TELEGRAPHIC.

THE WATER SUPPLY

Should be Public Property, Says General Harrison.

CALIFORNIA IRRIGATION CASE

Argued Before the United States Supreme Court—Both Sides Ably Presented.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Ex-President Harrison, in his argument before the U. S. Supreme Court, as special counsel in the California irrigation case, in favor of sustaining the constitutionality of the Wright act, said he thought there were a few general principles and a few subordinate causes growing out of decisions of the Supreme Court which were applicable to the present case. These he regarded as fix cases. The power exercised in both cases was the same, it was the power of taking a portion of the property of a citizen for the use of the state. If anything was clear, made clear by repeated decisions of this court, it was that the taking power of the state was in all case. It could be only limitation is the statement of the Constitution of the United States.

The power of a state to levy a general tax and provide for the levy of a specific tax was null and could not be challenged. In the matter of this special assessment it had always been recognized that its absolute equity had been admitted. He referred to cases in see what could be done with the soil, lands, and said these lands were valueless without water. Under the ordinary land laws of the United States, now, he asked, could we ever have brought out their fertility? [There seemed to arise consideration.

Either the power of the state of the government must interfere, or the United States through its public lands must consent to put vast tracts of these lands into the hands of individuals. It is simply a question of whether this is to be in the hands of a private corporation or of the public. There is no other way to make the landholder independent.]

He is a set, should the water supply be in the hands of a private corporation. A certain portion of the stock should be made appurtenant to the land to be irrigated, so every landowner becomes a stockholder in the irrigation company. The people who own the land choose a board of directors and have the management and control of the whole. They are freed in this participation from the threat of appropriation of the control by those who have no interest in the case. This legislation was enacted nearly ten years ago, and has been constantly followed ever since and copied by other states.

He regarded as sufficient notice to all parties the presentation of the petition and the fixing of a day upon which it would be heard by the board of supervisors. That gave them ample time to make protests. He referred to a number of decisions of courts where such action had been decided to be adequate.

In concluding his remarks, the ex-President said it rested with the legislature, unless restricted by a constitutional provision, to determine in what manner the funds should be raised, when a public work was to be organized.

THE OTHER SIDE.

Counsel on the other side contended that the Wright act took property without the process of law because, as the court had said in the case of the Missouri Pacific railway vs Humes, it was not within the legitimate scope of legislative power. It was a settled principle of law, they contended, and was the law of the United States, that the right to compensation whenever private property was taken for public use, was an incident to the exercise of that power and inseparably connected with it. Any attempt of any legislature to levy assessments on property not compensated by special benefits, or in excess of such benefits, or not proportionate to them, for the purpose of construction of a public improvement for the general public welfare, was therefore an excess of legislative power and a violation of the fourteenth amendment. It had been argued as a reason why the Wright act which had been made in the statutes referred to, which were framed in the light of experience with the practical operation of the Wright act, strongly supported the argument that the unconstitutional features of the act made it impossible for any such law to operate successfully, and showed that these later statutes had sought to eliminate those unconstitutional features of the Wright act which had given rise to its most grievous oppressions and which would work the practical destruction of any law embodying such provisions. It was also asserted that the supreme court of California had held that by "ownership" was intended ownership in their natural state, and that was the only mode of construction under which they could justify the taxation of cities and towns and property incapable of irrigation.

POPULIST INFORMATION.

Judge Caldwell a Candidate for the Presidency.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark, Jan. 24.—The Arkansas Populists who attended the recent national committee meeting of that party at St. Louis, returned with some interesting information, which they are imparting to their brethren throughout the state. The intelligence is to the effect that the Western and Southern Populists leaders have contributed to Judge Henry C. Caldwell, formerly of Little Rock, as the man whom they will nominate for the Presidency at the convention to be held in St. Louis July 22d.

They say there can be no doubt whatever of Judge Caldwell's nomination in view of the formidable boom started in his behalf. Hon. J. H. Cleary, who represented Arkansas at the meeting of the National Populist committee, when asked if Judge Caldwell would accept the nomination, said: "I think there is no doubt on that score. A delegation called on Judge Caldwell at the Pontiac hotel last Saturday evening to have a talk with him concerning his views on public issues. While, of course, he was not directly asked if he would accept our nomination, his manner and expressions led us to believe that he would not decline the nomination if it were tendered to him. He was almost unanimously regarded by the committeemen as the personification of the issues upon which the free silver element and wage-earners may combine. There is an element in the East which will try to effect the nomination of Hilsley of Pennsylvania, but it will be unable to prevail against the Caldwell boom. Caldwell will undoubtedly be the nominee."

Record Will be Censured.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Little doubt is felt by the action of the foreign affairs committee which met today, that a resolution will be brought before the House next week expressing disapproval of Ambassador Bayard's two speeches, which were called to the attention of the House by Messrs. McCall and Barrett of Massachusetts. The purport of the resolution will be a mild censure of Ambassador Bayard for the two utterances mentioned, and an expression of the opinion of the House that representatives of the United States abroad should be very discreet in their public references to home politics.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

The Report of an Alliance Believed to Notwithstanding the Denials.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—In spite of the denials, official and semi-official, that have been made from many quarters, the report of the offensive and defensive alliance between Russia and Turkey which was printed in the Pall Mall Gazette on Thursday, is not viewed with entire credulity. Special dispatches published by the London newspapers this morning from the European capitals, notably Berlin, Paris and Vienna, show a tendency to admit the possibility that a Russo-Turkish treaty has been concluded. It is pointed out with obvious possibility that Turkey's impecuniosity may have driven her to seek an alliance as a means of obtaining a loan, as was the case recently with China. If such a treaty has in fact been concluded, it will likely be kept a secret until the last moment. So far there has been no authentic confirmation of the report from any quarter.

A dispatch from Constantinople quotes one informer as saying the Sultan, Halil Rifat Pasha, in which he is said to have denied the existence of the reported offensive and defensive alliance between Russia and Turkey.

UNOFFICER-LIKE CONDUCT.

Capt. Healy Mistook the Sea for His Deck, One Witness Says.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—At the court martial today of Capt. Healy of the revenue cutter Bear, charged with drunkenness and unofficer-like conduct, Lieut. Ross of the Corwin testified. The crews of the different cutters at Unalaska last September were invited to a social and tobacco social on board the British ship Pheasant. According to Ross, as Healy was returning home from this festival, he was so drunk that he walked over the edge of the wharf, thinking it was his bunk. After his mishap was known witness said it caused great rejoicing throughout the fleet. Then the defense tried to prove through Engineer Jones and Lieut. Daniels that Capt. Healy was the victim of a conspiracy on the part of the younger officers. These witnesses disclaimed any knowledge of such a conspiracy.

The New Silver Party.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—At a meeting today of the finance committee of the new silver party organized at yesterday's conference, Gen. A. J. Warner was made permanent chairman, and L. M. Romney of Ill., Lewis Ransmeier of the sub-committee for the South. It was agreed to increase the entire sub-committee to nine, the two remaining members for the South to be selected by the chairman of the finance committee.

Thomas G. Merrill of Butte, Mont., was appointed treasurer of the national finance committee. Earl B. Smith of Chicago was made permanent secretary of the committee.

At a meeting of the provisional national committee held today, it was agreed to print and distribute 500,000 copies or more of the address, resolutions, call and plan of organization. It was also agreed that each committeeman should proceed at once to organize his state or territory and to report the plan of organization to the chairman not later than February 20th, and that the executive committee meet in Washington not later than February 27th to perfect plans of organization.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Official Call Issued by Chairman Harrity.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 24.—National Chairman Harrity this afternoon issued the official call for the Democratic national convention. It reads as follows:

Philadelphia, Jan. 24, 1896.—The Democratic national committee having met in the city of Washington January 10, 1896, has appointed Tuesday, July 7, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, and chosen the city of Chicago as the place for holding the Democratic national convention.

Each state is entitled to representation therein equal to double the number of its senators and representatives in the Congress of the United States, and each territory and the District of Columbia shall have two delegates.

All Democratic conservative citizens of the United States, irrespective of past political associations and differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government, are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to the convention.

W. F. HARRITY, Chairman.
S. P. SHERMAN, Secretary.

American and Foreign Wool.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The Boston Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow: Only 24 per cent of this week's sales of wool are American. Australian is being sold to big degree and on a slowly advancing market, the seventy quality selling on a basis of forty-eight cents clean.

Foreign scoured wools are most injuriously affecting the sales of American. A pound of this "scoured" stock takes the place of two and three pounds of greasy American wool. It is charged that these wools are not natural wools washed, but that they are manufactured from dirty South American stock by a "carbonizing" process.

Commission in Session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 24.—The Venezuelan commission held its first regular weekly meeting today in accordance with the program arranged at the last special meeting. All of the members of the commission were present. The principal business transacted was the reception of a partial report from Commissioner Gilman upon the general subjects of main of the territory involved in the dispute.

Passenger Rates Restored.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Passenger rates between Colorado common points were restored today by the Atchison road. This action was taken in consequence of the Denver & Gulf having cleared the Colorado markets of all its special tickets which it put on the market so freely during the progress of the fight over coal rates. An agreement has been reached on all points of difference between the two lines, and the coal rates as well as those on passenger business have been restored.

VENEZUELAN MAP.

O'Reilly's Boundary Line Corresponding with Schomburgk's.

BEVILLE, Tex., Jan. 24.—Dr. T. W. Johnson of this city owns a map which may be of some service in defining the boundary lines between Guiana and Venezuela. This map was made by M. O'Reilly in London in 1775, and shows the boundary line to begin near the mouth of the Orinoco river, and run in a southwesterly direction some 100 miles west of the Essequibo river, which is now claimed by Venezuela as the true line. It is believed this line, as established by the O'Reilly, is somewhat near the line run by Schomburgk, upon which England now bases her claims.

ARIZONA'S ADMISSION.

Delegate Murphy Places Confidence in the Justice of the People.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Nathan O. Murphy, territorial delegate from Arizona, is at the Hubbard House. Mr. Murphy has been governor of Arizona, and is just at present engaged in an aggressive fight to secure the admission of that territory as a state into the Union. He said, in speaking of the possibility of success in that direction:

"The people of Arizona are a unit for self-government, and as their representative I am doing all in my power to secure for them their constitutional rights in this respect. Six weeks ago there was practically no opposition to admitting Arizona. It was generally conceded that the remaining territories should be admitted, and that the responsibility, expense and trouble of their government transferred to their own people. But lately considerable irritation has developed on account of the monetary situation, and motives on American, sectional and selfish have caused several nays, and I think ill-advised representatives to announce their opposition to the admission of any more Western states, whose sentiments, they think, would disagree with the East on the money question. The merits involved are temporarily unheard on this account. I have, however, no much confidence in the ultimate justice and love of fair play of the American people to think that an entirely extraneous issue will be allowed to prevent justice being done to a loyal and patriotic subdivision of this country."

WILL ASK TWO VESSELS

Flying Between Philadelphia, Cuba and the West Indies.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—A special from Philadelphia, says:

The Hart line steamer plying between this port and Cuba and the West Indies, will in future be armed with cannon and Maxim guns. Captain Eyre, counsel for the owners, has notified the collector of the port that they will carry now chasers and stern chasers. The two vessels first on the list for equipment are the Horse and Lacanda, both of which have gained no little notoriety from their alleged connection with the filibustering expedition to Cuba. The Lacanda has been chartered to carry 250 negroes to Liberia, and the Horse is soon to start southward with a party who are going to Mexico to see the Maltese-Fitzsimmons fight. Captain Eyre avers that both vessels will need arms for self-protection, the Lacanda from the pirates which infest the coast of Africa, the Horse from the Spanish guntoats. The Spanish authorities in this city, however, look with suspicion upon any such movement by the Hart company, and will exert every influence to prevent the Hart boats from leaving the port of Philadelphia with arms on board.

Sailing at Port au Prince.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—A special to the Herald from Kingston, Jamaica, says the steamer Hermel has arrived here from Gonaives, Hayti. She was specially chartered to bring to this port a party of Haytians. The captain reports continuous serious rioting in the streets of Port au Prince for the past few days. Gonaives is quiet yet.

AN ANIMATED MACHINE

What Was Developed in a Most Interesting Conversation With a Great and Honest Scientific Man.

"The most remarkable machine in the world is the human body."

He was a Professor in a New York Medical College who declared this to a number of friends at the club. Continuing he said:

"Take for example, the heart. Did you ever stop to think that it works every minute of the life and never has a vacation or rest?"

"And then there are the kidneys, which have been truly called the 'filter of the body.' They separate every particle of liquid that passes from the body, except that which oozes through the pores."

"Did it ever occur to you that this machine might wear out from overwork, over-taxation, over-exertion? And so it does in too many cases."

"For more than five hundred years the world and the medical profession groped in the dark for a remedy to sustain the kidneys, or cure them if they had become weakened or diseased, and it was only within the past twenty years that any remedy was found. Dr. Bright discovered the disease known as Bright's disease, but he could not and did not find a remedy. It remained for modern research to discover this remedy. We know it was a long search, but at last it was found, and that remedy today, which is acknowledged as the only remedy for kidney troubles, the weakness of women and Bright's disease itself, is Warner's Safe Cure, which is admitted by professional and scientific men throughout the entire world, to be the great modern discovery, and the only one for these troubles."

"This remedy is not an experiment. It has been used for over twenty years in all parts of the world, and there are more than a million persons in the universe today whose lives have been saved, or who have been benefited by its use. It is high, standard, scientific preparation, and far above ordinary remedies for the Great Modern Diseases as the ark is above the mountains."

"Where such serious things as the greatest organs of the body are concerned, no man and no woman can afford to take chances. 'The best is the cheapest,' and where health is involved it is absolutely beyond question that the most standard, the most scientific, and that which alone has been proven to be powerful and good, should be used."

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for fifty years and is more popular today than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, smooth, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a souvenir different Scentiff's GOLD DUST BOOK is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

VALTON

DUNFORD'S
SHOEMAKER

Has opened a Shoe Repairing Shop in the Tinking Yard.

Shoes for deformed feet a specialty.

Make Your Wants Known

ONLY 5c A LINE

By advertising in the NEWS.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO DO IT.

WANTED.

EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE Selling and selling more new and second hand goods than any other house in the West. H. Weisler, 257-259-261 State Street.

WANTED—AN AGENT

IN EVERY SECTION, TO CANVASS, BOOK and deliver goods, with or without team, and to sell staple goods to dealers, good salary or commission. Address, with stamp, Manufacturer, Box 1, Chicago, Ill.

REMOVED.

H. F. CLARK, THE TAILOR, HAS REmoved to No. 165 East Second South. Gentlemen's suits, $18.

FURNITURE.

ON ACCOUNT OF OUR LARGE AND INcreasing trade we must have more room. All things in the furniture line must be sold we care. Come and see us before buying. H. Weisler, 257, 259, 261 State street.

MUST BE SOLD.

A NICE 4 ROOM HOUSE, ON NINTH East, 4 blocks 4 car lines on East Street, and never moves on 13th South, near Main. All thing somewhat have every convenience and are in splendid condition. Must sell to settle estate. Inquire of Clark Bros. Room 30 Clark Block.

FOR SALE

TEN SHARES CLARK ELDRIDGE & CO. stock. W. J. MOORE Sun 40.

FOR SALE.

Typewriters bought, sold, exchanged, cleaned and repaired. H. H. Winder, Commercial Bldg.

FOR SALE.

15 HEAD THOROUGHBRED JERSEY cows and heifers. Apply to James Sparrow, 169 West Third South, City.

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Closets and Cesspools Cleaned. N. J. SANDBERG, Address: 701 East Second Avenue. Office, 141 Main Street.

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PEOPLE'S Equitable Co-operative Association, are hereby notified that there will be a special stockholders meeting, at No. 1 and 3 South Main Street, at 7:30 p. m. on Monday, the 27th of January, to transact business of importance. A prompt and full attendance is desired. O. H. JONES, President and Acting Sec'y.

MERLIN J. STONE, Genealogist,

Has established a Genealogical Bureau at Ogden, Utah. Has on hand hundreds of pedigrees, lineages, etc. These records will be for sale or reference. Has something relating to almost every American family. Makes a specialty of tracing lineages and compiling genealogies. Those interested should correspond with him or visit his library.

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Beautiful Faces

Hold their original beauty many years, if one's teeth are properly preserved or restored to the former natural condition, when if neglected the plump, round face soon becomes a cluster of well-defined wrinkles and shrunken jaws. Modern high-grade dentistry has done much to solve the problem of how to preserve the beauty of youth with all its attractiveness, even after one's teeth are all or nearly all gone.

Crowns and bridges work properly done so as to perfectly fit the root or decayed teeth and so improve one of any kind results from teeth and crowns so inserted. Those who have not had work of this kind done can scarcely understand the great advantage to be obtained from teeth thus restored. I guarantee to make my work of every description give perfect satisfaction, and satisfaction means all that word implies. The prices on such work in the past have been so exorbitant that only the rich could avail themselves of this method of restoring lost teeth, but with former prices cut almost two-thirds, this barrier—the price—does not a small figure with even the poor. I have inaugurated the system of serious one price to all and that the very lowest possible, consistent with good material and good workmanship. If the following prices appeal to you and you need work done, drop into my office and I will be glad to consult with you and show you samples of my work.

THE VERY BEST RUBBER SET OF TEETH MADE ONLY $8.00.

Enamel plate set of teeth, only $10.00. The best set of teeth (rubber plate) for $5, cheaper grade at $3. First-class gold fillings $1 and upwards; or amalgam, 50c to $1. 22-karat gold crowns, best, $5; bridge teeth, best, $5; porcelain crowns, best, $5; painless extracting, 50c. Call and see samples of work. It will bear the closest inspection.

DR. HUMELBAUGH,
Surgeon Dentist.
432-433 Atlas Block. Take Elevator 26 W. Second South St.

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New price list for
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GEO. T. ODELL, General Manager.

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Consisting of one sheet of FARM BUILDINGS and one sheet of 20 Subjects, DOMESTIC ANIMALS, etc. These are to please the children. The Farm House and Animals can be cut out and made to stand, thus making a complete Miniature Farm Yard.

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Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco.

Buy a bag of this Celebrated Smoking Tobacco, and read the coupon, which gives a list of other premiums and how to get them.

2 CENT STAMPS ACCEPTED.

Graefenberg Pills

CURE HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION.

Act Mildly but Surely. Best Liver Pill. Cure all Stomach Disorders, Constipation and Kidney Troubles.

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Must be closed out without further delay and PROPER PRICES have been made to expedite the sale. The Receiver will make no further announcements of reductions in prices, BUT WILL FROM DAY TO DAY MAKE SUCH REDUCTIONS AS MAY BE FOUND NECESSARY TO SELL THE GOODS.

Sale Absolute and Without Reserve.

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