

RAIN DESCENDED, THE FLOODS CAME.

Pittsburg Has Been Warned and
Expects Worst Rush of Waters
In Her History.

RIVERS EVERYWHERE RISING.

Along the Wabash People Are Moving
Out of Their Homes—In-
diana Deluged.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 22.—Tornadoes played havoc at several places in North Alabama today, resulting, as far as known, in the death of over 30 people and injury to many more. The storm center was at and around Moundsville, a small town in the northern portion of Hale county, where heavy loss of life and great destruction of property are reported. Because of the fact that the wires were prostrated details of the disaster are meagre. Reports received at Tuscaloosa indicate that no less than 30 people were killed at Moundsville, and many more injured.

The storm swept all of the northern portions of Hale county and destroyed many farms. It is feared that reports will show an increased loss of life.

The following names of dead at Moundsville have been ascertained: A. H. Warren, Montgomery, Ala., traveling salesman for a Birmingham house, killed by the destruction of the Moundsville hotel.

J. H. Redmond, of Dayton, Tenn., general supervisor of water tanks for the Alabama Great Southern railway. Night operator Seymour, at the Moundsville station.

Robert Powers, a citizen.

A small boy, name unknown.

As denoting the force of the tornado, it is stated that an entire freight train was blown from the track.

A heavy wind prevailed all over northern Alabama and rain fell in torrents.

A staff correspondent of the News wires that the total death list from the storm at Moundsville is estimated at 27, of whom seven are white and 20 negroes. The devastation is complete, everything in the town being wrecked.

A SECTION HAND'S GLORY.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., Jan. 22.—A negro section hand who has just arrived from Moundsville says that place was destroyed by the tornado, and that many people were killed and injured. The negro says he saw the bodies of people in many places. He also reports that the country for several miles around is devastated. Every doctor in Tuscaloosa has gone to the scene. Reports received here by telephone say the death list so far is estimated at 27. The merchants of Tuscaloosa have offered every assistance to the destitute. Limited train No. 1, northbound, on the Alabama Great Southern railway, missed the storm by only a few minutes. Among the killed at Moundsville are A. H. Warren of Montgomery, Ala., a traveling salesman, Robert Powers, an unknown boy, the night telegraph operator at Moundsville and the man in charge of the railroad water tank.

FEARS FOR WHOLE POPULATION.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 22.—It is feared the entire population of the little town of Moundsville, 70 miles southwest of here in Tuscaloosa county, was annihilated in a tornado that swept that part of the state today. Officials of the Alabama Southern railway have received a message by way of Selma from Conductor Capehart of a north-bound passenger train dated at Akron, saying that when his train reached Moundsville this morning he was unable to pass because of wreckage on the track. He says the entire north end of Moundsville was wrecked by the tornado, and that practically the entire population of the place was killed. Moundsville is a town of about 300 people. Every wire to the place is down, but linemen have gone from here to repair the damage.

NORTH BIRMINGHAM HIT.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 22.—A tornado struck the suburban town of North Birmingham today and demolished or damaged 36 houses, mostly negro cabins. A number of negroes and negroes were damaged slightly and the store of Posey Brothers was destroyed. No one was killed in the vicinity.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if "PAIN OINTMENT" fails to cure in 4 or 5 days.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCKS

Friday, Jan. 22, 1904.

Atchafalpa	70 1/2
Atchafalpa preferred	81 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	81 1/2
Canadian Pacific	101 1/2
Chicago & Alton	68 1/2
Chicago & Alton preferred	81 1/2
Chicago & Northwestern	101 1/2
Colorado Southern	21 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande	23 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande preferred	74 1/2
Erie	28 1/2
Illinois & Nashville	111 1/2
Manhattan	145 1/2
Metropolitan Street Railway	123 1/2
Mexican Central	13 1/2
Missouri Pacific	95 1/2
New York Central	121 1/2
Pennsylvania	121 1/2
Reading	48 1/2
Rock Island	26 1/2
Rock Island preferred	67 1/2
St. Paul	147 1/2
Southern Pacific	51 1/2
Southern Railway	22 1/2
Union Pacific	81 1/2
Union Pacific preferred	90 1/2
Wabash	21 1/2
Wisconsin Central	21 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amalgamated Copper	50 1/2
Amalgamated Copper & Poultry	20 1/2
American Locomotive	191 1/2
American Smelting & Refining	48 1/2
Am. Smelting & Refining pfd.	91 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	50 1/2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	32 1/2
International Paper	24 1/2
National Biscuit	40 1/2
National Lead	10 1/2
Northern Securities	91 1/2
Pacific Mail	20 1/2
People's Gas	98 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	21 1/2
Pullman Palace Car	219 1/2
Standard Oil	66 1/2
Sugar	40 1/2
Tennessee Coal	40 1/2
United States Steel	124 1/2
United States Steel preferred	124 1/2
Western Union	88 1/2

Know How To Get Well

Send No Money. Simply Ask For My Book.

Learn of my discovery—how to treat, not the organs themselves, but the nervous system—their nerves—that operate them. Learn of my offer—a month's treatment at my risk. Not free treatment, mind you, with nothing ever to pay. Such an offer would belittle the physician who made it. But I believe in a sick one's honesty—his gratitude. That if he is helped he will pay the cost of my treatment—and gladly. When I fail, I ask not one penny. But failure is seldom. Over 60,000 sick ones have accepted this offer.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

Take it a month at my risk. If it succeeds, health costs but \$2.50. If it fails the druggist will bill the cost to me. 30 out of 40 in the past have paid for the medicine. Would they pay if it failed? Forget for a moment that this is a printed announcement. Consider me as a physician in your own town and that I am saying to you—"Be glad—he will; he will do the work for you. I can help. And so sure am I that I ask no fee—nothing—until you are benefited." Would you—would any one—refuse?

True, I cannot well come to you. But you can come to me by letter. Can tell me all about your case. I waste no time in driving nor with office hours. Even a moment is effective. I treat, probably, a thousand cases where most physicians treat a hundred. And from this abundance of experience I have learned. For experience—more than all else—teaches a physician how to cure.

Will you write me today? It's natural to delay. To put off from day to day. To wait, perhaps when you should act. But why? Let me offer broad enough? Can you—can anyone—desire a fairer offer? You risk absolutely nothing. I risk nothing. I am ready and willing to help you. Why wait? Why wrong yourself by doubting—by delay—by prejudice, perhaps?

Take up a pen—a pencil even—and write me a postal today. Know now how to get well.

Simply state book on Dyspepsia, which book you book on the heart, want and address. Book on the Kidneys. Dr. Shoop's Restorative for Men (sealed). Book on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured with one or two bottles. At druggists.

LATE LOCALS.

Local banking men report a fair demand for money, with firm rates of interest.

There is the full number of miners at Sunnyside and Winter Quarters, but Castle Gate is still 150 miners short. Every day is reported as quiet down in that country.

There will be civil service examinations in this city Feb. 17 next for the position of medical clerk at \$500 per annum, in the bureau of pensions. Only graduates of recognized medical schools may apply. Also Feb. 24 for the position of magazine attendant at \$2 per day.

Harold Fabian of this city, who is a freshman at Yale, has been put on the rowing squad of his class, and stands a good show to get on the Freshman crew that will row against Harvard's freshmen at New London next summer.

J. H. Bryant, the old-time traveling man, and representative of McClurg & Co., arrived from the east last evening, and is at the Knutsford. He reports business in the novelties line as very good all over the country.

Architect S. C. Dallas of this city is a grand nephew of George M. Dallas, who was vice president of the United States under James K. Polk.

It is understood in local military circles that Lieut.-Col. Greenwald has asked to be retired, having served seven years. However, the retirement may not be made, and the lieutenant-colonel may continue in command of the regiment.

Secy. T. B. Beatty of the state board of health has gone to San Francisco on a business trip. In his absence the analyzing of patent medicines goes on in the state chemist's laboratory. The latest patent medicine to be analyzed is a widely advertised celery remedy, which is found to contain 21 per cent pure alcohol.

The Salt Lake Medical society will banquet next Monday night, at the Commercial club.

The new city directory will be out early in March.

An old-time social and party will be given in the Forest Dale amusement hall tonight. The ladies of the Relief society will serve refreshments, and an entertaining program will be rendered.

Miss Maud M. Babcock is stopping at the Hotel Touraine in Boston.

J. A. Cunningham will be in San Francisco from Honolulu tomorrow; but whether he will return immediately to this city, is not known.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Today's local bank clearings amounted to \$454,494.95 as against \$396,135.08 for the same day last year.

The Salt Lake Electrical Supply company that was notified last month that its men must take out union cards, has heard nothing further, and Manager Nicol believes the matter has died a boring.

Bradstreet's agency reports the local commercial situation for the week ending this afternoon, as follows: Wholesale are considering plans for the spring business campaign. The weather conditions portend an unusually good future. Retailers are closing out their winter lines and are making only filling-in orders. Money is in good demand, but collections are still slow. Bradstreet's agency will shortly report business conditions each week in Ogden and Boise.

Cunningham & Co. are going out of business entirely, after having been prominent before the people of this state for the last 34 years. Differences among the stockholders as to the policies of the management have led to the final winding up of affairs. The name of the firm has always been an honored place in the business community, and will be much missed.

BOSTON MARKET AT 11 A. M.
Closing quotations today as reported by Hudson & Sons Co., brokers, were:
Bid. Asked.
Amalgamated, . . . 51 1/2 51 3/4
Con. Mercantile, . . . 43 70
Daily West, . . . 34 35
Utah, . . . 33 3/4 34 1/4
United States, . . . 21 1/4 21 3/4

JAMES H. WADE WAS ARRAIGNED TODAY.

He Pleaded Not Guilty of Murder-
ing Chinese Cook at Alta
Last Month.

DRINK CAUSED HIS DOWNFALL.

Thomas McKelvie Gets 18 Months for
Burglary While Under Influ-
ence of Liquor.

A plea of not guilty was entered by James H. Wade this morning, in the criminal division of the district court, to the charge of murder in the first degree. Wade killed a Chinaman named Lee Yon at Alta on Dec. 19. He was represented in court today by one of his attorneys, Frank J. Gustin. After he entered his plea there was some talk of setting his case for trial, but no definite date was fixed. It was suggested by District Attorney Eichnor that it be set for March 7, but he was uncertain as to the length of time necessary to try the Rose murder case, which is set for the latter part of February, so the case was passed for the present.

McKELVIE GETS 18 MONTHS.

Thomas McKelvie, who on Tuesday pleaded guilty to burglary, was this morning sentenced by Judge Morse to 18 months in the state prison. McKelvie burglarized the Co-op Second-hand store on State street and stole 60 pocket-knives and 20 razors. McKelvie said he was drunk when he committed the burglary and did not know what he was doing. He said that he was 19 years of age and had been arrested on two previous occasions for drunkenness.

RHODAS FAILED TO APPEAR.

Today was the day set for the arraignment of John Rhodas of Bingham, upon the charge of assault with a deadly weapon, but Rhodas, who is out on bail, failed to show up and the arraignment was continued until next Wednesday. Deputy Sheriff Williams of Bingham informed the district attorney that he notified Rhodas to appear this morning, but the latter failed to materialize. District Attorney Eichnor asked the court to set the arraignment for next Wednesday and if Rhodas does not show up, his bail will be declared forfeited.

CASES SET FOR TRIAL.

The case of the State vs. Leary Minton, charged with burglary, was set for trial on Tuesday, Feb. 2, 1904. The case of the State vs. H. W. Engler, charged with forgery and uttering a forged instrument, which was set for trial today, was continued upon motion of Attorney Leatherwood until Feb. 3.

PROBATE COURT.

Estate of George A. Lowe Ordered Settled and Distributed.
Judge Hall today ordered that the estate of George A. Lowe, deceased, be settled and distributed according to the terms of the will. The final account of the executor was approved and the sale of certain real estate belonging to the estate was confirmed. Attorney's fees in the sum of \$3,000 were approved by the court.

The will of Clara Z. Dooley, deceased, was admitted to probate today and George Jay Gibson appointed executor without bonds, as provided in the will.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

J. W. Houston to Look After Business of Mackey Printing and Binding Co.
Suit was filed in the district court today by Francis Cargoe and Elizabeth Cargoe against the Mackey Printing and Binding company to recover \$2,040 alleged to be due on a promissory note executed on Nov. 7, 1903. It is alleged that the president of defendant company approached plaintiffs for a loan of \$2,000 and represented that defendant owned an establishment valued at about \$22,000 and

MASATAKE TERAUCHI, JAPAN'S MINISTER OF WAR.

Masatake Terauchi, Japan's minister of war, who is studying every nerve to get his army ready for field work, is a graduate of the German universities. Just before the war with China he was made a member of Japan's board of strategy and was responsible for many of the movements which were so successfully carried out by the army. About a year ago he was made minister of war. Terauchi is fifty-eight years of age. By virtue of his office he is now the head of the board of strategy.

THE HARBOR OF VLADIVOSTOK

ENTRANCE TO THE HARBOR OF PORT ARTHUR

TWO IMPORTANT JAPANESE PORTS IN THE EAST.

It goes without saying that two of Japan's early points of attack in the event of hostilities with Russia will be Port Arthur and Vladivostok. Vladivostok is north of Korea and would be a valuable place for the Japs to hold, especially as its value to Russia as a railroad terminus would thereby be greatly lessened. Port Arthur is a magnificently fortified harbor, but in order to get thence by water to Russia's possessions to the north it is necessary to pass through Korea strait, which the Japs now seem able to control through Nagasaki and other ports of their own. To say nothing of Manassia, Korea, upon which they will undoubtedly swoop down at the first sign of trouble. Japan would extract almost endless pleasure from the capture of Port Arthur. It will be remembered that she took the place during her war with China. Russia then stopped in, coolly informed Japan that the case was unwilling for the Japs to hold the place and finally compromised by taking it herself.

NEW TRIAL GRANTED.

Supreme Court Hands Down Opinion in Morgan County Perjury Case.
The supreme court this afternoon handed down an opinion reversing the judgment of the lower court in the case of the state vs. Moses Creechley, who was convicted of perjury in Morgan county and was sentenced on Aug. 4, 1903, to six years in the state prison. In the lower court defendant entered the plea of not guilty and former acquittal. The jury returned a verdict of guilty as charged in the information. The supreme court in the opinion handed down today held that the lower court should have rendered a new trial because of the failure of the jury to return a finding in regard to a former acquittal. The case is therefore remanded with instructions of the court below to grant a new trial. The opinion was written by Justice Bartch and concurred in by Chief Justice Baskin and dissented from by Justice McCarthy.

Dist. Attorney Eichnor consenting thereto.

HUSBAND DESERTED HER.

Suit for divorce was filed in the district court this afternoon by A. E. Miller against Edward J. Miller, on the grounds of desertion and failure to support. They were married in this city



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COURT NOTES.

Wealthy E. Dawson has filed suit for divorce in the district court against John T. Walsh on the ground of failure to support. They were married in Atlanta, Georgia, on Oct. 22, 1902. Plaintiff also asks that her maiden name, Aramintie Little, be restored to her.

Judge Stewart yesterday granted defendant's motion for non-suit in the case of Dr. W. P. Beer against the Salt Lake Building & Manufacturing company and dismissed the action. The case was appealed from Justice Clark's court by defendant and was being tried before a jury in Judge Stewart's court. In the lower court judgment was brought to recover \$125 for services rendered for an employee of defendant company who fell from the Studebaker building and broke a leg

Aug. 25, 1901, and the desertion occurred Nov. 12, 1902.

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When
She
Accepts

And you are married. Make
her happier by furnishing the
new home from our up-to-
date styles.

PRICES NOTICEABLY REASONABLE

H. Dinwoodey Furniture Co.

SHORT WINTER COURSE IN UTAH AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

In response to popular demand the faculty of the Utah Agricultural College at Logan offers a short winter course of four weeks, beginning Jan. 5, for the benefit of busy farmers and their sons, who cannot take a longer course. The school of agriculture offers during January a daily program of lectures as follows:

From 8:40 to 9:30 a. m., veterinary science or horticulture.
From 9:30 to 10:30 a. m., stock feeding or agronomy.
From 10:30 to 11:10 a. m., dairying or farm accounts.

From 11:30 to 12:30 p. m., poultry keeping or entomology.
From 12:30 to 1:10 p. m., irrigation.
From 2 to 4 p. m., stock judging.

The above subjects are those about which every farmer should have an exact and definite knowledge. In its treatment each topic is handled in such a way as to make the information applicable to every Utah farm. There is no longer any question concerning the value of a specific knowledge regarding agriculture; education and training pay on the farm as they pay elsewhere in life.

Many years experience with the winter course in agriculture has enabled the faculty to plan a line of study of such an intensely practical and helpful nature, that it is believed the ambitious farmer, grower or cattle man or farmer will not debate the question as to whether he can afford to take the course or not, but rather whether he can afford to miss it.

The college circular offers the following reasons why every wide-awake farmer should take the course:

1.—The information gained will repay you in money value, many times the expense involved.
2.—The expense is very small; board and lodging for the time of this course will cost not to exceed \$5. The entrance fee is only \$2.50.

3.—Your leisure time cannot be spent more pleasantly or more profitably than in the work of the experiment station, and get an acquaintance with the men who are solving the agricultural problems of the state. Such acquaintance cannot fail to be of practical advantage to you.

4.—You will see and know the best types of the standard breeds of cattle, horses, sheep, hogs and poultry; you will learn something regarding the best manner of cultivating soils for retaining moisture and fertility; you will wander at will through the sickens and in health, and how to combat insects and plant diseases; you can get practice in butter making and cheese making in accordance with up-to-date creamery methods; you can get instruction in growing forage crops and attend a special course of lectures on sugar beet culture and arid farming; you will see the best way to care for orchards; you will get practice in pruning, grafting and budding. In short you will learn to do, and to make, and also the why and wherefore of farming.

Equipment.—On the farm are three livestock barns, a piggery, poultry house, a vegetable house and a greenhouse. There is a well equipped laboratory for work in soils, a modern dairy and light and commodious class rooms. One lecture room is provided with a stenograph and electric lamp, by means of which, during the lecture, life size pictures of the various breeds of livestock and other objects of agricultural interest are thrown upon the screen. Students in the short course have the free use of the library and reading room, in which are found the leading agricultural papers and magazines of America.

Requirements.—No entrance examination is required. The course is open to all. In the past, men between sixteen and fifty years of age have taken these and have pursued the work to their own complete satisfaction.

If at the completion of the course, you desire to remain longer, you may register in the regular course beginning Feb. 2, 1904.

If you desire more training in English or mathematics or any of the regular college courses, you may take these and in addition such subjects in agriculture as you may choose.

During the month, special lectures have been arranged for by some of the most eminent and practical agriculturists of the state.

This institution belongs to you. In some of the eastern states, notably Iowa, Illinois, Minnesota and Indiana, practical farmers by the hundreds are taking advantage of just such opportunities as are here presented. It is not to your interest to identify yourself with your institution, and prepare yourself for the evolution in agriculture, sure to come in this state.

WINTER COURSES IN DOMESTIC SCIENCE.

This department offers exceptional advantages during the winter to young women who desire to increase their knowledge of practical housekeeping. Lecture courses on personal hygiene, foods and dietetics are given with practical work in any or all kinds of cooking as the pupil may desire.

Courses in needlework, muslin sewing, draughting, plain and fancy dressmaking and art needle work are offered.

Such studies in English history, mathematics, penmanship and art as the student is prepared to carry may be added.

This course continues fourteen weeks, but may be taken for a shorter period if desired.

WINTER COURSES IN MECHANIC ARTS.

From Jan. 5 to March 20, twelve weeks.
1.—Carpentry A. Beginners course.
2.—Carpentry B. For students who have completed carpentry A or equivalent.
3.—Forging A. Beginners course.
4.—Forging B. For students who have completed forging A or equivalent.

Students electing the work in mechanic arts, will be given from two to four hours work in English, mathematics, history or such other work as they may be prepared to take.

DIED.

FORSELL.—At 594 E street this city, Jan. 20, 1904, Olof Alfred J. Forsell, born Sept. 24, 1844, in Sweden; came to this city in 1860; for some time past was janitor at McCormick's bank. Notice of funeral later.

MERCHANTS' PRINTING