

By Telegraph.

AMERICAN.

BOSTON, 31.—In pursuance of orders from Washington a large number of workmen were discharged from the Charlestown navy yard to-night.

NEW YORK, 31.—The insurance companies have decided on charging an extra premium of one per cent. on all business houses in this city with wooden Mansard roofs, and on hotels and public buildings with such roofs one and a half per cent.

In the U. S. Circuit court to-day, Judge Benedict quashed the indictment in the case of J. W. Norton, charged with embezzling \$18,000 from the money order department of the post office, upon the ground that the counts did not amount to clearly specified charges.

The general term of the superior court, to-day, decided that where a party received a forged check or certification of a bank, and not on trust in the simple check, the bank so certifying is responsible for the amount.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., 31.—This morning John Parker, a carpenter, shot his wife through the head and blew his own brains out; Parker died instantly, his wife is still alive, but will not survive. It appears that Parker suspected the fidelity of his wife.

PROVIDENCE, 31.—The Atlantic Delaine Company will go into voluntary bankruptcy.

INDIANAPOLIS, 31.—The engineers' strike continues, and the men say they are bound to hold out; in the meantime, however, the railroads are procuring new engineers, and already claim that they can run all trains regularly.

Warren Hussey, president of the First National Bank at Salt Lake, to-day, filed a bill in the superior court, in a suit for libel against the Indianapolis Journal Co., claiming damages of one hundred thousand dollars. The alleged libel is set forth in a bill in the following editorial in the Journal of Oct. 8th last: "Mr. Warren Hussey, the president of the First National Bank of Salt Lake City, issues a manifesto asserting the solvency of that institution. A man of that name was arrested and tried here in 1856 or 1857, on a charge of counterfeiting and embezzlement, in the management of a wildcat concern in Boone County. He was shrewdly defended by Robert Walpole, since deceased, and by a technicality escaped going to the penitentiary. This may not be the same man, but an identity of names in such cases is very remarkable, especially when it happens to be so uncommon a name as Warren Hussey;" all of which Hussey denies in toto, asserting that no such thing happened in Boone or any other county in this State.

The rear coach of the train due here at eight to-night, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton, & Indianapolis R. R., was thrown from the track by a broken rail, while crossing some trestle work near Broadsville; the coach went down ten feet and turned over. Mr. Chester and child, of Middleton, O., and John Lines, of Connersville, Ind., were killed, and eight or ten others injured, none seriously.

ERIE, Pa., 31.—Rev. J. F. Spaulding, bishop elect to Colorado, Wyoming and New Mexico, was duly consecrated at St. Paul's church, of which he was rector. Bishop Kerfoot, of Pittsburgh, read the consecration service, and Bishop Cox, of Western New York, preached the sermon. The other bishops present were Bishop Talbot, of Indiana, Bishop McCoskey, of Michigan and Bishop Bedel, of Ohio, and about forty clergymen.

CHICAGO, 31.—All fears of a strike on the leading railroads in this city are dissipated by the decision of the managers of all but three of the roads not to reduce the pay of the engineers and firemen; the three roads holding to the reduction are the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, and Great Eastern, on which the strike began, and still exists, and the Michigan Southern.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., 31.—The newly built hardware factory of Hotchkiss & Sons was burned to-night; loss heavy, insurance \$100,000.

PITTSBURG, 31.—Hutchinson's steam pump works, and Williams & Co.'s printing press factory, both in one building, were burned to-night; loss heavy, and covered by insurance.

COLUMBUS.—The railway strike

is looking worse, the yardmaster of the Piqua road was visited by a crowd of roughs this afternoon and his life threatened if he allowed more trains to go out; the police dispersed the crowd. The evening train for Cincinnati was fired into near the city by unknown parties. The situation appears more unfavorable than ever for settlement.

BOSTON, 1.—The Journal has a special despatch from Concord, N. H., which states that an irregularity in connection with the National Savings Bank of Concord is announced, the treasurer, W. W. Storrs, having misappropriated sixty-five thousand dollars. On Friday last, while the trustees were looking over the notes and papers, the treasurer confessed a deficiency in his accounts of from fifty to seventy-five thousand dollars. This was the first intimation the officers had received. The treasurer states that for the past three years he has repeatedly loaned the funds of the bank to friends, who had become greatly embarrassed. His bondsmen were promptly notified of the defalcation, and have been in session every day since, examining into his affairs. His bonds are \$125,000, and his sureties, twenty-five in number, are all reliable and sound men. The bonds of Storrs secure depositors from all loss on his account. The institution has deposits amounting to one and three quarters million dollars. Storrs states that his position as cashier of the First National Bank, and Treasurer of the Savings Bank, enabled him to carry on an account unknown to any of the officials of either institution.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1.—It has rained here incessantly since midnight last night, and still continues.

The new year holiday was generally observed.

Reports from various portions of the States show that the rainfall has been very generally distributed. There are fears of floods in the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys.

RICHMOND, Va., 1.—The Legislature convened at noon to-day. After organization, the Governor's message was received and read. Of the relations between the races he says—"I do not hesitate to affirm, so encouraging and decisive has been the progress during the past four years, and so clearly developed by the past are the obligations of to-day, that if we are but guided by prudence, if we go forward with courage, tempered with forbearance, and if no federal legislation shall intervene to disturb the relations between the races, we cannot fail to bring our great experiment to a successful and prosperous issue. Recent events prove how futile, and how disastrous to its authors, must be any further attempt to array the colored race, as a political combination, upon any principle of antagonism between the races; and further, that non-residents, whatever their claims to eminence, ability, or philanthropy, can never understand the character and circumstances, or wisely administer to the wants, of our colored population. Ourselves and none others are qualified to perform the task assigned us by Providence, and if not restrained and thwarted by superior powers, we will perform our duty resolutely and effectually, by promoting the best interests of both races, and we intend to perform it by scrupulously guarding the newly acquired rights of the colored man."

WASHINGTON, 1.—The President and Mrs. Grant held the usual New Year's reception to-day, aided by the Cabinet officers and their wives. After the reception the foreign representatives and officials, in the usual order, and the veterans of 1812 were received, and at 2 p.m. the doors were thrown open to the general public.

NEW YORK, 1.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Yorkville Savings Bank yesterday, a communication was received from Harry Genet, resigning the Presidency; no one present would admit that he knew where Genet could be found.

NEW YORK, 2.—Bradbury's Piano manufactory and showrooms, with W. H. Seymour & Sons' silk hat manufactory, at the corner of Grand and Crosby streets, were burned early this morning; loss \$100,000.

Wm. Banta was found dead, covered with blood, yesterday, on the stoop of Warren's Hotel, at the corner of Canal and Elizabeth streets; the bar tender and five other persons have been arrested to await an investigation of the cause of death.

WILKESBARRE, Pa.—Framen-

thal's Opera House was burned last night; loss \$85,000, insurance \$30,000. There was a large audience present when the fire broke out, and many persons narrowly escaped suffocation owing to the denseness of the smoke and the difficulty of exit. Mrs. Langfield, a milliner on the first floor, sustained \$25,000 damage. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp.

WASHINGTON, 2.—The public debt increased \$3,453,272 during December.

CHICAGO, 2.—The strike of the railroad engineers appears to be broken. The men are resuming work at most points, and trains are again running regularly. Columbus, O., is the only place where any trouble still exists, and it is said this is on account of the indisposition of the railroads to employ the leaders of the strike.

WASHINGTON, 2.—The public debt statement shows the total debt to be \$2,249,245,262; the total interest \$42,547,025; cash in the Treasury, \$91,479,109; cash in the treasury, currency, \$4,277,852; special deposits held for the redemption of certificates of deposit, as provided by law, \$36,720,000; total in the Treasury, \$132,478,961. The debt, less cash in the treasury, \$2,179,215,326, being an increase during the month of \$8,453,272. Bonds issued to the Pacific railroad companies, interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding, \$64,623,512; interest accrued and not yet paid, \$1,938,705; interest paid by the United States, \$20,447,986; interest repaid by transportation of mails, \$4,633,054; balance of interest paid by the United States, \$15,781,931.

An appropriation by Congress of nearly two millions of dollars in gold will be required in satisfaction of the claims allowed by the late United States and British commission.

DETROIT, 2.—The grocery store and dwelling of Geo. Alderton, at Saginaw City, was completely demolished this afternoon by the explosion of a can of powder; a little daughter of Alderton was instantly killed, and his wife and clerk seriously injured. It is supposed that the child was putting lighted matches into the can.

NEW YORK, 2.—The Spanish frigate *Arapiles*, after being released from the dock to-day, grounded while being towed to the east side of the yard, where she intended to ship her guns, and she is still hard and fast.

The following is the resolution adopted by the Plymouth Church in the Bowen case:

"Resolved—That the report of the examining committee, and the statement of the clerk of the church, concerning the case of Brother Henry C. Bowen, be entered upon the minutes, and, in view of the facts therein set forth, that the charges be dismissed and the examining committee be discharged from the further consideration of the case."

At the conclusion of the prayer meeting at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, to-night, the clerk of the church read communications from the joint committee of the Church of the Pilgrims and the Clinton Avenue Church in reference to the recent action of the Plymouth Church in the Tilton-Beecher matter. At the request of Mr. Beecher the reply which he had written to the committee was then read. It admits a difference between the congregationalism of Plymouth Church and that of other Congregational churches, and claims that the foundation of the Plymouth was effected to protest against the domination of Congregational ministers, which had excited profound indignation among the members of the Congregational churches in the city of New York; at the same time it says that Plymouth Church has been governed by a majority of the members, while in neither of the other two churches has ever been heard the voice of the brotherhood in an open or called assembly.

MILWAUKEE, 2.—The boiler of Nunnemacher's distillery exploded to-day; the engineer was scalded to death.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 2.—This afternoon Thomas Cook, a young man, fatally stabbed his wife, and stabbed and killed his mother-in-law who sought to protect her daughter; he then cut his own throat. He and his wife are still alive, but are fast sinking.

An unknown villain removed a rail on the Fort Scott and Gulf railroad, near Le Cygne, yesterday, and ditched a freight train, killing the fireman and injuring two others.

NEW YORK, 3.—The entire number of railroads in default is more than 115, representing an indebtedness on the interest account of more than twenty-seven million dollars.

Nathaniel French, a prominent member of the masonic fraternity, in Nassau, N. H., has been missing since his arrival in this city, nearly six months ago. After a careful inquiry by his friends and the authorities, the discovery has been made that within twenty-four hours after French reached this city, he was brutally beaten, robbed, and carried to the Bellevue Hospital, where he died from his injuries, and being unrecognized and unclaimed was buried in the Potter's Field.

CINCINNATI, 3.—B. O. Rogers, for several years book-keeper at Samuel Davis, Jr., & Co.'s pork house in this city, was arrested yesterday on a charge of embezzling money from his employers; the amount is not known, but it is supposed to be over \$12,000. It is understood that the money will be refunded to the firm by Rogers' father.

CHICAGO, 3.—A Washington special says, Col. Thos. A. Scott, in answer to inquiries from San Diego, authorized the sending of the following, in his name, yesterday—

"Prospects for legislation good. No extension will be asked for."

It is understood that no definite form of action has yet been agreed upon, but a number of bills are in course of preparation to be submitted to him for approval, the main object in the east being to provide means and to obtain government aid in disposing of railroad bonds, and to secure the government for all of the disbursements.

It is authoritatively stated that the Northern Pacific has agreed to leave the field to the Southern Pacific, of lease for the present season.

FOREIGN.

HAVANA, 31.—Captain-General Jovellar has ordered a strict inquiry into the circumstances connected with the disappearance of Ralph Keller, the *Tribune* correspondent.

The *Voz* and *Diario* comment bitterly on the sinking of the *Virginus* and release of the prisoners; they charge that the United States government sank the *Virginus* in order not to be compelled to deliver it to Spain, and is guilty of perfidy in releasing the survivors. The *Voz* says that for the great wrongs of the Spanish nation terrible atonements are reserved, and their hour will come. In an interview with Captain General Jovellar the latter stated that the newspapers give their own opinion; the government neither shrinks from nor is responsible for the articles they print. The government acts independently and according to circumstances, and it does not follow, because the articles pass the censor of the press, that they reflect the opinions of Jovellar, who denies having seen them.

Later advices from Cape Coast Castle report that Sir Garnet Wolseley has advanced seventy miles into the interior, and that the Ashantees are flying before him.

Advices from Cape Coast Castle to December fifteenth, report that the Ashantees had been driven across the river Pra, re-entering their own territory in great disorder; they left a large number of dead and wounded on the bank of the river. Wolseley was in pursuit with five hundred sailors.

The troops on the ships *Himalaya* and *Tamar* had arrived, and everything was ready for an advance upon Coomassie. The gold coast was very unhealthy.

MADRID, 1.—Another extensive fire, accompanied by a terrible explosion, has occurred at Carthagena. The government has suppressed several newspapers of federal proclivities.

LONDON, 2, 6 a.m.—A special to the *Daily Telegraph* says that 300 Ashantees were drowned in the river Pra in their flight before Sir Garnet Wolseley.

Evans, proprietor of the *London Hour*, is dead.

A Berlin telegram to the *London Daily Telegraph* says the government has absolutely resolved to abstain from any interference with the inner ecclesiastical organization of the dioceses during the struggle with the Romanist church, and to confine its action to rigorously repelling any encroachments of the bishops upon the State's rights. The existing proscriptions respecting the administration of the dioceses when

the bishoprics are vacant will serve for cases in which the prelates shall be turned out by the government; these dioceses, left without a head, will be administered by the vicar-general, who will in his turn be deposed, should he not comply with the letter of the statutes. The government is quite aware that these measures will superinduce inconceivable confusion in the diocesan administration, but it hopes thereby to compel the clergy to compliance with the law. The new form of the oath of allegiance to be subscribed to by future appointed bishops is framed in terms binding the subscriber to absolute submission to the State, and it is officially assured that the Vatican will not appoint episcopal candidates to take it. This assumption will be tested by the approaching filling up of the Fulda vacancy. The Rhenish and Westphalia bishops are canvassing for the Imperial parliament, and they will certainly be elected. The government, however, is entirely indifferent with regard to this maneuver.

VERSAILLES, 1.—The court-martial sitting for the trial of the Communists has condemned six more of them to death, four being in contumacious.

A special to the *Daily Telegraph*, from St. Petersburg, says the article, in the treaty between Russia and Bokhara, abolishing slavery, is directly due to the exertions of Secretary Schuyler and all the members of the American Legation at St. Petersburg.

HAVANA, 3.—The wharf laborers and trade organizations demand pay in gold or its equivalent in currency, and they propose to strike on Monday unless their demand is complied with. The draymen and coachmen will join the strike. The Junta of the debt has been in session to-day, discussing means to relieve the financial situation, but without result; the proprietors of newspapers also held a meeting to consider the question of raising their subscription rates.

In the Cortes, to-day, the deputies, on two votes, gave a majority of 120 against President Castelar. General Pavia, who is a friend of Castelar, thereupon occupied the palace of the Cortes and other public buildings with fourteen thousand troops, dissolved the Cortes and summoned the most eminent of all parties including the members of the present government, only excepting the Carlists and intransigents, to form a government. This, General Pavia declared, was the only way for the salvation of the country. He refused, personally, to become a member of the government. The streets are filled with people, and there is great excitement, but no blood has been shed.

Midnight.—The final and decisive vote by which Castelar was beaten in the Cortes stood 120 to 100, the majority against him being twenty, instead of 120 as first reported. As soon as the result was announced General Pavia sent an officer to the chamber with a letter, demanding the dissolution of the Cortes. Salmeron and others urged Castelar to continue in power, but their prayer was refused, whereupon a company of the municipal guard entered the palace of the Cortes and expelled the deputies. General Pavia, with his staff, held a position outside with cannon pointed at the building.

THE attention of parties desirous of purchasing an organ for the meeting house, school room or parlor, is directed to the advertisement, in to-day's News, of Messrs. Calder & Careless, Territorial agents for the world-renowned Mason and Hamlin organ. No word of praise or commendation for these instruments is particularly necessary here, their merits have been tested by the best musicians in Europe and America, and they have been decided, time and time again, to be superior to the instruments of all other makers. Messrs. Calder & Careless now offer these celebrated Organs on terms never equalled in the Territory before, and so easy as to be absolutely within the reach of all who desire to procure one. A parlor organ may now be had by paying a trifle over one dollar a week, and at a greatly reduced price, an instrument for the meeting house may be procured on equally advantageous terms. Now is the time to purchase an organ; you can purchase and own them by paying a less sum than has been customary to charge for renting them. See advertisement and learn full terms.