

Cannon, Joseph F. Smith, A. Milton Musser, John Squires, David Day, and some others; started this morning on a visit to Grantsville to hold meetings.

**DISCUSSING THE POINTS.**—Discussions between the candidates of the Republican and Democratic parties for office are the rage at present east and west. This is more sensible, if kept within proper bounds, than flaming fire and fury at a distance, and stirring rival partisans to deeds of blood. Better win victory by ballots than bullets. But what an amount of eloquence will be expended before November! Great is the power of Talk, and Bunkum is his prime minister!

**FROM ENGLAND.**—The *Millennial Star* of the 15th ult. has a letter from Elder L. W. Shurtleff, who writes from Nottingham that the work is progressing under his charge in that Conference, and out-door preaching has been attended with success.

The same issue has a letter from Elder James Sharp, who writes encouragingly from Edinburgh; where the work is also onward. The Saints in those Conferences are laboring in faith to help their emancipation.

**OMAHA GROCERY MARKET.**—We have been courteously favored with a grocery market report from Henry S. Jackson & Co., of Omaha, which we lay before our readers. The firm is a most reliable one, and will fill all orders sent them at the lowest market rates, and will duplicate New York and Chicago invoices with freight added.

In the Grocery Market there is a moderate but steady demand.

"Canned Goods are firm, and Peaches will probably advance owing to short crops east. An advance in Cheese in the New York market has been met by a corresponding improvement in our market. In Corgage and Twines the market is firm. Of Fish, Cod has ruled quiet, with the supply limited; Mackerel is in good supply and demand. Advances from the Eastern fisheries are unfavorable, the catch having been small. Prices for Salt are firm, coarse and fine have advanced 10c. per bbl. during the week. Wooden Ware is without change. Teas are firm, with Gunpowders higher, choice grades being very scarce in New York market.

In raw Sugars, the prices run from 11c to 16 for common, fair and prime; while in refined sugars, crushed, powdered, and granulated are selling from 18 1/2 to 18 3/4; with coffee sugars rating from 15 1/2 to 18 1/2. Prime Coffee is 25 to 27c; fair and common bringing 25 1/2 to 23c; Java, 35 to 38c. Carolina Rice is 12 1/2; Louisiana, 11 1/2; and Rangoon 11 3/4. Of Spices, pepper is 38 to 40c; ginger 35 to 38c; cloves 40 to 42c; cassia 75 to 80c; nutmegs \$1.55 to 1.70. Young hyson Tea, common to choice, \$1.00 to 1.25; gunpowder and imperial common to choice 1.40 to 1.90; Oolongs, 1.00 to 1.50; Japans, 1.10 to 1.25. Pearl starch (King's) 10 to 11c; oswego 8 1/2 to 9c; and corn 13 1/2 to 14c. Of tobaccos, navies plugs 65 to 75c; natural leaf 1.00 to 1.25; fine cut chewing, from common to choice, 65c to 1.20; common stems, smoking, 19 to 20c; medium 23 to 25c, and choice 27 to 29c. Soaps run: palm 7 to 9c; erasive 10 to 11c; mottled 12 to 13 1/2; stearine 12 1/2 to 13 1/2; castile, imported, 22 to 24c; castile, American, 16 to 17c. Star candles are 19 1/2 to 21c; stearine lights 21 to 22c. Among dried fruits, choice apples are 13 1/2 to 14c; pared peaches 21 to 25c; English currants 16 to 18c; prunes, Turkey, 17 to 19c; layer raisins 4 90 to 5 00 per box. Canned goods: peaches two lb cans, per case of two dozen, \$8.50; blackberries, 5 50 to 6 00; strawberries, 7 50 to 8 00; pine-apple, 8 50 to 9 00; string beans, 6 00 to 6 50; green corn, 7 00 to 8 00; tomatoes, 6 50 to 7 50; peas, 6 50 to 7 00; lobsters, 7 00 to 7 50; oysters, 6 00 to 6 25; oysters, one lb cans, 4 00 to 4 25."

**BLACKBERRY SEASON.**—We clip the following from the New York *Evening Post*, and the point of it will be better appreciated when the reader understands that the story is told of a "Manager" who made himself known here by building and trying to run a wooden theatre in this city, and making the acquaintance of several boarding house keepers after blackberry season was over!

"A western theatrical manager has a knack of 'doing' people out of their salary. A young actor from New York, who had joined his company, ventured after a two weeks' engagement to hint that he would like his money. 'What!' exclaimed the indignant manager, 'you ask me for salary, after the characters I have given you to play? The facts, my dear sir, the man who plays *Claude Melnotte* and other lovers ought not to expect any salary!' 'Yes!' said the lightwighted youth, 'but my board is due, and I shall get turned out of my boarding house, and the truth is I have nothing to eat.' 'Keep cool, my boy!' replied the manager, 'blackberries will soon be ripe!'"

**PERSONAL.**—By telegram to President Young, with which we have been favored, we learn that General H. B. Clawson arrived at Benton on Wednesday and was to leave the next morning by stage for this city.

**FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.**

**THUNDERING.**—Yesterday afternoon there was a windstorm which made the dust fly, followed by thunder and lightning with some rain. The lightning was terribly vivid at times. To-day there have been heavy clouds hanging around, with thunder and lightning.

**BLOWN OFF.**—We learn that yesterday evening, or last night, the roof was blown off the residence of the Warden at the penitentiary; and part of the roof of the penitentiary itself was blown away. Warden Rockwood was in the city to-day, stirring around with his usual energy to have the damage repaired.

**WANTS PEACE.**—By a telegram to President Young, received yesterday from Parowan, which was courteously placed at our disposal, too late however for yesterday's issue, we learn that one of the Indian Chiefs who made the raid on the stock there last Summer, came into Parowan yesterday morning with his band to make peace. Bishop Dame gave them flour and meat and told them to remain.

**THE IMMIGRATION.**—We have been favored with the following telegram to Pres. Young: Benton, Sept. 5, 1883.

Pres. B. Young.—Capts. Holman, with seven hundred Danish, and Mumford with three hundred English and Scotch passengers, are 40 miles on the way. Mule teams with back luggage left here to day.

A. C. PYPER.

**AFFRAY IN BINGHAM CANON.**—We have been informed by a gentleman just in from Bingham that an affray took place there in the early part of this week, between two of the miners, that is likely to prove fatal to one of them. It appears that two men, one named English and the other known by the name of "Kentuck," between whom there was an old grudge, were drinking Sunday, Monday and Tuesday last, and that on the afternoon of Tuesday an altercation took place between them, in which knives were drawn and a scuffle took place, in the progress of which English, who was the aggressor, received a fearful cut between the thumb and forefinger of one of his hands. The men were parted, but in the evening of the same day, English, armed with a blacksmith's hammer, sallied forth in search of "Kentuck," swearing he would kill him. He found him eating his supper and instantly set upon him with the hammer with which he broke his left under jaw and mashed the front of his skull in. Medical assistance was immediately procured and everything done for "Kentuck" that could be done, but he lies in a dangerous condition. A meeting of the miners was called the same evening to talk over the affair, and to adopt such measures as might be necessary for mutual protection. Some were in favor of lynching English, and breaking down the whiskey "snebang," but it was ultimately decided to petition the proper authority to empower some one or more of them to act in the capacity of a magistrate and to hold a magistrate's court. The man English was at large when our informant left, there being no authority there to arrest him.

**THE TRACK.**—The *Frontier Index* of the 1st inst. says, the railroad track is now laid to a point on Bitter Creek, 65 miles east of Green River City, and is expected to pass there and to reach Bryan, on Black's Fork, by the 15th of October.

The same paper says that a large number of persons are daily arriving at Green River City from "playing-out" towns eastward, and passing onward to Bryan.

**INDIAN FIGHT ON THE PLATTE.**—The *Colorado Tribune* of the 30th ult. gives an account of a fight between some of the citizens of Colorado and a band of Indians, in which the latter were roughly handled. It appears that Captain Bailey, Sam Ashcraft and Godfrey Bailey, farmers and stock-raisers, occupying the stretch of country between Lupton and Latham, on the Platte, have been robbed of all their stock during the late incursions of the Arapahoes. On the afternoon of the 27th ult., these gentlemen, with a band of over sixty men, collected from the country around, set out in pursuit of the "reds." The next morning the Indians were overtaken, when a pretty sharp fight ensued, in which five Indians were killed and seven wounded. The Indians then retreated, and were pursued and a running fight was kept up for almost eleven miles, when scouts were left to watch the movements of the Indians, while Captain Bailey proceeded to Denver, where he obtained from the Executive a plentiful supply of arms and ammunition preparatory to renewing the pursuit.

**ITEMS EAST.**—From a letter in the *Cheyenne Argus* we glean the following items: The Casements are about trying a new method of laying down the rails on the W. P. R. R., by which it is believed the progress of track laying will be greatly accelerated. The ties are to be placed and the rails laid down simultaneously.

Benton is rapidly thinning in population, many leaving daily for Green River. Water sells in Benton for 25¢ per barrel.

Efforts have been made to build a fort on the banks of North Platte, to be named Fort Fred Steele, but the efforts have not been very successful so far. The soldiers are there to garrison the fort, but the fort is not there to be garrisoned.

Hay cutting was quite an object in the neighborhood of Fort Saunders. The article is \$60 a ton at Benton.

The last paragraph of the letter is as follows: "The air around Laramie and Fort Sanders is thick with tales of robberies and rumanism, and some energetic steps will soon be taken to suppress the epidemic of crime. A large and well organized band of robbers are believed to be operating in that neighborhood. A gang of about twenty men, with masks, lately paraded the streets of Laramie, by night, and committed several robberies with impunity."

**MORTUARY.**—The latest idea of a mortuary character, is an earthenware coffin, on exhibition at the Fair lately held in San Francisco. The *Times* claims a superiority for it over wooden or metallic ones, and advances as an argument that wine has been kept in a state of preservation two thousand years, and deduces that bodies might be similarly preserved if like care were taken. The *Times* thinks earthenware coffins will be "all the rage" soon.

**DIED.** at Kaysville, August 31st, William Booth, in the 54th year of his age. Deceased was born October 7th, 1814, at Burslem, Staffordshire, England. He was baptized by Elder Lorenzo Snow, February 20th, 1842; he labored faithfully in the cause of truth in London and other places until January, 1851, when he emigrated to the valley. During his ministry in England he was instrumental in bringing hundreds to a knowledge of the truth. Upon his arrival in this Territory he located himself at Kaysville, where he has resided until the time of his death. During his residence there he filled various responsible offices with fidelity and trust, winning the confidence and esteem of his fellow-citizens. He suffered greatly during the last five months of his life from indigestion, which caused his death. The funeral services were conducted in the meeting house, and his mortal remains were followed to the grave by about four hundred citizens. Deceased leaves a family and an aged father to mourn his loss.—[Com.]

**THE TUNNELS IN WEBER CANYON.**—We had a call yesterday evening from Bishop John Sharp, who gave us the following items concerning the work near Lost Creek in Weber canyon, on Sharp & Young's contract. The work is progressing as fast as possible with the number of men engaged on it, looking at the very heavy points of rock that have to be removed to make the grade. They still need more men and teams, for which they will pay the highest wages. Work has been commenced on both tunnels. An entrance has been made under the roof on the east end of the largest tunnel, and

they are making good headway on the west end; but in consequence of the heavy approach through 150 feet of solid rock, which has to be blasted on one side to a depth of 60 feet, they have not got under the roof yet. They have also concluded the approach on the east end of the short tunnel, and are making good progress with the approach on the west end of the same tunnel. The approaches on the east side of both tunnels are short, but on the west side they are heavy, that leading to the long tunnel being, as stated, 150 feet through solid rock, and that leading to the short tunnel being 1100 feet in length, beginning at grade, and gradually working into a cut of 45 feet deep at the mouth of the tunnel. From the manner in which the brethren working at those points pitch in with a heart and a will, the progress made is much greater than it would be with the same number of men who needed the eye of the "boss" on them all the time. The Bishop says he never saw a squad of men work more energetically, and accomplish a greater amount of labor in a given time.

The work from Devil's Gate, down to the mouth of the canyon is heavy and is progressing rapidly. Sharp & Young are confident they will be fully able to have the work finished on their contract, the heaviest from the head of Echo to the mouth of Weber, in the required time, except the tunnels, and these they expect to have finished before the rails reach them.

They have no doubts of being able to hire all the help required; and the system of punctual monthly payments which they have adopted is very satisfactory to their men.

**FROM MONDAY'S DAILY.**

**SABBATH MEETINGS.**—In the forenoon remarks were made by Elder H. W. Lawrence, lately returned from the East, and by Elder George Dunford, on his faith and experience. Father John Albion, one of the first to receive the Gospel in London, under the ministrations of President Kimball, bore his testimony to the truth. President Wells followed, with instructive remarks to the congregation.

In the afternoon Elder Orson Pratt addressed the congregation, and read a portion of the 14th par. of a revelation given through the prophet Joseph Smith in 1830. The speaker portrayed the darkness which existed in the world in relation to God, His creations, and His dealings with mankind, previous to the introduction of this latter-day work. God revealed to Joseph Smith that the elements are eternal, while all other Christian sects declare that all things were made from nothing. By His spirit He garnished the heavens and formed the solid portions of our earth. The speaker reasoned upon light and truth emanating from God, and upon the results of obedience to the Gospel.

PRESIDENT Brigham Young and company returned yesterday evening from Grantsville, having had very interesting meetings on Saturday and Sunday.

THE thunder storms of the past few days do not seem to be altogether over, as accumulations of black nimbus can be seen in various points of the heavens still.

**POPULAR BOOKS.**—Mr. O. H. Elliott & Co., who have opened a very extensive book store in the city, favored us this morning with copies of "Conflicts of the United States," by Horace Greeley, and Pollard's "Lost Cause," works which have already obtained a very wide circulation through the country. Both books are sold by subscription, and Mr. Elliott's agents will personally canvass the Territory for the sale of these and other subscription books. The works thus brought before the public are standard and popular, and we expect Mr. Elliott's agents will meet with great success in canvassing for their sale.

**GOT HOME.**—We had the pleasure of meeting General H. B. Clawson, D. O. Calder and Wm. C. Staines, Esqs., this morning, who arrived yesterday evening by stage from the East. Having closed the immigration business of the season in the Eastern States, with which they were intrusted, they have returned home, and can now enjoy the happiness of the home circle after their absence from our mountain valleys.

**CALLED.**—We received a call to-day from H. H. Bigelow, Esq., representing the Pacific Insurance Company, who is on his way back to the west, after a successful business trip through the Territories. He goes by way of Idaho. The business of the company has, under his auspices, been materially advanced in this Territory, insurances having been made with them to the amount of over three-quarters of a million in this city.

**INFORMATION WANTED.**—Mr. Wm. Fuller, of this city, has received a letter from Annie R. Crocker, whose address is 593, M street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, Washington, D. C., who inquires with great anxiety for her father, named William Fuller, who left Leavenworth to cross the plains three years ago. If any of our readers can furnish any information concerning the person inquired after, Mr. Fuller will take pleasure in forwarding it to the lady.

D. S. ANDREWS, also, wants information concerning a lady, who came from Cardiff, Glamorganshire, South Wales, ten or twelve years ago, whose name was then Mrs. Spooner, and who was married subsequently to the late Father Mosley. Information to be left at this office.

**SUCH IS LIFE.**—Of Harrison, the great English tenor, whose fame as a member of the Pyne and Harrison combination is world-wide, the *Sacramento Daily Union* says: "Harrison, the English tenor, formerly well known in this country, is now a hopeless invalid and a bankrupt, having lost all his fortune at the Covent Garden Opera House a year or two ago. A benefit was recently given him at that house, but after paying expenses there was literally nothing left for him."

DIED, this morning, of dropsy, at the residence of her grandfather, A. Neibaur, 13 Ward, Sarah, daughter of Morris and Alice Neibaur Rosenbaum, of Brigham City, aged 9 years. The funeral will take place from the house of A. Neibaur, on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

[San Francisco and New York Hebrew papers please copy.]

**GOOD NEWS TO THE BILIOUS.**—One of the most distressing and enervating complaints to which poor mortals are subject is the liver complaint; and innumerable are the nostrums advertised for this very general disease. A recent number of the *San Francisco Times* contains the following on this subject, which, if true, may prove of incalculable benefit to many, and is almost enough to make one wish to be troubled with that disease just for the pleasure and enjoyment that would be occasioned by liberal doses of this new "antibilious pill."

"One of our first physicians designates grapes as a certain and speedy cure for all liver complaints, and cites a certain watering place in Southern Germany, known as the 'grape cure,' to which crowds of patients resort in the grape season, and devote themselves to the eating of grapes, with which the grounds and the surrounding country abound, and to the exclusion of all other remedies for the above mentioned disease. The patient has a basket of ripe luscious grapes at the bedside, and awakes and eats in the night. A servant brings in a little pyramid of them at the hour of rising. A bountiful supply stands on the hall and dining tables, and the invalid when promenading in the gardens has a supply of the tempting fruit in a basket on the arm. In a word, grape eating seems to be the one grand aim in life, and the beneficial effects are too positive and apparent to be ignored. The fame of the grape cure is all abroad in Germany, according to this witness, who now revels in health by its sole means. Taking these statements for facts, and as open to verification by every traveler, what an antibilious country California ought to be just now; for grapes of all sizes, kinds and flavors, are literally a drug in the market, and within the reach of the humblest purse."

**Correspondence.**

SHONESBURG, Aug. 17, 1883.

*Editor Desert News:*—It might be interesting to some of your readers to hear something about the grasshoppers in our upper "Dixie." About the 21st of July grasshoppers commenced flying over our settlement. They increased in numbers until the 25th, when they commenced making their way to earth. They continued coming and going in countless numbers, until the 7th inst., when they flew away in clouds, their course being a S. S. W. direction. The next day the rear guard followed after, leaving but few in the valley to hold possession of our crops. While here they damaged the early corn, our beans, carrots, onions, lucerne, etc., and some of our early fruit, and deposited a great many eggs on the benches that we might remember them by. But we welcomed their departure, hoping to see no more this season; but, to our dismay, we were surprised by a large army of the flyers passing in the same direction as before, the rear of which paid us a visit in the afternoon, staid over night, and made themselves welcome to some of our best fruit. To-day they have nearly all left, and what they will do hereafter is yet to be seen.

Our crops look well, considering the backward spring. We have had rains enough this season to make good corn of the largest gourd seed variety, if the hoppers will stay away.

Your brother,  
S. R. GIFFORD.

**WANTED.**

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, capable of doing General Housework, can obtain a situation in a small family, by applying to Mrs. H. J. Crocheron, one and a half blocks south of Bp. S. A. Woolley's residence, 9th Ward, w31 l

**JUVENILE INSTRUCTOR**

I have a few BOUND volumes of the First Volume of the JUVENILE INSTRUCTOR for sale; price \$4. Those who wish to purchase the Second Volume, bound in cloth covers made expressly for the INSTRUCTOR, can leave me their orders, as I have a few that will be ready for sale within a month. I can also furnish covers to those who have preserved the Second Volume and wish to have it bound.

GEORGE Q. CANNON.  
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**"FARMERS' EXCHANGE STORE."**

**D. DAY**

OFFERS Goods at Lower Rates than heretofore, for Cash or Grain, and begs to call the attention of the Public to his Large Stock of

**Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.,**

Which will be sold as Cheap as at any other House in the city.

**EVERYTHING AT LOWEST RATES.**

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