

become the praise and glory of the whole earth. We are desirous to introduce principles that will over-ride error, and we desire to live in a way that God and angels will not be ashamed to associate with us. Our mission is peace on earth, and good will to all who will submit to the influences of the gospel, and co-operate with the Almighty in the prosecution of His purposes. A heavy responsibility rests upon us; we have no time to waste in vanity and folly. When we get through, may we be able to say, 'O God, I have finished the work thou hast given me to do.' We should feel that we are engaged in a great work, and no influence should divert our minds from it. Let us try to do the Lord and to His servants, 'What do you want of me and I will try to do it.' It is very little difference what we do, if we are engaged in building up the kingdom, whether it is making a water-ditch or doing anything else that is right. If every man is determined that he will not have a quarrel, there will be no contention, and the blessings of God will continue to rest upon Zion, and its foes will stand afar off."

Elder Wilford Woodruff:—"Last Spring, long after the time of plowing and sowing, Pres. Young told us not to fret ourselves, for we should have a fruitful season. The gardens have been watered from the clouds in such a way that I have not before seen in these mountains. We enjoy many blessings in these visits. The people are blessed in leaving their fields and work-shops to attend these meetings, to rejoice together in the things of the kingdom of God. There is no better field to preach in than in Utah; we need preaching to. We are subject to temptation, and are in the midst of evils that are seeking to overthrow those principles that will exalt man."

He then referred to the reading of novels and other kinds of fiction, and their injurious tendency, noticing the fiction so generally believed in by the christian world, that the Lord is an unorganized being, without body, parts or passions.

"Though the Twelve Apostles are ordained to the power of the Apostleship, they exercise their calling under the direction of the First Presidency. No man but the President has a right to give a revelation for the guidance of this Church; it is the right of every Latter-day Saint to have revelations for their individual benefit; but none of us have a right to give a new doctrine to the Church without the consent and knowledge of the First Presidency of the Church."

This life is dear to us, for in it we are expected to prepare for a higher sphere. All the powers of earth are against this kingdom. We must live near to God, and be rich in the preparations of the gospel. Let us be efficient in these matters."

He then spoke on the necessity of cleansing out of our fields the noxious weeds; not only to clean them out of our growing crops, but to mow the borders of fields, and not suffer them to go to seed, and change the land to hoed crops until the foul weeds are all destroyed.

Elder Geo. A. Smith, In behalf of President Young, expressed his delight in beholding the inspection yesterday, and would have spoken to the brethren had his health permitted. He then called attention to the propriety of those who have not done so declaring their intention of becoming citizens, and those who are entitled to them taking out their full papers of naturalization.

AFTERNOON.

Bishop Lorenzo Young contrasted the condition of the Saints in the valleys of the mountains to-day, with the condition of the pioneers eighteen years ago; and extended his remarks to home-manufactures, showing the necessity of this people becoming self-sustaining and independent of a foreign market.

Elder Joseph W. Young, reviewed the teachings that have been given during the conference, introducing many proper and pointed remarks on the education of the young.

Elder Samuel W. Richards spoke of the object of the President's visits to the Saints in the settlements, and the advantages they receive from the teachings given unto them by the President and his brethren who travel with him.

Elder Geo. A. Smith, presented the officers of the State of Deseret for re-election. The Territorial officers were also presented and voted upon. He returned thanks to the brethren for entertaining us, and thanked the musicians for their sweet strains.

Pres. Young spoke for a few minutes, and blessed the people and the choirs, with all they possessed.

The teachings throughout the entire conference were instructive and edifying, and a goodly portion of the Holy Spirit was enjoyed by all present.

After supper we drove to Springville and remained there over night.

Monday, 10th.

At 9 a.m. left Springville and arrived at Santaquin about noon, when we repaired straight way to meeting.

MEETING AT SANTAQUIN.

Elder Lorenzo Snow.—"You are settled in this locality to accomplish certain things. You are not here merely to stay and spend your time without aim or purpose. We should study the circumstances around and see what we can do for the building up of the kingdom of God. This is a beautiful location, and very eligible for the building of good houses; and here would be a beautiful place to build a tabernacle for the worship of our God, with a tower that would attract the attention of visitors afar off. As President Young and his friends are passing through, from time to time, if you build a beautiful house of worship here, he might step into that house and pour out blessings upon you that otherwise you could not gain and enjoy. We are here to honor our God and perform works to honor and glorify His name. Let us build up cities and temples to God and make good and extensive improvements. When ancient Israel submitted to evil they were brought under subjection; but when they faithfully served God they could not be overcome. So with us if we keep the commandments of God. But if we mix up with evil doers and follow their fashions, I cannot promise good to Israel. If we do our duty we may look for deliverance in the darkest hour. Let us do the works we are placed here to do. If the Saints will act so, we can then shout glory to God for the faithfulness of the people, and all will be well. Let us put forth our hands and be willing to sacrifice all we have for the cause of Zion. We may be tried in this; but if we are faithful our God will bear us off triumphant."

Elder Geo. Q. Cannon.—"I like to predict good concerning the kingdom of God. The eventual triumph of His kingdom is sure. If we let our minds dwell upon every blessing we can understand, and let our imaginations expand to their utmost, we cannot give utterance to or imagine the blessings which are for us. They are infinite. It only requires patience on our part to give us the entire victory over every annoyance that may afflict us. We may reflect upon all the annoyances which as individuals we have suffered, and that the kingdom of God has suffered, and I ask where are the individuals who caused those annoyances? Their names are forgotten, except when they are used to point a moral; while the servants of God have lived and grown in influence and power, their enemies are gone from sight, and the names of those who sought to do evil to them are covered with disgrace. Where are the apostates? Have they any influence? They have it to an extent to lead away unworthy persons from the church; but the sheep have known the voice of the good shepherd and have not left the fold. I have no doubt that the wicked are plotting evil to the truth as they always have done; but their plots will be made visible to all men, and their follies will be made manifest. It is necessary sometimes that we should be placed in circumstances where no earthly power can deliver us. We have been put in such circumstances and have been delivered, and all have been constrained to give glory to God. We shall still be delivered, to the discomfort of those who love not the truth; the truth will be vindicated, and we shall have renewed cause to attribute our salvation and deliverance to God. The triumph of Zion is sure, and we shall go on from victory to victory; and the indignation and wrath of God will be poured out upon the wicked. God has the power to lift us up above every opposition; but this would not accomplish His designs. He desires that we shall do all we can for ourselves; and when we are about to fail because of our weakness, then His power will be extended to our deliverance."

Elder Joseph W. Young spoke encouragingly of the future of the Saints, and urged them to continually put their trust in God.

Elder George A. Smith presented the officers of the State of Deseret before the people for re-election. They were unanimously sustained. Two Councilmen and three Representatives were presented and sustained for the Territorial government; also Selectmen, Superintendent of Common Schools and Commissioners for locating university lands.

Elder John Taylor spoke briefly on self-preservation.

Pres. Brigham Young spoke a few minutes, advising the people in the small settlements in the neighborhood of Santaquin to gather together to this place, and build a city.

After dining at Santaquin we rolled out and arrived at Nephi at about half-past six. Simultaneously with our arriving in Nephi, a guard of 21 horsemen arrived from Sanpete valley as an escort to the company.

Met with the Nephi Saints at early candle-light, in their new meeting house, at which Elder G. D. Watt, Bishop Raleigh, Elder Joseph W. Young, Bishop Lorenzo Young, Elders Henry W. Brizzee, John Van Cott, Wilford Woodruff and Geo. Q. Cannon, severally addressed the Saints. The State and Territorial officers were presented to the meeting, and sustained.

SEXTON'S REPORT.

For the month ending June 30th, 1865.

Adults	-	-	-	-	6
Children	-	-	-	-	11 17
Males	-	-	-	-	10
Females	-	-	-	-	7 17

CAUSES OF DEATH AS PER REPORT.

Scarlet and other fevers	-	-	-	6
Putrid sore throat	-	-	-	1
Diphtheria	-	-	-	1
Inflammation bowels	-	-	-	1
Measels	-	-	-	1
Jaundice	-	-	-	1
Dropsy	-	-	-	1
Piles	-	-	-	1
Colic	-	-	-	1
Liver complaint	-	-	-	1
Child bed	-	-	-	1
Old age	-	-	-	1 17

Brought from country places for interment. - - - - - 5

Resident citizens - - - - - 12 17

J. E. TAYLOR, Sexton.

ABSTRACT

Of Meteorological Observations for the month of June, 1865, at G. S. L. City, Utah, by W. W. Phelps.

MONTHLY MEAN:

Barometer out of repair.

MONTHLY MEAN.	Thermometer open air.	
7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
62°	76°	60°

MONTHLY MEAN.

Thermometer Dry Bulb.		
7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
63°	72°	65°

The highest and lowest ranges of the Thermometer, during the month, in the open air, were

Max. 90° Min. 45°

The rain water that fell in the same period of time, measured .750, which is three fourths of an inch of water over the surface.

MONTHLY JOURNAL.

1. Partially clear.
2. A. m. cloudy; hazy and clear.
3. Clear.
4. Clear and cool.
5. do do
6. do do
7. A. m. clear; p. m. partially cloudy.
8. A. m. hazy; p. m. do do
9. Clear with a few flying clouds.
10. Clear.
11. do
12. Cloudy. Sprinkled.
13. Partially clear.
14. Cloudy.
15. Rain; cloudy.
16. do do
17. Clear and cool.
18. do do raining, hazy.
19. do do
20. A. m. hazy; afterwards clear and warm.
21. Cloudy.
22. Clear.
23. do
24. do and cool.
25. do and hot.
26. A. m. clear; p. m. partially cloudy.
27. Partially clear.
28. Clear.
29. do
30. do

Observations made at Chalk Creek, Summit county, June, 1865, by Thomas Bullock.

	Sunrise.	Noon.	Sunset.
Mean temperature,	45°	77°	67°
Warmest,	1st 54°	26th 100°	26th 80°
Coldest,	17th 30°	16th 41°	16th 44°

15/7 Rain showers.

18. Hail and snow storms.

5, 17 and 18, frost.

The crops are late for the season of the year.

NEWS ITEMS.

A PARIS correspondent states that at Brest the sailing frigate Nereide is being fitted up with the greatest haste to make a second voyage round the world. The Nereide is to touch at the Island of Reunion and at New Caledonia.

THE Post Office Department is sending special agents to open post offices in the principal cities and towns at the South, and afterwards appoint citizens of those places, whose loyalty is ascertained, as postmasters.

FREDERICK SMYTH was inaugurated Governor of New Hampshire on the 8th.

The State debt is \$3,978,000. The year's interest will be \$258,000. The estimated receipts are \$932,000, or \$674,060 above the interest. The expenditures to be provided amount to \$2,642,000.

SINCE the Federal occupation of Nashville the government undertaker has buried 1363 Federal soldiers and employes, 8000 rebel soldiers and 10,000 contrabands and refugees. The bodies of 5000 officers and soldiers have been embalmed and sent home.

IN St. Petersburg there is a sergeant of police for every 274 inhabitants; and the cost of the whole corps, in a population of 539,999, is 6,400,000 francs.

THE New Orleans Picayune says there is a large surplus population in that city, who are without employment or means of subsistence.

FOUR hundred soldiers took up homestead lands in Stearns county, Minnesota, in the month of May.

IN New Zealand fresh gold discoveries are announced, with a renewal of the former excitement.

THE annual estimate of the expenses of the New York city government, this year, is \$2,077,284.01.

IT is the intention of the Government to retain most of the army wagons for future use, storing them in immense fire-proof buildings to be especially erected at various points.

THAT was a queer freak the lightning took at a store in Rockville, Conn., Saturday afternoon, a week ago. It entered at the door in a livid flash, which actually lit an oil lamp, and left it burning, without leaving any other visible marks of its passage.

THE North and South Atlantic squadrons are to be consolidated, and will hereafter be called the Atlantic squadron, and will be commanded by Acting Rear Admiral Radford.

THE Duchess of Argyle's little girls have sent a box of clothing to the colored children in America, worth about 20l, which they made themselves.

REMEDY FOR HYDROPHOBIA. — A friend and subscriber sends us the following remedy for hydrophobia, which appeared some years since in a Buenos Ayres (South America) newspaper; and as the mad-dog excitement is still on the increase in this city, we reproduce it; for if this remedy or antidote really possesses the virtue attributed, every body should be in possession of the cure, as its efficacy entirely depends upon its immediate application.

Remedy for the Bite of Mad Dogs. — A Saxon forester named Castelli now of the venerable age of eighty-two unwilling to take to the grave with him a secret of so much importance, has made public in the *Leipsic Journal*, the means which he had used for fifty years, and wherewith he affirms he has rescued many human beings and cattle from the fearful death of hydrophobia. Take immediately warm vinegar or tepid water; wash the wound clean therewith, and then dry it; then pour upon the wound a few drops of hydrochloric acid, because mineral acids destroy the poison of the saliva, by which means the latter is neutralized. — *Columbus Journal*.

A YOUNG man who was paying special attention to a young lady, met with the following incident during one of his visits:

Being invited into the parlor to await the lady's appearance, he entertained himself as best he might for some time, and was very weary, when a little girl about five years old, slipped in and began a conversation with him.

"I can always tell," said she, "when you are coming to our house."

"You can?" he replied; "and how do you tell it?"

"Why when you are going to be here, sister begins to sing and to get good; and she gives me cake and pie, and anything I want; and she sings so sweetly—when I speak to her she smiles so pleasantly. I wish you would stay here all the while; then I would have a good time. But when you go off sister is not so good. She gets mad and slaps and bangs me about."

This was a poser to the young man.

"Fools and children tell the truth," quoted he, and taking his hat he left, and returned no more.

—Mr. Richardson, an English chemist, says that iodine placed in a small box, with a perforated lid, destroys organic poison in rooms. During the continuance of an epidemic smallpox in London he saw the method used with benefit.