoint.

SEC. 3. The Market Masters in their respective districts shall have authority, and it is hereby made their duty to make all needful rules and regulations, touching the designation, and arrangement of vegetable and fruit stands, and the arrangement, stationing and removal of all wagons, carts and other vehicles used or brought by marketers within the boundaries or limits set apart for public market purposes, provided, such rules and regulations shall be approved by the City Council and posted up in conspicuous places in each market house.

SEC. 4. The stalls and stands in the market house and grounds shall be leased by the respective market masters at such prices and on such terms as may be fixed from time to time, under the general direction of the City Council.

SEC. 5. Each lessee of a stall or stand shall provide two or more sureties to be approved by the Market Master, who shall be jointly bound with the lessee for the payment of the rent of the stall or stand quarterly in advance, and no lease shall be transferable, nor shall any other party occupy it, except by permission of the Market Master.

SEC. 6. The lessees of the Butchers' stalls shall each cause his stall to be painted or whitewashed in the months of April and October, in each year.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the Market Masters to exercise a general supervision over their respective market houses and market places and to enforce all regulations established for the government thereof, to assign places to wagons or persons attending the markets and enforce order; to examine the quality of all articles offered for sale in the markets, and to seize all blown, unsound, diseased, impure or unwholesome articles exposed for sale, and destroy the same; to examine the weight of articles exposed for sale, and seize all which are of less weight than that represented by the seller, which shall be forfeited

and sold for the benefit of the city, by public outcry in the market.

SEC. 8. Said Market-masters shall decide all disputes which may arise between buyer and seller touching the weight or measure of any article, and shall keep suitable measures and scales, or other implements for weighing; and shall be paid a reasonable fee by any party requiring such service, and shall pay over to the City Treasurer weekly, all such fees and other moneys received by them on account of the City.

SEC. 9. The Market-masters are hereby invested with full power and authority in all matters connected with the markets and market places, and all persons are required to obey the rules and regulations of said markets and the directions of said masters therein.

SEC. 10. The Market-masters shall superintend the cleaning of the Markets and the Market-grounds, and shall require the occupants to sprinkle the same with water, whenever it shall be necessary, to prevent and lay the dust. No provisions or other things shall be sold in the Market, except during market hours, without the permission of the Market-master, who shall be provided with a bell, and shall announce by the ringing thereof, the closing of the Market-house, at least ten minutes before the time of closing.

SEC. 11. The markets shall be kept open from dawn until twelve o'clock, Meridian, of each day, except Sunday. Provided, that on general holidays it may be closed at 8 o'clock a. m. by agreement of the occupants and market-master, and may be opened from twelve o'clock to eight o'clock in the evening of each day, Sundays excepted, by order of the City Council, when it shall be deemed necessary.

SEC. 12. Every lessee or occupant of a stall or stand shall, within thirty minutes after the ringing of the bell as aforesaid cause his wagon, vehicle or other obstruction, to be removed from the Market place, and his stall or stand to be thoroughly cleaned, and all animal and vegetable offal and rubbish to be removed from the houses and places, and each Butcher shall cause his tables, meat blocks and other fixtures, to be thoroughly scraped and cleaned.

SEC. 13. No person shall expose, or offer for sale in market or any other place within this city, any sick or diseased live animal, usually eaten for food, and for the purpose, and with the design, that the same shall be used for food, or the flesh of any dead animal, which was sick, overheated or run down by dogs or otherwise, at or before the time the same was butchered or slain, or which came to its death by any other means than the usual manner of slaying animals for food, or the flesh of any Bull, Boar, Ram, Dog, Cat or animal not commonly deemed wholesome for food, under penalty of fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 14. No person shall kill or slaughter any animal in or about the markets or throw or deposit any animal or vegetable offal, filth, or any other noisome substance, nor bring nor suffer to come with him into or about the marketplace during market hours any dog, bitch or any dangerous or unruly animal.

SEC. 15. No person shall expose or offer for sale in or about the market any horse, cow, ox, mule, jack, hog or other live animal, unless confined or in a wagon except at such place as the market master may direct.

SEC. 16. If the lessee of any stall or stand, fails for six consecutive days to expose for sale at his stand or stall, article usually sold thereat, unless said failure be caused by sickness or other unavoidable circumstances, his lease shall be forfeited and his stall or stand may be leased to another.

SEC. 17. If any lessee of any stall or stand be twice convicted of violating any ordinance in relation to markets, his lease on the second conviction may be adjudged forfeited.

SEC. 18. No person shall expose or offer for sale at any other place than the market-houses, any fresh meat in less quantities than one quarter, nor shall any dealer in the following articles during market hours offer for sale, any poultry, game, fresh fish, fresh meat, or vegetables within market limits in said city except at the market house or grounds.

SEC. 19. No person having any article for sale in the market-house shall sell except so as to accommodate the greatest number of buyers for family consumption.

SEC. 20. It shall be unlawful for any person having no business to idly sit, lounge, stand, walk, or lie in or about the market-house, or to bring or show any Jack or stud horse in the market grounds.

SEC. 21. Any person violating the provisions of this Ordinance, for which no penalty is provided, or the public rules or orders of the Market-masters, shall be liable to a fine in any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars for each offence.

SEC. 22. In any district where no market is established, licenses may be given for one or more meat and provision stores, subject to market regulations at the discretion of the City Council.

SEC. 23. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances, conflicting with the foregoing, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Passed, August 21st, 1871. d236 3-w30 1